# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

### LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION PROJECT Design-Build Project

ATTACHMENT 2-1
PROJECT MANAGEMENT PLAN CONTENTS

August 22, 2014

### <u>Attachment 2-1 – Project Management Plan Contents</u>

The Project Management Plan - Contents and Schedule for provision of the component parts

### Legend

A = Submitted by Developer within 30 days of NTP1 and approved by TxDOT prior to Commencement of Design A1 = Submitted by Developer within 30 days of NTP1 and concurrence by TxDOT prior to issuance of NTP2 B = Submitted by Developer within 90 days Approved by TxDOT prior to Commencement of Construction

Part	Ref	Section	Contents	Required by
1. Proi	ect Administr	ration		
11110		Organization	Organization diagram	Α
		Personnel	Names and contract details, titles, and job roles	A
		Subcontractors	Subcontracting Plan	Α
		Subcontractors  Subcontracting Plan  Schedule  Baseline Schedule in accordance with Section 2  A  Quality Control  Procedures to establish and encourage continuous improvement  Audit  Procedures to facilitate review and audit by TxDOT  Auditing and management review of Developer's own activities under the PMP  Auditing and management review of Subcontractor's activities and management procedures  PMP Update  Procedures for preparation of amendments and submission of amendments to any part of the PMP  Document Management  The manner in which records will be maintained in compliance with the Technical Provisions,		Α
		Quality Control	Names and contract details, titles, and job roles  Subcontractors  Procedures to establish and encourage continuous improvement  Audit  Procedures to facilitate review and audit by TxDOT  Auditing and management review of Developer's own activities under the PMP  Auditing and management review of Subcontractor's activities and management procedures  APMP Update  Procedures for preparation of amendments and submission of amendments to any part of the PMP  A cocument Management  The manner in which records will be maintained in compliance with the Technical Provisions, including any specific systems Developer will use.  Document management procedures in compliance with the Technical Provisions Section 2.  A coulity Program	
		Organization Organization diagram Personnel Names and contract details, titles, and job roles Subcontractors Subcontracting Plan Schedule Baseline Schedule in accordance with Section 2 Quality Control Procedures to establish and encourage continuous improvement Audit Procedures to facilitate review and audit by TXDOT Auditing and management review of Developer's own activities under the PMP Auditing and management review of Subcontractor's activities and management procedures PMP Update Procedures for preparation of amendments and submission of amendments to any part of the PMP Document Management The manner in which records will be maintained in compliance with the Technical Provisions, including any specific systems Developer will use. Document management procedures in compliance with the Technical Provisions Section 2.  Ment Document Management Procedures In compliance with the Technical Provisions Section 2.  Ment Document Management Procedures In compliance with the Technical Provisions Section 2.  Ment Document Management Procedures In compliance with the Technical Provisions Section 2.  Ment Document Management Procedures In compliance with the Technical Provisions Section 2.  Ment Document Management Procedures In compliance with the Technical Provisions Section 2.  Ment Document Management Procedures In compliance with the Technical Provisions Section 2.  Ment Document Management Procedures In Compliance With the Technical Provisions Section 2.  Ment Document Management Procedures In Compliance With the Technical Provisions Section 2.  Ment Document Management Procedures In Compliance With the Technical Provisions Section 2.  Ment Document Management Procedures In Compliance With the Technical Provisions Section 2.  Ment Document Management Procedures In Compliance With the Technical Provisions Section 2.  Ment Document Management Procedures In Compliance With the Technical Provisions In Compliance With the Technical Provisions In Compliance With the Technical Provisions In Compliance With the Technica	А	
		Auditing and management review of Developer's own activities under the PMP  Auditing and management review of Subcontractor's activities and management procedures  A		А
				А
		PMP Update	Procedures for preparation of amendments and submission of amendments to any part of the PMP	А
		Document Management	agement The manner in which records will be maintained in compliance with the Technical Provisions, including any specific systems Developer will use.	
				А
2. Qua	lity Managen	nent		
2A. Pro	ofessional Se	ervices Quality Program		
		Organization	Developer's main contractual arrangements	А
				А
		Personnel	Resource Plan for the Developer and its Subcontractors	А
			including collocation of Key Personnel and description of approach to coordinating work of off-site personnel	A
			Names and contact details, titles, job roles and specific experience required for the Key Personnel and for other principal personnel during design	A

Part	Ref	Section	Contents	Required by
2. Qua	l ality Managen	nent		
2A. Pr	rofessional Se	ervices Quality Program (continu	ued)	
		Personnel (continued)	Names and contact details, titles, job roles of principal personnel for Subcontractors and any third party with which Developer will coordinate activities.	А
		Offices and equipment	Description of the necessary offices and office equipment to be provided by Developer during design	A
		Subcontractors	Overall control procedures for Subcontractors, including consultants and subconsultants	Α
			Responsibility of Subcontractors and affiliates	Α
			Steps taken to ensure Subcontractors and Suppliers meet the obligations imposed by their respective Contracts	А
		Interfaces	Interfacing between the Developer, Subcontractors and the independent certifiers during design including interfaces between the structural design auditor, the safety auditor, and the quality reviewer	A
		Coordination with Utility Owners		Α
		Environmental	design of the Project	
		Procedures	Procedures describing how the principal activities will be performed during the design stage: to include geotechnical site investigation, surveys and mapping, environmental management, safety audit, structural audit, and checking	A
		Quality Control/Quality Assurance	Quality control and quality assurance including a resource table for monitoring and auditing all design services, design review and certification, verification of plans	А
			Procedures for environmental compliance	Α
			Procedures to establish Developer's hold points in the design process where checking and review will take place	А
			Procedures to ensure accuracy, completion, and quality in submittals to TxDOT and Governmental Entities	А
			Procedures to establish and encourage continuous improvement	Α
		Audit	Name of Developer's representative(s) with defined authority for establishing, maintaining, auditing and reporting on the PMP	А
			Name, title, roles and responsibilities of supporting quality management staff reporting to the person with defined authority	А
		Document Management	The manner in which records will be maintained in compliance with the Technical Provisions, including any specific systems Developer will use	А
			Document management procedures in compliance with the Technical Provisions Section 2	Α
			Identify environmental documentation and reporting requirements, including Environmental Permits, Issues and Commitments (EPIC) sheets	А
2B. Co	onstruction Q	uality Program (CQP)		
		Organization	Developer's main contractual arrangements	Α

Part	Ref	Section	Contents	Required by		
2. Qua	ality Managem	nent				
2B. Co	onstruction Qu	uality Program (CQP) (continue	ed)			
		Organization (continued)	ontinued) Documents			
		Personnel	Resource Plan for the Developer and its Subcontractors	В		
			Arrangements for coordinating and managing staff interaction with TxDOT and its consultants including collocation of Key Personnel and description of approach to coordinating work of off-site personnel	В		
			Names and contact details, titles, job roles and specific experience required for the Key Personnel as related to construction	А		
			Names and contact details, titles, job roles of principal personnel for Subcontractors and any third party with which Developer will coordinate his activities	В		
			Procedures for implementation of the Environmental Protection Training Program for all employees in accordance with Section 4	В		
		Offices and equipment	ment Description of the necessary offices and office equipment to be provided by Developer during Construction			
		Subcontractors	Overall control procedures for Subcontractors, including consultants and subconsultants	В		
			Responsibility of Subcontractors and affiliates	Α		
			Steps taken to ensure Subcontractors and Suppliers meet the obligations imposed by their respective Contracts	В		
			Procedures for implementation of Environmental Protection Training Program for employees of Subcontractors in accordance with Section 4	В		
		Interfaces	Interfacing between the Developer, Subcontractors, and independent certifiers during construction, including any testing contractor	А		
		Procedures	List of Project specific construction procedures	В		
			Construction detailed procedure for each major activity whether directly undertaken or subcontracted to include pavement, structures, drainage, communications	В		
			Traffic Management Plan	В		
		Quality Control/Quality	Construction Monitoring Plan	В		
		Assurance	Construction Monitoring Program (Environmental)	В		
			Procedures for environmental compliance			
			Control, identification and traceability of materials, including any material or samples temporarily or otherwise removed from site for testing or other reasons.	В		
			Examinations and audit of Construction Work, review of examination and audit, issue of certificates	В		
			Observation and reporting of all tests in compliance with Section 2	В		
			Procedures for tests and inspections for the purpose of the Subcontractor certifying that prior to burying, each part of the Works is complete and conforms to the Contract Documents	В		

Part	Ref	Section	Contents	Required by
2. Qua	lity Manageme	ent		
2B. Co	nstruction Qua	ality Management (continued)		
		Quality Control/Quality Assurance (continued)	Quality control and quality acceptance procedures including a resource table for monitoring and auditing during construction any work and testing undertaken by Subcontractors and Suppliers both on and off Site	В
			Procedures to establish Developer's hold points in construction	В
			Procedures to ensure accuracy, completion, and quality in submittals to TxDOT and Governmental Entities	В
			Procedures to establish and encourage continuous improvement	А
		Audit	Inspection and test plans that identify the performance and/or databases to be used for recording the inspection and test results and methodology for transmitting acceptance testing and inspection reports to TxDOT	В
		Name of Developer's representative with defined authority for establishing, maintaining, auditing and reporting on the PMP		А
			Name, title, roles and responsibilities of supporting quality management staff reporting to the person with defined authority.	
		Document Management	The manner in which records will be maintained in compliance with the Technical Provisions, including any specific systems Developer will us	В
			Document management procedures in compliance with the Technical Provisions Section 2	Α
C. Ma	aintenance Ma	nagement	·	
	2C.1	Procedures	Procedures describing how the principal activities will be performed during the Work including general maintenance and operations obligations	А
			Procedures for managing records of inspection and maintenance activities	Α
			Procedures setting out Developer's response to maintenance issues such as mitigation of hazards, and defects that require prompt attention or are a safety concern	А
	2C.2	Performance Standards	Procedures to be followed by Developer pursuant to the Technical Provisions to comply with all applicable maintenance requirements for the Term	A
	2C.3	Emergency Response	Procedures setting out how Developer will respond to accidents and Incidents on the Project	Α
. Con	nprehensive Er	nvironmental Protection Progr	am (CEPP)	
		Organization	Developer's main contractual arrangements	A
			Organizational structure covering the activities to be performed in accordance with the Contract Documents	А
			Environmental Contact Tree	A
		Personnel	Resource Plan for the Developer and its Subcontractors	В
			Arrangements for coordinating and managing staff interaction with TxDOT and its consultants, including collocation of Key Personnel and description of approach to coordinating work of off-site personnel	A

Part	Ref	Section	Contents	Required by
3. Cor	l nprehensive E	 Environmental Protection Progra	I am (CEPP) (continued)	
			Names and contact details, titles, job roles and specific experience required for Key Personnel and for other environmental personnel	А
			Implement Environmental Protection Training Program for all employees in accordance with Section 4	А
		Subcontractors	Overall control procedures for Subcontractors, including consultants and subconsultants	Α
		Environmental	(ECMP)	
		Quality Control and Quality Acceptance	Procedures to ensure accuracy, completion, and quality in submittals to TxDOT and Governmental Entities	A
		Quality Control and	Quality Acceptance Procedures for any ironmental compliance	
		(continued)		A
		Audit	me, title, roles and responsibilities of supporting quality management staff reporting to the son with defined authority	
		Document Management	manner in which records will be maintained in compliance with the Technical Provisions, Auding any specific systems Developer will use	
			ntify environmental documentation and reporting requirements  A	
4. Pub	olic Information	n and Communications		
		Organization	Developer's main contractual arrangements	А
			Organizational structure covering the activities to be performed in accordance with the Contract Documents.	A
		Personnel	Resource Plan for the Developer and its Subcontractors	Α
			Arrangements for coordinating and managing staff interaction with TxDOT and its consultants, including co-location of Key Personnel and description of approach to coordinating work of off-site personnel	A
			Names and contact details, titles, job roles and specific experience required for Key Personnel and for other principal personnel	А
			Names and contact details, titles, job roles of principal personnel for Subcontractors and any third party with which Developer will coordinate his activities	A
		Offices and equipment	Description of the necessary offices and office equipment to be provided by Developer during design	A
		Subcontractors	Overall control procedures for Subcontractors, including consultants and subconsultants	А
			Responsibility of Subcontractors. and affiliates	Α
			Steps taken to ensure Subcontractors and Suppliers meet the obligations imposed by their respective Contracts	А
			Procedures for implementation of Environmental Protection Training Program for employees of Subcontractors	Α

Part	Ref	Section	Contents	Required by
4. Pub	l olic Informatio	n and Communications (continu	Lued)	
		Interfaces	Procedures for liaison with the public, the media and other Customer Groups in accordance with Section 3 and the press media policy of TxDOT	A
			Procedures to coordinate with Project Stakeholders such as municipalities, counties, MPOs, RMAs and other Customer Groups	А
		Procedures	Procedures describing how the principal activities will be performed	Α
		Quality Control	Quality control procedures including a resource table for monitoring and auditing all public information and communication services	
			Procedures to ensure accuracy, completion, and quality in submittals to TxDOT, Governmental Entities and Customer Groups	A
		Quality Control	Procedures to establish and encourage continuous improvement	Α
		Audit	and reporting on PMP	
		Audit (continued)	t (continued)  Name, title, roles and responsibilities of supporting quality management staff reporting to the person with defined authority  A	
		Document Management	including any specific systems Developer will use	
			Document management procedures in compliance with the Technical Provisions Section 2	
			Identify environmental documentation and reporting requirements	Α
5. Hea	alth and Safet	ty		L
			Policies, plans, training programs, Work Site controls, and Incident response plans to ensure the health and safety of personnel involved in the Project and the general public affected by the Project	A1
			Procedures for immediately notifying TxDOT of all incidents arising out of or in connection with the performance of the Work	A1
6. TxD	OT – Develo	oper Communications Plan		
			The manner in which the Developer's organization will respond to unexpected requests for information, communicate changes or revisions to necessary Developer personnel, and notify affected stakeholders before and after changes are made	A
			Processes and procedures for communication of Project information between the Developer's organization and TxDOT	А
7. RO	W Acquisition	n Management		
		Organization	Developer's main contractual arrangements	Α
			Organizational structure covering the activities to be performed in accordance with the Contract Documents	А
		Personnel	Resource plan for the Developer and its Subcontractors	Α
			Arrangements for coordinating and managing staff interaction with TxDOT and its consultants, including collocation of Key Personnel and description of approach to coordinating work of off-site personnel	A

Part	Ref	Section	Contents	Required by
7. ROW Acquisition Management (continued)    Names and contact details, titles, job roles and specific experience required for the Key Personnel as related to ROW acquisition and Utility Adjustment activities.   Subcontractors   Overall control procedures for Subcontractors, and any third party with which Developer will coordinate activities   Overall control procedures for Subcontractors, including consultants and subconsultants   A Responsibility of Subcontractors and affiliates   A Responsibility of Subcontractors and Suppliers meet the obligations imposed by their respective Contracts   Procedures for implementation of the Environmental Protection Training Program for employees of Subcontractors for implementation of the Environmental Protection Training Program for employees of Subcontractors for implementation of the Environmental Protection Training Program for employees of Subcontractors in accordance with Section 4				
				А
		Management (continued)    Names and contact details, titles, job roles an as related to ROW acquisition and Utility Adju Names and contact details, titles, job roles of party with which Developer will coordinate act Overall control procedures for Subcontractors   Responsibility of Subcontractors and affiliates	Names and contact details, titles, job roles of principal personnel for Subcontractors and any third	А
		Subcontractors	Names and contact details, titles, job roles and specific experience required for the Key Personnel as related to ROW acquisition and Utility Adjustment activities.   Names and contact details, titles, job roles of principal personnel for Subcontractors and any third party with which Developer will coordinate activities   Overall control procedures for Subcontractors, including consultants and subconsultants   A Responsibility of Subcontractors and affiliates   A Responsibility of Subcontractors and affiliates   A Responsibility of Subcontractors and affiliates   A Responsibility of Subcontractors and Suppliers meet the obligations imposed by their respective Contracts   Procedures for implementation of the Environmental Protection Training Program for employees of Subcontractors in accordance with Section 4   Interfaces   Interfacing between the Developer, Subcontractors and independent certifiers during Project ROW acquisition including the interfaces between Project ROW acquisition, Project design, and any quality reviewer   Coordination with Utility Owners   A   Utility Adjustment Plan   B   B   Relocation   Relocation Plan (Right of Way)   B   Environmental   Control of the interface between environmental requirements (including Hazardous Materials and demolition) and Project ROW acquisition activities   Applicable procedures for the Hazardous Materials Management Plan in accordance with Section 4   A   Applicable procedures for the Hazardous Materials Management Plan in accordance with Section 4   A   Address Project Environmental Mitigation Plan (PEMP) requirements   A   Address Project Environmental Mitigation Plan (PEMP) requirements   A   Address Project Environmental Mitigation Plan (PEMP) requirements   A   Acquisition accordance with Section 4   A   Address Project Environmental Mitigation Plan (PEMP) requirements   A   Address Project Environmental Mitigation Plan (PEMP) requirements   A   Address Project Environmental Mitigation Plan (PEMP) requirements   A   Arguistic Procedures   A   Address	
			ement (continued)  Names and contact details, titles, job roles and specific experience required for the Key Personnel as related to ROW acquisition and Utility Adjustment activities.  Names and contact details, titles, job roles of principal personnel for Subcontractors and any third party with which Developer will coordinate activities  Overall control procedures for Subcontractors, including consultants and subconsultants  A Responsibility of Subcontractors and affiliates  Steps taken to ensure Subcontractors and Suppliers meet the obligations imposed by their respective Contracts  Procedures for implementation of the Environmental Protection Training Program for employees of Subcontractors in accordance with Section 4  Interfaces  Interfacing between the Developer, Subcontractors and independent certifiers during Project ROW acquisition including the interfaces between Project ROW acquisition, Project design, and any quality reviewer  Coordination with Utility Owners  Utility Adjustment Plan  Belocation  Relocation Plan (Right of Way)  Control of the interface between environmental requirements (including Hazardous Materials and demolition) and Project ROW acquisition activities  Applicable procedures for the Hazardous Materials Management Plan in accordance with Section 4  Applicable procedures for implement the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SW3P), recycling program and waste management in accordance with Section 4  Address Project Environmental Mitigation Plan (PEMP) requirements  Logic linked ROW acquisition activities on a parcel-by-parcel basis as part of the Project Baseline Schedule, including adequate time periods for TxDOT review and condemnation activities in accordance with Section 7  Procedures describing how the principal activities will be performed during the Project ROW acquisition, whether directly undertaken or subcontracted  Procedures to ensure accuracy, completion, and quality in submittals to TxDOT and Governmental	Α
			Names and contact details, titles, job roles and specific experience required for the Key Personnel as related to ROW acquisition and Utility Adjustment activities.  Names and contact details, titles, job roles of principal personnel for Subcontractors and any third party with which Developer will coordinate activities  Overall control procedures for Subcontractors, including consultants and subconsultants  Responsibility of Subcontractors and affiliates  Steps taken to ensure Subcontractors and Suppliers meet the obligations imposed by their respective Contracts  Procedures for implementation of the Environmental Protection Training Program for employees of Subcontractors in accordance with Section 4  Interfacing between the Developer, Subcontractors and independent certifiers during Project ROW acquisition including the interfaces between Project ROW acquisition, Project design, and any quality reviewer  Coordination with Utility Owners  Utility Adjustment Plan  Betton  Relocation Plan (Right of Way)  Demental  Control of the interface between environmental requirements (including Hazardous Materials and demolition) and Project ROW acquisition activities  Applicable procedures for the Hazardous Materials Management Plan in accordance with Section 4  Address Project Environmental Mitigation Plan (PEMP) requirements  Logic linked ROW acquisition activities on a parcel-by-parcel basis as part of the Project Baseline Schedule, including adequate time periods for TxDOT review and condemnation activities in accordance with Section 7  Procedures describing how the principal activities will be performed during the Project ROW	
			respective Contracts Procedures for implementation of the Environmental Protection Training Program for employees of Subcontractors in accordance with Section 4  Interfacing between the Developer, Subcontractors and independent certifiers during Project ROW acquisition including the interfaces between Project ROW acquisition, Project design, and any quality reviewer  Coordination with Utility Owners  A  Utility Adjustment Plan  B	
		Interfaces	acquisition including the interfaces between Project ROW acquisition, Project design, and any	A
			Coordination with Utility Owners	Α
		Relocation	, ,	
		Environmental	Control of the interface between environmental requirements (including Hazardous Materials and demolition) and Project ROW acquisition activities	
			Applicable procedures for the Hazardous Materials Management Plan in accordance with Section 4	Α
			program and waste management in accordance with Section 4	А
			Address Project Environmental Mitigation Plan (PEMP) requirements	Α
		Schedule Procedures	Schedule, including adequate time periods for TxDOT review and condemnation activities in	A
			Procedures describing how the principal activities will be performed during the Project ROW	А
		Quality Control	Procedures to ensure accuracy, completion, and quality in submittals to TxDOT and Governmental Entities	А
			Procedures to establish and encourage continuous improvement	Α
				А
			•	Α
		Audit	Name, title, roles and responsibilities of supporting quality management staff reporting to the person with defined authority	А
		Document Management	The manner in which records will be maintained in compliance with the Technical Provisions, including any specific systems Developer will use	A

Part	Ref	Section	Contents	Required by
	Document management procedures in compliance with the Technical Provisions Section 2		A	
	Identify environmental documentation and reporting requirements		Α	
8. Risk	Management Pla	an		
	Procedures for identifying, assessing, analyzing, controlling and managing project risks to meet its obligations under the Agreement.			

### Texas Department of Transportation TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

**FOR** 

## LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION PROJECT

**Design-Build Project** 

ATTACHMENT 2-2
WORK BREAKDOWN STRUCTURE REQUIREMENTS

August 22, 2014

The following Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) shall be the basis for organizing all Work under the Contract Documents and shall be used to structure the baseline schedule and other cost control systems, including the Payment Progress Process if applicable.

Table 1 represents the minimum levels of the WBS that all cost and schedule information shall rollup to once the Project Baseline Schedule is fully developed.

The WBS shall conform to level structure as follows:

### **Table 1: WBS Minimum Requirements**

### 1 [Name of Project]

### 1.1. Project Administration

- 1.1.1. Mobilization
  - 1.1.1.1. Developer
  - 1.1.1.2. DB Contractor
- 1.1.2. Submittals and Permitting
  - 1.1.2.1. (By Governmental Agency)
    - 1.1.2.1.1. (By Specific Permit/Submittal Requirement)

### 1.2. Right-of Way Acquisition

- 1.2.1. Acquisition By TxDOT
  - 1.2.1.1. (By Parcel No.)
- 1.2.2. Acquisition by Developer
  - 1.2.2.1. (By Parcel No.)

### 1.3. Utility Adjustments

- 1.3.1. Utility Coordination
  - 1.3.1.1. Administration and Planning
    - 1.3.1.1.1 Site Utility Engineering
    - 1.3.1.1.2. Conceptual Design
  - 1.3.1.2. (By Owner)
    - 1.3.1.2.1. Master Agreements
    - 1.3.1.2.2. Utility Assemblies
- 1.3.2. Utility Relocations
  - 1.3.2.1. (By Owner)
    - 1.3.2.1.1. (By Line No.)

### 1.4. Design

- 1.4.1. General Activities and Field Work
  - 1.4.1.1. Design Mobilization
  - 1.4.1.2. Schematics
  - 1.4.1.3. Survey Work
  - 1.4.1.4. Geotechnical Investigations
  - 1.4.1.5. Additional Field Investigations
- 1.4.2. Develop Specifications
  - 1.4.2.1. (By Discipline)
- 1.4.3. Geotechnical Design
  - 1.4.3.1. General
  - 1.4.3.2. Earthwork Geotech
  - 1.4.3.3. Bridge Geotech
  - 1.4.3.4. Culvert Geotech
  - 1.4.3.5. Wall Geotech

### 1.4. Design (Continued)

- 1.4.4. Pavement Design
  - 1.4.4.1. Data Analysis and Draft Report
  - 1.4.4.2. Final Design and Report
- 1.4.5. Drainage Design
  - 1.4.5.1. Hydrologic and Hydraulic Design
  - 1.4.5.2. Preliminary System Design
  - 1.4.5.3. Detailed Drainage Design
- 1.4.6. Roadway Design
  - 1.4.6.1. Alignments
  - 1.4.6.2. Sections
  - 1.4.6.3. Detailed Design
- 1.4.7. Bridge Design
  - 1.4.7.1. Establish Criteria and Procedures
  - 1.4.7.2. Bridge layouts
  - 1.4.7.3. Substructure Design
  - 1.4.7.4. Superstructure Design
- 1.4.8. Retaining Wall Design
  - 1.4.8.1. Establish Criteria and Procedures
  - 1.4.8.2. Fill Wall Design
  - 1.4.8.3. Cut Wall Design
- 1.4.9. Traffic Management
  - 1.4.9.1. (By Phase)
- 1.4.10. Environmental Design
  - 1.4.10.1. Erosion Control/SWPPP
  - 1.4.10.2. Noise Wall Design
  - 1.4.10.3. Wetland and habitat Mitigation
  - 1.4.10.4. TCEQ Best Management Practices
- 1.4.11. Landscape and Aesthetic Design
  - 1.4.11.1. Landscape Design
  - 1.4.11.2. Aesthetic Design
- 1.4.12. Electrical Design
  - 1.4.12.1. Illumination
  - 1.4.12.2. Traffic Signals
- 1.4.13. ITS & TCS Design
  - 1.4.13.1. Duct Bank System & Power Supply
  - 1.4.13.2. ITS/TCS Equipment & Structures
- 1.4.14. Signage and Marking Design
  - 1.4.14.1. Overhead
  - 1.4.14.2. Small signs and pavement markings
- 1.4.15. Design Packages
  - 1.4.15.1. Package Preparation
  - 1.4.15.2. QA/QC Review
  - 1.4.15.3. Submittal
  - 1.4.15.4. TxDOT/IE Reviews
  - 1.4.15.5. Comment Resolution

### 1.5. Construction

- 1.5.1. General
  - 1.5.1.1. Mobilization
  - 1.5.1.2. Administration
  - 1.5.1.3. Quality Control

### 1.5. Construction (Continued)

- 1.5.2. By Work Areas NBFR, SBFR, NBGPL, SBGPL, ML, XR, etc.
  - 1.5.2.1. Removals
    - 1.5.2.1.1. Building Removals
    - 1.5.2.1.2. ROW Preparation
    - 1.5.2.1.3. Roadway Removals
    - 1.5.2.1.4. Bridge Removals
  - 1.5.2.2. Earthwork
    - 1.5.2.2.1. Topsoil Stripping and Placing
    - 1.5.2.2.2. Excavation
    - 1.5.2.2.3. Embankment
    - 1.5.2.2.4. Special Geotechnical Measures
  - 1.5.2.3. Landscaping
    - 1.5.2.3.1. Seeding and Sodding
    - 1.5.2.3.2. Fertilizer and Watering
    - 1.5.2.3.3. Special Aesthetic Landscaping (if applicable)
  - 1.5.2.4. Subgrade Treatment and Base
    - 1.5.2.4.1. Lime Treatment
    - 1.5.2.4.2. Flexible Base
  - 1.5.2.5. Pavement
    - 1.5.2.5.1. Asphalt Pavement
    - 1.5.2.5.2. Concrete Pavement
    - 1.5.2.5.3. Curb & Gutter
    - 1.5.2.5.4. Driveways
    - 1.5.2.5.5. Sidewalks and Median Paving
  - 1.5.2.6. Retaining Walls
    - 1.5.2.6.1. (By Wall No.)
  - 1.5.2.7. Bridges
    - 1.5.2.7.1. (By Bridge No.)
  - 1.5.2.8. Drainage
    - 1.5.2.8.1. Culverts
    - 1.5.2.8.2. Storm Sewer
    - 1.5.2.8.3. Riprap
  - 1.5.2.9. Traffic Control and Temporary Work
    - 1.5.2.9.1. Barricades, Signs & Traffic Handling
    - 1.5.2.9.2. Erosion Control
    - 1.5.2.9.3. Detour Construction/Removal
    - 1.5.2.9.4. Portable Traffic Barrier
    - 1.5.2.9.5. Workzone Pavement Marking
    - 1.5.2.9.6. Temporary Bridges
    - 1.5.2.9.7. Temporary Walls/Shoring
    - 1.5.2.9.8. Temporary Drainage
    - 1.5.2.9.9. Temporary Illumination
  - 1.5.2.10. Permanent Barriers
    - 1.5.2.10.1. Permanent Concrete Barriers
    - 1.5.2.10.2. Metal Beam Guard Fence
    - 1.5.2.10.3. Crash Attenuators
  - 1.5.2.11. Signals and Illumination
    - 1.5.2.11.1. Roadway Illumination
    - 1.5.2.11.2. High Mast Illumination
    - 1.5.2.11.3. Electrical Services

### 1. 5. Construction (Continued)

- 1.5.2.11.4. Traffic Signals
- 1.5.2.12. ITS/TCS
  - 1.5.2.12.1. Duct Bank System
  - 1.5.2.12.2. Equipment Foundations
  - 1.5.2.12.3. Support Structures and Equipment
- 1.5.2.13. Permanent Signing and Marking
  - 1.5.2.13.1. Overhead Sign Structures
  - 1.5.2.13.2. Small Signs
  - 1.5.2.13.3. Pavement Markings
- 1.5.2.14. Environmental Mitigation
  - 1.5.2.14.1. Noise Walls
  - 1.5.2.14.2. Wetland and Habitat Mitigation
- 1.5.2.15. Hazardous Materials
  - 1.5.2.15.1. Site Assessments
  - 1.5.2.15.2. Remediation

## Texas Department of Transportation Book 2 – Technical Provisions

**FOR** 

### LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION PROJECT

**Design-Build Project** 

ATTACHMENT 2-3
ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE FOR COST REPORTING

August 22, 2014

### Organizational Structure for Cost Reporting

### 1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

### 1.1. Project Administration

- 1.1.1. Mobilization
- 1.1.2. Submittals and Permitting

### 1.2. Right-of Way Acquisition

- 1.2.1. Acquisition by TxDOT
- 1.2.2. Acquisition by Developer

### 1.3. Utility Adjustments

- 1.3.1. Utility Coordination
- 1.3.2. Utility Relocations

### 1.4. Design

- 1.4.1. General Activities and Field Work
- 1.4.2. Develop Specifications
- 1.4.3. Geotechnical Design
- 1.4.4. Pavement Design
- 1.4.5. Drainage Design
- 1.4.6. Roadway Design
- 1.4.7. Bridge Design
- 1.4.8. Retaining Wall Design
- 1.4.9. Traffic Management
- 1.4.10. Environmental Design
- 1.4.11. Landscape and Aesthetic Design
- 1.4.12. Electrical Design
- 1.4.13. ITS & TCS Design
- 1.4.14. Signage and Marking Design
- 1.4.15. Design Packages

### 1.5. Construction

- 1.5.1. Traffic Control and Temporary Work
- 1.5.2. Environmental Mitigation
- 1.5.3. Hazardous Materials
- 1.5.4. Removals
- 1.5.5. Earthwork
- 1.5.6. Subgrade Treatment and Base
- 1.5.7. Drainage
- 1.5.8. Pavement
- 1.5.9. Retaining Walls
- 1.5.10. Bridges
- 1.5.11. Permanent Barriers
- 1.5.12. Signals and Illumination
- 1.5.13. ITS/TCS
- 1.5.14. Landscaping
- 1.5.15. Permanent Signing and Marking

### 1.6. Changes Modifications

1.6.1. Change Order #xx

# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION
PROJECT
Design-Build Project

ATTACHMENT 2-4
I2MS TEST FORM FIELDS

August 22, 2014

### **I2MS Test Field Report**

File: I2MSFieldReport.xls

**File Type:** Microsoft Excel (spreadsheet)

File Description: Describes what fields are required to be submitted per test, including pertinent header

and footer information. All fields are required to be submitted if possible.

### **I2MS Test Form Fields**

### **Purpose**

The purpose of this document is to provide information on the tables and fields within I2MS.

### **Material Test Forms**

Material Test Forms are forms used to run tests for a sample. A test form contains header and footer information which all forms have in common. Each test form also has a form body containing fields specific to the test method(s) being performed.

### **Header Fields**

The header information is the metadata of the form. It is vital for searching for and analyzing records. All of the test forms have similar header information.

Table Name: HEADER\_VALUE\_OVT

Maximum	Dowe.	1

Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required			
course_lift	nvarchar	250		TRUE			
direction	nvarchar	250	CVL	TRUE			
dist_from_cl	nvarchar	250		TRUE			
feature	nvarchar	250	CVL	TRUE			
grade	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE			
material	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE			
misc	nvarchar	250		TRUE			
report_type	nvarchar	250	CVL	TRUE			
roadway	nvarchar	250	CVL	TRUE			
sample_id	nvarchar	13		TRUE			
sample_location	nvarchar	250		TRUE			
sample_type	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE			
sampled_by	nvarchar	250	CVL	TRUE			
sampled_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE			
section	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE			
spec_item	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE			
spec_year	nvarchar	250		TRUE			
special_provision	nvarchar	250	CVL	TRUE			
split_sample_id	nvarchar	250		TRUE			
station	nvarchar	250	Pattern: [0-9]+\+[0-9][0-9](\.[0-	TRUE			
			9][0-9])?				
structure_number	nvarchar	250	CVL	TRUE			
supplier	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE			
	course_lift direction dist_from_cl feature grade material misc report_type roadway sample_id sample_location sample_type sampled_by sampled_by sampled_date section spec_item spec_year special_provision split_sample_id station	course_lift nvarchar direction nvarchar dist_from_cl nvarchar feature nvarchar grade nvarchar material nvarchar report_type nvarchar sample_id nvarchar sample_location nvarchar sample_type nvarchar sample_dby nvarchar sample_ddate datetime section nvarchar spec_jear nvarchar spilt_sample_id nvarchar station nvarchar	course_lift         nvarchar         250           direction         nvarchar         250           dist_from_cl         nvarchar         250           feature         nvarchar         250           grade         nvarchar         100           material         nvarchar         100           misc         nvarchar         250           report_type         nvarchar         250           report_type         nvarchar         250           sample_id         nvarchar         250           sample_location         nvarchar         250           sample_type         nvarchar         100           sampled_by         nvarchar         250           sampled_date         datetime           section         nvarchar         100           spec_item         nvarchar         250           spec_year         nvarchar         250           special_provision         nvarchar         250           split_sample_id         nvarchar         250           station         nvarchar         250	course_lift         nvarchar         250         CVL           direction         nvarchar         250         CVL           dist_from_cl         nvarchar         250         CVL           dist_from_cl         nvarchar         250         CVL           grade         nvarchar         250         CVL           material         nvarchar         100         CVL           misc         nvarchar         250         CVL           report_type         nvarchar         250         CVL           report_type         nvarchar         250         CVL           sample_id         nvarchar         250         CVL           sample_location         nvarchar         250         CVL           sample_type         nvarchar         250         CVL           sample_dby         nvarchar         250         CVL           sample_date         datetime         MM/dd/yyyy           section         nvarchar         100         CVL           spec_item         nvarchar         250         CVL           spec_year         nvarchar         250         CVL           special_provision         nvarchar         250         CVL			

### **Footer Fields**

The footer contains approval data and comments for each of the test forms.

Table Name: FOOTER\_VALUE\_OVT

Maximum	Rows:	1
---------	-------	---

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Authorized By	authorized_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Authorized Date	authorized_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Completed Date	completed_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Digital Signature ID 1	dig_sig_id1	int			FALSE
Digital Signature ID 2	dig_sig_id2	int			FALSE
Remarks	remarks	text			TRUE
Reviewed By	reviewed_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE

### **Body Fields**

### Moisture Content of Aggregates (DB-103-E)

Table Name: VALUE\_DB103E Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Dish No.	dish_no	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Mass of Dry Sample	dry_sample_tare	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Moisture Content	moisture_content	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Payable Weight of Class 2 Flex Base	payable_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tare Mass	tare_mass	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Mass of Wet Sample Tare	wet_sample_tare	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, Plastic Index (DB-104-6)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB104E Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Liquid Limit	liquid_limit_total	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB104E\_SAMPLE Maximum Rows: 6

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Dish No.	dish_no	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Liquid Limit (%)	liquid_limit	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mass of Dry Sample + Tare (g)	mass_dry_sample	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mass of Wet Sample + Tare (g)	mass_wet_sample	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Moisture Content, %	moisture_content	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Number of Blows	number_blows	int			FALSE
Tare Mass (g)	tare_mass	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB105E Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Plastic Limit	plastic_limit_total	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB105E\_SAMPLE Maximum Rows: 3

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Dish No.	dish_no	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Mass of Dry Sample + Tare (g)	mass_dry_sample	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mass of Wet Sample + Tare (g)	mass_wet_sample	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Plastic Limit (%)	plastic_limit	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Tare Mass (g)	tare_mass	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mass of Water (g)	water_mass	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB106E Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Plastic Index	plasticity_index	int			TRUE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Use Bar Linear Shrinkage to Calculate	use_bar_linear	nvarchar	100	{Yes, No}	FALSE
Plasticity Index?					

### Bar Linear Shrinkage (DB-107-E)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB107E Maximum Rows: 1

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Calculate Plasticity Index	calculate_plasticity_index	bit		{Yes, No}	FALSE
Final Length	final_length	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Initial Length	initial_length	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Linear Shrinkage	linear_shrinkage	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Maximum By Specification	maximum_by_specification	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Minimum By Specification	minimum_by_specification	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Plasticity Index	plasticity_index	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Unit	unit	nvarchar	100		FALSE

### Particle Size Analysis (DB-110-E)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB110E\_SIEVE

### Maximum Rows: 6

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Cumulative Percent Retained	cumulative_pct_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Cumulative Weight Retained	cumulative_weight_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Lower Spec Limit	lower_spec_limit	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Master Grading	master_grading	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Sieve Size	sieve_size	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Upper Spec Limit	upper_spec_limit	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight Retained	weight_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB110E\_TEST

### Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Cumulative Method	individual_cumulative	nvarchar	100	{Cumulative, Individual}	FALSE
Negative No.40	negative_no_40	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Total	total	nvarchar	100		FALSE

### Moisture-Density Work Sheet (DB-113-E)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB113E

### Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required	
Dry Density Scale Max	dry_density_scale_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Dry Density Scale Min	dry_density_scale_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Dry Density Scale unit	dry_density_scale_unit	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Hygroscopic Moisture	hygroscopic_moisture	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Max Density(kg)	max_density_kg	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Max Density (pcf)	max_density_pcf	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE	
Moisture scale max	moisture_scale_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Moisture scale min	moisture_scale_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Moisture scale unit	moisture_scale_unit	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Optimum Moisture	optimum_moisture	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE	
Oven Dry Weight	oven_dry_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Soil Description	soil_desc	nvarchar	100		TRUE	
Specific Gravity (Apparent)	specific_gravity	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE	
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE	
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE	
Weight of Aggr., Pycn. & Water	weight_of_aggr	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Weight of Pycnometer & Water	weight_of_pycnometer	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB113E\_SPECIMEN

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Dry Density	dry_density	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Dry Mass Material	dry_mass_material	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Dry Mass Pan & Specimen	dry_mass_pan_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Estimated Dry Density	est_dry_density	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Height of Specimen	height_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mass Material	mass_material	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mass Water	mass_water	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mass Water Added	mass_water_added	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Water Content	pct_water_content	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Water On Total	pct_water_total	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Tare Mass Mold	tare_mass_mold	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Tare Mass Pan	tare_mass_pan	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Volume Per Linear	volume_per_linear	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Volume of Specimen	volume_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Wet Density of Specimen	wet_density_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Wet Mass Of Pan & Specimen	wet_mass_pan_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Wet Mass Specimen	wet_mass_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Wet Mass Specimen & Mold	wet_mass_specimen_mold	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Moisture-Density Relationship of Subgrade and Embankment Soils (DB-114-E)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB114E Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Dry Density Scale Max	dry_density_scale_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Dry Density Scale Min	dry_density_scale_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Dry Density Scale unit	dry_density_scale_unit	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Hygroscopic Moisture	hygroscopic_moisture	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Max Density (kg)	max_density_kg	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Max Density (pcf)	max_density_pcf	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Moisture scale max	moisture_scale_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Moisture scale min	moisture_scale_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Moisture scale unit	moisture_scale_unit	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Optimum Moisture	optimum_moisture	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Oven Dry Weight	oven_dry_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Soil Descript	soil_description	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Specific Gravity	specific_gravity	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Weight of Aggr., Pycn. & Water	weight_of_aggr	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight of Pycnometer & Water	weight_of_pycnometer	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Table Name: VALUE DB114F SPECIMEN

Table Name: VALUE_DB114E_SPECII	MEN			Maximum Rows: 4	
Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Dry Density	dry_density	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Dry Mass Material	dry_mass_material	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Dry Mass Pan & Specimen	dry_mass_pan_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Estimated Dry Density	est_dry_density	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Height of Specimen	height_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mass Material	mass_material	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mass Water	mass_water	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mass Water Added	mass_water_added	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Water Content	pct_water_content	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Water Total	pct_water_total	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Tare Mass Mold	tare_mass_mold	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Tare Mass Pan	tare_mass_pan	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Volume Per Linear mm	volume_per_linear	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Volume of Specimen	volume_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Wet Density of Specimen	wet_density_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Wet Mass of Pan & Specimen	wet_mass_pan_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Wet Mass Specimen	wet_mass_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Wet Mass Specimen & Mold	wet_mass_specimen_mold	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### **Nuclear Density and Moisture Determination (DB-115-1)**

Table Name: VALUE\_DB115\_1 Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Density Count	density_count	int			FALSE
Density, %	density_pct	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Pass/Fail	density_pct_pass_fail	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Max Density Specification Requirement	density_specification_req_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Low Density Specification Req	density_specification_req_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
density_standard	density_standard	int			FALSE
Determined By Test Method	determined_by_test_method	nvarchar	100	{DB-113-E, DB-114-E}	FALSE
Dry Density, pcf	dry_density_pcf	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Gauge No.	gauge_no	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Maximum Dry Density	max_dry_density_pcf	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Moisture Content, %	moisture_content_pct	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Moisture Content Pct Pass or Fail	moisture_content_pct_pass_fail	nvarchar	100	{Pass, Fail}	FALSE
Moisture Count	moisture_count	int			FALSE
Max Moisture Specification Requirement	moisture_specification_req_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Low Moisture Specification Req	moisture_specification_req_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Moisture Standard	moisture_standard	int			FALSE
Optimum Moisture Content	optimum_moisture_content_pct	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Probe Depth	probe_depth	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Soil Description	soil_desc	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Wet Density, pcf	wet_density_pcf	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Soil /Aggregate Field Unit Weight Tests (DB-115-2)

Table Name: VALUE\_DB115\_2 Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Compaction, %	compaction_pct	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Compaction Required	compaction_req_pct	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Dry unit weight	dry_unit_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Dry Weight Total Moisture Sample	dry_weight_total_moisture	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Final Weight Apparatus & Sand	final_weight_apparatus	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Final Weight of Sand	final_weight_sand	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Initial Weight Apparatus & Sand	initial_weight_apparatus	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Initial Weight of Sand	initial_weight_sand	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Maximum dry unit weight	max_dry_unit_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Moisture Required	moisture_req_pct	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Optium Moisture (% if of dry unit	optimum_moisture	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
weight)					
Pass/Fail % Density	pass_fail_pct_density	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Pass/Fail % Moisture	pass_fail_pct_moisture	nvarchar	100		FALSE
% Moisture	pct_moisture	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sand bulk unit weight	sand_bulk_unit_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Soil Descript	soil_desc	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Total Volume-Sand Userd	total_volume	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Volume of Hole	volume_hole	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Volume of Surface	volume_surface	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight of Material From Hole	weight_material_hole	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Wet Unit Weight	wet_unit_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Wet Weight Total Moisture Sample	wet_weight_total_moisture	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Test Resistance to Degradation By Wet Ball Mill Method (DB-116-E)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB116E Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Cumulative Method	cumulative_method	nvarchar	50	(Cumulative, Individual)	FALSE
Total of 3000g weight retained	individual_weight_retained_3000g_total	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Total of 3500g weight retained	individual_weight_retained_3500g_total	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Soil Binder	pct_soil_binder	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Soil Binder Increase	pct_soil_binder_increase	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Wet Ball Mill -No.40 Individual Percent	wbm_individual_pct_retained_minusno40	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Retained					
Wet Ball Mill No.40 Individual Percent	wbm_individual_pct_retained_no40	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Retained					
Wet Ball Mill Initial Weight	wbm_initial_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Wet Ball Mill Value	wbm_value	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Wet Ball Mill -No.40 Weight Retained	wbm_weight_retained_minusno40	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Wet Ball Mill No.40 Weight Retained	wbm_weight_retained_no40	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Total of weight retained	weight_retained_total	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Washed Sieve Analysis No.40	wsa_individual_pct_retained_no40	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Individual Percent Retained					
Washed Sieve Analysis -No.40	wsa_inidividual_pct_retained_minusno40	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Individual Percent Retained	·				
Washed Sieve Analysis Initial Weight	wsa_initial_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Washed Sieve Analysis -No.40 Weight	wsa_weight_retained_minusno40	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Retained					
Washed Sieve Analysis No.40 Weight	wsa_weight_retained_no40	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Retained					

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB116E\_SIEVE

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Cumulative Percent Retained	cumulative pct retained	decimal	(19, 8)	7 41.400	FALSE
3000g Cumulative Weight Retained	cumulative_weight_retained_3000g	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
3500g Cumulative Weight Retained	cumulative_weight_retained_3500g	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Individual Percent Retained	individual_pct_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
3000g Individual Weight Retained	individual_weight_retained_3000g	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
3500g Individual Weight Retained	individual_weight_retained_3500g	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sieve Size	sieve_size	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Weight Retained	weight retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Triaxial Compression Tests (DB-117-E)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB117E

### Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Average Corrected Strength, 00 psi	average_corrected_strength_0psi	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Average Corrected Strength, 15 psi	average_corrected_strength_15psi	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Classification	classification	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Cohesion, psi	cohesion_psi	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Correlation Factor	correlation_factor	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Grade, 00 psi	grade_0psi	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Grade, 15 psi	grade_15psi	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Internal Angle of Friction	internal_angle_friction	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB117E\_SPECIMEN

1426 1216 17126 2517 261 261121						
Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required	
Area, in.^2	area	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Avg. Cross Sectional Area, in/2	avg_cross_sectional_area	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Average Diameter, in.	avg_diameter	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Corrected Stress, psi.	corrected_stress_psi	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Dry Density of Specimen, pcf	dry_density_specimen_pcf	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Final Weight of Stones	final_weight_stones	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Height of Stone 1, in.	height_stone1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Height of Stone 2, in.	height_stone2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
I-Strain, in./in.	i_strain	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Initial Height of Specimen, in.	initial_height	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Lateral Pressure, psi.	lateral_pressure_psi	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
New Height of Specimen, in.	new_height	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Moisture of Specimen, %	pct_moisture_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
% Strain, in./in.	pct_strain	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Uncorrected Stress, psi.	uncorrected_stress_psi	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Weight of Specimen	weight_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Weight of Stones and Specimen	weight_stones_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	

### Determining Soil pH (DB-128-E)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB128E

### Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Soil pH	soil_ph	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

### Measuring Resistivity of Soil Materials (DB-129-E)

Table Name: VALUE\_DB129E

Maximum	Rows:	

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Resistance using resistivity meter	resistance_using_meter	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Resistivity	resistivity_result	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
A= Area of one electrode	sbf_area	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Distance between electrodes	sbf_distance	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Soil Box Factor	sbf_factor	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

### Measuring Thickness of Pavement Layer (DB-140-E)

Table Name: VALUE\_DB140E

Maximum F	Rows:
-----------	-------

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Average Depth:	avg_depth	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Depth 1:	depth_1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Depth 2:	depth_2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Depth 3:	depth_3	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested date	datetime		MM/dd/vvvv	TRUE

### OVF HMAC Test Data: DB-200-F, DB-207-FPR, DB-227-F, DB-236-F, DB-207-F (DB-200/07/36)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB207F Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Specific Gravity of Asphalt Binder	specific_gravity	decimal	(19, 3)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA)	vma	decimal	(19, 1)		TRUE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB207FPR Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Average Actual Specific Gravity (Ga):	GA	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Lab Molded Density, %:	LMD	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB227F Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Rice Specific Gravity (Gr):	rice_specific_gravity	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB229F Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Stamp Code	stamp_code	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested date	datetime		MM/dd/vvvv	TRUE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB229F\_SIEVE Maximum Rows: 10

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Current JMF	Current_JMF	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Design JMF	Design_JMF	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Adjusted Individual % Retained	pct	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Sieve Size	sieve_size	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB236F Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Asphalt Content, %:	AC	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested date	datetime		MM/dd/vvvv	TRUE

### Sieve Analysis of Non-Surface Treatment Aggregates (DB-200-F)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB200F

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Cumulative Weight Retained	cumulative_weight_retained_minusno14	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Minusno14					
Dry Weight After Washing	dry_weight_after_washing	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Limit As Percent	limit_as_percent	nvarchar	100	{Passing, Retained}	FALSE
Original Dry Weight	original_dry_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sieve Analysis Result 1	sieve_analysis_result1	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Sieve Analysis Result 2	sieve_analysis_result2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sieve Analysis Result 3	sieve_analysis_result3	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sieve Analysis Result 4	sieve_analysis_result4	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sieving Loss	sieving_loss	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Total Weight	total_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Washing Loss	washing_loss	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB200F\_SIEVE

### Maximum Rows: 12

Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Cumulative Percent Passing	cumulative_pct_passing	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Cumulative Percent Retained	cumulative_pct_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Cumulative Weight Retained	cumulative_weight_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Individual Weight Retained	individual_weight_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Lower Limit Grading	lower_limit_grading	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sieve Size	sieve_size	nvarchar	100	{2", 1-3/4", 1-1/2", 1-1/4", 1", 7/8", 3/4", 5/8", 1/2", 7/16", 3/8", 5/16", 1/4", No. 4, No. 6, No. 8, No. 10, No. 14, No. 16, No. 20, No. 30, No. 40, No. 50, No. 80, No. 100, No. 200	TRUE
Upper Limit Grading	upper_limit_grading	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Within Grading Limits	within_grading_limits	bit			TRUE

### Sand Equivalent (DB-203-F)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB203F

### Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Average Sand Equivalent	average_sand_equivalent	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Clay No.1 Reading	clay1_reading	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Clay No.2 Reading	clay2_reading	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sand No.1 Calculated	sand1_calculated	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sand No.1 Reading	sand1_reading	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sand No.1 Reported	sand1_reported	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sand No.2 Calculated	sand2_calculated	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sand No.2 Reading	sand2_reading	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sand No.2 Reported	sand2_reported	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

### QC/QA Test Data (DB-207-FPL)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB207FPL

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
In Place Air Void, %	air_void	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

### Deleterious Material & Decantation For Coarse Aggr (DB-217-F)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB217F Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Original Weight Retained	part1_orig_weight_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Deterious Material	part1_pct_deleterious_material	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Sieve Size	part1_sieve_size	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Weight Deleterious Material	part1_weight_deleterious_material	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Dry Weight after Washing	part2_dry_weight_after_washing	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Loss By Decantation	part2_loss_by_decantation	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Original Weight Retained	part2_orig_weight_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sieve Size	part2_sieve_size	nvarchar	53		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

### Sieve Analysis for Fine & Coarse Aggregate (DB-401-A)

Table Name: VALUE\_DB401A Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Equivalent Exceed 85	equivalent_exceed_85	bit			FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Total	total	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

Table Name: VALUE\_DB401A\_SIEVE Maximum Rows: 8

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Cumulative Percent Passing	cumulative pct passing	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Cumulative Percent Retained	cumulative_pct_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Cumulative Weight Retained	cumulative_weight_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Individual Weight Retained	individual_weight_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Lower Spec Limit	lower_retained_spec_limit	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sieve Size	sieve_size	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Upper Spec Limit	upper_retained_spec_limit	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Within Master Grading	within master grading	varchar	20		TRUE

Table Name: VALUE\_DB402A Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Fineness Modulus	fineness_modulus	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested Date	tested date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/vvvv	FALSE

### **Decantation Test For Concrete Aggregates (DB-406-A)**

Table Name: VALUE\_DB406A Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Dry Mass After Washing	dry_mass_after_washing	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mass of Pycnometer Containing	mass_of_pycnometer_after_washing	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sample and Water To Fill After					
Washing					
Mass of Pycnometer Containing	mass_of_pycnometer_before_washing	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sample and Water To Fill Before					
Washing					
Mass of Pycnometer Filled With Water	mass_of_pycnometer_with_water	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
at Approx. Same Temperature as above					
Original Dry Mass of Sample	original_dry_mass	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
% Loss	percent_loss_part1	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Percent Loss	percent_loss_part2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Test By:	test_by	nvarchar	100	{Part I - Lab Method, Part II -	FALSE
				Field Method}	
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested By - Part II	tested_by_part2	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Tested Date - Part II	tested_date_part2	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE

### Organic Impurities in Fine Aggregate for Concrete (DB-408-A)

Table Name: VALUE\_DB408A Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Color of the Supernatant Liquid	color_of_supernatant_liquid	nvarchar	100	{LIGHTER THAN STANDARD,	TRUE
				EQUAL TO STANDARD,	
				DARKER THAN STANDARD}	
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

### **Deleterious Material (DB-413-A)**

Table Name: VALUE\_DB413A Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Clay	clay_value1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Clay Percentage	clay_value2	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Friable	friable_value1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Friable Percentage	friable_value2	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Laminated	laminated_value1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Laminated Percentage	laminated_value2	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Other	other_value1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Othesr Percentage	other_value2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Deleterious Material Retained	percent_deleterious_material_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Shale	shale_value1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Shale Percentage	shale_value2	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Sieve Size	sieve_size	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Total	total	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Total Weight Sample	total_weight_sample	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Field Form Concrete Sample - Cylinders (DB-418-A)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB418A

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Actual Water	actual_water	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Agg. Correction Factor	agg_correction_factor	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Agg. Size	agg_size	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Air Temperature	air_temperature	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Batch Size	batch_size	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Batch Time	batch_time	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Class of Concrete	class_of_concrete	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Concrete Temperature	concrete_temperature	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Corrected Air Content	corrected_air_content	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Design Water	design_water	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Mix ID	mix_id	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Placement Air	placement_air	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Placement Slump	placement_slump	decimal	(19, 8)	CVL	TRUE
Pump Air Loss	pump_air_loss	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Pump Slump Loss	pump_slump_loss	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Req. Strength	req_strength	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Sample Time	sample_time	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Average 7 Day Compressive Strength	seven_day_average	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Slump	slump	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Specimen Size	specimen_size	nvarchar	100	{4x8, 6x12}	TRUE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Ticket #	ticket_number	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Total Water	total_water	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Truck #	truck_number	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Average 28 Day Compressive Strength	twenty_eight_day_average	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Unit Wt.	unit_weight	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Water Added	water_added	nvarchar	100		TRUE

Maximum Rows: 1

Maximum Rows: 3

Maximum Rows: 1

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB418A\_AVERAGE

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Average Age	average_age	nvarchar	100		TRUE
Average Strength	average strength	decimal	(19. 8)		TRUE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB418A\_SPECIMEN

Table Name: VALUE_DB418A_SPECIMEN			Maximum Rows: 7			
Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required	
Age(days)	age	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE	
Area	area	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE	
Load(lbs)	load_lbs	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE	
Pass/Fail	pass_fail	nvarchar	5		FALSE	
Specimen	specimen	nvarchar	100		FALSE	
Strength	strength	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE	
Test Date	test_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE	
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE	
Type Fracture	type_fracture	varchar	50	{A, B, C, D, E}	TRUE	

### Determining Pavement Thickness By Direct Measurement (DB-423-A)

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB423A Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Measure Unit	measure_unit	nvarchar	100	{Inches, Millimeters}	FALSE
Pavement Depth	pavement_depth	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

### Table Name: VALUE\_DB423A\_LOCATION

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Average	average	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Measurement 1	measurement_1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Measurement 2	measurement_2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Measurement 3	measurement_3	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Measurement Identification / Location	measurement_id_location	nvarchar	100		FALSE

### Soil-Cement, Soil-Lime Testing (DB-120-E) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB120E

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Avg. Corrected Stress, psi:	avg_corrected_stress_psi	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Cement, (%)	percent_cement	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Performed By DB-120-E:	performed_by	nvarchar	200		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Target Percent Cement, %:	target_percent_cement	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Target Stress, psi:	target_stress_psi	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	200	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

Maximum Rows: 1

Table Name: VALUE\_DB120E\_SPECIMEN Maximum Rows: 3

Table Tallie. VALUE_DDTEGE_GFE		Waxii Mili Rows. 0				
Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required	
Area, in.^2:	area	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Avg. Corrected Stress, psi:	avg_corrected_stress	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Avg. Cross Sectional Area, in^2:	avg_cross_section_area	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Average Diameter, in.:	avg_diameter	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Circumference, in.:	circumference	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Corrected Stress, psi.:	corrected_stress	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Dead Load, lbs.:	dead_load	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Deformation at Max Load, in.	deformation_at_max_load	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Height of Stone 1, in.	height_stone1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Height of Stone 2, in.	height_stone2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
I-Strain, in./in.:	i_strain	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Initial Height of Specimen, in.:	initial_height_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Lateral Pressure, psi.:	lateral_pressure	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Max. Load Reading, div.	max_load_reading	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
New Height of Specimen, in.:	new_height_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
% Strain , in./in.:	pct_strain	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Percent Cement, (%)	percent_cement	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Ring Factor, Ibs./div	ring_factor	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	
Specimen Number:	specimen_no	int			FALSE	
Uncorr'd Stress, psi.:	uncorrected_stress	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE	

### Soil-Lime Testing: DB-121-E (DB-121-E) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB121E Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Average Corrected Strength, 00 psi	average_corrected_strength_0psi	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Average Corrected Strength, 15 psi	average_corrected_strength_15psi	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Classification	classification	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Cohesion, psi	cohesion_psi	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Correlation Factor	correlation_factor	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Grade, 00 psi	grade_0psi	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Grade, 15 psi	grade_15psi	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Internal Angle of Friction	internal_angle_friction	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

Table Name: VALUE\_DB121E\_SPECIMEN

Maximum	Rows:	8

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Area, in.^2	area	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Avg. Cross Sectional Area, in/2	avg_cross_sectional_area	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Average Diameter, in.	avg_diameter	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Corrected Stress, psi.	corrected_stress_psi	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Dry Density of Specimen, pcf	dry_density_specimen_pcf	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Final Weight of Stones	final_weight_stones	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Height of Stone 1, in.	height_stone1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Height of Stone 2, in.	height_stone2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
I-Strain, in./in.	i_strain	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Initial Height of Specimen, in.	initial_height	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Lateral Pressure, psi.	lateral_pressure_psi	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
New Height of Specimen, in.	new_height	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Moisture of Specimen, %	pct_moisture_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
% Strain, in./in.	pct_strain	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Uncorrected Stress, psi.	uncorrected_stress_psi	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight of Specimen	weight_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight of Stones and Specimen	weight_stones_specimen	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Density of Asphalt Stabilized Base (DB-126-E) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB126E Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Percent Asphalt in Mix(max)	asphalt_pct_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Asphalt in Mix(min)	asphalt_pct_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Broken Method	broken_method	nvarchar	20	{Fast Break, Slow Break}	FALSE
Date Broken(max)(max)	date_broken_max	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Date Broken(min)	date_broken_min	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Density of Specimen(max)	density_of_specimen_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Density of Specimen(min)	density_of_specimen_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Gauge Reading(max)	gague_reading_psi_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Gauge Reading (min)	gague_reading_psi_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Height of Specimen(max)	height_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Height of Specimen(min)	height_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Measured Weight(max)	measured_weight_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Measured Weight(min)	measured_weight_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Minimum Allowable Density	min_allowable_density	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Minimum Percent Density	min_pct_density	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Minimum Specimen Unconfined	min_specimen_UCS	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Compressive Strength					
Mold Number(max)	mold_number_max	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Mold Number(min)	mold_number_min	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Date Molded(max)	molded_date_max	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Date Molded(min)	molded_date_min	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Unconfined Compressive Strength	UCS_max	nvarchar	100		FALSE
(max)					
Unconfined Compressive Strength (min)	UCS_min	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Volume of Mold(max)	volume_of_mold_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Volume of Mold(min)	volume_of_mold_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Volume of Specimen(max)	volume_of_specimen_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Volume of Specimen(min)	volume_of_specimen_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight of Filters(max)	weight_of_filters_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight of Filters(min)	weight_of_filters_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight of Material(max)	weight_of_mat_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight of Material(min)	weight_of_mat_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight of Plates(max)	weight_of_plates_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight of Plates(min)	weight_of_plates_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight of Specimen(max)	weight_of_specimen_max	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight of Specimen(min)	weight_of_specimen_min	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

### Sieve Analysis of Surface Treatment Aggregate (DB-200-ST) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB200ST

Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Sphalt	asphalt_pct	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Dry Weight After Washing	dry_weight_after_washing	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Moisture	moisture_pct	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Original Dry Weight	orig_dry_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Total	pan_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Difference	percent_difference	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sieving Loss	sieving_loss	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Total Weight	total_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Туре	type	nvarchar	100	{A, B, C, D, E, L, PA, PB, PC,	FALSE
				PD, PE, PL}	
Washing Loss	washing_loss	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Weight Difference	weight_difference	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
PrePan	weight_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

Table Name: VALUE\_DB200ST\_SIEVE

Maximum Rows: 8

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Cumulative Percent Passing	cumulative_percent_passing	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Lower Retained Limit	lower_retained_limit	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Cumulative Percent Retained	percent_retained_cumulative	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Individual Percent Retained	percent_retained_individual	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sieve Size	sieve_size	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Upper Retained Limit	upper_retained_limit	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Cumulative Weight Retained	weight_retained_cumulative	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Individual weight Retained	weight_retained_individual	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Within Master Grading	within_master_grading	nvarchar	100		FALSE

Determining Flakiness Index (DB-224-F) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB224F

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Flakiness Index	flakiness_index	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Number of Particles	num_particles_1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Number of Particles	num_particles_2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Number of Particles	num_particles_3	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Number of Particles Passing for 1/4"	slot_1_4	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
slot					
Number of Particles Passing for 3/8"	slot_3_8	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
slot					
Number of Particles Passing for 5/32"	slot_5_32	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
slot					
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Total Particles	total_particles	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Total Passing Particles	total_passing_particles	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

Determining Draindown Characteristics in Bituminous Materials (DB-235-F) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB235F

Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Average Percent of Draindown for Two	avg_pct_draindown	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Samples					
Final Weight Plate	final_weight_plate_1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Final Weight Plate	final_weight_plate_2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Initial Sample Weight	init_sample_weight_1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Initial Sample Weight	init_sample_weight_2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Initial Weight Plate	init_weight_plate_1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Initial Weight Plate	init_weight_plate_2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Of Draindown	pct_draindown_1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Of Draindown	pct_draindown_2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE

Resistance To Degradation By Abrasion & Impact in Los Angeles Machine (DB-410-A) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB410A

Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Final Weight	final_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Initial Weight	initial_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
La Abrasion Type	la_abrasion_type	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
La Abrasion Value	la_abrasion_value	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Loss of Weight	loss_of_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Number of Spheres	number_of_spheres	int			FALSE
Percent Loss	percent_loss	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sieve	sieve	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Weight of Charge	weight_of_charge	nvarchar	100		FALSE

Table Name: VALUE\_DB410A\_SAMPLE

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Actual Weight	actual_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Passing Sieve	passing_sieve	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Projected Weight	projected_weight	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Retained Sieve	retained_sieve	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Within Range	within_range	bit			FALSE

#### Magnesium Sulfate Soundness (DB-411-M) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB411M Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Normalized Individual Percent Retained	ni_pct_retained_total	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Total					
% Loss Total	pct_loss_total	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Soundness Loss	soundness_loss	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Weighted Average % Loss Total	weighted_avg_pct_loss_total	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

Table Name: VALUE\_DB411M\_CYCLE Maximum Rows: 5

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Cycle	cycle	nvarchar	5		FALSE
In Oven Date	in_oven_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
In Oven Time In	in_oven_time_in	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
In Oven Time Out	in_oven_time_out	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
In Solution Date	in_solution_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
In Solution Time In	in_solution_time_in	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
In Solution Time Out	in_solution_time_out	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Out Oven Date	out_oven_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Out Oven Time In	out_oven_time_in	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Out Oven Time Out	out_oven_time_out	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Out Solution Date	out_solution_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Out Solution Time In	out_solution_time_in	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Out Solution Time Out	out_solution_time_out	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Remarks	remarks	nvarchar	250		FALSE

Table Name: VALUE\_DB411M\_PARTICLE Maximum Rows: 8

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Final Weight (g)	final_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Initial Weight (g)	initial_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Loss of Weight (g)	loss_of_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Normalized Individual Percent Retained	ni_pct_retained	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
% Loss	pct_loss	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Particle Size Range Passing	size_range_passing	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Particle Size Range Retained	size_range_retained	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Weighted Average % Loss	weighted ava pct loss	decimal	(19. 8)		FALSE

#### Testing Of Drilled Cores Of Portland Cement Concrete (DB-424-A, Part III) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB424A Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested By - Part II	tested_by_part2	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested By - Part III	tested_by_part3	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Tested Date - Part II	tested_date_part2	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Tested Date - Part III	tested date part3	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE

Maximum Rows: 4

Table Name: VALUE\_DB424A\_CORE

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Age (Days)	age	int			FALSE
Compressive Strength	compressive_strength1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Compressive Strength	compressive_strength2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Diameter of Core (inches)	core_diameter1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Diameter of Core (inches)	core_diameter2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Length of Core (inches)	core_length1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Length of Core (inches)	core_length2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Core Number	core_number1	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Core Number	core_number2	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Failure Type	failure_type1	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Failure Type	failure_type2	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Max Load (Lbs)	max_load1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Max Load (Lbs)	max_load2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

Texture Depth By Sand Patch Method (DB-436-A) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB436A Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Average Diameter	avg_diameter	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Diameter 1	measurement_1	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Diameter 2	measurement_2	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Diameter 3	measurement_3	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Diameter 4	measurement_4	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	varchar	200	CVL	FALSE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Thickness	thickness	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Volume of Cylinder	vol cylinder	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

#### Concrete Sample - Beams (DB-448-A) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB448A Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Actual Water	act_water	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Added Gal	added_gal	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Agg. Correction Factor	agg_corr_factor	decimal	(19, 8)	CVL	FALSE
Agg Size	agg_size	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Air Temperature	air_temp	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Batch Size	batch_size	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Batch Time	batch_time	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Class of Concrete	class_concrete	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Concrete Temperature	concrete_temp	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Corrected Air Content	corrected_air_content	decimal	(19, 8)	CVL	FALSE
Design Water	des_water	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mix ID	mix_id	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Qty Load	qty_load	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Req. Strength, psi	req_strength	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sample Time	sample_time	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Slump	slump	decimal	(19, 8)	CVL	FALSE
Specimen Dimensions	spec_dimensions	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Ticket Number	ticket_num	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Total Water	total_water	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Truck Number	truck_num	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Unit Weight	unit_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

Table Name: VALUE\_DB448A\_SPECIMEN

Maximum Rows: 6

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Age	age	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Avg Depth	avg_depth	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Avg. Width	avg_width	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Correction Factor	corr_factor	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Max Load, lbs	max_load_psi	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Mod Rupture	mod_rupture	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Pass Fail	pass_fail	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Specimen	specimen	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Test Date	test_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE

Coarse Aggregate Angularity By Fractured Faces Count (DB-460-A) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB460A Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Number of Particles w/ one or no FF	number_of_particles_with_one	int			FALSE
Number of Particles w/ 2 or more FF	number_of_particles_with_two	int			FALSE
Number of Questionable Particles	number_of_questionable_particles	int			FALSE
Percent Crushed Particles	percent_crushed_particles	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Percent Crushed Particles	percent_crushed_particles_result	decimal	(19, 8)		TRUE
Sieve Size	sieve_size	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	TRUE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	TRUE
Tested Date	tested_date	smalldatetime		MM/dd/yyyy	TRUE
Total Number of Particles	total_number_of_particles	int			FALSE

#### Effect of Water On Bituminous Paving Mixtures (DB-530-C) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB530C

#### Maximum Rows: 1

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Estimated Percent of Stripping	est_pct_stripping	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested Date	tested_date	datetime		MM/dd/yyyy	FALSE

#### Determining Chloride and Sulfate Content in Soils (DB-620-J) \*\* INACTIVE \*\*

Table Name: VALUE\_DB620J

N/lovi	mar rma	Dow	 4

Field Description	Field Name	Datatype	Length	Values	Required
Chloride (CL) (PPM)	chloride_ppm	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Crucible + Residue Weight	crucible_residue_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Crucible Weight	crucible_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Ending	ending	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Normality of AgNO3	normality_of_agno3	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Residue Weight	residue_weight	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sample Weight	sample_weight_chloride	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sample Weight	sample_weight_sulfate	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Stamp Code	stamp_code	int		CVL	FALSE
Starting	starting	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Sulfate (SO4) (PPM)	sulfate_ppm	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE
Tested By	tested_by	nvarchar	100	CVL	FALSE
Tested Date	tested_date	nvarchar	100		FALSE
Total	total	decimal	(19, 8)		FALSE

## **CQAF Sample**

File: CQAFSample.xml

**File Type:** XML (Extensible Markup Language). The de facto standard for transferring data. **File Description:** An example of an electronic submission that can be read into I2MS. The example provided was used for a previous project and passed the verification process for that particular project's inputs. This file can be submitted to I2MS via a web service run on I2MS using SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol), which is a standard programming protocol by which software developers send data between systems.

### **CQAF Sample**

```
<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
<form name="DB-115-1" version no="1.0" key="0020905270501151" date="2009-05-</pre>
27T00:00:00" display key="00209052705">
      <owner name value="CQAF" />
      <security username="CQAFDataXfer" password="as9-3958$h@"/>
      <header>
             <column name="sample_id" value="00209052705" />
             <column name="sampled" date" value="5/27/2009 12:00:00 AM" />
             <column name="sample type" value="Random-Independent" />
             <column name="split sample id" />
             <column name="report type" value="Original" />
             <column name="section" value="5.1" />
             <column name="sampled by" value="Al Jones" />
             <column name="spec year" value="2004" />
             <column name="material" value="14" />
             <column name="spec item" value="247" />
             <column name="supplier" value="Pit" />
             <column name="special provision"/>
             <column name="structure number" />
             <column name="grade" value="1" />
             <column name="sample location"/>
             <column name="feature" value="Mainlane" />
             <column name="course lift" value="2" />
             <column name="station" value="342+49" />
             <column name="dist from cl" value="5' LT" />
             <column name="misc" />
             <column name="roadway" value="Loop 375" />
             <column name="direction" value="NB" />
      </header>
      <test name="DB-115-1"> <!-- This can be the same value as the form name. -->
             <row>
                          <column name="determined by test method" value="DB-113-E"</p>
/>
                          <column name="max dry density pcf" value="132.5" />
                          <column name="optimum moisture content pct" value="7.7" />
                          <column name="density standard" value="4200" />
                          <column name="moisture standard" value="420" />
                          <column name="density count" value="1045" />
                          <column name="moisture count" value="231" />
                          <column name="probe depth" value="10" />
                          <column name="wet density pcf" value="140.5" />
                          <column name="dry density pcf" value="133.5" />
                          <column name="moisture content pct" value="5.2" />
```

```
<column name="gauge_no" value="3242" />
<column name="moisture_content_pct_pass_fail" />
<column name="density_pct" value="100.7" />
<column name="density_pct_pass_fail" />
```

### **CQAF Sample**

```
<column name="density specification req max"/>
                          <column name="moisture specification req max"/>
                          <column name="soil desc"/>
                          <column name="density specification req min" value="100" />
                          <column name="moisture specification req min" value="5.2" />
                          <column name="tested by" value="Al Jones" />
                          <column name="tested date" value="5/27/2009 12:00:00 AM" />
                          <column name="stamp code" value="1" />
                    </row>
             </test>
      <footer>
             <column name="remarks" />
             <column name="reviewed by" />
             <column name="completed date" />
             <column name="authorized by" />
             <column name="authorized date" />
      </footer>
</form>
```

## **Web Form Validation**

File: WebFormValidation.xsd

**File Type:** XSD (XML Schema Document). Describes a schema used for an XML document. **File Description:** Describes elements, annotations, and documentation used in the aforementioned XML. XSD files are the standard used to describe XML file formats and are often used to assist in developing XML files with added features such as intellisense (which is an added type ahead feature used by developers).

## **Web Form Validation**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<xs:schema id="FormValidation" xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">
  <xs:element name="form">
    <xs:complexType>
       <xs:sequence>
         <xs:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" id="owner">
              <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>
                           The owner of the record must be supplied to upload successfully.
The user login provided in the security element
                           must have permission to add a record for the owner as part of the
validation process.
                           The record owner can be identified by a variety of properties. In
general, when submitting XML from an external source,
                           the owner name attribute is the preferred method.
                    </xs:documentation>
              </xs:annotation>
           <xs:element name="owner name" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
              <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>
                           The name of the owner of this record. For example, "OVF" or
"CQAF".
                    </xs:documentation>
             </xs:annotation>
              <xs:complexType>
                <xs:attribute name="value" type="xs:string" use="required" />
              </xs:complexType>
           </xs:element>
           <xs:element name="owner_guid" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
             <xs:complexType>
                <xs:attribute name="value" type="xs:string" use="required" />
             </xs:complexType>
           </xs:element>
           <xs:element name="owner id" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
              <xs:complexType>
                <xs:attribute name="value" type="xs:int" use="required" />
             </xs:complexType>
           </xs:element>
         </xs:choice>
         <xs:element name="security" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1">
              <xs:annotation>
                     <xs:documentation>
```

User login credentials must be provided to upload a record.

Supply a username and password.

```
</ri></xs:documentation></xs:annotation></xs:complexType>
```

### **Web Form Validation**

```
<xs:attribute name="user guid" type="xs:string" />
              <xs:attribute name="username" type="xs:string" />
              <xs:attribute name="password" type="xs:string" />
           </r></rs:complexType>
         </xs:element>
         <xs:element name="header" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1">
              <xs:annotation>
                     <xs:documentation>
                            The collection of header column values common to multiple forms.
                     </xs:documentation>
              </xs:annotation>
           <xs:complexType>
              <xs:sequence>
                <xs:element name="column" type="ColumnType" maxOccurs="unbounded"</pre>
/>
              </xs:sequence>
           </r></rs:complexType>
         </xs:element>
         <xs:element name="test" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
              <xs:annotation>
                     <xs:documentation>
```

Container element for Body Table elements, which contain the data specific to the form type being uploaded.

This element can be used to logically group the body tables by the test method they represent, but it is not required to do so.

All body table elements can be placed under one test element, and the test name attribute is inconsequential.

```
</ri>
</xs:documentation>
</xs:annotation>
<xs:complexType>
<xs:sequence>
<xs:element name="table" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
<xs:annotation>
<xs:documentation>
```

A collection of rows of form data for a specific table.

The number of rows permitted for each table depends on the form and table name. For testing forms, the number of rows allowed for each table can be found in the I2MS Test Form Fields report.

```
</xs:annotation>
                  <xs:complexType>
                    <xs:sequence>
                       <xs:element name="row" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded">
                           <xs:annotation>
                                  <xs:documentation>
                                         A collection of body column values.
                                  </xs:documentation>
                           </xs:annotation>
                         Web Form Validation
                            <xs:complexType>
                           <xs:sequence>
                              <xs:element name="column" type="ColumnType"</pre>
minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
                           </xs:sequence>
                         </xs:complexType>
                       </xs:element>
                    </xs:sequence>
                    <xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:string" use="required">
                           <xs:annotation>
                                  <xs:documentation>
                                         The name of the body table.
                                         For testing forms, the list of supported table names
can be found in the I2MS Test Form Fields report.
                                  </xs:documentation>
                           </xs:annotation>
                    </xs:attribute>
                  </xs:complexType>
                </xs:element>
             </xs:sequence>
             <xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:string" use="required" />
           </xs:complexType>
         </xs:element>
         <xs:element name="footer" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1">
             <xs:annotation>
                    <xs:documentation>
                           The collection of footer column values common to multiple forms.
                    </xs:documentation>
             </xs:annotation>
           <xs:complexType>
             <xs:sequence>
                <xs:element name="column" type="ColumnType" minOccurs="0"</pre>
maxOccurs="unbounded" />
```

</xs:documentation>

The short name of the I2MS form for which data is being submitted. This value determines the data columns that are supported and required for the header, body, and footer elements.

For testing forms, the list of supported form names can be found in the I2MS Test Form Fields report.

## **Web Form Validation**

The form name is the value in parentheses for each subheading under the Body Fields section.

A value representing the test record in I2MS. This value is required to be unique for each owner (OVF/CQAF).

The same key is used for all revisions of the record. To add a new revision, supply the same key with the new form data and a

new value for the version\_no attribute.

The version number of this revision within the series of revisions identified by the key attribute.

The revision in the series with the greatest version number will be considered the latest revision regardless of the order in which revisions were submitted to I2MS.

Submitting a record with the same key and version number as another record in the system is an error.

</xs:documentation>

```
</xs:annotation>
              <xs:simpleType>
                     <xs:restriction base="xs:decimal">
                            <xs:totalDigits value="19" />
                            <xs:fractionDigits value="9" />
                     </xs:restriction>
              </xs:simpleType>
       </xs:attribute>
       <xs:attribute name="display key">
              <xs:annotation>
                     <xs:documentation>
                            The value displayed to users as the ID value of the record (for
example, Sample ID for testing forms).
                            This value is not required to be unique.
                     </xs:documentation>
              </xs:annotation>
              <xs:simpleType>
                     <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
                          Web Form Validation
                            <xs:maxLength value="100"></xs:maxLength>
                     </xs:restriction>
              </xs:simpleType>
       </xs:attribute>
       <xs:attribute name="version key">
              <xs:annotation>
                     <xs:documentation>
                            An optional identifier for this revision. For example, when
submitting XML to I2MS from an external source,
                            this could be the Version ID of the record in the external system.
                     </xs:documentation>
              </xs:annotation>
              <xs:simpleType>
                     <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
                            <xs:maxLength value="100"></xs:maxLength>
                     </xs:restriction>
              </xs:simpleType>
       </xs:attribute>
       <xs:attribute name="action name" type="xs:string">
              <xs:annotation>
                     <xs:documentation>
                            The name of a custom workflow action to execute when submitting
the form. The user login submitting the form
                            must have permissions in I2MS for the action and validation rules
```

must pass before allowing the action.

```
When submitting XML to I2MS from an external source, this
attribute should generally be omitted unless other
                            instructions have been provided.
                     </xs:documentation>
              </xs:annotation>
       </xs:attribute>
       <xs:attribute name="date" type="xs:dateTime">
              <xs:annotation>
                     <xs:documentation>
                            The value displayed to users as the date of the record (for example,
Sampled Date for testing forms).
                     </xs:documentation>
              </xs:annotation>
       </xs:attribute>
    </xs:complexType>
  </xs:element>
       <xs:complexType name="ColumnType">
       <xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:string" use="required">
              <xs:annotation>
                     <xs:documentation>
                            The name of the column for which a value is being provided.
```

## Web Form Validation

For testing forms, the list of supported data columns can be found in the I2MS Test Form Fields report.

File: FormSubmissionService.wsdl

**File Type:** WSDL (Web Services Description Language). Describes a web service and its respective protocols in XML format.

**File Description:** Describes the web service used by I2MS for submitting data electronically for the purposes of Validation (i.e. Verification) and Submission. The I2MS system takes in data electronically via a web service (often via the SOAP protocol), for the purposes of verifying or submitting a test (submitted in XML format).

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<wsdl:definitions xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
xmlns:soap12="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap12/"
xmlns:mime="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/mime/" xmlns:tns="http://tempuri.org/"
xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/"
xmlns:tm="http://microsoft.com/wsdl/mime/textMatching/"
xmlns:http="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/http/"
xmlns:soapenc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/encoding/"
targetNamespace="http://tempuri.org/" xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/">
 <wsdl:types>
  <s:schema elementFormDefault="qualified" targetNamespace="http://tempuri.org/">
   <s:element name="SubmitForm">
    <s:complexType>
     <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="xmlForm" type="s:string" />
     </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
   </s:element>
   <s:element name="SubmitFormResponse">
    <s:complexType>
     <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" name="SubmitFormResult" type="s:int" />
     </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
   </s:element>
   <s:element name="ValidateForm">
    <s:complexType>
     <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="xmlForm" type="s:string" />
     </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
   </s:element>
   <s:element name="ValidateFormResponse">
    <s:complexType>
     <s:sequence>
      <s:element minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="1" name="ValidateFormResult" type="s:string"</p>
/>
     </s:sequence>
    </s:complexType>
   </s:element>
  </s:schema>
 </wsdl:types>
 <wsdl:message name="SubmitFormSoapIn">
```

```
<wsdl:message name="ValidateFormSoapIn">
  <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:ValidateForm" />
 </wsdl:message>
 <wsdl:message name="ValidateFormSoapOut">
  <wsdl:part name="parameters" element="tns:ValidateFormResponse" />
 </wsdl:message>
 <wsdl:portType name="FormSubmissionServiceSoap">
  <wsdl:operation name="SubmitForm">
   <wsdl:input message="tns:SubmitFormSoapIn" />
   <wsdl:output message="tns:SubmitFormSoapOut" />
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="ValidateForm">
   <wsdl:input message="tns:ValidateFormSoapIn" />
   <wsdl:output message="tns:ValidateFormSoapOut" />
  </wsdl:operation>
 </wsdl:portType>
 <wsdl:binding name="FormSubmissionServiceSoap"</pre>
type="tns:FormSubmissionServiceSoap">
  <soap:binding transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http" />
  <wsdl:operation name="SubmitForm">
   <soap:operation soapAction="http://tempuri.org/SubmitForm" style="document" />
   <wsdl:input>
    <soap:body use="literal" />
   </wsdl:input>
   <wsdl:output>
    <soap:body use="literal" />
   </wsdl:output>
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="ValidateForm">
   <soap:operation soapAction="http://tempuri.org/ValidateForm" style="document" />
   <wsdl:input>
    <soap:body use="literal" />
   </wsdl:input>
   <wsdl:output>
    <soap:body use="literal" />
   </wsdl:output>
  </wsdl:operation>
 </wsdl:binding>
```

```
</wsdl:output>
  </wsdl:operation>
  <wsdl:operation name="ValidateForm">
   <soap12:operation soapAction="http://tempuri.org/ValidateForm" style="document" />
   <wsdl:input>
    <soap12:body use="literal" />
   </wsdl:input>
   <wsdl:output>
    <soap12:body use="literal" />
   </wsdl:output>
  </wsdl:operation>
 </wsdl:binding>
 <wsdl:service name="FormSubmissionService">
  <wsdl:port name="FormSubmissionServiceSoap"</pre>
binding="tns:FormSubmissionServiceSoap">
   <soap:address location="https://i2ms-</pre>
sh130.txdot.gov/i2ms/i2ms/formsubmissionservice.asmx" />
  </wsdl:port>
  <wsdl:port name="FormSubmissionServiceSoap12"</pre>
binding="tns:FormSubmissionServiceSoap12">
   <soap12:address location="https://i2ms-</pre>
sh130.txdot.gov/i2ms/i2ms/formsubmissionservice.asmx" />
  </wsdl:port>
 </wsdl:service>
</wsdl:definitions>
```

## Texas Department of Transportation Book 2 – Technical Provisions FOR

# LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION PROJECT Design-Build Project

ATTACHMENT 5-1
AGREEMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF CONTINUOUS HIGHWAY ILLUMINATION SYSTEMS WITHIN MUNICIPALITIES

**August 22, 2014** 

#### AGREEMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF CONTINUOUS HIGHWAY ILLUMINATION SYSTEMS WITHIN MUNICIPALITIES (100% Blanket)

STATE	OF	TEXAS	
COUNTY	. 01	TRAVIS	

#### WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the City has requested the State to contribute financial aid in the construction, maintenance and operation of a highway illumination system on freeways and expressways as defined in Highway Commission Minute Order 82420. Within the City, said illumination system hereinafter referred to as the "illumination system" is to consist of continuous lighting to be built in sections as financed and designated by the Texas Transportation Commission; and

WHEREAS, the Executive Director, acting for and in behalf of the Texas Transportation Commission, has made it known to the City that the State will construct said highway illumination system, conditioned that the City, as provided in Highway Commission Minute 512 416 3214

JUN- 9-00 FRI 9:48

Order No. 82420 and Article 6673b, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes, will maintain and operate said illumination system.

FAX NO. 5124163161

#### AGREEMENT

NOW, therefore, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual covenants and agreements of the parties hereto to be by them respectively kept and performed as hereinafter set forth, it is agreed as follows:

#### 1. CONSTRUCTION RESPONSIBILITIES

a. The State will prepare or provide for the plans and specifications, advertise for bids, let the construction contract, or otherwise provide for construction, and will supervise construction, reconstruction or betterment work as required by said plans and specifications. As a project is developed to construction stage, either as a unit or in increments, the State will submit plans and specifications for the proposed work to the City and will secure the City's consent to construct the lighting system prior to awarding the contract; said City consent to be signified by the signatures of duly authorized City officers in the spaces provided on the title sheet of plans containing the following notation:

"Attachment No	to special AGREEMENT FOR CONS	PRUCTION,
MAINTENANCE AND	OPERATION OF CONTINUOUS HIGHWAY ILL	MINATION
SYSTEM WITHIN MUN	ICIPALITIES, dated	<u> </u>
The City-State	construction, maintenance and	operation
responsibilities	shall be as heretofore agreed to,	accepted,
and specified in	the Agreement to which these plans	are made
a part."		

P. 05/09

b. All costs of constructing the illumination system will be borne by the State, and the illumination system will remain the property of the State.

#### 2. MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION RESPONSIBILITIES

- a. The City hereby agrees to furnish at its expense the electrical energy required for proper operation of the illumination system, such electrical energy to be provided at points on the illumination system as designated by the State. The City further agrees to maintain and operate the illumination system in an efficient and sightly condition, including the furnishing of all equipment and labor and making any replacements which may become necessary, without cost to the State.
- b. The City will assume maintenance and operation on a date to correspond with the date construction of the illumination system is completed and accepted by the State. The State will provide written notification to the City of such acceptance. The City hereby agrees to furnish at its expense the electrical energy consumed by the system during the period of trial operation prior to acceptance by the State. If the illumination system is constructed by sections, this provision shall apply to each such separately constructed section.
- c. The City will obtain approval of the Executive Director before making any major changes in the design and/or operation of the illumination system as designed and constructed by the State or before the removal of any part of the installation except for the purpose of replacement where identical or accepted equivalent equipment to that originally installed is used.

#### GENERAL 3.

- This Agreement shall remain :n force for a period of two a. years from the date that maintenance and operation responsibilities are first assumed by the City and shall be automatically renewed for two-year periods unless modified by mutual agreement of both parties.
- The State will not incur any financial obligation to the b. City as a result of this Agreement.
- This Agreement may be terminated sixty (60) days after the filing of a written notice by either party of a desire for The State reserves the right to remove the cancellation. illumination system upon cancellation of the Agreement.
- If, at any time, the City does not maintain and operate the illumination system in a satisfactory manner, the State reserves the right to either arrange for maintenance at the expense of the City or to remove the illumination system. illumination system be removed due to lack of maintenance, the City hereby agrees to reimburse the State for the cost of removal.
- Should disputes arise as to the parties' obligations e. under this Agreement, the State's decision shall be final and binding.
- The City shall comply with all federal, state, and local laws, statutes, ordinances, rules and regulations, and the orders and decrees of any court, or administrative bodies or tribunals in any matter affecting the performance of this Agreement.

- 512 416 3214
- g. Changes in time frame, character, cost or obligations authorized herein shall be enacted by written amendment. Any amendment to this Agreement must be executed by both parties within the contract period.
- h. This Agreement shall bind, and shall be for the sole and exclusive benefit of the respective parties and their legal successors. The City shall not assign or transfer its interest in this Agreement without written consent of the State.
- i. In case any one or more of the provisions contained in this Agreement shall, for any reason, be held invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect, such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability shall not affect any other provision thereof and this Agreement shall be construed as if such invalid, illegal, or unenforceable provision had never been contained herein.
- j. This Agreement constitutes the sole and only agreement for lighting at the location described herein of the parties hereto and supersedes any prior understandings or written or oral agreement between the parties respecting the within subject matter.

#### 4. INDEMNIFICATION

To the extent permitted by law, the City shall indemnify and save harmless the State, its agents or employees, from all suits, actions or claims and from all liability and damages for any and all injuries or damages sustained by any person or property in consequence of any neglect in the performance, or failure of performance of the City, its agents and employees under this Agreement.

5124163161

	S WHEREOF,	•				
signatures, I	he City o	f El I	Paso on	the	16 CH (	day of
mar	<u>ch</u> , 19	<u>93</u> ,	and th	e Texas	Departme	ant of
Transportation	on the	day of				19
			CINY (	F EL PASC	1	
					1	

ATTEST:

alternate City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO CONTENT:

Director
Traffic and Transportation

APPROYED AS TO FORM:

Assistant City Attorney

THE STATE OF TEXAS

Certified as being executed for the purpose and effect of activating and/or carrying out the orders, established policies, or work programs heretofore approved and authorized by the Texas Transportation Commission under the authority of Minute Order 100002.

APPROVED:

By:

raffic perations Engineer

Date: 4/15/93

CC7/db LIGHTSYS.K 03/11/93

#### RESOLUTION

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF EL PASO:

That the Mayor be authorized to sign the attached and incorporated Agreement between the CITY OF EL PASO and the STATE OF TEXAS, on behalf of the Texas Department of Transportation, for the construction, maintenance and operation of a continuous highway illumination systems within the City of El Paso; and

That the Director of the Department of Traffic and Transportation be authorized to consent to the construction of the illumination systems by signing the state construction plans for the purposes of that Agreement.

ADOPTED this

//day of

March

THE CITY OF EL PASO

Mayan

ATTEST:

-

Carole Hunter

City Clerk

APPROMED AS TO FORM:

Assistant City Attorney

APPROVED AS TO CONTENT;

Orientor, Traffic & Transportation

CC7/AB LIGHTSYS.RS1 63/11/93

## Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

# LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION PROJECT Design-Build Project

ATTACHMENT 5-2
AGREEMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND
OPERATION OF SAFETY LIGHTING SYSTEMS WITHIN
MUNICIPALITIES

**August 22, 2014** 

AGREEMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF SAFETY LIGHTING SYSTEMS WITHIN MUNICIPALITIES.

STATE OF TEXAS )			
COUNTY OF EL PASO )			
THIS AGREEMENT date	d this/	day of	
19, by and between the	State of Texas,	hereinafter	referred to
as the "State", party of	the first part,	and the City	of El Paso,
El Paso County, Texas ac	cting by and thr	ough its duly	authorized
officers under a resolut	ion passed the _	16th	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
day of January	$_{,}$ 19 $90$ , herein	after called	the "City",
party of the second part	•		

#### WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, in order to provide a more adequate facility to the traveling public, the construction, maintenance and operation of certain safety lighting systems is required within the corporate limits of the City. Within the City, said safety lighting system hereinafter referred to as the "lighting system" is to consist of safety lighting to be built in sections as financed and designated by the State Highway and Public Transportation Commission; and

WHEREAS, the Engineer-Director, acting for and in behalf of the State Highway and Public Transportation Commission, has made it known to the City that the State will construct, maintain and operate said lighting systems, subject to the conditions and provisions stated herein, as provided for in Highway Commission Minute Order No. 82420.

#### **AGREEMENT**

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual covenants and agreements of the parties hereto to be by them respectively kept and performed as hereinafter set forth, it is agreed as follows:

#### 1. CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES

a. The State will prepare or provide for the plans and specifications, advertise for bids, let the construction contract, or otherwise provide for the construction, and will supervise construction, reconstruction or betterment work as required by said plans and specifications. As a project is developed to construction stage, either as a unit or in increments, the State will submit plans and specifications of the proposed work to the City and will secure the City's consent to construct the lighting system prior to awarding the contract; said City consent to be signified by the signatures of duly authorized City officers in the spaces provided on the title sheet of plans containing the following notation:

"Attachment No. 1 to special AGREEMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION,

MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF SAFETY LIGHTING SYSTEMS WITHIN

MUNICIPALITY, dated \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 1990.

The City-State construction, maintenance and operation

responsibilities shall be as heretofore agreed to, accepted, and

specified in the Agreement to which these plans are made a part."

b. All costs of construction, maintenance and operation of the lighting system will be borne by the State, and lighting system will remain the property of the State.

#### 2. GENERAL

- a. The State's obligation for operation and maintenance of the lighting system shall cease should the route on which it is located be dropped from the State Highway System.
- b. This Agreement will cease to apply to sections of the lighting system in the event that those sections are removed or become a part of a continuous illumination system.
- c. This Agreement shall remain in force for a period of two years from the date that it is signed by the State, and it is understood by both parties that at the end of the initial two-year period, the Agreement will be automatically renewed for two year periods thereafter unless modified by mutual agreement of both parties. In the even that the lighting system installed in accordance with this Agreement becomes unnecessary or is removed for any reason, this Agreement will terminate.

IT WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have thereunto affi	xed their
signatures, the City of El Paso on the	_ day of
January, 1990 and the State Department of	Highways
and Public Transportation on the	_ day of
, 19	

THE CITY OF EL PASO

Mayor

ATTEST:

John City Clerk Marrato

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Mincy L. MARZE Assistant City Attorney APPROVED AS TO CONTENT:

Director of Traffic and

Transportation

J. Dryden Smith, Jr., P.E.

THE STATE OF TEXAS

Certified as being executed for the purposes and effect of activating and/or carrying out the orders, established policies, or work programs heretoforeapproved and authorized by the State Highway and Public Transportation Commission:

APPROVED:

By:

Traffic Operations Engineer

DATE

3-8-90

NLM:lclII Light.Agree Form 1397

#### RESOLUTION

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF EL PASO:

That the Mayor be authorized to sign an Agreement between the City of El Paso and the State of Texas, on behalf of its State Highway and Public Transportation Commission, for the construction, maintenance, and operation of safety lighting systems within the City of El Paso in accordance with State Department of Highways and Public Transportation Minute Order Number 82420.

THE CITY OF EL PASO

Mayor

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO CONTENT:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Director of Traffic and

Transportation

J. Dryden Smith, Jr., P.E.

NLM6:Highway.agree NLM:lcl

## Texas Department of Transportation Book 2 – Technical Provisions FOR

# LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION PROJECT Design-Build Project

ATTACHMENT 5-3
AGREEMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND
OPERATION OF TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM ON
CONTROLLED ACCESS HIGHWAYS IN EL PASO

**August 22, 2014** 

## AGREEMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM ON CONTROLLED ACCESS HIGHWAYS IN EL PASO

STATE	OF TEXAS		AS	)
				)
COUNTY	OI	EL	PASO	)

This agreement made this 12th day of November 19 70, by and between the State of Texas, hereinafter referred to as the "State", party of the first part, and the City of El Paso, El Paso County, Texas acting by and through its duly authorized officers under a resolution passed the 12th day of 1970, hereinafter called the "City", party of the second part.

#### WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the City has requested the State to contribute financial aid in the construction, maintenance and operation of the traffic control system on all controlled access highways in the Incorporated City Limits of El Paso as shown on Exhibit 1, hereinafter referred to as the "Traffic Control System", and

WHEREAS, the State Highway Engineer, acting for and in behalf of the State Highway Commission, has made it known to the City that the State will construct said traffic control system, conditioned that the City, as provided for in Highway Commission Minute No. 36362, will maintain and operate said traffic control system.



AGREEMENT (TRAFFIC SIGNAL - EXPRESSWAY TYPE E-1A DISTRICT 24)

#### AGREEMENT

NOW, therefore, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual covenants and agreements of the parties hereto to be by them respectively kept and performed, as hereinafter set forth, it is agreed as follows:

- 1. The State will furnish the necessary funds for the actual construction, prepare plans and specifications, install said highway traffic signal(s), and supervise construction.
- 2. The City hereby consents to the construction of the highway traffic signals on the highways listed on Exhibit 1. Locations of all existing signals are attached hereto and marked Exhibit 2.

#### TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES

Highway.traffic signal installations on frontage streets and interchanges of controlled access highways will be constructed by the State at its expense, subject to the condition that each signal installation shall meet the required warrants based on a traffic and engineering study. The City will pay for the cost of power for operating the signals and will operate and maintain the signals at its sole expense. The City will obtain the written approval of the State Highway Engineer before making any change in the design of operation of the signals, or before removing any part of a signal installation. Any and all parts of any State installed signal which might be removed shall remain the property of the State, and shall be returned to the State unless such part or parts are installed on any route of the State Highway System within the City at a location approved by the State. Any new part installed by the City, either as a replacement for or supplement to a State installed

AGREEMENT (TRAFFIC SIGNAL - EXPRESSWAY TYPE E-1A DISTRICT 24)

signal, shall remain the property of the City and shall be returned to the City upon its removal.

It is understood that the installation of future highway traffic signals on frontage streets and interchanges of controlled access highways will be made by the State at its expense, subject to the condition that each signal installation shall meet the required warrants based on by a traffic and engineering study; and subject to approval of plans and specifications by the City for each signal installation. Maintenance, operation and electric energy furnished for each signal installation will be the responsibility of the City, subject to the terms of this agreement.

The City's approval will be indicated by signature of the Mayor on the Plan Title Sheet for such installation. Installations made a part of this agreement shall contain on the Title Sheet the following statement:

"The City hereby consents to the construction of Highway Traffic Signals as to location and construction as indicated on these plans, said installation being a part of Agreement (Traffic Signal - Expressway Type E-1A District 24) dated human 12.1970 ".

The City will assume maintenance and operation on a date to correspond with the date construction of the traffic signal installations are completed and approved in writing by both the City and the State. If the traffic signals are constructed by sections or individually, this provision shall apply to each such separately constructed section or unit.

The City will not install or maintain or permit the installation or maintenance of any type of traffic control device which will affect or

AGREEMENT (TRAFFIC SIGNALS - EXPRESS TYPE E-1A) DISTRICT 24

influence the utility of the project without the prior written approval of the State. Traffic control devices, other than traffic signals, installed prior to the date of this agreement, and which will affect or influence the utility of the project, are hereby made subject to the terms of this agreement, and the City agrees to the removal of all such devices unless their continued use in place is approved in writing by the State.

The City will be responsible for the police enforcement required for securing obedience to the Highway Traffic signals.

In the event the terms of this Agreement are in conflict with the provisions of any other existing agreement and/or contracts between the City and the State, this Agreement shall take precedence over the other agreements and or contracts.

The State will construct and maintain all longitudinal center line, lane line, and non-passing barrier stripes. Supplemental markings, crosswalks, words and symbols will be placed and maintained by the City after approval by the State.

This agreement replaces existing agreements covering highway traffic signals prepared for individual routes of controlled access highways within the City of El Paso. Locations of all existing traffic signals covered by this agreement are attached as Exhibit II and made a part of this agreement.

AGREEMENT (TRAFFIC SIGNALS - EXPRESS TYPE E-1A) DISTRICT 24

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be executed in triplicate on the day above stated.

ATTEST:

Secretary for City

By Sal Denoturan

THE STATE OF TEXAS

Certified as being executed for the purpose and effect of activating and/or carrying out the orders, established policies, or work programs heretofore approved and authorized by the State Highway Commission:

Chief Engineer of Maintenance Operations

AUTHORITY FOR COSE WITH 15 ACCOMPLISHED UNDER MINUTE COLORS TO, BURGE

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL:

General Attorneys for the City

District Engineer

Assistant Attorney General

Engineer of Traffic

AGREEMENT (TRAFFIC SIGNAL - EXPRESSWAY TYPE E-1A DISTRICT 24)

# EXHIBIT 1

# CONTROLLED ACCESS HIGHWAYS COVERED BY THIS AGREEMENT

- 1. Interstate Highway 10 from the West City Limit to the East City Limit of El Paso.
- 2. United States Highway 54 (North-South Freeway) from the Mexican Border to the North City Limits of El Paso.
- 3. Loop Highway 16 from Junction of IH-10 to Courchesne School.
- 4. Interstate Highway 110 from Junction of IH-10 to Mexican Border.
- 5. Loop Highway 375 from Santa Fe Street to the Junction of IH-10 near the East City Limits of El Paso.

# Texas Department of Transportation Book 2 – Technical Provisions FOR

# LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION PROJECT Design-Build Project

ATTACHMENT 5-4
AGREEMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND
OPERATION OF TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM ON NONCONTROLLED ACCESS HIGHWAYS IN EL PASO

**August 22, 2014** 

STATE OF TEXAS ) ACREEMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM ON NON-CONTROLLED ACCESS HIGHWAYS IN EL PASO

This AGREEMENT, dated this 16th day of July, 1991, by and between the State of Texas, hereinafter called the "State", Party of the First Part; and the City of El Paso, El Paso County, Texas, acting by and through its duly authorized officers under a Resolution, passed the 16th day of July, 1991, hereinafter called the "City", Party of the Second Part, is made to become effective when fully executed by both parties.

# WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the City has authorized the installation of highway traffic signals by Resolution, passed on the 16th day of July, 1991, at the locations shown on EXHIBIT 1, attached hereto and made a part hereof; and

WHEREAS, the State under State Highway and Public Transportation Commission Minute Order has authority to install traffic signals on non-freeway locations within cities of over 50,000 population when the installations are eligible for reimbursement from Highway Traffic Safety funds or other related programs; and

WHEREAS, the State wishes to cooperate with the City in the installation of the traffic signals at the locations shown on Exhibit 1;

# AGREEMENT

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual covenants and agreements of the parties hereto to be by them respectively kept and performed, as hereinafter set forth, it is agreed as follows:

1. This Agreement shall apply to all highway traffic signal installations approved by both the State and the City, the City's approval being indicated by signature of the Mayor of the City on the plan title sheet for such installation. Highway traffic signal installations made a part of this agreement shall contain on the title sheet the following statement:



"The City hereby consents to the construction of this highway traffic signal as to location and manner of construction as indicated on these plans, said installation being a part of "Agreement (Traffic Signal NC-Type B)", dated July 16, 1991

- 2. The State will furnish the necessary funds for the actual construction, prepare plans and specifications, install said highway traffic signals, and supervise construction. This construction and funding will apply only to highway traffic signals which are eligible to be funded by Highway Traffic Safety funds or other related programs.
- 3. The City hereby consents to the construction of the highway traffic signals shown on EXHIBIT 1 by the approval of the location and manner of construction as shown on the plans and described in the specifications.
- 4. The City will operate and maintain the highway traffic signals at City's expense upon completion of the installations by the State.
- 5. The City will pay all power costs for operating the signals.
- 6. The City will obtain written approval of the State Department of Highways and Public Transportation before making any changes in the design of operation of the signals or before removing any part of the installations.
- 7. The City will return any and all parts of said highway traffic signal installations to the State should they be removed by the City for any reason other than for installation on a State or

a Federal numbered highway route at a location approved by the State.

- 8. The City will be responsible for the police enforcement required for securing obedience to the highway traffic signals.
- 9. In the event the signals installed in accordance with this Agreement become unnecessary or are removed for any reason, this Agreement shall terminate.
- 10. To the extent permitted by law, the City shall indemnify and save harmless the State, its agents or employees, from all suits, actions or claims and from all liability and damages for any and all injuries or damages sustained by any person or property in consequence of any neglect in the performance, or failure of performance of the City, its agents and employees under this Agreement.
- 11. The State will not incur any financial obligation to the City as a result of this Agreement.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be executed in triplicate on the dates shown herein below.

Executed on behalf of the City, this day of , 1991.

EL HASO

Mayor

ATTEST:

City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Assistant City Attorney

J. Dryden Smith, Jr., P.E., Director Traffic and Transportation

THE STATE OF TEXAS

Certified as being executed for the purpose and effect of activating and/or carrying out the orders, established policies, or work programs heretofore approved and authorized by the State Highway and Public Transportation Commission:

NLM4/klh TRAFFIC.AGR 07/10/91

# EXHIBIT 1

# LOCATIONS

- 1. All Farm to Market, Ranch to Market, Loops, Spurs, and Business Routes within the El Paso City Limits.
- 2. All State Highways within the El Paso City Limits.
- 3. All Non-controlled access U.S. Highways within the El Paso City Limits. Agreement (Traffic Signal NC-Type B)

# RESOLUTION

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF EL PASO:

That the Mayor be authorized to execute, on behalf of the City of El Paso, an Agreement with the State Highway and Public Transportation Commission to install highway traffic signals on Farm to Market roadways, State Highways and U.S. Highways within the El Paso City Limits; and further to authorize the Mayor to sign a plan title sheet for each such installation indicating the City's approval of the traffic signal installation.

ADOPTED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_

\_, 1991.

THE CITY OF EL PASO

Mayor

ATTEST:

City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Assistant City Attorney

NLM4/kib STATEHWY.RES 07/10/91

# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION PROJECT Design-Build Project

ATTACHMENT 5-6
MUNICIPAL MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT

August 22, 2014

STATE OF TEXAS	§ 8 -	MUNICIPAL MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT
COUNTY OF TRAVIS	§	

THIS AGREEMENT made this 2/St day of March, 2006, by and between the State of Texas, hereinafter referred to as the "State," party of the first part, and the City of El Paso, El Paso County, Texas (population 563, 602, 2000, latest Federal Census) acting by and through its duly authorized officers, hereinafter called the "City," party of the second part.

### WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, Chapter 311 of the Transportation Code gives the City exclusive dominion, control, and jurisdiction over and under the public streets within its corporate limits and authorizes the City to enter agreements with the State to fix responsibilities for maintenance, control, supervision, and regulation of State highways within and through its corporate limits; and

WHEREAS, Section 221.002 of the Transportation Code authorizes the State, at its discretion, to enter agreements with cities to fix responsibilities for maintenance, control supervision, and regulation of State highways within and through the corporate limits of such cities; and

WHEREAS, the Executive Director, acting for and in behalf of the Texas Transportation Commission, has made it known to the City that the State will assist the City in the maintenance and operation of State highways within such City, conditioned that the city will enter into agreements with the State for the purpose of determining the responsibilities of the parties thereto; and

WHEREAS, the City has requested the State to assist in the maintenance and operation of State highways within such City:

### **AGREEMENT**

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual covenants and agreements of the parties hereto to be by them respectively kept and performed, it is agreed as follows:

For this agreement, the use of the words "State Highway" shall be construed to mean all numbered highways that are part of the State's Highway System.

#### COVERAGE

1. This agreement is intended to cover and provide for State participation in the maintenance and operation of the following classifications of State Highways within the City:

Document Name:TXDOT Maintenance Agreement/Final Document #: 20388 Author Id: LCUE

- A. Non-Controlled Access highways or portions thereof which are described and/or graphically shown as "State Maintained and Operated" highways in Exhibit "A." which is attached hereto and made part hereof.
- B. All State highways or portions thereof which have been designated by the Texas Transportation Commission or maintained and operated as Controlled Access Highways and which are described and/or graphically shown in Exhibit "B," which is attached hereto and made a part hereof.
- 2. In the event that the present system of State highways within the City is changed by cancellation, modified routing, or new routes, the State will terminate maintenance and operation and this agreement will become null and void on those portions of the highways which are no longer on the State Highway System; and the full effect and all conditions of this agreement will apply to the changed highways or new highways on the State Highway System within the City; and they shall be classified as "State Maintained and Operated" under paragraph 1 above, unless the execution of a new agreement on the changed or new portions of the highways is requested by either the City or the State.
- 3. Exhibits that are a part of this agreement may be exchanged with both parties' written concurrence. Additional exhibits may also be added with both parties' written concurrence. Exhibit C, attached hereto and made a part hereof, is an addendum to this agreement which clarifies terms and conditions of the agreement.

## **GENERAL CONDITIONS**

- 1. The City authorizes the state to maintain and operate the State highways covered by this agreement in the manner set out herein.
- 2. This agreement is between the State and the City only. No person or entity may claim third party beneficiary status under this contract or any of its provisions, nor may any non-party sue for personal injuries or property damage under this contract.
- 3. This agreement is for the purpose of defining the authority and responsibility of both parties for maintenance and operation of State highways through the City. This agreement shall supplement any special agreements between the State and the City for the maintenance, operation, and/or construction of the State highways covered herein, and this agreement shall supersede any existing Municipal Maintenance Agreements.
- 4. Traffic regulations, including speed limits, will be established only after traffic and engineering studies have been completed by the State and/or City and approved by the State.

- The State will erect and maintain all traffic signs and associated pavement markings necessary to regulate, warn, and guide traffic on State highways within the State right-of-way except as mentioned in this paragraph and elsewhere in this agreement. At the intersections of off-system approaches to State highways, the City shall install and maintain all stop signs, yield signs, and one-way signs and any necessary stop or yield bars and pedestrian crosswalks outside the main lanes or outside the frontage roads, if such exist. The City shall install and maintain all street name signs except for those mounted on State maintained traffic signal poles or arms or special advance street name signs on State right-of-way. All new signs installed by the City on State right-of-way shall meet or exceed the latest State breakaway standards and be in accordance with the *Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices*, latest edition and revision.
- 6. Subject to approval by the State, any State highway lighting system may be installed by the City provided the City shall pay or otherwise provide for all cost of installation, maintenance, and operation except in those installations specifically covered by separate agreements between the City and State.
- 7. The City shall enforce the State laws governing the movement of loads which exceed the legal limits for weight, length, height, or width as prescribed by Chapters 621, 622, and 623 of the Transportation Code for public highways outside corporate limits of cities. The City shall also, by ordinance/resolution and enforcement, prescribe and enforce lower weight limits when mutually agreed by the City and the State that such restrictions are needed to avoid damage to the highway and/or for traffic safety.
- 8. The City shall prevent future encroachments within the right-of-way of the State highways and assist in removal of any present encroachments when requested by the State except where specifically authorized by separate agreement; and prohibit the planting of trees or shrubbery or the creation or construction of any other obstruction within the right-of-way without prior approval in writing from the State.
- 9. Traffic control devices such as signs, traffic signals, and pavement markings, with respect to type of device, points of installation and necessity, will be determined by traffic and engineering studies. The City shall not install, maintain, or permit the installation of any type of traffic control device which will affect or influence the use of State highways unless approved in writing by the State. The City agrees to replace traffic control devices installed prior to the date of this agreement, as funding allows, when the traffic control devices affect and influence the use of state highways. It is understood that basic approval for future installations of traffic control signals by the State or as a joint project with the City, will be indicated by the proper City official's signature on the title sheet of the plans. Both parties should retain a copy of the signed title sheet or a letter signed by both parties acknowledging which signalized intersections are covered by this agreement. Any special requirements not covered within this agreement will be covered under a separate agreement.

- 10. New construction of sidewalks, ramps or other accessibility items related to sidewalks and ramps shall comply with current ADA standards. The city is responsible for the maintenance of these items.
- 11. If the City has a driveway permit process that has been submitted to and approved by the State, the City will issue permits for access driveways on State highway routes and will assure the grantee's conformance, for proper installation and maintenance of access driveway facilities, with either a Local Access Management Plan that the City has adopted by ordinance and submitted to the State or, if the City has not adopted by ordinance and submitted to the State a Local Access Management Plan, the State's "Regulations for Access Driveways to State Highways" and the State's Access Management Manual. If the City does not have an approved city-wide driveway permit process, the State will issue access driveway permits on State highway routes in accordance with the City's Local Access Management Plan, adopted by city ordinance and submitted to the State or, if the City has not adopted by ordinance and submitted a Local Access Management Plan, the State's "Regulations for Access Driveways to State Highways" and the State's Access Management Manual.
- 12. The use of unused right-of-way and areas beneath structures will be determined by a separate agreement.

### NON-CONTROLLED ACCESS HIGHWAYS

The following specific conditions and responsibilities shall be applicable to non-controlled access State highways in addition to the "General Conditions" contained herein above. Non-controlled access State highways or portions thereof covered by this section are those listed and/or graphically shown in Exhibit "A."

# State's Responsibilities (Non-Controlled Access)

- 1. Maintain the traveled surface and foundation beneath such traveled surface necessary for the proper support of same under vehicular loads encountered and maintain the shoulders.
- 2. Assist in mowing and litter pickup to supplement City resources when requested by the City and if State resources are available.
- 3. Assist in sweeping and otherwise cleaning the pavement to supplement City resources when requested by the City and if State resources are available.
- 4. Assist in snow and ice control to supplement City resources when requested by the City and if State resources are available.

- 5. Maintain drainage facilities within the limits of the right-of-way and State drainage easements. This does not relieve the City of its responsibility for drainage of the State highway facility within its corporate limits.
- 6. Install, maintain, and operate, when required, normal regulatory, warning and guide signs and normal markings (except as provided under "General Conditions" in paragraph 5). In cities with less than 50,000 population, this also includes school safety devices, school crosswalks, and crosswalks installed in conjunction with pedestrian signal heads. This does not include other pedestrian crosswalks. Any other traffic striping desired by the City may be placed and maintained by the City subject to written State approval.
- 7. Install, operate, and maintain traffic signals in cities with less than 50,000 population.
- 8. In cities equal to or greater than 50,000 population, the State may provide for installation of traffic signals when the installation is financed in whole or in part with federal-aid funds if the City agrees to enter into an agreement setting forth the responsibilities of each party.

# City's Responsibilities (Non-Controlled Access)

- 1. Prohibit angle parking, except upon written approval by the State after traffic and engineering studies have been conducted to determine if the State highway is of sufficient width to permit angle parking without interfering with the free and safe movement of traffic.
- 2. Install and maintain all parking restriction signs, pedestrian crosswalks [except as provided in paragraph 6 under "State's Responsibilities (Non-Controlled Access)"], parking stripes, and special guide signs when agreed to in writing by the State. Cities greater than or equal to 50,000 population will also install, operate, and maintain all school safety devices and school crosswalks.
- 3. Signing and marking of intersecting city streets with State highways will be the full responsibility of the City (except as provided under "General Conditions" in paragraph 5).
- 4. Require installations, repairs, removals, or adjustments of publicly or privately owned utilities or services to be performed in accordance with Texas Department of Transportation specifications and subject to approval of the State in writing.
- 5. Retain all functions and responsibilities for maintenance and operations which are not specifically described as the responsibility of the State. The assistance by the State in maintenance of drainage facilities does not relieve the City of its responsibility for drainage of the State highway facility within its corporate limits except where participation by the State is specifically covered in a separate agreement between the City and the State.

- 6. Install, maintain, and operate all traffic signals in cities equal to or greater than 50,000 population. Any variations will be handled by a separate agreement.
- 7. Perform mowing and litter pickup.
- 8. Sweep and otherwise clean the pavement.
- 9. Perform snow and ice control.

### CONTROLLED ACCESS HIGHWAYS

The following specific conditions and responsibilities shall be applicable to controlled access highways in addition to the "General Conditions" contained herein above. Controlled access State highways or portions thereof covered by this section are those listed and/or graphically shown in Exhibit "B."

# State's Responsibilities (Controlled Access)

- 1. Maintain the traveled surface of the through lanes, ramps, and frontage roads and foundations beneath such traveled surface necessary for the proper support of same under vehicular loads encountered.
- 2. Mow & clean up litter within the outermost curbs of the frontage roads or the entire right-of-way width where no frontage roads exist, and assist in performing these operations between the right-of-way line and the outermost curb or crown line of the frontage roads in undeveloped areas.
- 3. Sweep and otherwise clean the through lanes, ramps, separation structures, or roadways and frontage roads.
- 4. Remove snow and control ice on the through lanes and ramps and assist in these operations as the availability of equipment and labor will allow on the frontage roads and grade separation structures or roadways.
- 5. Except as provided under "General Conditions" in paragraph 5, the State will install and maintain all normal markings and signs, including sign operation if applicable, on the main lanes and frontage roads. This includes school safety devices, school crosswalks, and crosswalks installed on frontage roads in conjunction with pedestrian signal heads. It does not include other pedestrian crosswalks.
- 6. Install, operate, and maintain traffic signals at ramps and frontage road intersections unless covered by a separate agreement.

7. Maintain all drainage facilities within the limits of the right-of-way and State drainage easements. This does not relieve the City of its responsibility for drainage of the highway facility within its corporate limits.

# City's Responsibilities (Controlled Access)

- 1. Prohibit, by ordinance or resolution and through enforcement, all parking on frontage roads except when parallel parking on one side is approved by the State in writing. Prohibit all parking on main lanes and ramps and at such other places where such restriction is necessary for satisfactory operation of traffic, by passing and enforcing ordinances/resolutions and taking other appropriate action in addition to full compliance with current laws on parking.
- 2. When considered necessary and desirable by both the City and the State, the City shall pass and enforce an ordinance/resolution providing for one-way traffic on the frontage roads except as may be otherwise agreed to by separate agreements with the State.
- 3. Secure or cause to be secured the approval of the State before any utility installation, repair, removal, or adjustment is undertaken, crossing over or under the highway facility or entering the right-of-way. In the event of an emergency, it being evident that immediate action is necessary for protection of the public and to minimize property damage and loss of investment, the City, without the necessity of approval by the State, may at its own responsibility and risk make necessary emergency utility repairs, notifying the State of this action as soon as practical.
- 4. Pass necessary ordinances/resolutions and retain its responsibility for enforcing the control of access to the expressway/freeway facility.
- 5. Install and maintain all parking restriction signs, pedestrian crosswalks (except as mentioned above in paragraph 5 under "State's Responsibilities), and parking stripes when agreed to by the State in writing. Signing and marking of intersecting city streets to State highways shall be the full responsibility of the City (except as discussed under "General Conditions" in paragraph 5).

## **TERMINATION**

All obligations of the State created herein to maintain and operate the State highways covered by this agreement shall terminate if and when such highways cease to be officially on the State highway system; and further, should either party fail to properly fulfill its obligations as herein outlined, the other party may terminate this agreement upon 30 days written notice. Upon termination, all maintenance and operation duties on non-controlled access State highways shall revert to City responsibilities, in accordance with Chapter 311 of the Texas Transportation Code. The State shall retain all maintenance responsibilities on controlled access State highways in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 203 of the Texas Transportation Code, 23 United States Code

§ 116 and the State's Interstate Maintenance Guidelines as approved by the Federal Highway Administration in accordance with 23 CFR § 635, Subpart E.

Said State assumption of maintenance and operations shall be effective the date of execution of this agreement by the Texas Department of Transportation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have hereunto affixed their signatures, the City of El Paso, the 2/st day of March, 2006, and the Texas Department of Transportation, on the 21 day of April, 2006. OF jw

THE STATE OF TEXAS

CITY OF EL PASO:

ovce A. Wilson, City Manager

Executed and approved for the Texas Transportation Commission for the purpose and effect of activating and/or carrying out the orders and established policies or work programs heretofore approved and authorized by the Texas Transportation Commission.

Y ( Macsilla Francisco Propinsis Propinsi Propi

El Roo

District

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Guadalupe Cuellar Assistant City Attorney APPROVED AS TO CONTENT:

Patricia D. Adauto, Deputy City
Manager for Development &
Infrastructure Services.

The Texas Department of Transportation maintains the information collected through this form. With few exceptions, you are entitled on request to be informed about the information that we collect about you. Under Sections 552.021 and 552.023 of the Texas Government Code, you also are entitled to receive and review the information. Under Section 559.004 of the Government Code, you are also entitled to have us correct information about you that is incorrect. For inquiries call 512-416-3048.

**NOTE:** To be executed in duplicate and supported by Municipal Maintenance Ordinance/Resolution and City Secretary Certificate.

# Addendum to the Municipal Maintenance Agreement EXHIBIT A

# Non Controlled Access Highways

I. State Maintained

. it.

- A. U.S. Highway 62 Montana Ave. Paisano Dr.
  - 1. From the east city limits to Airway Blvd.
  - 2. From Airway Blvd. To Santa Fe St.
- B. Texas Highway 20 Doniphan Dr. Mesa St. Alameda Ave.
  - 1. From North city limits to Mesa St.
  - 2. From Doniphan Dr. to Montana Ave.
  - 3. From Montana Ave. to Wyoming Ave. see Note 2
    Limits of overlay from Montana Ave. to Missouri Ave. on Mesa St.
  - 4. From the East city limits to Copia St.
  - 5. From Piedras St. to Copia St. see Note 1
- C. U.S. Highway 85 Paisano Dr.
  - 1. From Santa Fe St. to Anapara Rd.
- D. Loop 375
- 1. From IH-10 west to the westerly city limits on new alignment Transfer of responsibility to the state upon completion of roadway construction by segment
- E. Loop 478 Dyer St.
  - 1. From the North city limits to the intersection of Gateway Blvd. South
- F. Farm to Market Road 76 North Loop Dr. Delta Dr.
  - 1. From Emerson St. to the East city limits
  - 2. From Emerson St. to Alameda Ave.
- G. Farm to Market Road 258 Zaragoza Rd. Old Pueblo Rd. Socorro Rd.
  - 1. From Alameda Ave. down Zaragoza Rd. to the left to Socorro Rd. to the East city limits see Note 2 "Limits of overlay from Alameda to Socorro Rd on Zaragoza, Zaragoza Rd. to Old Pueblo Rd. on Socorro Rd."
- H. Farm to Market Road 659 Zaragoza Rd. Montwood Rd.
  - 1. From North Loop Rd. to Montwood Dr. thru Loop 375 to the North city limits
- I. Farm to Market Road 2316 McRae Blvd.
  - From Gateway West to Montana Ave. see Note 2
     Limits of overlay from Wedgewood Dr. to Gateway Blvd. West

- J. Farm to Market Road 2529 McCombs St.
  - 1. From Dyer St. to FM 3255
- K. Farm to Market 3255 Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd.
  - 1. From U.S. 54 to the North city limits
- L. Farm to Market 2639
  - 1. From FM 2529 east to its terminus
- M. Piedras redesignate SH 20
  - 1. From Gateway East to Alameda Ave. see Note 1
- N. Inner Loop
  - 1. From U.S. 54 to Loop 375

Transfer of responsibility to the state upon completion of roadway construction by segment

- O. S.H. 178 Arteraft Rd.
  - 1. From Rio Grande River Bridge to N. Desert Blvd.

# II. City Maintained

- A. U.S. Highway 62/85 El Paso St. after execution of agreement, TXDOT will remove from state highway system and submit request to the federal government for removal from the U.S. highway system
  - 1. From Paisano Dr. to Mexican Border
- B. Texas Highway 20 Mesa St. Texas Ave. Alameda Ave.
  - 1. From Wyoming Ave. to Texas Ave. see Note 1 removal from state highway system after conditions of Note 1 are met.
  - 2. From Mesa St./Texas Ave. Junction to Texas Ave./Alameda Ave. Junction removal from state highway system after conditions of Note 1 are met.
  - 3. From Texas Ave./Alameda Ave. Junction to Piedras St. see Note 1 removal from state highway system after conditions of Note 1 are met.
- C. U.S. Highway 62/85 Stanton St. after execution of agreement, TXDOT will remove from state highway system and submit request to the federal government for removal from the U.S. highway system
  - 1. From Paisano Dr. to the Mexican Border
- D. Loop 478 Copia St. Pershing Dr. Dyer St. removed from state highway system after execution of agreement.
  - 1. From Alameda Ave. to Gateway Blvd East; (exclude l-10 ROW) Gateway Blvd West to Gateway Blvd. South

- E. Farm to Market 1505 Clark St. removed from state highway system after execution of agreement
  - 1. From Trowbridge Dr. to Alameda Ave.
- F. Old Pueblo Rd. removed from state highway system after completion of Note 2
  - 1. From Alameda Ave. to Socorro Rd. see Note 2 limits of overlay from Zaragoza Rd. to Old Pueblo Rd. on Socorro Rd.

Note 1: City will acquire ROW under Piedras St. Bridge and remove encroachments. City will certify n writing ROW is clear before transfer of maintenance responsibilities. State agrees to rehabilitate Texas Avenue.

**Note 2**: City agrees to overlay section of road listed above before Texas Department of Transportation transfer of maintenance responsibilities and city certifies in writing completion of overlay by August 31. 2006.

# Addendum to the Municipal Maintenance Agreement EXHIBIT B

# Controlled Access Highways

- I. State Maintained
  - A. Interstate Highway 10
    - 1. From the Northwest city limits to the Southeast city limits
  - B. U.S. Highway 54
    - 1. From the North city limits to the Mexican border
  - C. Loop 375 Woodrow Bean Transmountain Dr. Joe Battle Blvd. Americas Hwy. Caesar Chavez Border Hwy
    - 1. From the West city limits to Railroad Dr.
    - 2. From the North city limits to Zaragoza Rd.
    - 3. From Zaragoza Rd. to Santa Fe St.
    - 4. From Border Highway to Doniphan

Transfer of responsibility upon completion of roadway construction by segment.

- D. Yandell Dr. overpass
  - 1. Santa Fe St. to Paisano Dr. bridge only
- E. S.H. 178 Arteraft Rd.
  - 1. From the New Mexico Stateline to the Rio Grande River Bridge

# Addendum to the Municipal Maintenance Agreement EXHIBIT C

Addendum Exhibit C clarifies terms and conditions of the Municipal Maintenance Agreement.

- 1. General Conditions Section, Paragraph Five, "All existing signs shall be upgraded on a maintenance replacement basis to meet these requirements."

  <u>Clarification</u>: All existing signs will be replaced only as necessary. Replacement of signs will be done by the city when hit and/or they lose reflectivity to current state breakaway standards.
- 2. General Conditions Section, Paragraph Eight, "The City shall prevent future encroachments within the right of way of State highways and assist in removal of any present encroachments when requested by the State except where specifically authorized by separate agreement; and prohibit the planting of trees or shrubbery or the creation of construction of any other obstruction with the right of way without prior approval in writing by the State." Clarification: Landscaping will be handled by separate agreements. Agreements will be approved by the State.
- 3. General Conditions Section, Paragraph Nine, "Traffic control devices installed prior to the date of this agreement are hereby made subject to the terms of this agreement and the City agrees to the removal of such devices which affect and influence the use of state highways unless their continued use is approved in writing by the State."

  <u>Clarification:</u> City agrees to replace traffic control devices which affects and influence the use of state highways as funding allows.
- 4. General Conditions Section, Paragraph Eleven, "If the city does not have any approved city-wide driveway permit process, the State will issue access driveway permits on State highway routes....."

  Clarification: The State agrees to continue issuing driveway permits on State highways.
- 5. City's Responsibilities (Non-Controlled Access) Section, Paragraph 5, "Retain all functions and responsibilities for maintenance and operations which are not specifically described as the responsibility of the State. The assistance by the State in maintenance of drainage facilities does not relieve the city of its responsibility for drainage of the State highway facility within the corporate limits..."

  Clarification: The State defines drainage facilities as culverts and closed storm sewer systems.
- Clarification: The State defines drainage facilities as culverts and closed storm sewer systems. State will also maintain ponding areas in State right of way unless covered by a separate agreement. The City will be responsible for pumping water when ponding occurs on state roadways.
- 7. Controlled Access Highways Section

  <u>Clarification:</u> The definition of a controlled access facility is a highway on which owners or occupants of abutting lands or other persons are denied access to and from same except at such points only and in such a manner as may be determined by TxDOT. It is from right-of-way-line to right-of-way-line.

# Addendum to the Municipal Maintenance Agreement

# Exhibit D

This Addendum clarifies the sequence and conditions of the transfer of maintenance responsibilities to the State of Texas and/or the City of El Paso.

- 1. Exhibit A, Non Controlled Access Highways, Paragraph II, City Maintained, subparagraph D, delete the following words "removed from State Highway System after execution of agreement".
- 2. Add the following subparagraph to Exhibit A, Non Controlled Access Highways:
  - II. City Maintained
    - G. Sean Haggerty Drive
      - 1. From U.S. 54 to approximately 401.1 feet north removed from State Highway System upon approval of minute order as detailed in "Addendum to the Municipal Maintenance Agreement Exhibit D."
- 3. Roadways that are designated to be maintained by the City of El Paso in this agreement and removed from the State Highway System will be maintained by the City, but remain on the State Highway System, until such time they are removed from the State Highway System by Minute Orders approved by the Texas Transportation Commission. Upon receipt of the approved Minute Orders the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) will notify the City of El Paso in writing and remove any required signage from the portion of road to be removed from the State Highway System.
- 4. Roadways that are currently owned and maintained by City of El Paso and are designated to be transferred to the State Highway System will be maintained by the City, until the Texas Transportation Commission approves the Minute Orders adding them to the State Highway System.
- 5. TxDOT will work toward securing all the necessary Minute Orders in a diligent manner.

By signing this form both parties will be accepting the conditions stated herein as part of the Municipal Maintenance Agreement.

IN TESTIMONY HEREOF, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be executed in duplicate counterparts.

duplicate counterparts.			
THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT By:	Date: 401/22, 200	18	<u>.</u>
Foyce Wilson City Manager	1		
APPROVED AS TO CONTENT:	APPROVED AS TO FORM:	8	0
Patricia Dadauto			
Pat Adauto, Deputy City Manager	Lupe Cuellar	#3Marrie	<u></u>
for Development & Infrastructure Services	Assistant City Attorney	CJI	1,1,1
•			
THE STATE OF TEXAS		-	
Executed for the Executive Director and approved	d for the Texas Transportation Commi	ssion for	[17]
the purpose and effect of activating and/or carrying	ag out the orders established nolicies	r wääk	

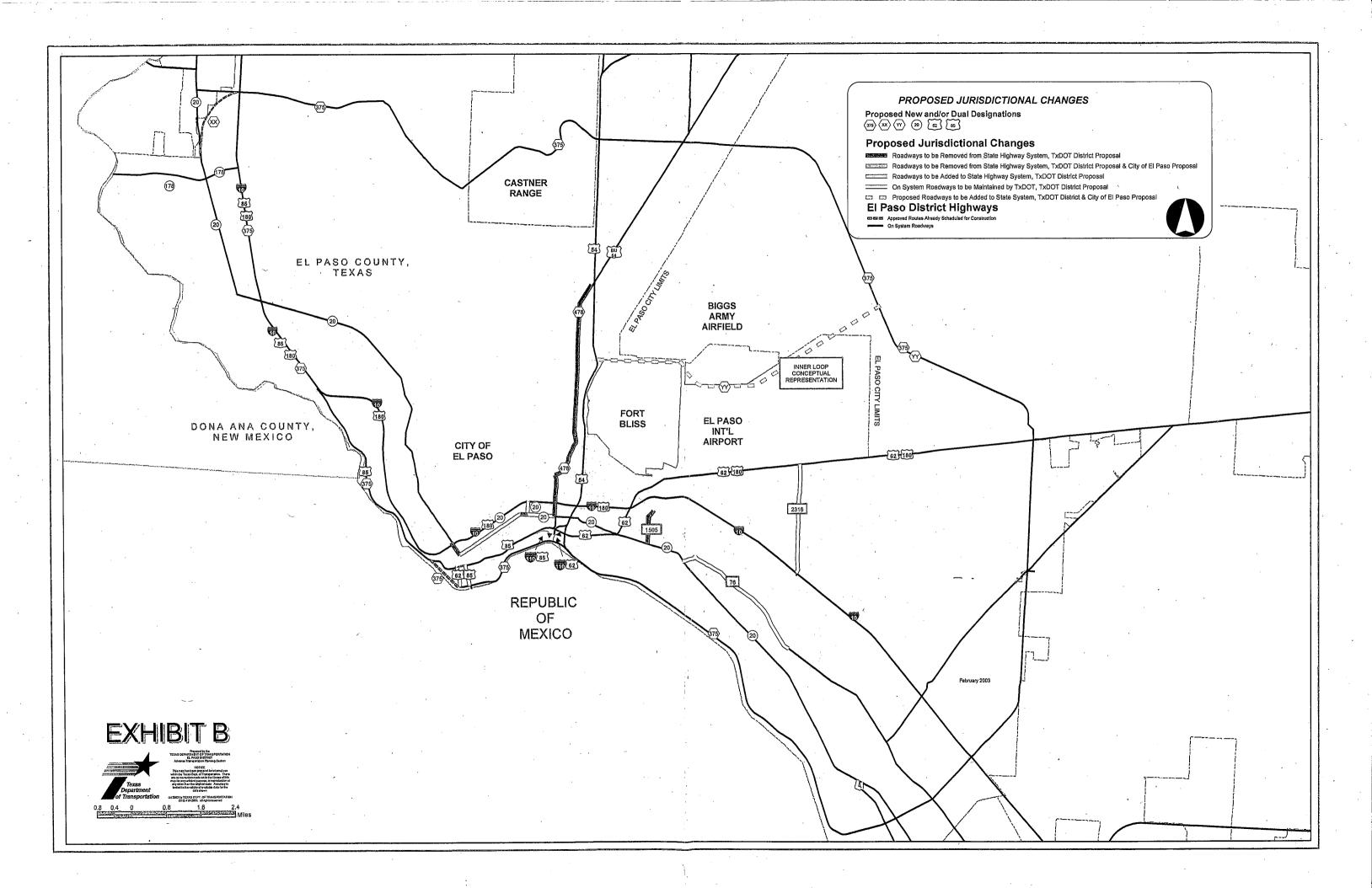
programs heretofore approved and authorized by the Texas Transportation Commission.

Date: <u>April 9, 2008</u>

District Engineer

By:

Texas Department of Transportation



# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION
PROJECT
Design-Build Project

ATTACHMENT 5-7
NOT USED

August 22, 2014

# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR P 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSIONS

LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION
PROJECT
Design-Build Project

ATTACHMENT 5-9
IBWC LICENSE

August 22, 2014

LICENSE NO.:

LSF/G-1848

PROJECT:

UPPER RIO GRANDE FLOOD CONTROL

**PROJECT** 

# INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY & WATER COMMISSION UNITED STATES AND MEXICO THE COMMONS, BUILDING C, SUITE 100 4171 NORTH MESA STREET EL PASO, TEXAS 79902

## **LICENSE**

The United States of America, represented herein by the United States Commissioner, International Boundary and Water Commission (USIBWC), United States and Mexico, hereinafter respectively called United States and Commissioner, does hereby grant a revocable license, pursuant to authority given by Act of Congress approved August 27, 1935, (49 Stat. 906), and delegated to said Commissioner to:

### **Texas Department of Transportation**

whose mailing address is: 13301 Gateway Boulevard West, El Paso, Texas 77728

hereinafter called Licensee, to construct, operate, and maintain certain improvements, hereinafter called works, to-wit: Six (6) storm water outfall structures within the United States Rio Grande Rectification Project, hereinafter called Project.

Licensee accepts this license subject to the conditions, covenants and provisions contained in the following attachments, which are hereby specifically adopted and incorporated herein for all purposes, to-wit:

**EXHIBIT A - GENERAL CONDITIONS OF LICENSE** 

**EXHIBIT B - CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS AND SPECIFICATIONS** 

**EXHIBIT C - VICINITY AND LOCATION MAP** 

**EXHIBIT D - CONSTRUCTION PLAN** 

This license granted and accepted as of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in duplicating originals

WITNESSES:

Licensee: Texas Department of Transportation

James M. Bass, Interim Executive Director

Edward Drusina, P.E.

**United States Commissioner** 

**International Boundary & Water Commission** 

**United States and Mexico** 

John L. Merino Principal Engineer, Engineering Department

(USIBWC License Signature Page - 05/11/81) Rev. 02/21/95 CORP.)

# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION
PROJECT
Design-Build Project

ATTACHMENT 5-10
CITY OF EL PASO STORMWATER RUNOFF AGREEMENT

August 22, 2014



P.O. BOX 511 EL PASO, TX 79961-0001 PHONE: 915-594-5500 FAX: 915-594-5574

Texas Department of Transportation Attn: Sergio R. Garcia, P.E., Project Manager 13301 Gateway Blvd. West El Paso, Texas 79928-5410

Reference: Loop 375 - Border Highway West Extension Project

Dear Sergio,

El Paso Water Utilities has reviewed the Technical Memorandum revised February 19, 2014 by Moreno Cardenas, Incorporated, reporting hydrologic and hydraulic analysis of the downtown central drainage system which outfalls on two existing pump stations referred as the Chihuahuita I and II.

On the documents shown for the preliminary design for the Border Highway West extension project, it is proposed by TxDOT to connect to the city's drainage system. In the latest revision of the Technical Memo proposed is a retention basin with an outlet structure to be connected to 60" trunk line going to Chihuahuita Pump Station I for draining the basin once the storm has passed. For the Chihuahuita Pump Station II a direct connection is proposed to the trunk line. In both cases the drainage structure proposed is just to drain the area of the elevated roadway, resulting in very small increases in flow to our systems. The El Paso Water Utilities will approve the concept of this design subject to the following:

- 1. The retention basin proposed to tie in to Chihuahuita I will be analyzed to see if it can be situated and possibly expanded to enhance retention and mitigate localized flooding in the area. The EPWU will actively to work with the project team on this.
- 2. The actual design will be reviewed and approved by the EPWU before commencement of construction activities.
- 3. TxDOT will communicate the plan for maintenance and operations of these structures to EPWU. Any responsibilities of the El Paso Water Utilities will be agreed upon before commencement of construction activities.

Therefore, El Paso Water Utilities accepts the Technical Memorandum and proposal to discharge the project runoff into the two systems, contingent that design plans and details strictly follow the technical memorandum and such documents are coordinated with EPWU for final consent.

If you have any questions, please email or contact me at 915.594.5644

Sincerely,

R. Alan Shubert, P.E.

Vice President- Operations and Technical Services

CC: John Balliew, P.E., President and CEO Gilbert Trejo, P.E., Chief Technical Officer

Gonzalo Cedillos, P.E., Stormwater Engineering Manager

# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION PROJECT

ATTACHMENT 6-1
UTILITY FORMS

**Design-Build Project** 

August 22, 2014

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-OM-NTE Page 1 of 19 Rev. 8/26/10

County:
ROW CSJ No.:
Const. CSJ No.:
Highway:
Limits:
Fed. Proj. No.:

# PROJECT UTILITY ADJUSTMENT AGREEMENT (Owner Managed)

Agreement No.: -U-

THIS AGREEME	NT, by and between		<u>,</u> h	erein	after	identified as the
"Developer",		hereinafter	identified	as	the	"Design-Build
Contractor", and _	, hereinafter identified as the	"Owner", is a	as follows:			

#### WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the STATE OF TEXAS, acting by and through the Texas Department of Transportation, hereinafter identified as "TxDOT", is authorized to design, construct, operate, maintain, and improve turnpike projects as part of the state highway system throughout the State of Texas, all in conformance with the provisions of Chapters 203 and 223, Texas Transportation Code, as amended; and

**WHEREAS,** TxDOT proposes to construct a turnpike project identified as Loop 375 Border Highway West (the "Facility"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain Comprehensive Development Agreement by and between TxDOT and the Developer with respect to the Facility (the "CDA"), the Developer has undertaken the obligation to design, construct, finance, operate and maintain the Facility; and

WHEREAS, the Developer's duties pursuant to the CDA include causing the removal, relocation, or other necessary adjustment of existing utilities impacted by the Facility (collectively, "Adjustment"), subject to the provisions herein; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain Design-Build Contract by and between the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor with respect to the Facility (the "DB Contract"), the Design-Build Contractor has undertaken the obligation to design and construct the Facility, which includes the Adjustment, at Design-Build Contractor's expense, subject to the provisions herein; and

WHEREAS, the Facility may receive Federal funding, financing and/or credit assistance; and

WHEREAS, the Design-Build Contractor has notified the Owner that certain of its facilities and appurtenances (the "Owner Utilities") are in locational conflict with the Facility (and/or the "Ultimate Configuration" of the Facility), and the Owner has requested that the Owner undertake the Adjustment of the Owner Utilities pursuant to §203.092, Texas Transportation Code, as amended, and Rule 21.23 of Title 43, as necessary to accommodate the Facility (and the Ultimate Configuration); and

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-OM-NTE Page 2 of 19 Rev. 8/26/10

WHEREAS, the Owner Utilities and the proposed Adjustment of the Owner Utilities are described as
follows [insert below a description of the affected facilities (by type, size and location) as well as a brief
description of the nature of the Adjustment work to be performed (e.g., "adjust 12" waterline from
approximately Highway Station 100+00 to approximately Highway Station 200+00")]:
; and

WHEREAS, the Owner recognizes that time is of the essence in completing the work contemplated herein; and

WHEREAS, the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and the Owner desire to implement the Adjustment of the Owner Utilities by entering into this Agreement.

#### **AGREEMENT**

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in consideration of these premises and of the mutual covenants and agreements of the parties hereto and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which being hereby acknowledged, the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and the Owner agree as follows:

-		_	
11	1.	Prepara	ation of Plans. [Check one box that applies:]
		perform specific for the represe Rules in Admin. this Ag	esign-Build Contractor has hired engineering firm(s) acceptable to the Owner to n all engineering services needed for the preparation of plans, required cations, and cost estimates, attached hereto as Exhibit A (collectively, the "Plans"), a proposed Adjustment of the Owner Utilities. The Design-Build Contractor ents and warrants that the Plans conform to the most recent Utility Accommodation ssued by the Texas Department of Transportation ("TxDOT"), set forth in 43 Tex. Code, Part 1, Chapter 21, Subchapter C, et seq. (the "UAR"). By its execution of greement or by the signing of the Plans, Owner hereby approves and confirms that has are in compliance with the "standards" described in Paragraph 3(d).
		as Exh Utilities executi the Pla view n Develo	where has provided plans, required specifications and cost estimates, attached hereto libit A (collectively, the "Plans"), for the proposed Adjustment of the Owner so. The Owner represents and warrants that the Plans conform to the UAR. By its conformation of this Agreement, Developer and the Design-Build Contractor hereby approve ans. The Owner also has provided to the Design-Build Contractor a utility plan map illustrating the location of existing and proposed utility facilities on the oper's right of way map of the Facility. With regard to its preparation of the Plans, represents as follows [check one box that applies]:
			The Owner's employees were utilized to prepare the Plans, and the charges therefore do not exceed the Owner's typical costs for such work.
			The Owner utilized consulting engineers to prepare the Plans, and the fees for such work are not based upon a percentage of construction costs. Further, such fees encompass only the work necessary to prepare the Plans for Adjustment of the Owner Utilities described herein, and do not include fees for work done on any other project. The fees of the consulting engineers are reasonable and are comparable to the fees typically charged by consulting engineers in the locale of the Facility for comparable work for the Owner.

2. **Review by TxDOT.** The parties hereto acknowledge and agree as follows:

- Upon execution of this Agreement by both the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor (a) and the Owner, the Developer will submit this Agreement, together with the attached Plans, to TxDOT for its review and approval as part of a package referred to as a "Utility Assembly". The parties agree to cooperate in good faith to modify this Agreement and/or the Plans, as necessary and mutually acceptable to all parties, to respond to any comments made by TxDOT thereon. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, (i) the Owner agrees to respond (with comment and/or acceptance) to any modified Plans and/or Agreement prepared by the Design-Build Contractor in response to TxDOT comments within fourteen (14) business days after receipt of such modifications; and (ii) if the Owner originally prepared the Plans, the Owner agrees to modify the Plans in response to TxDOT comments and to submit such modified Plans to the Design-Build Contractor for its comment and/or approval (and re-submittal to TxDOT for its comment and/or approval) within fourteen (14) business days after receipt of TxDOT's comments. The Owner's failure to timely respond to any modified Plans submitted by the Design-Build Contractor pursuant to this paragraph shall be deemed the Owner's approval of same. If the Owner fails to timely prepare modified Plans which are its responsibility hereunder, then the Design-Build Contractor shall have the right to modify the Plans for the Owner's approval as if the Design-Build Contractor had originally prepared the Plans. The Design-Build Contractor shall be responsible for providing Plans to and obtaining comments on and approval of the Plans from the Developer. Approval of the Plans by the Design-Build Contractor shall be deemed to be Developer approval of the Plans. The process set forth in this paragraph will be repeated until the Owner, the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and TxDOT have all approved this Agreement and the Plans.
- (b) The parties hereto acknowledge and agree that TxDOT's review, comments, and/or approval of a Utility Assembly or any component thereof is solely for the purpose of ascertaining matters of particular concern to TxDOT, and TxDOT has, and by its review, comments and/or approval of such Utility Assembly or any component thereof undertakes, no duty to review the Utility Assembly or its components for their quality or for the adequacy of adjusted facilities (as designed) for the purposes for which they are intended to be used or for compliance with law or applicable standards (other than TxDOT requirements).
- 3. <u>Design and Construction Standards</u>. All design and construction performed for the Adjustment work which is the subject of this Agreement shall comply with and conform to the following:
  - (a) All applicable local and state laws, regulations, decrees, ordinances and policies, including the UAR, the Utility Manual issued by TxDOT (to the extent its requirements are mandatory for Utility Adjustments necessitated by the Facility, communicated to the Owner by the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor or TxDOT), the requirements of the CDA, and the policies of TxDOT;
  - (b) All Federal laws, regulations, decrees, ordinances and policies applicable to projects receiving Federal funding, financing and/or credit assistance (including without limitation 23 CFR 645 Subparts A and B, incorporated herein by this reference);
  - (c) The terms of all governmental permits or other approvals, as well as any private approvals of third parties necessary for such work; and
  - (d) The standard specifications, standards of practice, and construction methods (collectively, "standards") which the Owner customarily applies to facilities comparable to the Owner Utilities that are constructed by the Owner or for the Owner by its contractors at the

Owner's expense, which standards are current at the time this Agreement is signed by the Owner, and which the Owner has submitted to the Design-Build Contractor in writing.

Such design and construction also shall be consistent and compatible with (i) the Developer's and the Design-Build Contractor's current design and construction of the Facility, (ii) the "Ultimate Configuration" for the Facility, and (iii) any other utilities being installed in the same vicinity. The Owner acknowledges receipt from the Design-Build Contractor of Facility plans and Ultimate Configuration documents as necessary to comply with the foregoing. In case of any inconsistency among any of the standards referenced in this Agreement, the most stringent standard shall apply.

# 4. <u>Construction by the Owner; Scheduling.</u>

- (a) The Owner hereby agrees to perform the construction necessary to adjust the Owner Utilities. All construction work hereunder shall be performed in a good and workmanlike manner, and in accordance with the Plans (except as modified pursuant to Paragraph 17). The Owner agrees that during the Adjustment of the Owner Utilities, the Owner and its contractors will coordinate their work with the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor so as not to interfere with the performance of work on the Facility by the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor or by any other party. "Interfere" means any action or inaction that interrupts, interferes, delays or damages Facility work.
- (b) The Owner may utilize its own employees or may retain such contractor or contractors as are necessary to adjust the Owner Utilities, through the procedures set forth in Form TxDOT-U-48 "Statement Covering Contract Work" attached hereto as <a href="Exhibit C">Exhibit C</a>. If the Owner utilizes its own employees for the Adjustment of the Owner Utilities, a Form TxDOT-U-48 is not required. If the Adjustment of the Owner Utilities is undertaken by the Owner's contractor under a competitive bidding process, all bidding and contracting shall be conducted in accordance with all federal and state laws and regulations applicable to the Owner and the Facility.
- (c) The Owner shall obtain all permits necessary for the construction to be performed by the Owner hereunder, and the Design-Build Contractor shall cooperate in that process as needed. The Owner shall submit a traffic control plan to the Design-Build Contractor as required for Adjustment work to be performed on existing road rights of way.
- (d) The Owner shall commence its construction for Adjustment of each Owner Utility hereunder promptly after (i) receiving written notice to proceed therewith from the Design-Build Contractor, and (ii) any right of way necessary for such Adjustment has been acquired either by TxDOT (for adjusted facilities to be located within the Facility right of way) or by the Owner (for adjusted facilities to be located outside of the Facility right of way), or a right-of-entry permitting Owner's construction has been obtained from the landowner by the Design-Build Contractor or by the Owner with the Design-Build Contractor's prior approval. The Owner shall notify the Design-Build Contractor at least 72 hours prior to commencing construction for the Adjustment of each Owner Utility hereunder.
- (e) The Owner shall expeditiously stake the survey of the proposed locations of the Owner Utilities being adjusted, on the basis of the final approved Plans. The Design-Build Contractor shall verify that the Owner's Utilities, whether moving to a new location or remaining in place, clear the planned construction of the Facility as staked in the field as well as the Ultimate Configuration.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-OM-NTE Page 5 of 19 Rev. 8/26/10

(f)

		final testing and acceptance thereof [check one box that applies]:
		on or before, 20
		a duration not to exceed calendar days upon notice to proceed by the Design-Build Contractor.
	(g)	The amount of reimbursement due to the Owner pursuant to this Agreement for the affected Adjustment(s) shall be reduced by ten percent (10%) for each 30-day period (and by a pro rata amount of said ten percent (10%) for any portion of a 30-day period) by which the final completion and acceptance date for the affected Adjustment(s) exceeds the applicable deadline. The provisions of this Paragraph 4(g) shall not limit any other remedy available to the Developer and/or the Design-Build Contractor at law or in equity as a result of the Owner's failure to meet any deadline hereunder.
		The above reduction applies except to the extent due to (i) Force Majeure as described in Paragraph 25(c), (ii) any act or omission of the Developer and/or the Design-Build Contractor, if the Owner fails to meet any deadline established pursuant to Paragraph 4(f), or (iii) if the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and TxDOT determine, in their sole discretion, that a delay in the relocation work is the result of circumstances beyond the control of the Owner or Owner's contractor and the Design-Build Contractor will not reduce the reimbursement.
5.	Costs	of the Work.
	(a)	The Owner's costs for Adjustment of each Owner Utility shall be derived from (i) the accumulated total of costs incurred by the Owner for design and construction of such Adjustment, plus (ii) the Owner's other related costs to the extent permitted pursuant to Paragraph 5(c) (including without limitation the eligible engineering costs incurred by the Owner for design prior to execution of this Agreement), plus (iii) the Owner's right of way acquisition costs, if any, which are reimbursable pursuant to Paragraph 16.
	(b)	The Owner's costs associated with Adjustment of the Owner Utilities shall be developed pursuant to the method checked and described below [check only one box]:
		(1) Actual costs accumulated in accordance with a work order accounting procedure prescribed by the applicable Federal or State regulatory body ("Actual Cost"); or
		(2) Actual costs accumulated in accordance with an established accounting procedure developed by the Owner and which the Owner uses in its regular operations ("Actual Cost"); or
		(3) The agreed sum of \$ ("Agreed Sum"), as supported by the analysis of estimated costs attached hereto as part of <u>Exhibit A</u> .
	(c)	Eligible Owner costs shall include only those authorized under 23 C.F.R. Part 645, Subpart A. The Owner agrees that costs referenced in 23 C.F.R. Section 645.117(d)(2) are not eligible for reimbursement. These regulations can be found at: <a href="http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/waisidx_04/23cfr645_04.html">http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/waisidx_04/23cfr645_04.html</a>

The Owner shall complete all of the Utility reconstruction and relocation work, including

## 6. Responsibility for Costs of Adjustment Work.

The Agreed Sum or Actual Cost, as applicable, of all work to be performed pursuant to this Agreement shall be allocated between the Design-Build Contractor and the Owner as identified in Exhibit A and in accordance with §203.092, Texas Transportation Code, An allocation percentage may be determined by application of an Eligibility Ratio, if appropriate, as detailed in Exhibit A; provided, however, that any portion of an Agreed Sum or Actual Cost attributable to Betterment shall be allocated 100% to the Owner in accordance with Paragraph 10. All costs charged to the Design-Build Contractor by the Owner shall be reasonable and shall be computed using rates and schedules not exceeding those applicable to similar work performed by or for the Owner at the Owner's expense. Payment of the costs allocated to the Design-Build Contractor pursuant to this Agreement (if any) shall be full compensation to the Owner for all costs incurred by the Owner in Adjusting the Owner Utilities (including without limitation costs of relinquishing and/or acquiring right of way), and TxDOT shall have no liability to the Owner for any such costs. Owner expressly acknowledges that it shall be entitled to compensation only from the Design-Build Contractor for any Adjustment costs for the Owner Utilities covered by this Agreement, including costs with respect to real property interests (either acquired or relinquished), and specifically acknowledges that it shall not be entitled to compensation or reimbursement from TxDOT or the State of Texas.

- 7. <u>Billing, Payment, Records and Audits: Actual Cost Method</u>. The following provisions apply if the Owner's costs are developed under procedure (1) or (2) described in Paragraph 5(b):
  - (a) After (i) completion of all Adjustment work to be performed pursuant to this Agreement, (ii) the Design-Build Contractor's final inspection of the Adjustment work by Owner hereunder (and resolution of any deficiencies found), and (iii) receipt of an invoice complying with the applicable requirements of Paragraph 9, the Design-Build Contractor shall pay to the Owner an amount equal to ninety percent (90%) of the Design-Build Contractor's share of the Owner's costs as shown in such final invoice (less amounts previously paid, and applicable credits). After completion of the Design-Build Contractor's audit referenced in Paragraph 7(c) and the parties' mutual determination of any necessary adjustment to the final invoice resulting therefrom, the Design-Build Contractor shall make any final payment due so that total payments will equal the total amount of the Design-Build Contractor's share reflected on such final invoice (as adjusted, if applicable).
  - (b) When requested by the Owner and properly invoiced in accordance with Paragraph 9, the Design-Build Contractor shall make intermediate payments to the Owner based upon the progress of the work completed at not more than monthly intervals, and such payments shall not exceed eighty percent (80%) of the Design-Build Contractor's share of the Owner's eligible costs as shown in each such invoice (less applicable credits). Intermediate payments shall not be construed as final payment for any items included in the intermediate payment.
  - (c) The Owner shall maintain complete and accurate cost records for all work performed pursuant to this Agreement, in accordance with the provisions of 23 C.F.R. Part 645, Subpart A. The Owner shall maintain such records for four (4) years after receipt of final payment hereunder. The Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and their respective representatives shall be allowed to audit such records during the Owner's regular business hours. Unsupported charges will not be considered eligible for reimbursement. The parties shall mutually agree upon (and shall promptly implement by payment or refund, as applicable) any financial adjustment found necessary by the Developer's and/or Design-Build Contractor's audit. TxDOT, the Federal Highway Administration,

and their respective representatives also shall be allowed to audit such records upon reasonable notice to the Owner, during the Owner's regular business hours.

- 8. <u>Billing and Payment: Agreed Sum Method</u>. If the Owner's costs are developed under procedure (3) described in Paragraph 5(b), then the Design-Build Contractor shall pay its share of the Agreed Sum to the Owner after (a) completion of all Adjustment work to be performed pursuant to this Agreement, (b) the Design-Build Contractor's final inspection of the Adjustment work by Owner hereunder (and resolution of any deficiencies found), and (c) receipt of an invoice complying with the applicable requirements of Paragraph 9.
- 9. Invoices. Each invoice submitted by the Owner (i) shall be prepared in the form and manner prescribed by 23 C.F.R. Part 645, Subpart A, and (ii) if the Owner's costs are developed under procedure (1) or (2) described in Paragraph 5(b), shall list each of the services performed, the amount of time spent and the date on which the service was performed. The original and three (3) copies of each invoice shall be submitted to the Design-Build Contractor at the address for notices stated in Paragraph 23, unless otherwise directed by the Design-Build Contractor pursuant to Paragraph 23, together with (1) such supporting information to substantiate all invoices as reasonably requested by the Design-Build Contractor, and (2) such waivers or releases of liens as the Design-Builder may reasonably require. The Owner shall make commercially reasonable efforts to submit final invoices not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after completion of work. Final invoices shall include any necessary quitclaim deeds pursuant to Paragraph 16, and all applicable record drawings accurately representing the Adjustment as installed. The Owner hereby acknowledges and agrees that any right it may have for reimbursement of any of its costs not submitted to the Design-Build Contractor within eighteen months following completion of all Adjustment work to be performed by both parties pursuant to this Agreement shall be deemed to have been abandoned and waived. Invoices shall clearly delineate total costs, and those costs that are reimbursable pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

#### 10. **Betterment.**

- (a) For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Betterment" means any upgrading of an Owner Utility being adjusted that is not attributable to the construction of the Facility and is made solely for the benefit of and at the election of the Owner, including but not limited to an increase in the capacity, capability, efficiency or function of the adjusted Utility over that provided by the existing Utility facility or an expansion of the existing Utility facility; provided, however, that the following are not considered Betterments:
- (i) any upgrading which is required for accommodation of the Facility;
- (ii) replacement devices or materials that are of equivalent standards although not identical;
- (iii) replacement of devices or materials no longer regularly manufactured with the next highest grade or size;
- (iv) any upgrading required by applicable laws, regulations or ordinances;
- (v) replacement devices or materials which are used for reasons of economy (e.g., non-stocked items may be uneconomical to purchase); or
- (vi) any upgrading required by the Owner's written "standards" meeting the requirements of Paragraph 3(d).

[Include the following for fiber optic Owner Utilities only:] Extension of an Adjustment to the nearest splice boxes shall not be considered a Betterment if required by the Owner in order to maintain its written telephony standards.

Any upgrading required by the Owner's written "standards" meeting the requirements of Paragraph 3(d) shall be deemed to be of direct benefit to the Facility.

(b)	will pa No Be Utilitie cannot govern includ	inderstood and agreed that neither the Developer nor the Design-Build Contractor by for any Betterments and that the Owner shall not be entitled to payment therefor. Extrement may be performed in connection with the Adjustment of the Owner less which is incompatible with the Facility or the Ultimate Configuration or which is be performed within the other constraints of applicable law, any applicable amental approvals, and the requirements imposed on the Developer by the CDA, ing without limitation the scheduling requirements thereunder. Accordingly, the agree as follows [check the one box that applies, and complete if appropriate]:
		(i) The Adjustment of the Owner Utilities pursuant to the Plans does not include any Betterment.
		The Adjustment of the Owner Utilities pursuant to the Plans includes Betterment to the Owner Utilities by reason of [insert explanation, e.g. "replacing 12" pipe with 24" pipe]: The Owner has provided to the Design-Build Contractor comparative estimates for (i) all costs for work to be performed by the Owner pursuant to this Agreement, including work attributable to the Betterment, and (ii) the cost to perform such work without the Betterment, which estimates are hereby approved by the Design-Build Contractor. The estimated amount of the Owner's costs for work hereunder which is attributable to Betterment is \$, calculated by subtracting (ii) from (i). The percentage of the total cost of the Owner's work hereunder which is attributable to Betterment is, calculated by subtracting (ii) from (i), which remainder shall be divided by (i).
(c)	If Para	graph 10(b) identifies Betterment, then the following shall apply:
	(i)	If the Owner's costs are developed under procedure (3) described in Paragraph 5(b), then the Agreed Sum stated in that Paragraph includes any credits due to the Design-Build Contractor on account of the identified Betterment, and no further adjustment shall be made on account of same.
	(ii)	If the Owner's costs are developed under procedure (1) or (2) described in Paragraph 5(b), the parties agree as follows [If Paragraph 10(b) identifies Betterment and the Owner's costs are developed under procedure (1) or (2), check the one appropriate provision]:
		The estimated cost stated in Paragraph 10(b) is the agreed and final amount due for Betterment hereunder. Accordingly, each intermediate invoice submitted pursuant to Paragraph 7(b) shall include a credit for an appropriate percentage of the agreed Betterment amount, proportionate to the percentage of completion reflected in such invoice. The final invoice submitted pursuant to Paragraph 7(a) shall reflect the full amount of the agreed Betterment credit. For each invoice described in this paragraph, the credit for Betterment shall be applied before calculating the Design-Build Contractor's share (pursuant to Paragraph 6) of the cost of the Adjustment

work. No other adjustment (either up or down) shall be made based on actual Betterment costs.

- The Owner is responsible for the actual cost of the identified Betterment, determined by multiplying (a) the Betterment percentage stated in Paragraph 10(b), by (b) the actual cost of all work performed by the Owner pursuant to this Agreement (including work attributable to the Betterment), as invoiced by the Owner to the Design-Build Contractor. Accordingly, each invoice submitted pursuant to either Paragraph 7(a) or Paragraph 7(b) shall credit the Design-Build Contractor with an amount calculated by multiplying (x) the Betterment percentage stated in Paragraph 10(b), by (y) the amount billed on such invoice.
- (d) The determinations and calculations of Betterment described in this Paragraph 10 shall exclude right of way acquisition costs. Betterment in connection with right-of-way acquisition is addressed in Paragraph 16.
- 11. <u>Salvage.</u> For any Adjustment from which the Owner recovers any materials and/or parts and retains or sells the same, after application of any applicable Betterment credit, the Design-Build Contractor is entitled to a credit for the salvage value of such materials and/or parts, determined in accordance with 23 C.F.R. Section 645.105. If the Owner's costs are developed under procedure (1) or (2) described in Paragraph 5(b), then the final invoice submitted pursuant to Paragraph 7(a) shall credit the Design-Build Contractor with the full salvage value. If the Owner's costs are developed under procedure (3) described in Paragraph 5(b), then the Agreed Sum includes any credit due to the Design-Build Contractor on account of salvage.
- 12. <u>Utility Investigations</u>. At the Design-Build Contractor's request, the Owner shall assist the Design-Build Contractor in locating any Utilities (including appurtenances) which are owned and/or operated by Owner and may be impacted by the Facility. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in order to help assure that neither the adjusted Owner Utilities nor existing, unadjusted utilities owned or operated by the Owner are damaged during construction of the Facility, the Owner shall mark in the field the location of all such utilities horizontally on the ground in advance of Facility construction in the immediate area of such utilities.

#### 13. <u>Inspection and Ownership of Owner Utilities.</u>

- (a) The Developer and/or the Design-Build Contractor shall have the right, at its own expense, to inspect the Adjustment work performed by the Owner or its contractors, during and upon completion of construction. All inspections of work shall be completed and any comment provided within **five (5) business days** after request for inspection is received.
- (b) The Owner shall accept full responsibility for all future repairs and maintenance of said Owner Utilities. In no event shall the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor or TxDOT become responsible for making any repairs or maintenance, or for discharging the cost of same. The provisions of this Paragraph 13(b) shall not limit any rights which the Owner may have against the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor if either party respectively damages any Owner Utility as a result of its respective Facility activities.
- 14. <u>Design Changes</u>. The Developer and the Design-Build Contractor will be responsible for additional Adjustment design and the Design-Build Contractor will be responsible for additional construction costs necessitated by design changes to the Facility made after approval of the Plans, upon the terms specified herein.

15. <u>Field Modifications</u>. The Owner shall provide the Design-Build Contractor with documentation of any field modifications, including Utility Adjustment Field Modifications as well as minor changes as described in Paragraph 17(b), occurring in the Adjustment of the Owner Utilities.

#### 16. **Real Property Interests.**

- (a) The Owner has provided, or upon execution of this Agreement shall promptly provide to the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor, documentation acceptable to TxDOT indicating any right, title or interest in real property claimed by the Owner with respect to the Owner Utilities in their existing location(s). Such claims are subject to TxDOT's approval as part of its review of the Design-Build Contractor's Utility Assembly as described in Paragraph 2. Claims approved by TxDOT as to rights or interests are referred to herein as "Existing Interests".
- (b) If acquisition of any new easement or other interest in real property ("New Interest") is necessary for the Adjustment of any Owner Utilities, then the Owner shall be responsible for undertaking such acquisition. The Owner shall implement each acquisition hereunder expeditiously so that related Adjustment construction can proceed in accordance with the Developer's and the Design-Build Contractor's Facility schedules. The Design-Build Contractor shall be responsible for its share (if any, as specified in Paragraph 6) of the actual and reasonable acquisition costs of any such New Interest (including without limitation the Owner's reasonable overhead charges and reasonable legal costs as well as compensation paid to the landowner), excluding any costs attributable to Betterment as described in Paragraph 16(c), and subject to the provisions of Paragraph 16(e); provided, however, that all acquisition costs shall be subject to the Design-Build Contractor's prior written approval. Eligible acquisition costs shall be segregated from other costs on the Owner's estimates and invoices. Any such New Interest shall have a written valuation and shall be acquired in accordance with applicable law.
- (c) The Design-Build Contractor shall pay its share only for a replacement in kind of an Existing Interest (e.g., in width and type), unless a New Interest exceeding such standard (i) is required in order to accommodate the Facility or by compliance with applicable law, or (ii) is called for by the Design-Build Contractor in the interest of overall Facility economy. Any New Interest which is not the Design-Builder's cost responsibility pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be considered a Betterment to the extent that it upgrades the Existing Interest which it replaces, or in its entirety if the related Owner Utility was not installed pursuant to an Existing Interest. Betterment costs shall be solely the Owner's responsibility.
- (d) For each Existing Interest located within the final Facility right of way, upon completion of the related Adjustment work and its acceptance by the Owner, the Owner agrees to execute a quitclaim deed or other appropriate documentation relinquishing such Existing Interest to TxDOT, unless the affected Owner Utility is remaining in its original location or is being reinstalled in a new location within the area subject to such Existing Interest. All quitclaim deeds or other relinquishment documents shall be subject to TxDOT's approval as part of its review of the Utility Assembly as described in Paragraph 2. For each such Existing Interest relinquished by the Owner, the Design-Build Contractor shall do one of the following to compensate the Owner for such Existing Interest, as appropriate:
  - (i) If the Owner acquires a New Interest for the affected Owner Utility, the Design-Build Contractor shall reimburse the Owner for the Design-Build Contractor's

- share of the Owner's actual and reasonable acquisition costs in accordance with Paragraph 16(b) and subject to Paragraph 16(c); or
- (ii) If the Owner does not acquire a New Interest for the affected Owner Utility, the Design-Build Contractor shall compensate the Owner for the Design-Build Contractor's share of the fair market value of such relinquished Existing Interest, as mutually agreed between the Owner and the Design-Build Contractor and supported by a written valuation.

The compensation, if any, provided to the Owner pursuant to either subparagraph (i) or subparagraph (ii) above shall constitute complete compensation to the Owner for the relinquished Existing Interest and any New Interest, and no further compensation shall be due to the Owner from the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor or TxDOT on account of such Existing Interest or New Interest(s).

- (e) The Owner shall execute a Utility Joint Use Acknowledgment (TxDOT-U-80A) for each Adjustment where required pursuant to TxDOT policies. All Utility Joint Use Acknowledgments shall be subject to TxDOT approval as part of its review of the Utility Assembly as described in Paragraph 2.
- 17. <u>Amendments and Modifications</u>. This Agreement may be amended or modified only by a written instrument executed by the parties hereto, in accordance with Paragraph 17(a) or Paragraph 17(b) below.
  - (a) Except as otherwise provided in Paragraph 17(b), any amendment or modification to this Agreement or the Plans attached hereto shall be implemented by a Utility Adjustment Agreement Amendment ("UAAA") in the form of Exhibit B hereto (TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-OM). The UAAA form can be used for a new scope of work with concurrence of the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and TxDOT as long as the Design and Construction responsibilities have not changed. Each UAAA is subject to the review and approval of TxDOT, prior to its becoming effective for any purpose and prior to any work being initiated thereunder. The Owner agrees to keep and track costs for each UAAA separately from other work being performed.
  - (b) For purposes of this Paragraph 17(b), "Utility Adjustment Field Modification" shall mean any horizontal or vertical design change from the Plans included in a Utility Assembly previously approved by TxDOT, due either to design of the Facility or to conditions not accurately reflected in the approved Utility Assembly (e.g., shifting the alignment of an 8 in. water line to miss a modified or new roadway drainage structure). A Utility Adjustment Field Modification agreed upon by the Design-Build Contractor and the Owner does not require a UAAA, provided that the modified Plans have been submitted to TxDOT for its review and comment. A minor change (e.g., an additional water valve, an added Utility marker at a ROW line, a change in vertical bend, etc.) will not be considered a Utility Adjustment Field Modification and will not require a UAAA, but shall be shown in the documentation required pursuant to Paragraph 15.

#### 18. **Relationship of the Parties.**

(a) Although some of the duties described in this Agreement are assigned specifically to either the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor, the obligation under this Agreement to design and construct the Facility at the Developer's or Design-Build Contractor's expense, including the Adjustment, is jointly shared by the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor. To the extent the Design-Build Contractor fails to perform an express

duty or obligation of this Agreement, the Developer is authorized and obligated to provide such performance. Nothing in this Paragraph 18(a) however, alters or shall be construed in any way to alter the obligations, responsibilities, benefits, rights, remedies, and claims between Developer and the Design-Build Contractor under the Design-Build Contract to perform and pay for the Adjustment.

- (b) Except as provided in Paragraph 18(a) above, this Agreement does not in any way, and shall not be construed to, create a principal/agent or joint venture relationship between the Owner and the other parties hereto and under no circumstances shall the Owner, the Design-Build Contractor or the Developer be considered as or represent itself to be an agent of another.
- (c) Neither this Agreement nor the Design-Build Contract alters, or shall be construed in any way to alter the obligations, responsibilities, benefits, rights, remedies, and claims between the Developer and TxDOT under the CDA to design and construct the Facility, including the Adjustment.
- 19. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement embodies the entire agreement between the parties and there are no oral or written agreements between the parties or any representations made which are not expressly set forth herein.
- 20. Assignment; Binding Effect; TxDOT as Third Party Beneficiary. None of the Owner, the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor may assign any of its rights or delegate any of its duties under this Agreement without the prior written consent of the other parties and of TxDOT, which consent may not be unreasonably withheld or delayed; provided, however, that the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor may assign any of its rights and/or delegate any of its duties to TxDOT or to any other entity with which TxDOT contracts to fulfill the Developer's obligations under the CDA, at any time without the prior consent of the Owner.

This Agreement shall bind the Owner, the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and their successors and permitted assigns, and nothing in this Agreement nor in any approval subsequently provided by any party hereto shall be construed as giving any benefits, rights, remedies, or claims to any other person, firm, corporation or other entity, including, without limitation, any contractor or other party retained for the Adjustment work or the public in general; provided, however, that the Owner, the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor agree that although TxDOT is not a party to this Agreement, TxDOT is intended to be a third-party beneficiary to this Agreement.

#### 21. **Breach by the Parties.**

(a) If the Owner claims that the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor (the "Defaulting Party") has breached any of its obligations under this Agreement, the Owner will notify the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and TxDOT in writing of such breach, and the Developer shall have 30 days following receipt of such notice in which to cure such breach, before the Owner may invoke any remedies which may be available to it as a result of such breach; provided, however, that both during and after such period TxDOT shall have the right, but not the obligation, to cure any breach by the Defaulting Party. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, (a) TxDOT shall have no liability to the Owner for any act or omission committed by the Defaulting Party in connection with this Agreement, including without limitation any reimbursement owed to the Owner hereunder, and (b) in no event shall TxDOT be responsible for any repairs or maintenance to the Owner Utilities adjusted pursuant to this Agreement.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-OM-NTE Page 13 of 19 Rev. 8/26/10

- (b) If the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor claims that the Owner has breached any of its obligations under this Agreement, the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor will notify the Owner and TxDOT in writing of such breach, and the Owner shall have 30 days following receipt of such notice in which to cure such breach, before the Developer or the Design-Builder may invoke any remedies which may be available to it as a result of such breach.
- 22. <u>Traffic Control.</u> The Design-Build Contractor shall provide traffic control or shall reimburse the Owner for the Design-Build Contractor's share (if any, as specified in Paragraph 6) of the costs for traffic control made necessary by the Adjustment work performed by either the Design-Build Contractor or the Owner pursuant to this Agreement, in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices. Betterment percentages calculated in Paragraph 10 shall also apply to the traffic control costs.
- 23. <u>Notices.</u> Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, all notices or communications pursuant to this Agreement shall be sent or delivered to the following:

The Owner:	
	Phone: Fax:
The Developer:	
	Phone: Fax:
The Design-Build Contractor:	
	Phone: Fax:
A party sending a notice of de	fault of this Agreement to another party shall also se

A party sending a notice of default of this Agreement to another party shall also send a copy of such notice to TxDOT and to the CDA Utility Manager at the following addresses:

TxDOT: TxDOT Department of Transportation

Attention: TTA Right of Way

125 E. 11<sup>th</sup> Street

Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone: (512) 936-0980

CDA Utility Manager PBSJ

Attention: Michael Crain

North Texas CDA Project Office

3301 W. Airport Freeway Bedford, Texas 76021 Phone: (817) 508-7602

Any notice or demand required herein shall be given (a) personally, (b) by certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, or (c) by reliable messenger or overnight courier 383370 1.DOC

to the appropriate address set forth above. Any notice served personally shall be deemed delivered upon receipt and served by certified or registered mail or by reliable messenger or overnight courier shall be deemed delivered on the date of receipt as shown on the addressee's registry or certification of receipt or on the date receipt is refused as shown on the records or manifest of the U.S. Postal Service or such courier. Any party may from time to time designate any other address for this purpose by written notice to all other parties; TxDOT may designate another address by written notice to all parties.

- 24. <u>Approvals.</u> Any acceptance, approval, or any other like action (collectively "Approval") required or permitted to be given by either the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor, or the Owner pursuant to this Agreement:
  - (a) Must be in writing to be effective (except if deemed granted pursuant hereto),
  - (b) Shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed; and if Approval is withheld, such withholding shall be in writing and shall state with specificity the reason for withholding such Approval, and every effort shall be made to identify with as much detail as possible what changes are required for Approval, and
  - (c) Except for approvals by TxDOT, and except as may be specifically provided otherwise in this Agreement, shall be deemed granted if no response is provided to the party requesting an Approval within the time period prescribed by this Agreement (or if no time period is prescribed, then fourteen (14) calendar days), commencing upon actual receipt by the party from which an Approval is requested or required, of a request for Approval from the requesting party. All requests for Approval shall be sent out by the requesting party to the other party in accordance with Paragraph 23.

#### 25. Time; Force Majeure.

- (a) Time is of the essence in the performance of this Agreement.
- (b) All references to "days" herein shall be construed to refer to calendar days, unless otherwise stated.
- (c) No party shall be liable to another party for any delay in performance under this Agreement from any cause beyond its control and without its fault or negligence ("Force Majeure"), such as acts of God, acts of civil or military authority, fire, earthquake, strike, unusually severe weather, floods or power blackouts. If any such event of Force Majeure occurs, the Owner agrees, if requested by the Developer, to accelerate its efforts hereunder if reasonably feasible in order to regain lost time, so long as the Developer agrees to reimburse the Owner for the reasonable and actual costs of such efforts.
- 26. **TxDOT Review and Approval**. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Agreement, if this Agreement and the CDA call for different levels of review for any items submitted to TxDOT (e.g., "approval" as opposed to "review and comment"), then the level of review called for by the CDA will prevail for purposes of this Agreement.
- 27. <u>Continuing Performance</u>. In the event of a dispute, the Owner, the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor agree to continue their respective performance hereunder to the extent feasible in light of the dispute, including paying billings, and such continuation of efforts and payment of billings shall not be construed as a waiver of any legal right.

- 28. Equitable Relief. The Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and the Owner acknowledge and agree that delays in Adjustment of the Owner Utilities will impact the public convenience, safety and welfare, and that (without limiting the parties' remedies hereunder) monetary damages would be inadequate to compensate for delays in the construction of the Facility. Consequently, the parties hereto (and TxDOT as well, as a third party beneficiary) shall be entitled to specific performance or other equitable relief in the event of any breach of this Agreement which threatens to delay construction of the Facility; provided, however, that the fact that specific performance or other equitable relief may be granted shall not prejudice any claims for payment or otherwise related to performance of the Adjustment work hereunder.
- Authority. The Owner, the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor each represents and warrants to the other party that the warranting party possesses the legal authority to enter into this Agreement and that it has taken all actions necessary to exercise that authority and to lawfully authorize its undersigned signatory to execute this Agreement and to bind such party to its terms. Each person executing this Agreement on behalf of a party warrants that he or she is duly authorized to enter into this Agreement on behalf of such party and to bind it to the terms hereof.
- 30. <u>Cooperation</u>. The parties acknowledge that the timely completion of the Facility will be influenced by the ability of the Owner (and its contractors), the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor to coordinate their activities, communicate with each other, and respond promptly to reasonable requests. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Owner, the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor agree to take all steps reasonably required to coordinate their respective duties hereunder in a manner consistent with the Developer's and the Design-Build Contractor's current and future construction schedules for the Facility. The Owner further agrees to require its contractors to coordinate their respective work hereunder with the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor.
- 31. <u>Termination</u>. If the Facility is canceled or modified so as to eliminate the necessity of the Adjustment work described herein, then the Developer shall notify the Owner and the Design-Build Contractor in writing and the Developer reserves the right to thereupon terminate this Agreement. Upon such termination, the parties shall negotiate in good faith an amendment that shall provide mutually acceptable terms and conditions for handling the respective rights and liabilities of the parties relating to such termination.
- 32. **Nondiscrimination**. Each party hereto agrees, with respect to the work performed by such party pursuant to this Agreement, that such party shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, sex, national origin or disability in the selection and/or retention of contractors and consultants, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment.
- 33. <u>Applicable Law, Jurisdiction and Venue</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Texas, without regard to the conflict of laws principles thereof. Venue for any action brought to enforce this Agreement or relating to the relationship between any of the parties shall be the District Court of Travis County, Texas or the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas (Austin).
- 34. Waiver of Consequential Damages. No party hereto shall be liable to any other party to this Agreement, whether in contract, tort, equity, or otherwise (including negligence, warranty, indemnity, strict liability, or otherwise), for any punitive, exemplary, special, indirect, incidental, or consequential damages, including, without limitation, loss of profits or revenues, loss of use, claims of customers, or loss of business opportunity.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-OM-NTE Page 16 of 19 Rev. 8/26/10

- 34. <u>Captions</u>. The captions and headings of the various paragraphs of this Agreement are for convenience and identification only, and shall not be deemed to limit or define the content of their respective paragraphs.
- 35. <u>Counterparts.</u> This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts. Each such counterpart hereof shall be deemed to be an original instrument but all such counterparts together shall constitute one and the same instrument.
- 36. <u>Effective Date.</u> Except for the provisions of Paragraph 2(a) (which shall become effective immediately upon execution of this Agreement by the Owner, the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor without regard to TxDOT's signature), this Agreement shall become effective upon the later of (a) the date of signing by the last party (either the Owner, the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor) signing this Agreement, and (b) the date of TxDOT's approval as indicated by the signature of TxDOT's representative, below.

APPROVED BY: TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	OWNER			
	[Print Owner Name]			
By:Authorized Signature	By: Duly Authorized Representative			
Printed Name:	Printed Name:			
Title:				
Date:	Date:			
DESIGN-BUILD CONTRACTOR	DEVELOPER			
By: Duly Authorized Representative	By: Duly Authorized Representative			
Printed Name:	Printed Name:			
Title:	Title:			
Date:	Date:			

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-OM-NTE Page 17 of 19 Rev. 8/26/10

County:
ROW CSJ No.:
Const. CSJ No.:
Highway:
Limits:
Fed. Proj. No.:

# **EXHIBIT A**

# PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, COST ESTIMATES AND ALLOCATION

County:

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-OM-NTE Page 18 of 19 Rev. 8/26/10

ROW CSJ No.:

Const. CSJ No.:

Highway: Limits:

Fed. Proj. No.:

# **EXHIBIT B**

# UTILITY ADJUSTMENT AGREEMENT AMENDMENT (TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-OM)

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-OM-NTE Page 19 of 19 Rev. 8/26/10

ROW CSJ No.:

Const. CSJ No.:

Highway: Limits:

Fed. Proj. No.:

# **EXHIBIT C**

# STATEMENT COVERING CONTRACT WORK (TxDOT-U-48)

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 1 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

# PROJECT UTILITY ADJUSTMENT AGREEMENT

(Developer Managed)
Agreement No.: -U-

THIS AGREEMENT, b	y and between	, hereinafter identified as
the "Developer",		, hereinafter identified as the "Design-
Build Contractor" and	, hereinafter	identified as the "Owner", is as follows:

#### WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the STATE OF TEXAS, acting by and through the Texas Department of Transportation, hereinafter identified as "TxDOT", is authorized to design, construct, operate, maintain, and improve turnpike projects as part of the state highway system throughout the State of Texas, all in conformance with the provisions of Chapters 203 and 223, Texas Transportation Code, as amended; and

WHEREAS, the TxDOT proposes to construct a turnpike project identified as the Loop 375 Border Highway West Project (the "Facility"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain Comprehensive Development Agreement by and between TxDOT and the Developer with respect to the Facility (the "CDA"), the Developer has undertaken the obligation to design, construct, finance, operate and maintain the Facility; and

WHEREAS, the Developer's duties pursuant to the CDA include causing the removal, relocation, or other necessary adjustment of existing utilities impacted by the Facility (collectively, "Adjustment"), subject to the provisions herein; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain Design-Build Contract by and between the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor with respect to the Facility (the "Design-Build Contract"), the Design-Build Contractor has undertaken the obligation to design and construct the Facility, which includes the Adjustment at Design-Builder's expense, subject to the provisions herein; and

WHEREAS, the Facility may receive Federal funding, financing and/or credit assistance; and

WHEREAS, the Design-Build Contractor has notified the Owner that certain of its facilities and appurtenances (the "Owner Utilities") are in locational conflict with the Facility (and/or with the "Ultimate Configuration" of the Facility), and the Owner has requested that the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor undertake the Adjustment of the Owner Utilities pursuant to §203.092, Texas Transportation Code, as amended, and Rule 21.23 of Title 43, as necessary to accommodate the Facility (and the Ultimate Configuration); and

**WHEREAS**, the Owner Utilities and the proposed Adjustment of the Owner Utilities are described as follows [insert below a description of the affected facilities (by type, size and location) as well as a brief description of the nature of the Adjustment work to be performed (e.g., "adjust 12" waterline from approximately Highway Station 100+00 to approximately Highway Station 200+00")]:
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_; and

WHEREAS, the Owner recognizes that time is of the essence in completing the work contemplated herein; and

WHEREAS, the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and the Owner desire to implement the Adjustment of the Owner Utilities by entering into this Agreement.

1

#### **AGREEMENT**

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of these premises and of the mutual covenants and agreements of the parties hereto and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which being hereby acknowledged, the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and the Owner agree as follows:

<b>Preparat</b>	tion of	f Plans. [Check one box that applies:]
	performance special sp	Design-Build Contractor has hired engineering firm(s) acceptable to the Owner to orm all engineering services needed for the preparation of plans, required fications, and cost estimates, attached hereto as <a href="Exhibit A">Exhibit A</a> (collectively, the ns"), for the proposed Adjustment of the Owner Utilities. The Design-Build ractor represents and warrants that the Plans conform to the most recent Utility ammodation Rules issued by the Texas Department of Transportation ("TxDOT"), orth in 43 Tex. Admin. Code Part 1, Chapter 21, Subchapter C et seq., (the R"). By its execution of this Agreement or by the signing of the Plans, the Owner by approves the Plans and confirms that the Plans are in compliance with the dards" described in Paragraph 3(d).
	heret Owne UAR Cont Build proporegar	Owner has provided plans, required specifications and cost estimates, attached o as Exhibit A (collectively, the "Plans"), for the proposed Adjustment of the er Utilities. The Owner represents and warrants that the Plans conform to the By its execution of this Agreement, the Developer and the Design-Build ractor hereby approve the Plans. The Owner also has provided to the Design-Build Contractor a utility plan view map illustrating the location of existing and osed utility facilities on the Developer's right of way map of the Facility. With d to its preparation of the Plans, the Owner represents as follows [check one box applies]:
		The Owner's employees were utilized to prepare the Plans, and the charges therefore do not exceed the Owner's typical costs for such work.
		The Owner utilized consulting engineers to prepare the Plans, and the fees for such work are not based upon a percentage of construction costs. Further, such fees encompass only the work necessary to prepare the Plans for Adjustment of the Owner Utilities described herein, and do not include fees for work done on any other project. The fees of the consulting engineers are reasonable and are comparable to the fees typically charged by consulting engineers in the locale of the Facility for comparable work for the Owner.

# 2 **Review by TxDOT**. The parties hereto acknowledge and agree as follows:

(a) Upon execution of this Agreement by the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and the Owner, the Developer will submit this Agreement, together with the attached Plans, to TxDOT for its review and approval as part of a package referred to as a "Utility Assembly". The parties agree to cooperate in good faith to modify this Agreement and/or the Plans, as necessary and mutually acceptable to all parties, to respond to any comments made by TxDOT thereon. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, (i) the Owner agrees to respond (with comment and/or acceptance) to any modified Plans and/or Agreement prepared by the Design-Build Contractor in response to TxDOT comments within **fourteen (14) business days** after receipt of such modifications; and (ii) if

the Owner originally prepared the Plans, the Owner agrees to modify the Plans in response to TxDOT comments and to submit such modified Plans to the Design-Build Contractor for its comment and/or approval (and re-submittal to TxDOT for its comment and/or approval) within fourteen (14) business days after receipt of TxDOT's comments. The Owner's failure to timely respond to any modified Plans submitted by the Design-Build Contractor pursuant to this paragraph shall be deemed the Owner's approval of same. If the Owner fails to timely prepare modified Plans which are its responsibility hereunder, then the Design-Build Contractor shall have the right to modify the Plans for the Owner's approval as if the Design-Build Contractor had originally prepared the Plans. The Design-Build Contractor shall be responsible for providing Plans to and obtaining comments on and approval of the Plans from the Developer. Approval of the Plans by the Design-Build Contractor shall be deemed to be Developer approval of the Plans. The process set forth in this paragraph will be repeated until the Owner, the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and TxDOT have all approved this Agreement and accepted the Plans.

- (b) The parties hereto acknowledge and agree that TxDOT's review, comments, and/or approval of a Utility Assembly or any component thereof is solely for the purpose of ascertaining matters of particular concern to TxDOT, and TxDOT has, and by its review, comments and/or approval of such Utility Assembly or any component thereof undertakes, no duty to review the Utility Assembly or its components for their quality or for the adequacy of adjusted utility facilities (as designed) for the purposes for which they are intended to be used or for compliance with law or applicable standards (other than TxDOT requirements).
- 3 <u>Design and Construction Standards</u>. All design and construction performed for the Adjustment work which is the subject of this Agreement shall comply with and conform to the following:
  - (a) All applicable local and state laws, regulations, decrees, ordinances and policies, including the UAR, the Utility Manual issued by TxDOT (to the extent its requirements are mandatory for the Adjustment necessitated by the Facility, as communicated to the Owner by the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor or TxDOT), the requirements of the CDA, and the policies of TxDOT;
  - (b) All Federal laws, regulations, decrees, ordinances and policies applicable to projects receiving Federal funding, financing and/or credit assistance (including without limitation 23 CFR 645 Subparts A and B, incorporated herein by this reference);
  - (c) The terms of all governmental permits or other approvals, as well as any private approvals of third parties necessary for such work; and
  - (d) The standard specifications, standards of practice, and construction methods (collectively, "standards") which the Owner customarily applies to utility facilities comparable to the Owner Utilities that are constructed by the Owner or for the Owner by its contractors at the Owner's expense, which standards are current at the time this Agreement is signed by the Owner, and which the Owner has submitted to the Design-Build Contractor in writing.

Such design and construction also shall be consistent and compatible with (i) the Developer's and the Design-Build Contractor's current design and construction of the Facility, (ii) the "Ultimate

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 4 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

Configuration" for the Facility, and (iii) any other utilities being installed in the same vicinity. The Owner acknowledges receipt from the Design-Build Contractor of Facility plans and Ultimate Configuration documents as necessary to comply with the foregoing. In case of any inconsistency among any of the standards referenced in this Agreement, the most stringent standard shall apply.

Responsibility for Costs of Adjustment Work. With the exception of any Betterment (hereinafter defined), the parties shall allocate the cost of any Adjustment between themselves as identified in Exhibit A and in accordance with § 203.092, Texas Transportation Code. An allocation percentage may be determined by application of an Eligibility Ratio, if appropriate, as detailed in Exhibit A. TxDOT shall have no liability to the Owner for any such costs. The Owner expressly acknowledges that it shall be entitled to compensation only from the Design-Build Contractor for any Adjustment costs for the Owner Utilities covered by this Agreement, including costs with respect to real property interests (either acquired or relinquished), and specifically acknowledges that it shall not be entitled to compensation or reimbursement from TxDOT or the State of Texas.

#### 5 <u>Construction by the Design-Build Contractor.</u>

- (a) The Owner hereby requests that the Design-Build Contractor perform the construction necessary to adjust the Owner Utilities and the Design-Build Contractor hereby agrees to perform such construction. All construction work hereunder shall be performed in a good and workmanlike manner, and in accordance with the Plans (except as modified pursuant to Paragraph 16).
- (b) The Design-Build Contractor shall retain such contractor or contractors as are necessary to adjust the Owner Utilities, in accordance with the CDA.
- (c) The Design-Build Contractor shall obtain all permits necessary for the construction to be performed by the Design-Build Contractor hereunder, and the Owner shall cooperate in that process as needed.

#### 6 Reimbursement of Owner's Indirect Costs.

(a)	Design-Build Contractor agrees to reimburse the Owner its share of the Owner's
	indirect costs (e.g., engineering, inspection, testing, ROW) as identified in
	Exhibit A. When requested by the Owner, monthly progress payments will be
	made. The monthly payment will not exceed 80% of the estimated indirect work
	done to date. Once the indirect work is complete, final payment of the eligible
	indirect costs will be made. Intermediate payments shall not be construed as
	final payment for any items included in the intermediate payment.

(b)	The Owner's indirect costs associated with Adjustment of the Owner Utilities shall be developed pursuant to the method checked and described below [check only one box]:
	(1) Actual related indirect costs accumulated in accordance with (i) a work order accounting procedure prescribed by the applicable Federal or State regulatory body, or (ii) established accounting procedure developed by the Owner and which the Owner uses in its regular operations or,
П	(2) The agreed sum of \$ ("Agreed Sum") as supported by the analysis

of the Owner's estimated costs attached hereto as part of Exhibit A; or

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 5 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

- (c) All indirect costs charged to the Design-Build Contractor by the Owner shall be reasonable and shall be computed using rates and schedules not exceeding those applicable to similar work performed by or for the Owner at the Owner's expense. Design-Build Contractor's performance of the Adjustment work hereunder and payment of the Design-Build Contractor's share of the Owner's costs pursuant to this Agreement, if applicable, shall be full compensation to the Owner for all costs incurred by the Owner in Adjusting the Owner Utilities (including without limitation costs of relinquishing and/or acquiring right of way), and TxDOT shall have no liability to the Owner for any such costs.
- (d) Eligible Owner indirect costs shall include only those authorized under 23 C.F.R. Part 645, Subpart A. The Owner agrees that costs referenced in 23 C.F.R. Section 645.117(d)(2) are not eligible for reimbursement. These regulations can be found at: <a href="http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/waisidx\_04/23cfr645\_04.html">http://www.access.gpo.gov/nara/cfr/waisidx\_04/23cfr645\_04.html</a>
- 7 Advancement of Funds by Owner for Construction Costs.
  - (a) Advancement of Owner's Share, if any, of Estimated Costs

Exhibit A shall identify all estimated engineering and construction-related costs, including labor, material, equipment and other miscellaneous construction items. Exhibit A shall also identify the Owner's and Design-Build Contractor's respective shares of the estimated costs.

The Owner shall advance to the Design-Build Contractor its allocated share, if any, of the

estimated costs for construction and engineering work to be performed by Design-Build Contractor, in accordance with the following terms:

The adjustment of the Owner's Utilities does not require advancement of funds.

The adjustment of the Owner's Utilities does require advancement of funds and the terms agreed to between the Design-Build Contractor and Owner are listed below.

[Insert terms of advance funding to be agreed between Design-Build Contractor and Owner.]

(b) Adjustment Based on Actual Costs or Agreed Sum

[Check the one appropriate provision, if advancement of funds is required]:

The Owner is responsible for its share of the Design-Build Contractor's actual cost for the Adjustment, including the identified Betterment. Accordingly, upon completion of all Adjustment work to be performed by both parties pursuant to this Amendment, (i) the Owner shall pay to the Design-Build Contractor the amount, if any, by which the actual cost of the Betterment (as determined in Paragraph 9(b)) plus the actual cost of Owner's share of the Adjustment (based on the allocation set forth in Exhibit A) exceeds the estimated cost advanced by the Owner, or (ii) the Design-Build Contractor shall refund to the Owner the amount, if any, by which such advance exceeds such actual cost, as applicable.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 6 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

The Ag	reed	Sum	is	the	agreed	and	final	amount	due	for	the	Adjustn	nent,
includin	g any	Bette	erm	ent,	under t	his A	mend	ment. A	ccor	dingl	ly, no	o adjustr	nent
(either u	p or o	down)	of	such	amoun	t shal	l be m	ade base	d on	actua	al co	sts.	

Invoices. Each invoice submitted by the Owner shall be prepared in the form and manner prescribed by 23 C.FR. Part 645, Subpart A. On invoices prepared by either the Owner or the Design-Build Contractor, all costs developed using the "Actual Cost" method shall be itemized in a format allowing for comparisons to the approved Estimates, including listing each of the services performed, the amount of time spent and the date on which the service was performed. The original and three (3) copies of each invoice, together with (1) such supporting information to substantiate all invoices as reasonably requested, and (2) such waivers and releases of liens as the other party may reasonably require, shall be submitted to the other party at the address for notices stated in Paragraph 22, unless otherwise directed pursuant to Paragraph 22. The Owner and the Design-Build Contractor shall make commercially reasonable efforts to submit final invoices not later than one hundred twenty (120) days after completion of work. The Owner and the Design-Build Contractor hereby acknowledge and agree that any costs not submitted to the other party within eighteen months following completion of all Adjustment work to be performed by the parties pursuant to this Agreement shall be deemed to have been abandoned and waived.

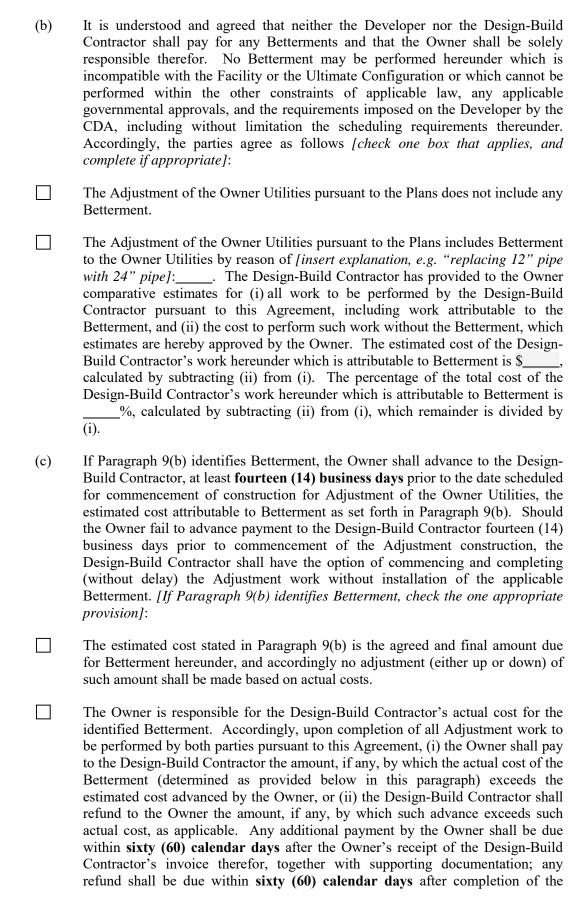
#### 9 **Betterment and Salvage**.

- (a) For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Betterment" means any upgrading of an Owner Utility being adjusted that is not attributable to the construction of the Facility and is made solely for the benefit of and at the election of the Owner, including but not limited to an increase in the capacity, capability, efficiency or function of the adjusted Utility over that provided by the existing Utility facility or an expansion of the existing Utility facility; provided, however, that the following are not considered Betterments:
- (i) any upgrading which is required for accommodation of the Facility;
- (ii) replacement devices or materials that are of equivalent standards although not identical;
- (iii) replacement of devices or materials no longer regularly manufactured with the next highest grade or size;
- (iv) any upgrading required by applicable laws, regulations or ordinances;
- (v) replacement devices or materials which are used for reasons of economy (e.g., non-stocked items may be uneconomical to purchase); or
- (vi) any upgrading required by the Owner's written "standards" meeting the requirements of Paragraph 3(d).

[Include the following for fiber optic Owner Utilities only:] Extension of an Adjustment to the nearest splice boxes shall not be considered a Betterment if required by the Owner in order to maintain its written telephony standards.

Any upgrading required by the Owner's written "standards" meeting the requirements of Paragraph 3(d) shall be deemed to be of direct benefit to the Facility.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 7 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11



Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 8 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

Adjustment work hereunder. The actual cost of Betterment incurred by the Design-Build Contractor shall be calculated by multiplying (i) the Betterment percentage stated in Paragraph 9(b), by (ii) the actual cost of all work performed by the Design-Build Contractor pursuant to this Agreement (including work attributable to the Betterment), as invoiced by the Design-Build Contractor to the Owner.

- (d) If Paragraph 9(b) identifies Betterment, the amount of Betterment in Owner's indirect costs shall be determined by applying the percentage of the Betterment calculated in Paragraph 9(b). The Owner's invoice to the Design-Build Contractor for the Design-Build Contractor's share of the Owner's indirect costs shall credit the Design-Build Contractor with any Betterment amount determined pursuant to this Paragraph 9(d).
- (e) For any Adjustment from which the Owner recovers any materials and/or parts and retains or sells the same, after application of any applicable Betterment credit, the Owner's invoice to the Design-Build Contractor for its costs shall credit the Design-Build Contractor with the salvage value for such materials and/or parts, determined in accordance with 23 C.F.R. Section 645.105.
- (f) The determinations and calculations of Betterment described in this Paragraph 9 shall exclude right of way acquisition costs. Betterment in connection with right-of-way acquisition is addressed in Paragraph 15.
- Management of the Adjustment Work. The Design-Build Contractor will provide project management during the Adjustment of the Owner Utilities.
- <u>Utility Investigations</u>. At the Design-Build Contractor's request, the Owner shall assist the Design-Build Contractor in locating any Utilities (including appurtenances) which are owned and/or operated by Owner and may be impacted by the Facility. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in order to help assure that neither the adjusted Owner Utilities nor existing, unadjusted utilities owned or operated by the Owner are damaged during construction of the Facility, the Owner shall mark in the field the location of all such utilities horizontally on the ground in advance of Facility construction in the immediate area of such utilities.

#### 12 Inspection and Acceptance by the Owner.

- (a) Throughout the Adjustment construction hereunder, the Owner shall provide adequate inspectors for such construction. The work shall be inspected by the Owner's inspector(s) at least once each working day, and more often if such inspections are necessary for prudent installation. Further, upon request by the Design-Build Contractor or its contractors, the Owner shall furnish an inspector at any reasonable time in which construction is underway pursuant to this Agreement, including occasions when construction is underway in excess of the usual forty (40) hour work week and at such other times as reasonably required. The Owner agrees to promptly notify the Design-Build Contractor of any concerns resulting from any such inspection.
- (b) The Owner shall perform a final inspection of the adjusted Owner Utilities, including conducting any tests as are necessary or appropriate, within five (5) business days after completion of construction hereunder. The Owner shall accept such construction if it is consistent with the performance standards described in Paragraph 3, by giving written notice of such acceptance to the

Design-Build Contractor within said five (5) day period. If the Owner does not accept the construction, then the Owner shall, not later than the expiration of said five (5) day period, notify the Design-Build Contractor in writing of its grounds for non-acceptance and suggestions for correcting the problem, and if the suggested corrections are justified, the Design-Build Contractor will comply. The Owner shall re-inspect any revised construction (and re-test if appropriate) and give notice of acceptance, not later than five (5) business days after completion of corrective work. The Owner's failure to inspect and/or to give any required notice of acceptance or non-acceptance within the specified time period shall be deemed acceptance.

- (c) From and after the Owner's acceptance (or deemed acceptance) of an adjusted Owner Utility, the Owner agrees to accept ownership of, and full operation and maintenance responsibility for, such Owner Utility.
- 13 <u>Design Changes</u>. The Developer and the Design-Build Contractor will be responsible for additional Adjustment design and the Design-Build Contractor will be responsible for additional construction costs necessitated by design changes to the Facility, upon the terms specified herein.
- Field Modifications. The Developer and the Design-Build Contractor shall provide the Owner with documentation of any field modifications, including Utility Adjustment Field Modifications as well as minor changes described in Paragraph 16(b), occurring in the Adjustment of the Owner Utilities.

#### 15 **Real Property Interests.**

- (a) The Owner has provided, or upon execution of this Agreement shall promptly provide to the Design-Build Contractor, documentation acceptable to TxDOT indicating any right, title or interest in real property claimed by the Owner with respect to the Owner Utilities in their existing location(s). Such claims are subject to TxDOT's approval as part of its review of the Developer and Design-Build Contractor Utility Assembly as described in Paragraph 2. Claims approved by TxDOT as to rights or interests are referred to herein as "Existing Interests".
- (b) If acquisition of any new easement or other interest in real property ("New Interest") is necessary for the Adjustment of any Owner Utilities, then the Owner shall be responsible for undertaking such acquisition. The Owner shall implement each acquisition hereunder expeditiously so that related Adjustment construction can proceed in accordance with the Developer's and the Design-Build Contractor's Facility schedules. The Design-Build Contractor shall be responsible for its share (as specified in Paragraph 4) of the actual and reasonable acquisition costs of any such New Interest (including without limitation the Owner's reasonable overhead charges and reasonable legal costs as well as compensation paid to the landowner), excluding any costs attributable to Betterment as described in Paragraph 15(c), and subject to the provisions of Paragraph 15(e); provided, however, that all acquisition costs shall be subject to the Design-Build Contractor's prior written approval. Eligible acquisition costs shall be segregated from other costs on the Owner's estimates and invoices. Any such New Interest shall have a written valuation and shall be acquired in accordance with applicable law.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 10 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

- (c) The Design-Build Contractor shall pay its share only for a replacement in kind of an Existing Interest (e.g., in width and type), unless a New Interest exceeding such standard (i) is required in order to accommodate the Facility or by compliance with applicable law, or (ii) is called for by the Design-Build Contractor in the interest of overall Facility economy. Any New Interest which is not the Design-Build Contractor's responsibility pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be considered a Betterment to the extent that it upgrades the Existing Interest which it replaces, or in its entirety if the related Owner Utility was not installed pursuant to an Existing Interest. Betterment costs shall be solely the Owner's responsibility.
- (d) For each Existing Interest located within the final Facility right of way, upon completion of the related Adjustment work and its acceptance by the Owner, the Owner agrees to execute a quitclaim deed or other appropriate documentation relinquishing such Existing Interest to TxDOT, unless the affected Owner Utility is remaining in its original location or is being reinstalled in a new location within the area subject to such Existing Interest. All quitclaim deeds or other relinquishment documents shall be subject to TxDOT's approval as part of its review of the Utility Assembly as described in Paragraph 2. For each such Existing Interest relinquished by the Owner, the Design-Build Contractor shall do one of the following to compensate the Owner for such Existing Interest, as appropriate:
- (e) (i) If the Owner acquires a New Interest for the affected Owner Utility, the Design-Build Contractor shall reimburse the Owner for the Design-Build Contractor's share of the Owner's actual and reasonable acquisition costs in accordance with Paragraph 15(b), subject to Paragraph 15(c); or
  - (ii) If the Owner does not acquire a New Interest for the affected Owner Utility, the Design-Build Contractor shall compensate the Owner for the Design-Build Contractor's share of the fair market value of such relinquished Existing Interest, as mutually agreed between the Owner and the Design-Build Contractor and supported by a written valuation.

The compensation provided to the Owner pursuant to either subparagraph (i) or subparagraph (ii) above shall constitute complete compensation to the Owner for the relinquished Existing Interest and any New Interest, and no further compensation shall be due to the Owner from the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor or TxDOT on account of such Existing Interest or New Interest(s).

- (f) The Owner shall execute a Utility Joint Use Acknowledgment (TxDOT-U-80A) for each Adjustment where required pursuant to TxDOT policies. All Utility Joint Use Acknowledgments shall be subject to TxDOT approval as part of its review of the Utility Assembly as described in Paragraph 2.
- Amendments and Modifications. This Agreement may be amended or modified only by a written instrument executed by the parties hereto, in accordance with Paragraph 16(a) or Paragraph 16(b) below.
  - (a) Except as otherwise provided in Paragraph 16(b), any amendment or modification to this Agreement or the Plans attached hereto shall be implemented by a Utility Adjustment Agreement Amendment ("UAAA") in the form of

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 11 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

Exhibit B hereto (TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-DM). The UAAA form can be used for a new scope of work with concurrence of the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and TxDOT as long as the Design and Construction responsibilities have not changed. Each UAAA is subject to the review and approval of TxDOT, prior to its becoming effective for any purpose and prior to any work being initiated thereunder. The Owner agrees to keep and track costs for each UAAA separately from other work being performed.

(b) For purposes of this Paragraph 16(b), "Utility Adjustment Field Modification" shall mean any horizontal or vertical design change from the Plans included in a Utility Assembly previously approved by TxDOT, due either to design of the Facility or to conditions not accurately reflected in the approved Utility Assembly (e.g., shifting the alignment of an 8 in. water line to miss a modified or new roadway drainage structure). A Utility Adjustment Field Modification agreed upon by the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and the Owner does not require a UAAA, provided that the modified Plans have been submitted to TxDOT for its review and comment. A minor change (e.g., an additional water valve, an added utility marker at a ROW line, a change in vertical bend, etc.) will not be considered a Utility Adjustment Field Modification and will not require a UAAA, but shall be shown in the documentation required pursuant to Paragraph 14.

# 17 **Relationship of the Parties**.

- (a) Although some of the duties described in this Agreement are assigned specifically to either the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor, the obligation under this Agreement to design and construct the Facility at the Developer's or Design-Build Contractor's expense, including the Adjustment, is jointly shared by the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor. To the extent Design-Build Contractor fails to perform an express duty or obligation of this Agreement, the Developer is authorized and obligated to provide such performance. Nothing in this Paragraph 17(a) however, alters or shall be construed in any way to alter the obligations, responsibilities, benefits, rights, remedies, and claims between Developer and the Design-Build Contractor under the Design-Build Contract to perform and pay for the Adjustment.
- (b) Except as provided in Paragraph 17(a) above, this Agreement does not in any way, and shall not be construed to, create a principal/agent or joint venture relationship between the Owner and the other parties hereto and under no circumstances shall the Owner, the Design-Build Contractor or the Developer be considered as or represent itself to be an agent of another.
- (c) Neither this Agreement nor the Design-Build Contract alters, or shall be construed in any way to alter the obligations, responsibilities, benefits, rights, remedies, and claims between the Developer and TxDOT under the CDA to design and construct the Facility, including the Adjustment.
- 18 **Entire Agreement**. This Agreement embodies the entire agreement between the parties and there are no oral or written agreements between the parties or any representations made which are not expressly set forth herein.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 12 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

Assignment; Binding Effect; TxDOT as Third Party Beneficiary. None of the Owner, the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor may assign any of its rights or delegate any of its duties under this Agreement without the prior written consent of the other parties and of TxDOT, which consent may not be unreasonably withheld or delayed; provided, however, that the Developer and the Design-Builder may assign any of their rights and/or delegate any of their duties to TxDOT or to any other entity engaged by TxDOT to fulfill the Developer's obligations under the CDA, at any time without the prior consent of the Owner.

This Agreement shall bind the Owner, the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and their successors and permitted assigns, and nothing in this Agreement nor in any approval subsequently provided by any party hereto shall be construed as giving any benefits, rights, remedies, or claims to any other person, firm, corporation or other entity, including, without limitation, any contractor or other party retained for the Adjustment work or the public in general; provided, however, that the Owner, the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor agree that although TxDOT is not a party to this Agreement, TxDOT is intended to be a third-party beneficiary to this Agreement.

#### 20 **Breach by the Parties**.

- (a) If the Owner claims that the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor (the "Defaulting Party") has breached any of its obligations under this Agreement, the Owner will notify the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and TxDOT in writing of such breach, and the Defaulting Party shall have 30 days following receipt of such notice in which to cure such breach, before the Owner may invoke any remedies which may be available to it as a result of such breach; provided, however, that both during and after such period TxDOT shall have the right, but not the obligation, to cure any breach by the Defaulting Party. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, (a) TxDOT shall have no liability to the Owner for any act or omission committed by the Defaulting Party in connection with this Agreement, including without limitation any reimbursement owed to the Owner hereunder and any claimed defect in any design or construction work supplied by the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor or by its contractors, and (b) in no event shall TxDOT be responsible for any repairs or maintenance to the Owner Utilities Adjusted pursuant to this Agreement.
- (b) If the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor claims that the Owner has breached any of its obligations under this Agreement, the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor will notify the Owner and TxDOT in writing of such breach, and the Owner shall have 30 days following receipt of such notice in which to cure such breach, before the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor may invoke any remedies which may be available to it as a result of such breach.
- Traffic Control. The Design-Build Contractor shall provide traffic control or shall reimburse the Owner for the Design-Build Contractor's share (if any, as specified in Paragraph 4) of the costs for traffic control made necessary by the Adjustment work performed by either the Design-Build Contractor or the Owner pursuant to this Agreement, in compliance with the requirements of the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices. Betterment percentages calculated in Paragraph 9 shall also apply to traffic control costs.
- Notices. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, all notices or communications pursuant to this Agreement shall be sent or delivered to the following:

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 13 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

771	$\sim$
Ihe	Owner:
1110	OWILLI.

Phone: Fax:

The Developer:

Phone: Fax:

The Design-Build Contractor:

Phone: Fax:

A party sending a notice of default of this Agreement to another party shall also send a copy of such notice to TxDOT and the CDA Utility Manager at the following addresses:

TxDOT: TxDOT Department of Transportation

Attention: TTA Right of Way

125 E. 11<sup>th</sup> Street

Austin, Texas 78701-2483 Phone: (512) 936-0980

CDA Utility Manager: PBSJ

Attention: Michael Crain

North Texas CDA Project Office

3301 W. Airport Freeway Bedford, Texas 76021 Phone: (817) 508-7602

Any notice or demand required herein shall be given (a) personally, (b) by certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, or (c) by reliable messenger or overnight courier to the appropriate address set forth above. Any notice served personally shall be deemed delivered upon receipt, and any notice served by certified or registered mail or by reliable messenger or overnight courier shall be deemed delivered on the date of receipt as shown on the addressee's registry or certification of receipt or on the date receipt is refused as shown on the records or manifest of the U.S. Postal Service or such courier. Any party may from time to time designate any other address for this purpose by written notice to all other parties; TxDOT may designate another address by written notice to all parties.

- Approvals. Any acceptance, approval, or any other like action (collectively "Approval") required or permitted to be given by either the Developer, the Design-Build Contractor, the Owner or TxDOT pursuant to this Agreement:
  - (a) Must be in writing to be effective (except if deemed granted pursuant hereto),
  - (b) Shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed; and if Approval is withheld, such withholding shall be in writing and shall state with specificity the reason for

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 14 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

withholding such Approval, and every effort shall be made to identify with as much detail as possible what changes are required for Approval, and

(c) Except for approvals by TxDOT, and except as may be specifically provided otherwise in this Agreement, shall be deemed granted if no response is provided to the party requesting an Approval within the time period prescribed by this Agreement (or if no time period is prescribed, then fourteen (14) calendar days), commencing upon actual receipt by the party from which an Approval is requested or required, of a request for Approval from the requesting party. All requests for Approval shall be sent out by the requesting party to the other party in accordance with Paragraph 22.

#### 24 **Time**.

- (a) Time is of the essence in the performance of this Agreement.
- (b) All references to "days" herein shall be construed to refer to calendar days, unless otherwise stated.
- (c) No party shall be liable to another party for any delay in performance under this Agreement from any cause beyond its control and without its fault or negligence ("Force Majeure"), such as acts of God, acts of civil or military authority, fire, earthquake, strike, unusually severe weather, floods or power blackouts.
- 25 <u>Continuing Performance</u>. In the event of a dispute, the Owner, the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor agree to continue their respective performance hereunder to the extent feasible in light of the dispute, including paying billings, and such continuation of efforts and payment of billings shall not be construed as a waiver of any legal right.
- Equitable Relief. The Developer, the Design-Build Contractor and the Owner acknowledge and agree that delays in Adjustment of the Owner Utilities will impact the public convenience, safety and welfare, and that (without limiting the parties' remedies hereunder) monetary damages would be inadequate to compensate for delays in the construction of the Facility. Consequently, the parties hereto (and TxDOT as well, as a third party beneficiary) shall be entitled to specific performance or other equitable relief in the event of any breach of this Agreement which threatens to delay construction of the Facility; provided, however, that the fact that specific performance or other equitable relief may be granted shall not prejudice any claims for payment or otherwise related to performance of the Adjustment work hereunder.
- Authority. The Owner, the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor each represents and warrants to the other parties that the warranting party possesses the legal authority to enter into this Agreement and that it has taken all actions necessary to exercise that authority and to lawfully authorize its undersigned signatory to execute this Agreement and to bind such party to its terms. Each person executing this Agreement on behalf of a party warrants that he or she is duly authorized to enter into this Agreement on behalf of such party and to bind it to the terms hereof.
- 28 <u>Cooperation</u>. The parties acknowledge that the timely completion of the Facility will be influenced by the ability of the Owner (and its contractors), the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor to coordinate their activities, communicate with each other, and respond promptly to reasonable requests. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Owner, the Developer and the Design-Builder agree to take all steps reasonably required to coordinate their

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 15 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

respective duties hereunder in a manner consistent with the Developer's and the Design-Build Contractor's current and future construction schedules for the Facility.

- <u>Termination</u>. If the Facility is canceled or modified so as to eliminate the necessity of the Adjustment work described herein, then the Developer shall notify the Owner and Design-Build Contractor in writing and the Developer reserves the right to thereupon terminate this Agreement. Upon such termination, the parties shall negotiate in good faith an amendment that shall provide mutually acceptable terms and conditions for handling the respective rights and liabilities of the parties relating to such termination.
- Nondiscrimination. Each party hereto agrees, with respect to the work performed by such party pursuant to this Agreement, that such party shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, sex, national origin or disability in the selection and/or retention of contractors and consultants, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment.
- Applicable Law, Jurisdiction and Venue. This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Texas, without regard to the conflict of laws principles thereof. Venue for any action brought to enforce this Agreement or relating to the relationship between any of the parties shall be the District Court of Travis County, Texas or the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas (Austin).
- Waiver of Consequential Damages. No party hereto shall be liable to any other party to this Agreement, whether in contract, tort, equity, or otherwise (including negligence, warranty, indemnity, strict liability, or otherwise,) for any punitive, exemplary, special, indirect, incidental, or consequential damages, including, without limitation, loss of profits or revenues, loss of use, claims of customers, or loss of business opportunity.
- <u>Captions</u>. The captions and headings of the various paragraphs of this Agreement are for convenience and identification only, and shall not be deemed to limit or define the content of their respective paragraphs.
- <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts. Each such counterpart hereof shall be deemed to be an original instrument but all such counterparts together shall constitute one and the same instrument.
- Effective Date. Except for the provisions of Paragraph 2(a) (which shall become effective immediately upon execution of this Agreement by the Owner, the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor without regard to TxDOT's signature), this Agreement shall become effective upon the later of (a) the date of signing by the last party (either the Owner, the Developer or the Design-Build Contractor) signing this Agreement, and (b) the date of TxDOT's approval as indicated by the signature of TxDOT's representative, below.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 16 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

# APPROVED BY: TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

#### **OWNER**

[Print Owner Name] Authorized Signature Duly Authorized Representative Printed Printed Name: Name: Title: Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: **DESIGN-BUILD CONTRACTOR DEVELOPER** By: \_\_\_ Duly Authorized Representative Duly Authorized Representative Printed Printed Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Name: Title: Date: Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 17 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

> County: ROW CSJ No.: Const. CSJ No.: Highway: Limits: Fed. Proj. No.:

# EXHIBIT A

# PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, COST ESTIMATES AND ALLOCATION

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35-DM-NTE Page 18 of 18 Rev. 01/06/11

> County: ROW CSJ No.: Const. CSJ No.: Highway: Limits: Fed. Proj. No.:

# **EXHIBIT B**

# UTILITY ADJUSTMENT AGREEMENT AMENDMENT (TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-DM)

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-OM-NTE Page 1 of 5 Rev. 05/06/10

> County: Highway: Limits: Fed. Proj. No.: ROW CSJ No.:

Const. No.:	UTILITY ADJUSTM	ENT AGREEMENT AMEN	DMENT (Owner Managed)
	(Amendment No.	to Agreement No.: -U-	)
THIS AMEND		LITY ADJUSTMENT AGRE	
"Amendment"),	by and between	, hereinafter ide	entified as the "Developer",
		tified as the "Design-Build Co	ntractor" and,
hereinafter ident	ified as the "Owner", is as fo	ollows:	

#### WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the STATE of TEXAS, acting by and through the Texas Department of Transportation, hereinafter identified as "TxDOT", proposes to construct the turnpike project identified above (the "Facility", as more particularly described in the "Original Agreement", defined below); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain Comprehensive Development Agreement ("CDA") by and between TxDOT and the Developer with respect to the Facility, the Developer has undertaken the obligation to design, construct, finance, operate and maintain the Facility, including causing the removal, relocation, or other necessary adjustment of existing utilities impacted by the Facility (collectively, "Adjustment"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain Design-Build Contract by and between the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor with respect to the Facility (the "Design-Build Contract"), the Design-Build Contractor has undertaken the obligation to design and construct the Facility, which includes the Adjustment; and

WHEREAS, the Owner, the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor are parties to that certain executed Project Utility Adjustment Agreement designated by the "Agreement No." indicated above, as amended by previous amendments, if any (the "Original Agreement"), which provides for the adjustment of certain utilities owned and/or operated by the Owner (the "Utilities"); and

WHEREAS, the parties are required to utilize this Amendment form in order to modify the Original Agreement to add the adjustment of Owner utilities facilities not covered by the Original Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the parties desire to amend the Original Agreement to add additional Owner utility facility(ies), on the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in consideration of the agreements contained herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. **Amendment.** The Original Agreement is hereby amended as follows:
  - (a) The description of the Owner Utilities and the proposed Adjustment of the Owner Utilities in the Original Agreement is hereby amended to add the following facility(ies) ("Additional Owner Utilities") and proposed Adjustment(s) [insert below a description of the affected facilities (by type, size and location) as well as a brief description of the

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-OM-NTE Page 2 of 5 Rev. 05/06/10

nature of the Adjustment work to be performed (e.g., "adjust 12" waterline from approximately Highway Station 100+00 to approximately Highway Station 200+00")]:

- (b) The Plans, as defined in Paragraph 1 of the Original Agreement, are hereby amended to add thereto the plans, specifications and cost estimates attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- (c) The Plans attached hereto as Exhibit A, along with this Amendment, shall be submitted upon execution to TxDOT in accordance with Paragraph 2 of the Original Agreement, and Paragraph 2 shall apply to this Amendment and the Plans attached hereto in the same manner as if this Amendment were the Original Agreement. If the Owner claims an Existing Interest for any of the Additional Owner Utilities, documentation with respect to such claim shall be submitted to TxDOT as part of this Amendment and the attached Plans, in accordance with Paragraph 16(a) of the Original Agreement.

(d)		uph 4(f) of the Original Agreement is hereby amended to add the following e for the Adjustment of the Additional Owner Utilities [check one box that ]:		
		Owner shall complete all of the utility reconstruction and relocation work, including final testing and acceptance thereof, on or before, 20		
		Owner shall complete all of the utility reconstruction and relocation work, including final testing and acceptance thereof, within calendar days after delivery to Owner of a notice to proceed by Design-Builder.		
(e) For purposes of Paragraph 5(b) of the Original Agreement, the Owner's costs ass with Adjustment of the Additional Owner Utilities shall be developed pursuan method checked and described below, [check only one box]:				
		(1) Actual costs accumulated in accordance with a work order accounting procedure prescribed by the applicable Federal or State regulatory body ("Actual Cost"); or		
		(2) Actual costs accumulated in accordance with an established accounting procedure developed by the Owner and which the Owner uses in its regular operations ("Actual Cost"); or		
		(3) The agreed sum of \$("Agreed Sum"), as supported by the analysis of estimated costs attached hereto as part of Exhibit A		

- (f) For purposes of Paragraph 6 of the Original Agreement, responsibility for the Agreed Sum or Actual Cost, as applicable, of all Adjustment work to be performed pursuant to this Amendment shall be allocated between the Design-Build Contractor and the Owner as identified in Exhibit A and in accordance with §203.092 of the Texas Transportation Code. An allocation percentage may be determined by application of an Eligibility Ratio, if appropriate, as detailed in Exhibit A; provided, however, that any portion of an Agreed Sum or Actual Cost attributable to Betterment shall be allocated 100% to the Owner in accordance with Paragraph 10 of the Original Agreement.
- (g) Paragraph 10(b) of the Original Agreement is hereby amended to add the following [Check the one box that applies]:

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-OM-NTE Page 3 of 5 Rev. 05/06/10

(h)

	The Adjustment of the Additional Owner Utilities, pursuant to the Plans as amended herein, does not include any Betterment.
	The Adjustment of the Additional Owner Utilities, pursuant to the Plans as amended herein, includes Betterment to the Additional Owner Utilities by reason of <i>[insert explanation, e.g. "replacing 12" pipe with 24" pipe]:</i> The Owner has provided to the Design-Builder comparative estimates for (i) all costs for work to be performed by the Owner pursuant to this Amendment, including work attributable to the Betterment, and (ii) the cost to perform such work without the Betterment, which estimates are hereby approved by the Design-Builder. The estimated amount of the Owner's costs for work under this Agreement which is attributable to Betterment is \$, calculated by subtracting (ii) from (i). The percentage of the total cost of the Owner's work hereunder which is attributable to Betterment is, calculated by subtracting (ii) from (i) which remainder shall be divided by (i).
The fo	ollowing shall apply to any Betterment described in Paragraph 1(g) of this liment:
of du	the Owner's costs are developed under procedure (3) described in Paragraph 1(e) this Amendment, then the agreed sum stated in that Paragraph includes any credits to the Design-Builder on account of the identified Betterment, and no further ustment shall be made on account of same.
(ii) If the Owner's costs are developed under procedure (1) or (2) described in Paragraph 1(e) of this Amendment, the parties agree as follows [check the <u>one</u> appropriate provision]:	
	The estimated cost stated in Paragraph 1(g) of this Amendment is the agreed and final amount due for Betterment under this Amendment. Accordingly, each intermediate invoice submitted for Adjustment(s) of the Additional Owner Utilities pursuant to Paragraph 7(b) of the Original Agreement shall credit the Design-Build Contractor with an appropriate amount of the agreed Betterment amount, proportionate to the percentage of completion reflected in such invoice. The final invoice submitted for Adjustment(s) of the Additional Owner Utilities pursuant to Paragraph 7(a) of the Original Agreement shall reflect the full amount of the agreed Betterment credit. For each invoice described in this paragraph, the credit for Betterment shall be applied before calculating the Developer's share (pursuant to Paragraph 1(e) of this Amendment) of the cost of the Adjustment work. No other adjustment (either up or down) shall be made based on actual Betterment costs.
	The Owner is responsible for the actual cost of the identified Betterment, determined by multiplying (a) the Betterment percentage stated in Paragraph 1(g) of this Amendment, by (b) the actual cost of all work performed by the Owner pursuant to this Amendment (including work attributable to the Betterment), as invoiced by the Owner to the Design-Build Contractor. Accordingly, each invoice submitted for Adjustment of the Additional Owner Utilities pursuant to either Paragraph 7(a) or Paragraph 7(b) of the Original Agreement shall credit the Design-Build Contractor with an amount calculated by multiplying (x) the Betterment percentage stated in Paragraph 1(g) of this Amendment, by (y) the amount billed on such invoice.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-OM-NTE Page 4 of 5 Rev. 05/06/10

- (i) The determinations and calculations of Betterment described in this Amendment shall exclude right-of-way acquisition costs. Betterment in connection with right-of-way acquisition is addressed in Paragraph 16 of the Original Agreement.
- (j) Owner and the Design-Build Contractor agree to refer to this Amendment, designated by the "Amendment No." and "Agreement number" indicated on page 1 above, on all future correspondence regarding the Adjustment work that is the subject of this Amendment and to track separately all costs relating to this Amendment and the Adjustment work described herein.
- (k) [Include any other proposed amendments in compliance with the applicable law.]

### 2. General.

- (a) All capitalized terms used in this Amendment shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Original Agreement, except as otherwise stated herein.
- (b) This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts. Each such counterpart hereof shall be deemed to be an original instrument but all such counterparts together shall constitute one and the same instrument.
- (c) Except as amended hereby, the Original Agreement shall remain in full force and effect. In no event shall the responsibility, as between the Owner and the Design-Build Contractor, for the preparation of the Plans and the Adjustment of the Owner Utilities be deemed to be amended hereby.
- (d) This Amendment shall become effective upon the later of (a) the date of signing by the last party (either the Owner, the Design-Build Contractor, or the Developer) signing this Amendment, and (b) the completion of TxDOT's review and approval as indicated by the signature of TxDOT's representative, below.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-OM-NTE Page 5 of 5 Rev. 05/06/10

Date:

APPROVED BY:	OWNER
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	[Print Owner Name]
By:  Authorized Signature  Printed  Name:	By: Duly Authorized Representative  Printed Name:
Texas Turnpike Authority Division	Title:
Date:	Date:
DESIGN-BUILD CONTRACTOR	DEVELOPER
By:	By: Duly Authorized Representative
Printed	Printed
Name:	Name:
Title:	Title:
	_

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-DM -NTE Page 1 of 7 Rev. 01/07/11

> County: Highway: Limits: Fed. Proj. No.: ROW CSJ No.: Const. CSJ No.:

### UTILITY ADJUSTMENT AGREEMENT AMENDMENT (Developer Managed)

(Amendment No.: -U-\_\_\_\_)

THIS AMENDMENT TO PROJECT UTILITY A	ADJUSTMENT AGREEMENT (this
"Amendment"), by and between	, hereinafter identified as the
"Developer",	, hereinafter identified as the "Design-Build
Contractor" and , hereinafter identified as the	"Owner", is as follows:

### WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, the STATE of TEXAS, acting by and through the Texas Department of Transportation, hereinafter identified as "TxDOT", proposes to construct the turnpike project identified above (the "Facility", as more particularly described in the "Original Agreement", defined below); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain Comprehensive Development Agreement ("CDA") by and between TxDOT and the Developer with respect to the Facility, the Developer has undertaken the obligation to design, construct, finance, operate and maintain the Facility, including causing the removal, relocation, or other necessary adjustment of existing utilities impacted by the Facility (collectively, "Adjustment"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to that certain Design-Build Contract by and between the Developer and the Design-Build Contractor with respect to the Facility (the "Design-Build Contract"), the Design-Build Contractor has undertaken the obligation to design and construct the Facility, which includes the Adjustment; and

WHEREAS, the Owner, the Developer, and the Design-Build Contractor are parties to that certain executed Project Utility Adjustment Agreement designated by the "Agreement No." indicated above, as amended by previous amendments, if any (the "Original Agreement"), which provides for the adjustment of certain utilities owned and/or operated by the Owner (the "Utilities"); and

WHEREAS, the parties are required to utilize this Amendment form in order to modify the Original Agreement to add the adjustment of Owner facilities not covered by the Original Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the parties desire to amend the Original Agreement to add additional Owner utility facility(ies), on the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in consideration of the agreements contained herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. **Amendment.** The Original Agreement is hereby amended as follows:
  - 1.1 Plans.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-DM-NTE Page 2 of 6 Rev. 08/26/10

- (a) The description of the Owner Utilities and the proposed Adjustment of the Owner Utilities in the Original Agreement is hereby amended to add the following utility facility(ies) ("Additional Owner Utilities") and proposed Adjustment(s) to the Owner Utilities described in the Original Agreement [insert below a description of the affected facilities (by type, size and location) as well as a brief description of the nature of the Adjustment work to be performed (e.g., "adjust 12" waterline from approximately Highway Station 100+00 to approximately Highway Station 200+00)]; and
- (b) The Plans, as defined in Paragraph 1 of the Original Agreement, are hereby amended to add thereto the plans, specifications and cost estimates attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- (c) The Plans attached hereto as Exhibit A, along with this Amendment, shall be submitted upon execution to TxDOT in accordance with Paragraph 2 of the Original Agreement, and Paragraph 2 shall apply to this Amendment and the Plans attached hereto in the same manner as if this Amendment were the Original Agreement. If the Owner claims an Existing Interest for any of the Additional Owner Utilities, documentation with respect to such claim shall be submitted to TxDOT as part of this Amendment and the attached Plans, in accordance with Paragraph 15(a) of the Original Agreement.
- 1.2 <u>Reimbursement of Owner's Indirect Costs.</u> For purposes of Paragraph 6 of the Original Agreement, the following terms apply to the Additional Owner Utilities and proposed Adjustment:
  - (a) Design-Build Contractor agrees to reimburse the Owner its share of the Owner's indirect costs (e.g., engineering, inspection, testing, ROW) as identified in Exhibit A. When requested by the Owner, monthly progress payments will be made. The monthly payment will not exceed 80% of the estimated indirect work done to date. Once the indirect work is complete, final payment of the eligible indirect costs will be made. Intermediate payments shall not be construed as final payment for any items included in the intermediate payment.

(b)	ner's indirect costs associated with Adjustment of the Owner Utilities shall be ed pursuant to the method checked and described below [check only one box]:
	Actual related indirect costs accumulated in accordance with (i) a work order accounting procedure prescribed by the applicable Federal or State regulatory body, or (ii) established accounting procedure developed by the Owner and which the Owner uses in its regular operations or,
	(2) The agreed sum of \$ ("Agreed Sum") as supported by the analysis

of the Owner's estimated costs attached hereto as part of Exhibit A.

### 1.3 Advancement of Funds by Owner for Construction Costs.

(a) Advancement of Owner's Share, if any, of Estimated Costs

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-DM-NTE Page 3 of 6 Rev. 08/26/10

Exhibit A shall identify all estimated engineering and construction-related costs, including labor, material, equipment and other miscellaneous construction items. Exhibit A shall also identify the Owner's and Design-Build Contractor's respective shares of the estimated costs.

	shares of the estimated costs.
	The Owner shall advance to the Design-Build Contractor its allocated share, if any, of the estimated costs for construction and engineering work to be performed by Design-Build Contractor, in accordance with the following terms:
	The adjustment of the Owner's Utilities does not require advancement of funds.
	The adjustment of the Owner's Utilities does require advancement of funds and the terms agreed to between the Design-Build Contractor and Owner are listed below.
	[Insert terms of advance funding to be agreed between Design-Build Contractor and Owner.]
(b)	Adjustment Based on Actual Costs or Agreed Sum
	[Check the <u>one</u> appropriate provision, if advancement of funds is required]:
	The Owner is responsible for its share of the Design-Build Contractor's actual cost for the Adjustment, including the identified Betterment. Accordingly, upon completion of all Adjustment work to be performed by both parties pursuant to this Amendment, (i) the Owner shall pay to the Design-Build Contractor the amount, if any, by which the actual cost of the Betterment (as determined in Paragraph 9(b)) plus the actual cost of Owner's share of the Adjustment (based on the allocation set forth in Exhibit A) exceeds the estimated cost advanced by the Owner, or (ii) the Design-Build Contractor shall refund to the Owner the amount, if any, by which such advance exceeds such actual cost, as applicable.
	The Agreed Sum is the agreed and final amount due for the Adjustment, including any Betterment, under this Amendment. Accordingly, no adjustment (either up or down) of such amount shall be made based on actual costs.
	terms apply to the Additional Owner Utilities and proposed Adjustment:
(a)	Design-Build Contractor agrees to reimburse the Owner its share of the Owner's indirect costs (e.g., engineering, inspection, testing, ROW) as identified in Exhibit A. When requested by the Owner, monthly progress payments will be made. The monthly payment will not exceed 80% of the estimated indirect work done to date. Once the indirect work is complete, final payment of the eligible indirect costs will be made. Intermediate payments shall not be construed as final payment for any items included in the intermediate payment.
(b)	The Owner's indirect costs associated with Adjustment of the Owner Utilities shall be developed pursuant to the method checked and described below [check only one box]:
	(1) Actual related indirect costs accumulated in accordance with (i) a work order accounting procedure prescribed by the applicable Federal or State

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-DM-NTE Page 4 of 6 Rev. 08/26/10

			Owner and which the Owner uses in its regular operations or,
			(2) The agreed sum of \$ ("Agreed Sum") as supported by the analysis of the Owner's estimated costs attached hereto as part of Exhibit A.
1.4	Agreer work t Contra Texas Eligibi Agreed	ment, restored to be per ctor and Transpolity Ration of the control of the contro	for Costs of Adjustment Work. For purposes of Paragraph 4 of the Original sponsibility for the Agreed Sum or Actual Cost, as applicable, of all Adjustment formed pursuant to this Amendment shall be allocated between the Design-Build the Owner as identified in Exhibit A hereto and in accordance with §203.092, retation Code. An allocation percentage may be determined by application of an o, if appropriate, as detailed in Exhibit A, provided however, that any portion of an reactual Cost attributable to Betterment shall be allocated 100% to the Owner in h Paragraph 9 of the Original Agreement.
1.5	<u>Better</u>	ment.	
	(a)	_	aph 9(b) (Betterment and Salvage) of the Original Agreement is hereby amended the following [Check the one box that applies, and complete if appropriate]:
			The Adjustment of the Additional Owner Utilities, pursuant to the Plans as amended herein, does not include any Betterment.
			The Adjustment of the Additional Owner Utilities, pursuant to the Plans as amended herein, includes Betterment to the Additional Owner Utilities by reason of [insert explanation, e.g. "replacing 12" pipe with 24" pipe]: The Design-Build Contractor has provided to the Owner comparative estimates for (i) all work to be performed by the Design-Build Contractor pursuant to this Amendment, including work attributable to the Betterment, and (ii) the cost to perform such work without the Betterment, which estimates are hereby approved by the Owner. The estimated cost of the Design-Build Contractor's work under this Amendment which is attributable to Betterment is \$, calculated by subtracting (ii) from (i). The percentage of the total cost of the Design-Build Contractor's work under this Amendment which is attributable to Betterment is, calculated by subtracting (ii) from (i), which remainder is divided by (i).
	(b)	Design comme estimat Amend or befor comme	above Paragraph 1.5(a) identifies Betterment, the Owner shall advance to the a-Build Contractor, at least <b>fourteen (14) days</b> prior to the date scheduled for encement of construction for Adjustment of the Additional Owner Utilities, the ted cost attributable to Betterment as set forth in Paragraph 1.5(a) of this liment. If the Owner fails to advance payment to the Design-Build Contractor on one the foregoing deadline, the Design-Build Contractor shall have the option of encing and completing (without delay) the Adjustment work without installation of olicable Betterment. [Check the one appropriate provision]:
			The estimated cost stated in Paragraph 1.5(a) of this Amendment is the agreed and final amount due for Betterment under this Amendment, and accordingly no adjustment (either up or down) of such amount shall be made based on actual costs.

- The Owner is responsible for the Design-Build Contractor's actual cost for the identified Betterment. Accordingly, upon completion of all Adjustment work to be performed by both parties pursuant to this Amendment, (i) the Owner shall pay to the Design-Build Contractor the amount, if any, by which the actual cost of the Betterment (determined as provided below in this paragraph) exceeds the estimated cost advanced by the Owner, or (ii) the Design-Build Contractor shall refund to the Owner the amount, if any, by which such advance exceeds such actual cost, as applicable. Any additional payment by the Owner shall be due within sixty (60) days after the Owner's receipt of the Design-Build Contractor's invoice therefor, together with supporting documentation; any refund shall be due within sixty (60) days after completion of the Adjustment work under this The actual cost of Betterment incurred by the Design-Build Amendment. Contractor shall be calculated by multiplying (i) the Betterment percentage stated in Paragraph 1.5(a) of this Amendment, by (ii) the actual cost of all work performed by the Design-Build Contractor pursuant to this Amendment (including work attributable to the Betterment), as invoiced by the Design-Build Contractor to the Owner.
- (c) The determinations and calculations of Betterment described in this Amendment shall exclude right-of-way acquisition costs. Betterment in connection with right-of-way acquisition is addressed in Paragraph 15 of the Original Agreement.

### 1.6 **Miscellaneous.**

- (a) Owner and Design-Build Contractor agree to refer to this Amendment, designated by the "Amendment No." and "Agreement Number" indicated on page 1 above, on all future correspondence regarding the Adjustment work that is the subject of this Amendment and to track separately all costs relating to this Amendment and the Adjustment work described herein.
- (b) [Include any other proposed amendments allowed by applicable law.]

### 2. General.

- (a) All capitalized terms used in this Amendment shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Original Agreement, except as otherwise stated herein.
- (b) This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts. Each such counterpart hereof shall be deemed to be an original instrument but all such counterparts together shall constitute one and the same instrument.
- (c) Except as amended hereby, the Original Agreement shall remain in full force and effect. In no event shall the responsibility, as between the Owner and the Design-Build Contractor, for the preparation of the Plans and the Adjustment of the Owner Utilities be deemed to be amended hereby.
- (d) This Amendment shall become effective upon the later of (a) the date of signing by the last party (either the Owner, the Design-Build Contractor or the Developer) signing this Amendment, and (b) the completion of TxDOT's review and approval as indicated by the signature of TxDOT's representative, below.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-CDA-U-35A-DM-NTE Page 6 of 6 Rev. 08/26/10

APPROVED BY: TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	OWNER  [Print Owner Name]
By:Authorized Signature	By:
Printed Name:	Printed Name:
Title:	
Date:	Date:
DESIGN-BUILD CONTRACTOR	DEVELOPER
By:	By: Duly Authorized Representative
Duly Authorized Representative	
Printed Name:	Printed Name:
Title:	
Date:	D.

Notice of Confidentiality Rights: If you are a natural person, you may remove or strike any of the following information from this instrument before it is filed for record in the public records: your Social Security Number or your Driver's License Number.



### **QUITCLAIM DEED**

THE STATE OF TEXAS	§ s	
COUNTY OF	§ § §	KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:
more, for and in consideration of the sur consideration to Grantors in hand paid Transportation Commission, the receipt of retained, either expressed or implied, have and forever Quitclaim unto the State of Te and to that certain tract or parcel of land	m of by the of which e Quitclai exas all o d, situate	s, hereinafter referred to as Grantors, whether one or Dollars (\$ ) and other good and valuable State of Texas, acting by and through the Texas is hereby acknowledged, and for which no lien is med and do by these presents Bargain, Sell, Release f Grantors' right, title, interest, claim and demand in ed in the County of , State of Texas, more to and incorporated herein for any and all purposes.
Type in District description of acquisition l	here.	
TO HAVE AND TO HOLD for said purp appurtenances thereto in any manner belon		gether with all and singular the rights, privileges, and the said State of Texas forever.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this instrumen	nt is exec	euted on this the day of , .

Acknowled	lgement	
State of Texas County of		
This instrument was acknowledged before me on		
by		
	Notary Public's Signature	
Corporate Ack	nowledgment	
State of Texas County of		
This instrument was acknowledged before me on		
by		
	,	
of	, a	
corporation, on behalf of said corporation.		
	Notary Public's Signature	
	1 total y 1 dolle 5 Digitatale	

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-U1 Page 1 of 2 Rev. 01/13/11	County: CSJ No.: Highway: Limits:
	Fed. Proj. No.:ROW Acct. No.:
AI	FFIDAVIT
Agreement No. TxDC	OT-U
THE STATE OF TEXAS	
COUNTY OF	
Texas Department of Transportation, herein call highway improvements on Highway  WHEREAS, it is anticipated that the hereinabout	
described locations:	
	and;
WHEREAS, TxDOT has requested that the Ow that Owner hold in lands at each of the hereinab	wner furnish to TxDOT information relative to interests ove referenced locations;
	ndersigned authority, this day personally appeared eing by me duly sworn, did depose and say:
That he/she is such, has knowledge of the facts contained herei	in, and of and, as

That, to the best of his/her knowledge, said **Owner** is the owner of the following described interests in the hereinabove-indicated lands, copies of the instruments under which said **Owner** claims said interests being attached hereto and made a part hereof.

Texas Department of Transportation Form TxDOT-U1 Page 2 of 2 Rev. 1/13/11

	Signat	ure
	Title	
	Comp	any
Sworn to and subscribed before me this	day of	, A.D. 20
	Notary Public, State	of Texas
My Commission expires:		

# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION

**Design-Build Project** 

**PROJECT** 

ATTACHMENT 8-1
TRAFFIC DATA

August 22, 2014

El Paso District											Septembe	
								_	Single	Axle L	of Equivalent 18 oad Applications	
			1	Poss	Year			Percent	One D		n Expected for a ar Period	
	Avorse	e Daily	Dir	Dase		cent		Tandem			to 2035)	
Description of Location	_	affic	Dist	к		icks	ATHWLD	Axles in	Flexible	s	Rigid	SLAB
Description of Ecoation	2015	2035	%	Factor	ADT	DHV		ATHWLD	Pavement	N	Pavement	
Border Highway West (BHW) Project												
Loop 375, East of Downtown (East of Coles St)	41,400	57,000	53 - 47	8.4	9.1	6.0	14,500	50	12,637,000	3	16,588,000	8"
El Paso County								:				
Data for Use in Air & Noise Analysis												
Base Year												
Vehicle Class	% of	ADT	% of	DHV								
Light Duty	90	).9		94.0								
Medium Duty		.8		2.5								
Heavy Duty	5	.3	3.5									
									Single	Axle L	of Equivalent 18 oad Applications n Expected for a	
Emily Phiensplu Bond Decide Call				Base Year Perd				Percent			ar Period	
		e Daily	Dir			cent		Tandem			to 2045)	
Description of Location	2015	affic 2045	Dist %	K Factor	Tru ADT	DHV	ATHWLD	Axles in ATHWLD	Flexible Pavement	S N	Rigid Pavement	SLAB
Border Highway West (BHW) Project												
Loop 375, East of Downtown (East of Coles St)	41,400	64,600	53 - 47	8.4	9.1	6.0	14,600	50	20,420,000	3	26,805,000	8"
El Paso County												
		<u> </u>	L		1							

Description of Location	El Paga District											Septembe	
Description of Location	El Paso District										One Direction Expected for a		
Description of Location					Base								
Border Highway West (BHW) Project   Loop 375, South of Downtown (Between Campbell St & Coles St)   11,600   22,700   53 - 47   8.4   7.7   5.1   12,800   70   3,733,000   3   4,897,000				l 1					1		<del>`</del>		SLAB
Border Highway West (BHW) Project   Loop 375, South of Downtown (Between Campbell St & Coles St)   11,600   22,700   53 - 47   8.4   7.7   5.1   12,800   70   3,733,000   3   4,897,000	Description of Location							ATHWLD					SLAD
Light Duty   Service   Light Duty   Light		2015	2035	<u></u> % _	Factor	ADI_	DHV		AINVLD	Faveillent	14	1 avenient	
Cop 375, South of Downtown (Between Campbell St & Coles St)		44.000	20.700	50 A7	0 /	77	5.1	12.800	70	3 733 000	3	4.897.000	8"
Data for Use in Air & Noise Analysis   Base Year   Wehicle Class   Wehicle Class   Percent   Percent   Tandem   Average Daily   Traffic   2015   2045   Reator   April Comp 375, South of Downtown (Between Campbell St & Coles St)   11,600   27,700   53 - 47   8.4   7.7   5.1   13,000   70   6,416,000   3   8,416,000   8   8   8   8   8   8   8   8   8		11,600	22,700	53 - 47	0.4	1.1	5.1	12,000	70	0,100,000		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Note   Section   Section	El Paso County												
Vehicle Class   Vehicle Cla	Data for Use in Air & Noise Analysis												
Light Duty   92.3   94.9			Base Y										
Medium Duty         3.2         2.1           Heavy Duty         3.2         2.1           Heavy Duty         3.2         2.1           Heavy Duty         3.0           Total Number of Equivalent 18k Single Axle Load Applications One Direction Expected for a 30 Year Period (2015 to 2045)           Traffic         Dist Traffic         K         Percent Trucks         ATHWLD         ATHWLD         AXles in ATHWLD         Flexible Pavement         S         Rigid Pavement           Border Highway West (BHW) Project         Loop 375, South of Downtown (Between Campbell St & Coles St)         11,600         27,700         53 - 47         8.4         7.7         5.1         13,000         70         6,416,000         3         8,416,000	Vehicle Class	% of	ADT	% of									
Medium Duty         3.2         2.1           Heavy Duty         4.5         3.0         Total Number of Equivalent 18k Single Axle Load Applications One Direction Expected for a 30 Year Period (2015 to 2045)           Description of Location         Average Daily Traffic Dist K Truts ATHWLD AND DHV         ATHWLD AND DHV         Flexible S Rigid Pavement         Flexible S Rigid Pavement           Border Highway West (BHW) Project (Between Campbell St & Coles St)         11,600         27,700         53 - 47         8.4         7.7         5.1         13,000         70         6,416,000         3         8,416,000	Light Duty												
Total Number of Equivalent 18k   Single Axle Load Applications   One Direction   Expected for a   30 Year Period	Medium Duty												
Single Axle Load Applications	Heavy Duty	4	.5	3	.0					Total No	ımher	of Equivalent 18	k
Average Daily   Dir   Dist   K   Trucks   ATHWLD   Axles in   Axles in   ATHWLD   Axles in   Axl										Single	Axle Le	oad Applications Expected for a	
Description of Location					Base	e Year			I	· ·			
Description of Location		1		1					I	Florible			SLAB
Border Highway West (BHW) Project   Loop 375, South of Downtown (Between Campbell St & Coles St)   11,600   27,700   53 - 47   8.4   7.7   5.1   13,000   70   6,416,000   3   8,416,000	Description of Location			4	'-			ATHWLD	I			_	SLAD
Loop 375, South of Downtown (Between Campbell St & Coles St)  11,600  27,700  53 - 47  8.4  7.7  5.1  13,000  70  6,416,000  3  8,416,000		2015	2045	<u> </u>	Factor	ADI	I DHV	R = 20 20	ATHVVLD	Favernent	- 1	Tavellion	
(Between Campbell St & Coles St)	Border Highway West (BHW) Project												
El Paso County		11,600	27,700	53 - 47	8.4	7.7	5.1	13,000	70	6,416,000	3	8,416,000	8"
	El Paso County					2				eg S			

September 7, 2012 El Paso District Total Number of Equivalent 18k Single Axle Load Applications One Direction Expected for a 20 Year Period Base Year Percent (2015 to 2035) Tandem Percent Average Daily Dir **SLAB** Flexible S Rigid Dist Κ Trucks **ATHWLD** Axles in Traffic **Description of Location** Ν Pavement ADT DHV **ATHWLD** Pavement 2015 2035 Factor Border Highway West (BHW) Project 8" 3 3.249.000 7.3 4.8 12,300 70 2.478.000 8.4 16,900 53 - 47 7.100 Managed Lanes (BHW): (South of Spur 1966) El Paso County Data for Use in Air & Noise Analysis Base Year % of DHV % of ADT **Vehicle Class** 95.2 92.7 **Light Duty** 3.1 2.0 **Medium Duty** 2.8 4.2 **Heavy Duty** Total Number of Equivalent 18k Single Axle Load Applications One Direction Expected for a 30 Year Period Percent Base Year (2015 to 2045) Tandem Percent Average Daily Dir S Rigid **SLAB** Flexible Trucks **ATHWLD** Axles in Dist Κ Traffic Description of Location Ν Pavement DHV **ATHWLD** Pavement ADT 2045 Factor 2015 Border Highway West (BHW) Project 8" 70 4,290,000 3 5,625,000 4.8 12,500 53 - 47 8.4 7.3 20,600 Managed Lanes (BHW): 7,100 (South of Spur 1966) El Paso County

El Paso District											Septembe	
×									Single	Axle Lo	of Equivalent 18 pad Applications n Expected for a	
				Base	Year			Percent			ar Period	
	Averag		Dir			cent		Tandem		_	to 2035)	T
Description of Location		affic	Dist	K		cks	ATHWLD	Axles in	Flexible	S	Rigid	SLAB
	2015	2035	%	Factor	ADT	DHV		ATHWLD	Pavement	N	Pavement	<u> </u>
Border Highway West (BHW) Project				į					:			
Managed Lanes (BHW): (South of Exec Center Blvd)	10,100	23,900	53 - 47	8.4	7.6	5.0	12,700	70	3,653,000	3	4,791,000	8"
El Paso County				!								
Data for Use in Air &	Noise Ana	alvsis							<u></u>			
		Base Y	'ear									
Vehicle Class	% of	ADT	% of	DHV								
Light Duty		2.4		5.0								
Medium Duty		.2		.1								
Heavy Duty	4	.4	2	.9					Total N	umbor	of Equivalent 18	
									Total Number of Equivalent 18k Single Axle Load Applications One Direction Expected for a			
	FF BUMB			Base	Year			Percent			ar Period	
		je Daily	Dir			cent		Tandem	(2015 to 2045)			1 01 4 5
Description of Location		affic	Dist %	K	Tru ADT	DHV	ATHWLD	Axles in ATHWLD	Flexible Pavement	S N	Rigid Pavement	SLAB
	2015	2045	<u>  %</u>	Factor	ADI		<u></u>	AIRIVED	Pavement		1 avenient	<del>                                     </del>
Border Highway West (BHW) Project												
Managed Lanes (BHW): (South of Exec Center Blvd)	10,100	29,100	53 - 47	8.4	7.6	5.0	12,900	70	6,318,000	3	8,286,000	8"
El Paso County												
		1				1	<u> </u>					

El Paso District										_	Septembe	
El Paso District									Single / One Di	Axle Lo	of Equivalent 18b oad Applications Expected for a	
				Base				Percent			ar Period	
	Averag		Dir		Pero			Tandem		(2015 S	to 2035) Rigid	SLAB
Description of Location	Tra		Dist	_ K	Tru		ATHWLD	Axles in ATHWLD	Flexible Pavement	N N	Pavement	SLAD
	2015	2035	%	Factor	ADT	DHV		ATHWLD	Pavement	14 1	Pavement	
Border Highway West (BHW) Project	00.000	22 200	53 - 47	8.4	8.8	5.8	13,600	60	7,019,000	3	9,212,000	8"
Managed Lanes (BHW): (North of Exec Center Blvd)	23,300	33,200	55 - 47	0.4	0.0	0.0	10,000		7,010,000		<b>,</b> ,	
El Paso County												
Data for Use in Air & Noise Analysis												
		Base Y										
Vehicle Class	% of	ADT		DHV								
Light Duty		.2		1.2								
Medium Duty		.7		.4								
Heavy Duty	5	.1	] 3	.4					Total No	ımher	of Equivalent 18	k
									Single	Axle La	e Load Applications tion Expected for a	
				Base				Percent Tandem	30 Year Period (2015 to 2045)			
	Averag		Dir	1/		cent icks	ATHWLD	Axles in	Flexible	(2013	Rigid	SLAB
Description of Location	2015	affic 2045	Dist %	K Factor	ADT	DHV	AIRWED	ATHWLD	Pavement	N	Pavement	
Border Highway West (BHW) Project	2015	2043	76	Tuotor	7,51	37.1						
Managed Lanes (BHW): (North of Exec Center Blvd)	23,300	38,000	53 - 47	8.4	8.8	5.8	13,700	60	11,423,000	3	14,992,000	8"
El Paso County		:		:								

El Paso District									Single	Axle Lo	September of Equivalent 18 pad Applications Expected for a	k
				Base	Year			Percent			ar Period	
	Averag	e Daily	Dir		Per	cent		Tandem		(2015	to 2035)	
Description of Location	Tra	affic	Dist	K	Tru		ATHWLD	Axles in	Flexible	S	Rigid	SLAB
·	2015	2035	%	Factor	ADT	DHV		ATHWLD	Pavement	N	Pavement	
Border Highway West (BHW) Project												
Managed Lanes (BHW): (South of Doniphan Dr)	13,100	17,200	53 - 47	8.4	7.9	5.2	12,600	70	3,383,000	3	4,438,000	8"
El Paso County							9.0					
Data for Use in Air & Noise Analysis												
		Base Y	'ear									
Vehicle Class	% of	ADT	% of	DHV								
Light Duty		2.1	94									
Medium Duty		.3	2									
Heavy Duty	4	.6	3	.0		_	<u>-</u>		Total No	ımber	of Equivalent 18	lk
											oad Applications	
									One Direction Expected for a			
				Base	Year			Percent	30 Year Period			
	Averag	e Daily	Dir			cent				_	)15 to 2045)	
Description of Location		affic	Dist	K		cks	ATHWLD	Axles in	Flexible	S	Rigid	SLAB
	2015	2045	%	Factor	ADT	DHV		ATHWLD	Pavement	N	Pavement	
Border Highway West (BHW) Project						1111						
Managed Lanes (BHW): (South of Doniphan Dr)	13,100	19,200	53 - 47	8.4	7.9	5.2	12,700	70	5,409,000	3	7,095,000	8"
El Paso County									5			

# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION
PROJECT

**Design-Build Project** 

ATTACHMENT 13-1
AMENDMENTS TO STANDARD SPECIFICATION 421
HYDRAULIC CEMENT CONCRETE

August 22, 2014

### **Hydraulic Cement Concrete**

For this project, Item 421, "Hydraulic Cement Concrete," of the Standard Specifications is hereby amended with respect to the clauses cited below, and no other clauses or requirements of this Item are waived or changed hereby.

Article 421.2.D. Water, Table 1. Chemical Limits for Mix Water is voided and replaced by the following:

Table 1
Chemical Limits for Mix Water

Contaminant	Test Method	Maximum Concentration (ppm)
Chloride (Cl)	ASTM C 114	
Prestressed concrete		500
Bridge decks and superstructure		500
All other concrete		1,000
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	ASTM C 114	2,000
Alkalies $(Na_2O + 0.658K_2O)$	ASTM C 114	600
Total Solids	ASTM C 1603	50,000

**Article 421.2.B. Supplementary Cementing Materials (SCM)** is supplemented with the following:

**6. Modified Class F Fly Ash (MFFA).** Furnish MFFA conforming to DMS-4610, "Fly Ash."

Article 421.2.D. Water, Table 2. Acceptance Criteria for Questionable Water Supplies is voided and replaced by the following:

Table 2
Acceptance Criteria for Questionable Water Supplies

Property	Test Method	Limits
Compressive strength, min. %	ASTM C 31, ASTM C 39 <sup>1,2</sup>	90
control at 7 days		
Time of set, deviation from	ASTM C 403 <sup>1</sup>	From 1:00 early to 1:30 later
control, h:min.		

<sup>1.</sup> Base comparisons on fixed proportions and the same volume of test water compared to the control mix using 100% potable water or distilled water.

**Article 421.2.E.1 Coarse Aggregate.** The fourth paragraph is voided and replaced by the following:

Unless otherwise required in the Technical Provisions, provide coarse aggregate with a 5-cycle magnesium sulfate soundness when tested in accordance with Tex-411-A of not more than 25% when air

entrainment is waived and 18% when air entrainment is not waived. Crushed recycled hydraulic cement concrete is not subject to the 5-cycle soundness test.

Article 421.2.E.2 Fine Aggregate. The fifth paragraph is voided and replaced by the following:

Acid insoluble (%) =  $\{(A1)(P1)+(A2)(P2)\}/100$ 

<sup>2.</sup> Base comparisons on sets consisting of at least two standard specimens made from a composite sample.

where:

AI = acid insoluble (%) of aggregate 1

A2 =acid insoluble (%) of aggregate 2

P1 = percent by weight of aggregate 1 of the fine aggregate blend

P2 = percent by weight of aggregate 2 of the fine aggregate blend

Article 421.2.E.2. Fine Aggregate. The final paragraph is voided and replaced by the following:

For all classes of concrete, provide fine aggregate with a fineness modulus between 2.3 and 3.1 as determined by Tex-402-A.

### **Article 421.2.E. Aggregate** is supplemented by the following:

4. Intermediate Aggregate. When necessary to complete the concrete mix design, provide intermediate aggregate consisting of clean, hard, durable particles of natural or lightweight aggregate or a combination thereof. Provide intermediate aggregate free from frozen material and from injurious amounts of salt, alkali, vegetable matter, or other objectionable material, and containing no more than 0.5% clay lumps by weight in accordance with Tex-413-A.

If more than 30% of the intermediate aggregate is retained on the No. 4 sieve, the retained portion must meet the following requirements:

- must not exceed a wear of 40% when tested in accordance with Tex-410-A.
- must have a 5-cycle magnesium sulfate soundness when tested in accordance with Tex-411-A of not more than 25% when air entrainment is waived and 18% when air entrainment is not waived.

If more than 30% of the intermediate aggregate passes the 3/8" sieve, the portion passing the 3/8" sieve must not show a color darker than standard when subjected to the color test for organic impurities in accordance with Tex-408-A and must have an acid insoluble residue, unless otherwise shown on the plans, for concrete subject to direct traffic equal to or greater than the value calculated with the following equation:

$$AIia \ge \underline{60 - (AIfa)(Pfa)}$$
(  $Pia$ )

where:

AIfa = acid insoluble (%) of fine aggregate or fine aggregate blend

Pfa = percent by weight of the fine aggregate or fine aggregate blend as a percentage of the total weight of the aggregate passing the 3/8" sieve in the concrete mix design

Pia = percent by weight of the intermediate aggregate as a percentage of the total weight of the aggregate passing the 3/8" sieve in the concrete mix design

### **Article 421.2.F. Mortar and Grout** is supplemented by the following:

Section 421.4.A.6, "Mix Design Options," does not apply for mortar and grout.

### Article 421.3.A. Concrete Plants and Mixing Equipment is supplemented by the following:

When allowed by the plans or the Engineer, for concrete classes not identified as structural concrete in Table 5 or for Class C concrete not used for bridge-class structures, the Engineer may inspect and approve all plants and trucks in lieu of the NRMCA or non-Department engineer sealed certifications. The criteria and frequency of Engineer approval of plants and trucks is the same used for NRMCA certification.

### **Article 421.3.A.2. Volumetric Mixers** is supplemented by the following:

Unless allowed by the plans or the Engineer, volumetric mixers may not supply classes of concrete identified as structural concrete in Table 5.

### **Article 421.4.A Classification and Mix Design.** The first paragraph is voided and replaced by the following:

Unless a design method is indicated on the plans, furnish mix designs using ACI 211, "Standard Practice for Selecting Proportions for Normal, Heavyweight, and Mass Concrete," Tex-470-A, or other approved procedures for the classes of concrete required in accordance with Table 5. Perform mix design and cement replacement using the design by weight method unless otherwise approved. Do not exceed the maximum water-to-cementitious-material ratio.

### Article 421.4.A. Classification and Mix Design, Table 5 Concrete Classes is voided and replaced by the following:

Table 5 Concrete Classes

Concrete Classes							
Class of Concrete	Design Strength, Min. 28-day f'c (psi)	Maximum W/C Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Coarse Aggregate Grades <sup>2,3</sup>	General Usage <sup>4</sup>			
A	3,000	0.60	1–4, 8	Inlets, manholes, curb, gutter, curb & gutter, conc. retards, sidewalks, driveways, backup walls, anchors			
В	2,000	0.60	2–7	Riprap, small roadside signs, and anchors			
C <sup>5</sup>	3,600	0.45	1–6	Drilled shafts, bridge substructure, bridge railing, culverts except top slab of direct traffic culverts, headwalls, wing walls, approach slabs, concrete traffic barrier (cast-in-place)			
C(HPC) <sup>5</sup>	3,600	0.45	1-6	As shown on the plans			
D	1,500	0.60	2–7	Riprap			
Е	3,000	0.50	2-5	Seal concrete			
$F^5$	Note 6	0.45	2–5	Railroad structures; occasionally for bridge piers, columns, or bents			
F(HPC) <sup>5</sup>	Note 6	0.45	2–5	As shown on the plans			
H <sup>5</sup>	Note 6	0.45	3–6	Prestressed concrete beams, boxes, piling, and concrete traffic barrier (precast)			
H(HPC) <sup>5</sup>	Note 6	0.45	3–6	As shown on the plans			
$S^5$	4,000	0.45	2–5	Bridge slabs, top slabs of direct traffic culverts			
S(HPC) <sup>5</sup>	4,000	0.45	2–5	As shown on the plans			
P	See Item 360	0.45	2–3	Concrete pavement			
$DC^5$	5,500	0.40	6	Dense conc. overlay			
CO <sup>5</sup>	4,600	0.40	6	Conc. overlay			
LMC <sup>5</sup>	4,000	0.40	6–8	Latex-modified concrete overlay			

Class of Concrete	Design Strength, Min. 28-day f' <sub>c</sub> (psi)	Maximum W/C Ratio <sup>1</sup>	Coarse Aggregate Grades <sup>2,3</sup>	General Usage <sup>4</sup>
SS <sup>5</sup>	$3,600^7$	0.45	4–6	Slurry displacement shafts, underwater drilled shafts
K <sup>5</sup>	Note 6	0.45	Note 6	Note 6
HES	Note 6	0.45	Note 6	Note 6

- 1. Maximum water-cement or water-cementitious ratio by weight.
- 2. Unless otherwise permitted, do not use Grade 1 coarse aggregate except in massive foundations with 4-in. minimum clear spacing between reinforcing steel bars. Do not use Grade 1 aggregate in drilled shafts.
- 3. Unless otherwise approved, use Grade 8 aggregate in extruded curbs.
- 4. For information only.
- 5. Structural concrete classes.
- 6. As shown on the plans or specified.
- 7. Use a minimum cementitious material content of 650 lb/cy of concrete. Do not apply Table 6 over design requirements to Class SS concrete.

### Article 421.4.A. Classification and Mix Design, Table 6 Over Design to Meet Compressive Strength Requirements. Footnote 3 is supplemented by the following:

For Class K and concrete classes not identified as structural concrete in Table 5 or for Class C concrete not used for bridge-class structures, the Engineer may designate on the plans an alternative over-design requirement up to and including 1,000 psi for specified strengths less than 3,000 psi and up to and including 1,200 psi for specified strengths from 3,000 to 5,000 psi.

### Article 421.4.A.1. Cementitious Materials is supplemented by the following:

The upper limit of 35% replacement of cement with Class F fly ash specified by mix design Options 1 and 3 may be increased to a maximum of 45% for mass placements, high performance concrete, and precast members when approved.

### **Article 421.4.A.3. Chemical Admixtures** is supplemented by the following:

When a corrosion-inhibiting admixture is required, use a 30% calcium nitrite solution. The corrosion-inhibiting admixture must be set neutral unless otherwise approved. Dose the admixture at the rate of gallons of admixture per cubic yard of concrete shown on the plans.

### Article 421.4.A.4 Air Entrainment is voided and replaced by the following:

Air entrain all concrete except for Class B and concrete used in drilled shafts unless otherwise required in the Technical Provisions. Unless otherwise required in the Technical Provisions, target an entrained air content of 4.0% for concrete pavement and 5.5% for all other concrete requiring air entrainment. To meet the air-entraining requirements, use an approved air-entraining admixture. Unless otherwise required in the Technical Provisions, acceptance of concrete loads will be based on a tolerance of  $\pm 1.5\%$  from the target air content. If the air content is more than 1.5 but less than 3.0% above the target air, the concrete

may be accepted based on strength tests. For specified concrete strengths above 5,000 psi, a reduction of 1% is permitted.

Article 421.4.A Table 7 Air Entrainment is voided.

**Article 421.4.A.6. Mix Design Options.** The first and second paragraphs are voided and replaced by the following:

For structural concrete identified in Table 5 and any other class of concrete designed using more than 520 lb. of cementitious material per cu. yd., use one of the mix design Options 1–8 shown below, unless otherwise shown on the plans.

For concrete classes not identified as structural concrete in Table 5 and designed using less than 520 lb. of cementitious material per cu. yd., use one of the mix design Options 1–8 shown below, except that Class C fly ash may be used instead of Class F fly ash for Options 1, 3, and 4 unless sulfate-resistant concrete is shown on the plans.

Do not use mix design Options 6 or 7 when High Performance Concrete (HPC) is required. Option 8 may be used when HPC is required provided: a minimum of 20% of the cement is replaced with a Class C fly ash; Tex-440-A, "Initial Time of Set of Fresh Concrete" is performed during mix design verification; the additional requirements for permeability are met; and the concrete is not required to be sulfate-resistant.

**Article 421.4.A.6.b. Option 2** is voided and replaced by the following:

**b. Option 2.** Replace 35 to 50% of the cement with GGBFS or MFFA.

Article 421.4.A.6.c. Option 3 is voided and replaced by the following:

**c. Option 3.** Replace 35 to 50% of the cement with a combination of Class F fly ash, GGBFS, MFFA, UFFA, metakaolin, or silica fume; however, no more than 35% may be fly ash, and no more than 10% may be silica fume.

**Article 421.4.A.6.f. Option 6** is voided and replaced by the following:

**f. Option 6.** Use lithium nitrate admixture at a minimum dosage determined by testing conducted in accordance with Tex-471-A, "Lithium Dosage Determination Using Accelerated Mortar Bar Testing." Before use of the mix, provide an annual certified test report signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer, from a laboratory on the Department's List of Approved Lithium Testing Laboratories, certified by the Construction Division as being capable of testing according to Tex-471-A, "Lithium Dosage Determination Using Accelerated Mortar Bar Testing."

**Article 421.4.A.6.g. Option 7** is voided and replaced by the following:

**g. Option 7.** When using hydraulic cement only, ensure that the total alkali contribution from the cement in the concrete does not exceed 3.5 lb. per cubic yard of concrete when calculated as follows:

lb. alkali per cu. yd. = (lb. cement per cu. yd.)  $\times$  (% Na2O equivalent in cement)

In the above calculation, use the maximum cement alkali content reported on the cement mill certificate.

Do not use Option 7 when any of the aggregates in the concrete are listed on the Department's List of Aggregate Sources Excluded from Option 7 ASR Mitigation.

### **Article 421.4.A.6.h. Option 8** is voided and replaced by the following:

**h. Option 8.** For any deviations from Options 1–5, perform annual testing on coarse, intermediate, and fine aggregate separately in accordance with ASTM C 1567. Before use of the mix, provide a certified test report signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer, from a laboratory on the Department's List of Approved ASTM C 1260 Laboratories, demonstrating that the ASTM C 1567 test result for each aggregate does not exceed 0.08% expansion at 14 days.

Do not use Option 8 when any of the aggregates in the concrete are listed on the Department's List of Aggregate Sources Excluded from Option 8 ASR Mitigation. When HPC is required, provide a certified test report signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer demonstrating that AASHTO T 277 test results indicate the permeability of the concrete is less than 1,500 coulombs tested immediately after either of the following curing schedules:

- Moist cure specimens 56 days at 73°F.
- Moist cure specimens 7 days at 73°F followed by 21 days at 100°F.

### **Article 421.4.B. Trial Batches** is supplemented by the following:

Once a trial batch substantiates the mix design, the proportions and mixing methods used in the trial batch become the mix design of record.

**Article 421.4.B. Trial Batches.** The fourth sentence of the second paragraph is voided and replaced by the following:

Test at least one set of design strength specimens, consisting of two specimens per set, at 7-day, 28-day, and at least one additional age.

Article 421.4.D. Measurement of Materials, Table 9 is voided and replaced by the following:

Table 9
Measurement Tolerances – Non-Volumetric Mixers

Material	Tolerance (%)
Cement, wt.	-1 to +3
SCM wt.	-1 to +3
Cement + SCM (cumulative weighing), wt.	-1 to +3
Water, wt. or volume	±3
Fine aggregate, wt.	±2
Coarse aggregate, wt.	±2
Fine + coarse aggregate (cumulative weighing), wt.	±1
Chemical admixtures, wt. or volume	±3

**Article 421.4.E. Mixing and Delivering Concrete.** The first paragraph is supplemented with the following:

Do not top-load new concrete onto returned concrete.

**Article 421.4.E.3. Truck-Mixed Concrete.** The first paragraph is voided and replaced by the following:

Mix the concrete in a truck mixer from 70 to 100 revolutions at the mixing speed designated by the manufacturer to produce a uniform concrete mix. Deliver the concrete to the project in a thoroughly mixed and uniform mass and discharge the concrete with a satisfactory degree of uniformity. Additional mixing at the job site at the mixing speed designated by the manufacturer is allowed as long as the requirements of Section 421.4.A.5, "Slump" and Section 421.4.E, "Mixing and Delivering Concrete" are met.

## Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION
PROJECT

**Design-Build Project** 

ATTACHMENT 13-2
SPECIAL SPECIFICATION 4016 – MODULAR BRIDGE
JOINT SYSTEM

**August 22, 2014** 

2004 Specifications Houston District

1. **Description.** Design, fabricate, test, and install a modular bridge expansion joint system consisting of multiple elastomeric seals, center beams, edge beams, and support bars.

**2. General Requirements.** Provide a fully assembled system conforming to latest *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications* and accommodating the movements indicated on the plans. Turn the center beams and edge beams up into the parapet as shown in the plans. Provide the joint system as one continuous unit without field splices, with seals unless installed, unless otherwise approved. Limit the movement range of the joint seals to 3 in. Do not use box-type seals.

### **A.** Provide elastomeric seals that:

- are mechanically held in place by steel edge beams and center beams;
- are supplied and installed in one continuous piece, without splices;
- are installed using a seal lubricant-adhesive;
- have a shape that promotes self-removal of debris during normal operations and uses multiple cells and a double web; and
- do not protrude above the top of joint.

### **B.** Provide center beams that:

- are individually supported by independent support bars that are welded to the center beams and
- incorporate an equidistant control system that ensures uniform spacing of the seals and develops its maximum compressive force when the joint is at its maximum opening.

### **C.** Provide support bars that:

- incorporate stainless steel sliding surfaces welded to the support bar and
- are suspended over the joint opening by sliding elastomeric bearings.

### 3. Materials.

- **A.** General Requirements. Galvanize steel components in accordance with Item 445, "Galvanizing." Hardware used for temporary support during construction need not be galvanized. Do not use aluminum components.
- **B. Metals.** Furnish metals in conformance with Item 442, "Metal for Structures," and the following:
  - Provide ASTM A 709, Grade 50, 50S, 50W, or HPS 50W steel for center beams, edge beams, and support bars.
  - Provide ASTM A 240, Type 316 stainless steel with 2B finish for cladding the sliding surfaces of the support bars. Use 16-gauge minimum thickness. Protect finished surfaces from damage during fabrication, shipment, and installation.

C. Seals, Bearings, and Springs. Provide seals with durometer A hardness range between 55 and 70 in accordance with ASTM D 2240, minimum tensile strength of 2,000 psi, and elongation at break of 250% in accordance with ASTM D 412 and compression set at 72 hr. at 212°F of 40% in accordance with ASTM D 395.

Provide slide bearings and precompressed springs fabricated as steel reinforced elastomeric pads with a polytetraflouroethylene (PTFE) sliding surface. Provide elastomer formulated from previously unvulcanized 100% virgin polychloroprene rubber polymers meeting the material property requirements of AASHTO M 251, Table 1. Do not use components manufactured from polyurethane compounds. Furnish PTFE material that is 100% virgin Teflon<sup>®</sup>, woven PTFE fabric, or dimpled PTFE conforming to the requirements of ASTM D 4894 or D 4895 and other requirements of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications.

- **D. High-Strength, Nonshrink Grout.** Use high-strength nonshrink grout to fill the gap, when less than 3 in., below the bottom of the expansion joint's support boxes. Provide 5,000 psi minimum compressive strength.
- **E.** Concrete. Furnish the same class of concrete used for the bridge deck to cast the blockout.

### 4. Construction.

- **A. Fabrication.** Submit shop drawings and design calculations bearing the seal of a licensed professional engineer, and fabricate the joint system in accordance with Item 441, "Steel Structures," and the requirements of this Item. Fabricate and ship the expansion joint set to a mean temperature of 70°F. Test and design structural elements following the guidelines provided in NCHRP Report 402 "Fatigue Design of Modular Bridge Expansion Joints," as well as the provisions of the *AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications*.
  - 1. **Shop Drawings.** In addition to the requirements of the standard specifications, include:
    - plan elevation and section of the joint system for each movement range and roadway width, showing dimensions and tolerances;
    - step by step installation procedure for the joint and seals including adjustments for temperature;
    - all ASTM, AASHTO, or other material designations;
    - details for temporary attachment to the superstructure;
    - bridge rail cover plate details;
    - lifting locations and mechanisms for shipping, handling, and setting; and
    - welded center beam splices.
  - 2. **Design Calculations.** Provide design calculations for all structural elements. Include a fatigue design and a strength design when appropriate for all structural elements and connections.

**B.** Installation. Follow the procedures outlined on the shop drawings. Form a blockout in the slab for the expansion joint conforming to the plans and approved shop drawings. Install the joint system after the beams have rotated due to the slab placement to ensure that the support boxes are parallel to the support bars. Do not use curing compound or deck sealers on the surface of the blockout.

Thoroughly clean the blockout surfaces prior to installing the expansion joint. Adjust the setting dimensions, once in place, to the average daily temperature by means of prestressing devices furnished by the manufacturer and that accompany the expansion joint assembly to the jobsite. Follow the manufacturer's instructions shown on the shop drawings. Set and carefully shim the expansion joint system line and grade until the joint's uppermost plane matches the finished roadway profile. Positively fix the edge beams and support boxes in position by anchorage to concrete, welding, or other methods approved by the Engineer. The joint system must be fully operational before the blockout is filled with concrete. Completely fill the gap between the support boxes and the blockout with concrete or high-strength grout if the gap between the bottom of the support box and top of the supporting superstructure is less than 3 in. Use methods and equipment recommended by the grout manufacturer and approved by the Engineer. Place and thoroughly compact the blockout concrete to ensure adequate concrete consolidation around all joint elements. Finish and cure the concrete in the same manner as the concrete deck. Remove all forms and debris from the seals and between the edge beams after the concrete is cured.

**Measurement.** Modular bridge joint systems will be measured by the foot along the centerline of the joint at the surface of roadway and up into the parapet.

### Texas Department of Transportation Book 2 – Technical Provisions

**FOR** 

**LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION** 

**PROJECT** 

**Design-Build Project** 

ATTACHMENT 14-1
AMENDMENTS FOR THE
TXDOT'S TRAFFIC OPERATIONS MANUAL
RAILROAD OPERATION VOLUME
FEBRUARY 2000

August 22, 2014

### **AMENDMENTS FOR THE:**

### TxDOT Traffic Operations Manual – Railroad Operations Volume, February 2000

### **Manual Notices**

Delete

Chapter 1 - Introduction

Section	Subheading	Modification
3	Operations Involving Railroads	Replace text with "The Developer and TxDOT will jointly enter into agreements with railroad companies. The Developer shall be responsible for all costs related to force account work for construction or maintenance requirements during the term of project. Where the Manual refers to actions the state normally takes, Developer shall perform those actions."

Chapter 2 - Railroad Agreements - General

Section	Subheading	Modification
1	Overview	Replace text with "Developer shall be responsible for all costs normally assigned to TxDOT."
2	Railroad Force Account Work	Replace text with "Developer and TxDOT will jointly enter into agreements with railroad companies. The Developer shall be responsible for all costs related to force account work for construction or maintenance requirements during the term of project. Where the Manual refers to actions the state normally takes, Developer shall perform those actions."
3	District Responsibilities	For reference only
3	District Responsibilities	In all subsequent subheadings, where the text includes work to be performed by the District or TRF, Developer shall perform.
4	TRF Responsibilities	Replace all text with the following: "The Developer shall provide all documents, estimates, and other information required by the TxDOT Traffic Operations Division (TRF) to prepare railroad agreements for the project."

Chapter 3 – Highway-Rail Grade Crossing Surfaces (Construction and Reconstruction)

Section	Subheading	Modification
1	Overview	Delete
2	Plan Layout	Replace "District" and "TxDOT" with "Developer". Under <b>Instruction</b> , delete "to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor".
3	Agreement and Negotiating	Replace references to "Traffic Operations Division", "TRF", and "TxDOT" with the word "Developer". Delete  Construction and Maintenance except for the 1st sentence. Under Insurance Claims delete all except the 1st sentence. Replace the word "contractor with the word "Developer". Delete "Payment Clause", "Solicitations of Bids" clause and "Conditions". Delete "Negotiating" and "After Execution".
4	Project Execution	Replace the words "District", "TxDOT's Contractor" and "TxDOT" with the word "Developer". Delete the section Completion Letter.

### **Chapter 4 – Grade Crossing Replanking Program**

Delete

### **Chapter 5 – Spur Tracks**

Delete

### **Chapter 6 – Warning Signals and Devices**

Delete

### **Chapter 7 – Traffic Signal Preemption**

Delete

### **Chapter 8 – Grade Separation**

Delete

### **Chapter 9 – Drainage Structures and Common Ditches**

Delete

### **Chapter 10 – Other Railroad Agreements**

Delete

### **Chapter 11 – Crossing Closure, Relocation, and Consolidation**

Delete

### Appendix A – Forms

Delete

### Traffic Operations Manual Railroad Operations Volume



February 2000

### Railroad Operations Volume February 2000

### **Manual Notices**

### **Manual Notice 98-1**

To: Recipients of Subject Manual

From: Charles W. Heald

**Executive Director** 

**Manual:** Railroad Operations Volume of the Traffic Operations Manual

**Date:** May 18, 1998

### **Purpose**

This volume of the *Traffic Operations Manual* provides information on and internal procedures and practices related to TxDOT's operations involving railroads.

### **Supersedes**

This volume supersedes:

- ♦ Part VI of the *Bridge Division Operation and Planning Manual*: "Operations Involving Railroad Companies"
- ♦ Administrative Circular No. 99-83, "Common Ditch Agreement with Railroad Companies"
- ♦ Administrative Circular No. 99-82, "1983 Railroad Replanking Program"
- ♦ Administrative Circular No. 74-75, "Railroad Advance Warning Sign and Signal"
- ♦ Administrative Circular No. 139-70 "Railroad Grade Crossing Subgrade."

#### **Contents**

This distribution of the Railroad Operations Volume contains:

- ♦ this manual notice
- ♦ Table of Contents
- ♦ Chapters 1 through 11
- ♦ Appendix A
- ♦ Index
- ♦ divider tabs
- a front cover insert
- ♦ a spine insert.

#### **Instructions**

This is a new volume. Insert these chapters and related matter with tabs into a three-ring binder.

#### **Effective Date**

This manual notice is effective as of July 1, 1998.

#### Contact

Address questions concerning information contained in this manual notice to Darin Kosmak, Traffic Operations Division (TRF), 512/416-2200 or fax 512/416-3206.

# **Copyright Notice**

This manual:

Copyright © 1998 by Texas Department of Transportation Published by the Traffic Operations Division (TRF)

# **Chapter 1**

# Introduction

# **Contents:**

Section 1 — General	1-2
Introduction	
Purpose	
Users of this Volume	
Section 2 — Authority and Policy	1-3
Introduction	
Governing Statutes (summaries)	
Policy Instruments	
Texas Attorney General Opinions.	
Federal Policy	
Railroad Practices	
Section 3 — Operations Involving Railroads	1-6
Maintenance Responsibilities	
Working on Railroad Right-of-Way	
Railroad Payment	
Section 4 — Terminology	1-8
Types of Railroad Tracks	
Track Gauge	
Sight Distance	
Joint Use	
Preemption	
Section 5 — DOT/AAR Grade Crossing Inventory	1-10
Background	
Identification Numbering System	
Maintenance of the Inventory System	

#### General

#### Introduction

Highway-railroad grade crossings represent the physical intersection of two distinctly different modes of transportation, which vary considerably in their equipment, traveled ways, and methods of control and operation. Proper design and construction of new grade crossings helps ensure safe and efficient operation. This includes proper selection, design, and location of signs, pavement markings, and warning devices. Proper maintenance of existing crossings and associated warning devices helps to achieve continued safety and efficiency.

Since 1917 it has been necessary to make arrangements with the railroad companies to cross their privately owned right-of-way with roadways. After a series of condemnation lawsuits both parties realized it would be unproductive to continue disputing over the state's right to cross the rights-of-way. Also as spur tracks were built, railroad companies realized they had to cross public roadways to reach their customers. It became mutually advantageous to develop guidelines about grade crossings and grade separations so that lawsuits between the state and railroad companies could be avoided.

# **Purpose**

This volume addresses highway-railroad grade crossing safety, replanking, and agreements. This volume outlines the procedures used by TxDOT employees in operations involving railroad companies, work on railroad right-of-way, and the development and execution of railroad programs managed by the Traffic Operations Division (TRF).

#### **Users of this Volume**

This volume is intended for use by Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) personnel.

# Section 2 Authority and Policy

#### Introduction

This section lists statutes and policy instruments pertaining to operations between TxDOT and railroad companies at highway-railroad grade crossings. Copies of these documents (except for the statutes) and other historical information on the origin of these programs may be obtained from the Traffic Operations Division (TRF).

#### **Governing Statutes (summaries)**

The following state laws (codified in Vernon's Texas Civil Statues [V.T.C.S.]) pertain to operations between TxDOT and a railroad company at highway-railroad grade crossings. Brief summaries of each article are provided.

- ♦ Art. 6320, V.T.C.S. Streams of Water. When a railroad company approaches TxDOT proposing to cross an existing roadway on the designated state highway system, all costs associated with the proposed crossing shall be paid by the railroad company. This normally only occurs when a railroad company desires to construct a spur track across an existing roadway on the state highway system. (See Chapter 4 of this volume for information on spur track permit agreements.)
- ♦ Art. 6327, V.T.C.S. Crossings of Public Roads. When TxDOT approaches a railroad company proposing to cross an existing rail line or modify an existing crossing, all costs associated with the crossing shall be paid by TxDOT from state or federal funds or both. This statute also requires a railroad company to maintain crossings in a reasonable state to permit the passage of vehicles.
- ♦ Transportation Code, Section 471.002: "Signs at Cross-roads." Requires railroad companies to erect a sign (crossbuck signs) with large, distinct letters giving notice to the proximity of the railroad and warning persons of the necessity to look out for the railroad trains.
- ◆ Transportation Code, Section 471.004: "Warning Sign Visibility at Railroad Grade Crossings." Requires TxDOT to place retroreflectorized material on the back of each crossbuck sign and around the support post at each public railroad grade crossing to improve nighttime visibility. See also Texas Administrative Code (TAC), 43 TAC, Sections 25.70 25.73.

(continued...)

#### **Governing Statutes (summaries)** (continued)

- ♦ Transportation Code, Section 471.005: "Dismantling of Railroad Grade Crossing Warning Signals Located on an Active Rail Line." Requires operators of short line railroad companies to obtain a permit from the responsible road authority prior to dismantling railroad grade crossing warning signals located on an active rail line. For more information, see Texas Administrative Code (TAC), 43 TAC Sections 25.70 − 25.73.
- ♦ *Transportation Code*, *Section 545.252*. Gives TxDOT and local governments specific statutory authority to place traffic control devices at grade crossings on the roads they maintain, but no duty or minimum standards are imposed.
- ◆ Transportation Code, Section 471.003: "Telephone Service to Report Malfunctions of Mechanical Safety Devices at Crossings." Requires TxDOT to furnish and install railroad signal malfunction signs providing the telephone number, explanation of its purpose, and the crossing number at each intersection of a railroad track and a public road maintained by the state or a municipality. At each intersection of a railroad track and a public road not maintained by the state or a municipality (county roads), TxDOT shall furnish the political subdivision the sign to affix to the railroad signal device. A railway company shall permit personnel to affix the sign to the railroad warning device located on the company's property.

#### **Policy Instruments**

The following policy instruments pertain to railroad grade crossings:

- ◆ Texas Transportation Commission Minute Order No. 74227, dated March 27, 1978, (canceled Minute Order No. 60140). Re-authorized the annual state funded grade crossing protection program and increased the unit cost of the railroad signal maintenance payment program.
- ♦ Texas Transportation Commission Minute Order No. 106784, dated March 28, 1996. Authorized use of federal railroad signal program funds to make roadway and operational improvements to address changed traffic flow patterns resulting from closings of railroad grade crossings rather than installing active warning devices.
- ◆ Texas Transportation Commission Minute Order No. 107279, dated September 25, 1997. Established goals for TxDOT's railroad safety program and all projects involving the upgrade of highway-rail intersections.
- ♦ The *Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD)*. Applicable portions include (but are not limited to) Part VIII, "Grade Crossings."

#### **Texas Attorney General Opinions**

The following Texas Attorney General opinions pertain to railroad grade crossings:

- ◆ Texas Attorney General Opinion No. M-525. Re: Authority of State Highway Department [now TxDOT] to make expenditures request to qualify for projects under 23 U.S.C. Section 405, dated February 13, 1976. TxDOT authority to expend state matching funds for federal-aid railroad grade crossing warning signal projects off the state highway system.
- ♦ Texas Attorney General Opinion No. M-108. Re: Validity of appropriation to the Texas Highway Department [now TxDOT] to construct and maintain railroad protective devices, dated July 24, 1967. Authority to expend state funds on railroad grade crossing projects on the designated state highway system (non-federal-aid projects).

# **Federal Policy**

The *Federal-Aid Policy Guide (FAPG)* Title 23, CFR Part 140, Subpart I and 23 CFR, Part 646, Subpart A & B. All projects undertaken by TxDOT and agreements with railroads where federal funds will be used shall meet the requirements of the *FAPG*.

#### **Railroad Practices**

TxDOT complies with the following railroad practices pertaining to railroad grade crossings:

- ◆ TxDOT complies with the practices found in the Association of American Railroads, Communication and Signal Division, Signal Manual of Recommended Practice, Volume 1, Section 3, "Highway Grade Crossing Warning Systems."
- ♦ The Railroad-Highway Grade Crossing Handbook Second Edition, published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, provides general information on highway-rail grade crossing characteristics and the physical and operational improvements that can be made to enhance safety and operation of both highway and rail traffic over crossing intersections. The guidelines and alternative improvements presented in the handbook have proven to be effective and are accepted nationwide.

# **Operations Involving Railroads**

#### **Maintenance Responsibilities**

In Texas, the road authority and railroad company assume both separate and joint maintenance responsibilities at highway-rail grade crossings. The track and signals are always maintained by the rail operator, because they are located within railroad right-of-way and are intrinsic to the safe operation and passage of trains. While local, state, and federal governmental entities may provide funds for the replacement or upgrade of crossing surfaces and crossing signals, the railroad operator is generally responsible for performing the work within railroad right-of-way.

Railroad companies are responsible for maintaining crossing surfaces between the cross ties of the track structure. Crossties typically extend two feet outside of each rail. The road authority is responsible for maintaining the roadway approaches up to the edge of the crossing surface, advanced signing, and pavement markings. Maintenance of crossbuck signs and warning signal devices located within railroad right-of-way is the responsibility of the railroad operator.

#### Working on Railroad Right-of-Way

An agreement between TxDOT and the operating railroad company must be in place giving TxDOT permission to enter into and perform work on railroad right-of-way. The state's contractor must have railroad protective liability insurance in place with the operating railroad company prior to entering into and performing work on railroad right-of-way.

Any work performed by state forces on railroad right-of-way should be closely coordinated with the operating railroad company.

#### **Railroad Payment**

The state normally reimburses the railroad for force account work, except where an existing highway is crossed by a new railroad. For new railroads, most crossing agreements provide for the railroad to assume the entire cost. Reimbursement is limited to the work detailed in the state-railroad agreement and attached exhibits. Cost related to the improvement or maintenance of railroad property will not be reimbursed. The railroad bears the expense and responsibility of maintaining crossing warning signal systems, crossbuck signs, and crossing surfaces.

(continued...)

#### Railroad Payment (continued)

**Reimbursable** (**Funded**) **Work**. Railroad force account work (work performed by the railroad company) is funded and work is performed in conjunction with an approved highway construction project.

The state normally reimburses the railroad for force account work, except where an existing highway is crossed by a new railroad. In this case, most crossing agreements provide for the railroad to assume the entire cost. Reimbursement is limited to the work detailed in the state-railroad agreement and attached exhibits.

The railroad normally sends their bills to Finance Division (FIN) for payment.

**Non-Reimbursable** (**Unfunded**) **Work.** Cost related to the improvement or maintenance of railroad property is not reimbursed. The railroad bears the expense and responsibility of maintaining crossing warning signal systems, crossbuck signs, and crossing surfaces.

# **Terminology**

# **Types of Railroad Tracks**

Like highways, railroad track is categorized according to function. These categories include the following:

main tracks — Tracks that handle through train movements between and through stations and terminals, as opposed to switching or terminal movements. (This definition applies for the purposes of highway-rail safety programs.)

NOTE: The majority of highway-rail intersection collisions occur at main track crossings. This can be attributed to the fact that there are more main track intersections with highways than there are side track (or switching track) intersections. Also, main tracks typically experience higher train volumes and train speeds.

**branch line** — A railroad line that typically carries freight from its origin to a main line.

passing track (or siding) — A track used for meeting and passing trains.

**side track**, **switching track**, and **industrial track** — Track used for the loading, unloading, and storage of rail cars.

#### Track Gauge

Railroad track gauge (the distance between the two rails) has been standardized in the United States since the late 1800s. The U.S. standard track gauge is four feet, eight and one-half inches (4' 8½").

#### **Sight Distance**

The number of tracks and the length of the roadway between multiple sets of tracks are important considerations in determining sight distance requirements for highway-rail intersections.

#### Joint Use

When TxDOT obtains a "license to cross" railroad right-of-way with its highway facilities, a "joint use" highway-rail intersection is created.

# Preemption

"Preemption" refers to the interconnection of railroad signal devices with traffic signals at adjacent highway-highway intersections. When an approaching train activates the railroad signal devices, a relay in the railroad signal cabinet preempts the normal traffic signal phasing with special phasing sequence.

# **DOT/AAR Grade Crossing Inventory**

#### **Background**

The United States Department of Transportation (DOT) and the Association of American Railroads (AAR) developed the National Rail-Highway Crossing Inventory in the early 1970s. It was developed with the cooperative effort of the Federal Highway Administration, the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), individual states, and individual railroads. All at-grade and grade-separated crossings, both public and private, in the United States were surveyed, and data were recorded on inventory forms. The inventory contains data on the location of each crossing, the amount and type of train traffic, traffic control devices, and other physical elements of the highway-rail intersection.

NOTE: TxDOT maintains its own inventory as well, with many of the same types of data found in the national inventory.

# **Identification Numbering System**

Each crossing listed in the national inventory is assigned a unique identification number consisting of six numeric characters and an alphabetic character.

EXAMPLE: 123456A

The crossing identification number (DOT No.) was originally installed at each crossing by nailing or strapping a temporary tag to a crossbuck or flashing light post. Today, the more common practice with the railroads is to stencil the number on the warning device support post.

#### **Maintenance of the Inventory System**

The FRA voluntarily serves as custodian of the national inventory file. Data in the inventory are kept current through the voluntary submission of information by the states and railroads. Numerous states and railroads update the national inventory. Systematic and uniform procedures are required to assist the FRA in processing the data.

The data contained in the national inventory and state inventory should be verified in the field by appropriate engineering studies. The national inventory is used not only by the states and railroads in conducting their crossing improvement programs, but also by national and federal agencies in assessing crossing improvement needs and conducting research. Thus, it is vital that this valuable information be kept up-to-date.

(continued...)

#### **Maintenance of the Inventory System** (continued)

Districts should make periodic reviews of all public crossings in their districts to ensure that information reported in the inventory is reasonably accurate. Districts should recommend deletions or additions based on discrepancies or changes in vehicle traffic, rail traffic, type of warning device in place, or accident data reported in the inventory. Railroad companies also have the opportunity to make recommendations and corrections.

Railroad companies and local governments should coordinate updates to the crossing inventory through the district offices. Local governmental entities may request that traffic counts be conducted by the district offices at any public highway-rail grade crossing. All updates to the crossing inventory should be forwarded to TxDOT's Transportation Planning and Programming Division (TPP) and to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) in Austin. TPP is the office of record for all updates to the DOT/AAR Grade Crossing Inventory and is responsible for coordinating these updates with the railroad companies and the FRA.

# Chapter 2

# **Railroad Agreements -- General**

# **Contents:**

Section 1 — Overview	2-2
Financial Responsibility	
Agreements Required	
Section 2 — Railroad Force Account Work	2-3
Program Overview	
Financing	
Implementation	
Reimbursement	
Section 3 — District Responsibilities	2-5
Project Lead Time	
Plan Layout (Exhibit A) Preparation	
Work Order	
Pre-construction Meeting	
Construction Inspection	
Section 4 — TRF Responsibilities	2-7
Securing Agreements	
Liaison Role	
Coordination with DES	
Work Order	2-7

# **Overview**

# Financial Responsibility

Responsibility for undertaking work at highway-railroad grade crossings is defined in the Texas Administrative Code (43 TAC 25.76). Financial responsibility for costs associated with new crossings, or improvements or adjustments to existing crossings, depends on whose property is being crossed. If TxDOT needs to cross or originally crossed an existing railroad, TxDOT pays for any necessary warning signals, crossing surfaces, and other work. If the railroad wants to cross or originally crossed an existing highway on the state system, the railroad pays for any necessary warning signals, crossing surfaces, or other work.

In the more common situation where TxDOT approaches the railroad to cross their tracks, a "license to cross," rather than an easement, is granted by formal agreement and without cost to either party. The agreement specifies the construction and maintenance responsibilities of the two parties at the crossing. Since railroads are most often not required to bear any of the costs of federal-aid and state funded projects, their contribution to state projects should be the license to cross them and, if necessary, occupy small portions of their right-of-way for the state's structure or roadway. This arrangement is of particular benefit to the railroad for work involving the elimination of hazards at highway-rail grade crossings.

# Agreements Required

An agreement between TxDOT and the railroad must be executed before any work on railroad right-of-way is done. The type of agreement necessary depends on the nature of the work and the source of funding. The following chapters of this volume explain the specific types of work and circumstances under which various agreements are required.

#### **Railroad Force Account Work**

#### **Program Overview**

Railroad force account work is work performed by railroad forces or the railroad's contractor. Generally, railroad force account work is funded and work is performed in conjunction with an approved highway construction project. This work may involve:

- planking (road crossing surfaces)
- track adjustments
- installation of warning devices
- relocation of existing warning devices
- installation or extension of drainage structures under tracks
- wire line adjustments
- flagging for train operations
- other related work.

#### **Financing**

All railroad force account work necessary to accomplish a highway construction project let to contract by the state must be funded and paid under that project. Construction funds should not be mixed with railroad safety or maintenance dedicated program funds.

NOTE: The railroad force account work is funded through the construction budget activity, and any state force account work is funded through budgeted district Activity 202.

#### **Implementation**

Implementation of railroad force account work normally proceeds as follows:

- 1. The district submits a request for the crossing work to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) along with an 11 x 17 inch plan layout, marked "Exhibit A." (See Section 3 of this chapter.)
- 2. TRF prepares an agreement and submits it to the railroad.
- 3. After the agreement is executed and an estimate for railroad force account work is approved by TRF, railroad forces perform the work upon receipt of a work order from the district office

#### Reimbursement

The state normally reimburses the railroad for force account work, except where an existing highway is crossed by a new railroad. Reimbursable force account work is limited to the work detailed in the state-railroad agreement and attached exhibits. *Cost related to the improvement or maintenance of railroad property cannot be reimbursed*. The railroad bears the expense and responsibility of maintaining crossing warning signal systems, crossbuck signs, and crossing surfaces, because these appurtenances are located on railroad right-of-way.

# **District Responsibilities**

# **Project Lead Time**

The district should coordinate the timing of the railroad crossing work with the approved highway program. Since securing an agreement from a railroad company normally requires six to twelve months, or longer, the district's letter of request, exhibits, and other necessary data must be submitted to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) as early as possible.

As examples, pavement overlay and stripping work are usually handled by a letter agreement and can be approved by the railroad more quickly because they involve little or no railroad force account work. More complex projects (new crossings, widening existing crossings, or constructing grade separations) require more time — not just for the railroad — but also for TRF and Design Division (DES) review and approval. Underpass projects require the most detailed review by the railroad because the structure will be carrying trains and shoofly tracks are usually necessary during construction. The following table shows minimum lead times for these types of projects.

**Minimum Project Lead Times** 

Project Type	Minimum Lead Time
Road Jobs	6 months
New Crossings, Complex Road Jobs, and Overpasses	9 months
Underpasses and Projects Involving Track Construction or Relocation.	12 months

These lead time requirements mean that all plan layouts and agreements must be completed so they can be submitted to the railroad in advance of the contract letting date.

TRF normally notifies the district if a project is in jeopardy of meeting the letting date and advises the district of the consequences.

# Plan Layout (Exhibit A) Preparation

The district performs all studies and surveys necessary to prepare the plan layout, title sheet, and supporting information required for Exhibit A of the agreement.

To minimize revisions, Exhibit A should be as complete as possible. Revisions increase the time needed to obtain an agreement and could delay letting if the railroad objects to the revisions.

NOTE: All plan layouts prepared by the district must be signed, sealed, and dated by a registered professional engineer.

#### **Work Order**

The district issues the work order to the railroad for all projects except those involving the installation of new warning signal devices. TRF issues work orders for the installation of new warning signal devices contracted under terms of a signal agreement separate from the agreement for the crossing work.

# **Pre-construction Meeting**

For overpass, underpass, and road construction projects of a critical nature, the district or its contractor should host a pre-construction meeting. Representatives from the railroad, TxDOT's contractor, and TxDOT should attend the meeting. The construction schedule and individual points of contact are discussed.

# **Construction Inspection**

The district advises the railroad on the status of construction work on a regular basis and provides construction inspection while railroad forces are performing work.

The district issues the completion letter for the project.

# **TRF** Responsibilities

# **Securing Agreements**

TRF is responsible for preparing, negotiating, and obtaining the agreement before the contract letting, based on the plan layouts and information submitted by the districts.

#### **Liaison Role**

TRF serves as the liaison between the districts and railroad companies. In this role, TRF is responsible for negotiations with the railroad companies in connection with the preparation of agreements and the securing and approval of force account estimates based on the information furnished by the districts.

# **Coordination with DES**

TRF also coordinates agreements for railroad grade separations and spur track permits through the Design Division (DES) during the preliminary plan layout and PS&E review stages of project development.

#### **Work Order**

TRF issues the work order to the railroad company for all projects involving the installation of new warning signal devices contracted for under terms of a separate agreement.

# **Chapter 3**

# **Highway-Rail Grade Crossing Surfaces (Construction and Reconstruction)**

# **Contents:**

Section 1 — Overview	3-2
Introduction	
Importance of Timing	
Project Financing	
Project Process Overview	
Sub-base Work	
Section 2 — Plan Layout (Exhibit A)	3-4
Introduction	
Project Data	
Title Block	3-5
Right-of-Way Requirements	3-5
Work List	
General Notes	3-5
Warning Signal Device Location	3-6
Section 3 — Agreement and Negotiations	3-7
Introduction	3-7
Agreement Contents	3-7
Project Data	3-7
License Clause	3-8
Scope of Work	3-8
Construction and Maintenance	3-8
Insurance Clauses	3-8
Payment Clause	3-9
Solicitation of Bids Clause	3-9
Conditions	3-9
Fiber Optic Clause	3-9
Negotiations	3-10
After Execution	3-10
Section 4 — Project Execution	3-11
Work Order	3-11
Pre-construction Meeting	3-11
Inspection	3-11
Completion Letter	3-11

#### Overview

#### Introduction

When the limits of a highway construction project involve the construction or reconstruction of a highway-rail grade crossing, TxDOT must execute an agreement with the operating railroad company prior to entering or performing any work on the railroad right-of-way. The agreement gives TxDOT license and permission to cross railroad right-of-way and establishes the rights and responsibilities of each party in the construction, maintenance, and operation of the highway-rail intersection. Most railroad rights-of-way are owned by a privately held company and TxDOT must act accordingly.

# **Importance of Timing**

Timing and coordination between the district, divisions, and railroad company are essential to meet contract letting schedules and avoid delays or conflicts during construction.

On projects requiring a significant amount of railroad force account work, the railroad should be contacted during the advance stages of project development. Contact with the railroad should be coordinated through the district railroad coordinator and the Traffic Operations Division (TRF).

#### **Project Financing**

Highway construction projects involving any of the following are financed under the construction budget for each particular highway construction project:

- new highway-rail grade crossings
- ♦ the extension or re-construction of existing highway-rail grade crossings
- any other adjustments to a highway facility located within railroad right-of-way.

**Replanking Program.** Stand-alone projects for the replanking (resurfacing) of existing highway-rail grade crossing surfaces on the state highway system are considered under the state Grade Crossing Replanking Program (see Chapter 4 of this volume).

#### **Project Process Overview**

Projects involving highway-rail grade crossings normally proceed as follows:

- 1. The district furnishes to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) complete plan layout (known as "Exhibit A") showing the critical details for the modification of the existing roadway or construction of new roadway. (See Section 2 of this chapter for critical details to be included in Exhibit A.)
  - NOTE: Exhibit A should be submitted at least nine months before letting.
- 2. TRF prepares the agreements necessary for the license to cross railroad right-of-way, which covers construction and maintenance of the work to be performed. TRF also negotiates with the railroad companies involved. The railroad furnishes an estimate to TRF showing all reimbursable work, as indicated in the agreement, to be performed by the railroad. TRF reviews and approves the estimate, attaches it to the executed copies of the agreement, and forwards the railroad's copy back to them. The district and the Finance Division (FIN) also receive a copy of the executed agreement and estimate. (See Section 3 of this chapter for details on the agreement and negotiations.)
- 3. After the agreement is signed, the district issues a work order to the railroad. This may occur after the project is let or when requested by the railroad. The district also conducts pre-construction meetings, inspects the work, and issues completion letters. (See Section 4 of this chapter for more information on these activities.)
  - NOTE: TRF issues work orders for warning signal work contracted under terms of a signal agreement separate from the agreement for the crossing work. See Chapter 6 of this volume.)

#### **Sub-base Work**

*Materials*. TxDOT or its contractor may provide materials needed for the sub-base work under the new crossing or the widened portion of the roadway, when widening is needed.

**Timing of Work.** On new railroad crossings construction projects, sub-base work performed by TxDOT or its contractor is usually completed *before* the railroad performs its work. On projects involving the reconstruction, widening, or replanking of existing crossings, sub-base work performed by TxDOT or its contractor is done *during* the railroad's work and, therefore, must be carefully coordinated to avoid delays.

# Section 2 Plan Layout (Exhibit A)

#### Introduction

The district prepares the plan layout (known as Exhibit A) for the project in sufficient detail to show all work to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, and the railroad. Exhibit A includes:

- project data
- ♦ a title block
- right-of-way requirements
- ♦ a work list
- ♦ general notes
- warning signal device location.

Discussions of each of these items follow.

NOTE: All plan layouts prepared by the district must be signed, sealed, and dated by a registered professional engineer.

# **Project Data**

Project data include:

- ♦ the county
- county number
- project description
- project number
- ♦ control-section-job (CSJ)
- ♦ railroad mile post (RRMP)
- ♦ highway station
- highway number or road name.

#### Title Block

The title block includes:

- the railroad company name and DOT No. (if available)
- ♦ crossing location
- railroad milepost and highway station at each location
- the words "Exhibit A."

# **Right-of-Way Requirements**

If the roadway is being widened, the plan layout should indicate if additional railroad right-of-way will be required. This is necessary for preparation of a new "license to cross" article in the agreement.

#### **Work List**

The work list provides a breakdown of all work to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, and the railroad. The type of work to be performed on the railroad's ROW should also be listed. When coring is involved, it is important to show where the coring will be performed in relation to the railroad tracks.

#### **General Notes**

General notes should include:

- number and speed of "through" trains per day
- number and speed of switching moves per day
- average daily traffic (ADT)
- posted speed limit of vehicle traffic.

#### **Warning Signal Device Location**

On roadway modification projects, if railroad warning signal devices exist, their existing location and the proposed new location of the warning signals and appurtenances must be shown.

NOTE: If widening of the roadway involves relocating or upgrading the existing railroad warning signal devices, it is important to include pictures of the location.

On new road construction projects, the railroad warning signal devices are installed under terms of a separate agreement with the railroad company prepared by the Traffic Operations Division (TRF). The district should submit one additional copy of the Exhibit A to TRF for preparing the signal agreement and developing the railroad warning signal device portion of the project. A diagnostic inspection is normally conducted prior to determining the type and location of the railroad warning signal devices to be installed (see Chapter 6, Section 6, of this volume for details). TRF schedules the diagnostic inspection, which involves representatives from the district, the railroad company, and local government (as necessary).

# **Agreement and Negotiations**

#### Introduction

Using the Exhibit A plan layout furnished by the district, the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) prepares the necessary agreement and forwards it to the railroad company. TRF coordinates any questions or revisions resulting from the railroad company review with the district.

# **Agreement Contents**

The agreement contains:

- ♦ project data
- a license clause
- ♦ scope of work
- construction and maintenance conditions
- insurance clauses
- ♦ payment clause
- solicitation of bids clause
- ♦ conditions
- fiber optic clause.

Discussions of each of these items follow.

# **Project Data**

Project data include:

- ♦ the county
- ♦ control-section-job (CSJ)
- ♦ highway
- project number
- ♦ DOT No. (if available)
- the city.

#### **License Clause**

The license clause gives TxDOT license and permission to construct, maintain, and use the new roadway across railroad ROW. If the roadway is being widened and no additional railroad ROW is required, the license clause does not need to be included.

#### Scope of Work

The scope of work includes all work to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, and the railroad. It spells out the responsibilities of both the railroad and TxDOT.

#### **Construction and Maintenance**

The construction and maintenance clause describes to the railroad the conditions of work. The railroad must begin work within 30 days after having been issued a work order from TxDOT and must proceed without delay to completion. (See Section 4 of this chapter for more information on the work order.) The railroad will not be paid for any work performed at the job site prior to the work order date. The railroad company is given the authority to assemble all materials for the project sufficiently in advance to assure prompt delivery to the job site.

#### **Insurance Clauses**

The insurance clauses specifies the type of insurance the contractor will need to purchase on behalf of the state and railroad. All work performed on the railroad right-of-way by the TxDOT contractor requires railroad protective liability insurance in an amount of not less than two million dollars for bodily injury and property damage and not less than six million dollars aggregate for all occurrences. The railroad protective liability insurance must be carried until all work on the railroad property is completed. Insurance requirements are included in a Special Provision to Item 007 of TxDOT's contractor's bid specifications. If state forces perform the work, no insurance provisions are required in the agreement because TxDOT is self-insured.

#### **Payment Clause**

The payment clause specifies when and under which conditions TxDOT will reimburse the railroad. Reimbursement is made to the railroad only if a work order has been issued to begin work. The railroad is reimbursed for work performed and materials furnished in accordance with the provisions of the *Federal Aid Policy Guide (FAPG)*, Subchapter B, Part 140, Subpart I, as last issued by the Federal Highway Administration on April 7, 1992. The railroad is reimbursed the actual total cost of all railroad force account work performed and materials used or installed. However, upon final audit by the Audit Office of TxDOT, the railroad may be required to reimburse TxDOT any over payment that cannot be justified.

#### **Solicitation of Bids Clause**

The solicitation of bids clause is *only* included in the agreement for railroad companies that do not have their own forces to perform railroad work and must hire a contractor to perform railroad force account work. This clause notifies the railroad that they must solicit a minimum of three bids from qualified contractors to perform the railroad force account work. The railroad is also allowed to submit an estimate for administrative costs and construction inspection, which is reimbursed on an actual cost basis upon receipt of an itemized bill. Upon receipt of the bids, the railroad reviews the bids and forwards them to TRF for approval with a recommendation of the contractor they would prefer. TRF reviews the bids and awards the contract. Under state contracting policy, the contract is normally awarded to the lowest bidder, unless other mitigating factors prevail. TRF advises the railroad in writing as to which contractor was awarded the project and the cost of the work. The approved bid will be the *exact lump sum amount* paid to the railroad for the work performed. The railroad is responsible for reimbursing its contractor.

#### **Conditions**

The conditions clause describes how the agreement can be canceled at any time prior to actual letting of the contract by TxDOT. Also, any cost participation by the railroad is identified in accordance with *FAPG* requirements.

#### **Fiber Optic Clause**

Most of the major railroads have fiber optic cable buried on their right-of-way. Therefore, it is important that the railroad be contacted at a 1-800 number (which is identified in the agreement) prior to any work being performed, to determine if fiber optic cable is buried on the right-of-way. Also, the location of the fiber optic cable and who it belongs to can be identified. It is the district's responsibility to contact the fiber optic company to advise them of the proposed work and to determine if the cable will be affected by the work. This clause is important to the railroad companies, because of the very high costs associated with broken or damaged fiber optic cable.

# **Negotiations**

TRF coordinates all negotiations concerning the agreement, including any revisions. These negotiations are coordinated with the district when corrections or revisions to the plan layout are involved.

#### **After Execution**

Upon receipt of the signed agreements, TRF forwards a copy of the executed agreement along with the railroad estimate (if available) or the approved bid to the district, the Finance Division (FIN), and the Federal Highway Administration (if it is a federal-aid project).

# **Project Execution**

#### **Work Order**

The district is responsible for issuing the work order to the railroad for any railroad force account work not involving installation of new railroad signal devices and coordinating work in progress on railroad right-of-way. The work order should be issued soon after the contract has been awarded to allow the railroad sufficient time to order materials and schedule work. A copy of the work order should also be sent to TRF and FIN. The work order authorizes payment to the railroad.

# **Pre-construction Meeting**

A pre-construction meeting is recommended and is the district's responsibility. Representatives from the railroad, TxDOT's contractor, and TxDOT should attend the meeting so that work can be coordinated. The construction schedule and individual points of concern and coordination are discussed.

#### Inspection

The district inspects the work performed by the railroad and verifies that the work complies with the approved plan layout and specifications.

#### **Completion Letter**

The district issues the completion letter to the railroad when the project is complete. A copy of the completion letter should be sent to TRF and FIN. The completion letter authorizes final payment to the railroad.

# **Chapter 4**

# **Grade Crossing Replanking Program**

# **Contents:**

Section 1 — Overview	4-2
Program Background	
Program Funding	
Eligible Crossings	
Crossing Surface Materials for Replanking	4-3
Section 2 — Project Selection	4-4
Introduction	
Project Submission	4-4
Figuring Estimated Cost per Vehicle	
Project Selection	
Project Cancellation	
Section 3 — Plan Layout (Exhibit A)	4-6
Introduction	
Contents of Exhibit A	
Section 4 — Agreements and Negotiations	4-10
Introduction	
Master Agreements	
Individual Project Agreements	
Negotiations	
Section 5 — Project Execution	4-13
Work Order	
Pre-construction Meeting	
Inspection	
Completion Letter	

#### Overview

#### **Program Background**

The State Railroad Grade Crossing Replanking Program was originally authorized by the Texas Legislature in 1979 to provide dedicated State Highway Funds for replacing worn-out grade crossings located on the state highway system. The Traffic Operations Division (TRF) manages the program.

**Annual Reauthorization.** TRF requests program reauthorization on an annual basis through the Transportation Planning and Programming Division's (TPP) annual authorization of bank balance allocation programs. The Texas Transportation Commission reauthorizes and approves the program by minute order.

# **Program Funding**

The Replanking Program is managed as a bank balance allocation program. Bank balance allocation means that the commission authorizes the total amount of funding and the method of project selection. This provides flexibility within each program year to cancel and add projects to the program without commission action.

Program funds are used to reimburse the railroad force account portion of the projects. State force account work is financed out of the district's maintenance budget.

#### **Eligible Crossings**

Every railroad operating in Texas can participate in the Replanking Program.

Program funds can only be used on state highway system crossings where the state highway originally crossed the railroad. Grade crossings located on city streets and county roads and most spur track crossings cannot be replanked under this program. Spur tracks not eligible for the program are those that originally crossed an existing state highway. Eligible spur tracks are those that were originally crossed by the state highway.

#### **Crossing Surface Materials for Replanking**

The standard surface materials for the replanking of railroad grade crossings are precast concrete panels with rubber headers along the rails. Timber is seldom used, as concrete has proven more durable and cost-effective. Rubber surfaces are occasionally used. Asphalt crossings are generally unacceptable and should be used only on a temporary basis. Most of the major railroad companies have adopted the use of concrete panel crossing surfaces with rubber inserts in the rail flangeway as a company standard (see Figure 4-1).

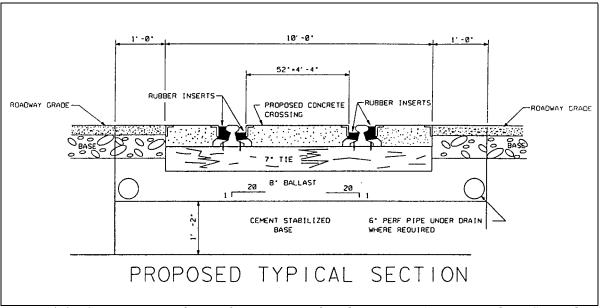


Figure 4-1. Cross section of typical concrete surfaced crossing. (To access the MS Word version of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG4-1.)

# **Project Selection**

#### Introduction

The Traffic Operations Division (TRF) selects projects for the Replanking Program on a statewide basis. Generally, each district is guaranteed funding for its two highest priority ranked projects. The other eligible projects are included in the program according to their priority rankings. The priority ranking is based on the project's estimated cost-per-vehicle.

#### **Project Submission**

Each year TRF sends Railroad Grade Crossing Replanking Project Submission Forms (TxDOT Form 1876) to the districts.

The district completes *one form for each crossing submitted*, ranking them according to district priority. Crossings in the worst condition should be assigned highest priority rankings. TRF strives (within funding limitations) to include each district's top two priority ranked submissions in the current year's program.

After receiving all project submissions from every district, TRF ranks the projects in order of estimated cost per vehicle.

**Form Available.** A sample of the Railroad Grade Crossing Replanking Project Submission Form is provided in Appendix A of the hard copy print version of this volume. This sample form may be photocopied as necessary. Copies may also be obtained from TRF. In the online version of this volume, an MS Word version of this form may be opened and printed out by clicking on the following file name: TFE-1876.

# Figuring Estimated Cost per Vehicle

The estimated cost per vehicle for a project is derived from the total estimated cost of the project. The total estimated cost of the project is obtained by multiplying the estimated cost of materials, labor, and other associated expenses per track foot times the width of the crossing. For the purposes of this calculation, "the width of the crossing" is the length of the track traversing the roadway plus 0.914 m (3 feet) beyond edge of the pavement or curb line on either side. The estimated cost per vehicle is the total estimated cost of the project divided by the average daily traffic (ADT) at the crossing.

If there are multiple tracks at the crossing, the total combined width across the roadway of *both* tracks is used to determine the total estimated cost of the project.

(continued...)

# **Figuring Estimated Cost per Vehicle** (continued)

The formulas are:

 $Total\ Project\ Cost = Cost\ per\ Track\ Foot \times Number\ of\ Tracks\ (Length\ of\ Tracks)$ 

$$Cost \ perVehicle = \frac{Total \ Project \ Cost}{ADT}$$

EXAMPLE: Concrete replanking is proposed at a crossing with two tracks across the roadway. Each track is 40 feet long. The ADT is 1300 vehicles per day (VPD). The current cost of concrete replanking is \$457 per track foot.

$$$457 \times 2(40) = $36,560 Total Project Cost$$
  
$$\frac{$36,560}{1300 VPD} = $28.12 per Vehicle$$

# **Project Selection**

TRF pulls out each district's first and second priority ranked projects and calculates a total estimated cost for all the districts' top two priority submissions. This establishes a program subtotal. All of the other project submissions are then sorted in order of cost per vehicle. These projects are added to the statewide priority list, beginning with those having the lowest cost per vehicle, until the program funding amount is expended. TRF then furnishes a list of the selected projects to each district and railroad company.

#### **Project Cancellation**

If projects are canceled for any reason (RR abandoned tracks, RR already replanked crossing, crossing is a spur track, etc.) the district from which the project was canceled can recommend another project (of equal or lesser value). This replacement project is then chosen from the submitted projects that did not previously make the program within that district. If the district in question cannot replace the canceled project, then the funds for the canceled project are used on the next highest rated project statewide that did not originally make the program.

# Plan Layout (Exhibit A)

#### Introduction

The district prepares complete project plan layout (known as Exhibit A), showing critical details for the proposed replanking project. The district then submits Exhibit A to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF). These exhibits should be submitted within the deadline set annually by TRF.

NOTE: All plan layouts must be signed, sealed, and dated by a registered professional engineer.

#### **Contents of Exhibit A**

Exhibit A should include:

- the plan layout (to scale with scale labeled on the layout)
- a typical section of road
- ♦ a typical section of railroad crossing
- work to be done by railroad
- work to be done by TxDOT
- general notes, including:
  - number of through trains per day
  - number of train switching moves per day
  - ADT
  - average speed of traffic at crossing
  - existing warning devices
- a title block on each sheet containing all project information
- ♦ a traffic control plan based on the *Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices* (*TMUTCD*), including any necessary detours.

All pages of the Exhibit A plan layout should be on 11×17 inch paper with a one inch margin at the top.

The Exhibit A plan layout should be stamped: "Exhibit A."

Figure 4-2 (a–c) at the end of this section shows an example Exhibit A plan layout.

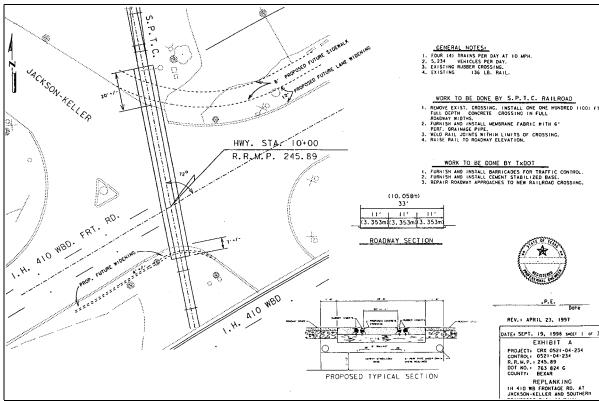


Figure 4-2a. Example Exhibit A plan layout for replanking project (1 of 3). (To access the MS Word version of all 3 panels of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG4-2.)

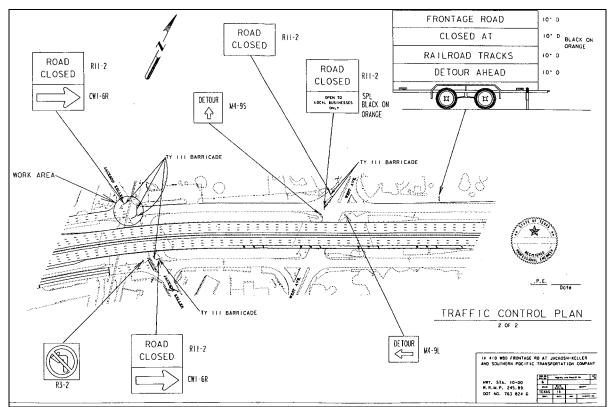


Figure 4-2b. Example Exhibit A plan layout for replanking project (2 of 3). (To access the MS Word version of all 3 panels of this figure from online, click this file name: TFEG4-2.)

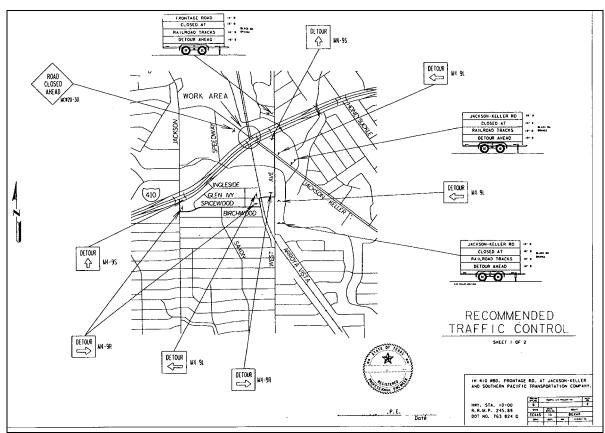


Figure 4-2c. Example Exhibit A plan layout for replanking project (3 of 3). (To access the MS Word version of all 3 panels of this figure from online, click this file name: TFEG4-2.)

### **Agreements and Negotiations**

#### Introduction

Railroads may participate in the Replanking Program by negotiating a contract with the state called a "master agreement" or by executing separate agreements for each project.

### **Master Agreements**

Master agreements are in place with each railroad company that receives new projects on a regular basis and are the preferred contracting instrument under the railroad dedicated fund programs. Master agreements are updated each year by adding an Exhibit L (List of Projects) to the original master agreement. This eliminates the need for a separate agreement each year or for each project, saving administrative time and resources.

Master agreements contain:

- scope of work, including:
  - the responsibilities of the railroad and the state
  - the quality of materials
  - the inspection of materials
  - requirement that all rail joints be welded
  - requirements for subgrade stabilization work (if necessary)
  - materials the state will not pay for (rails, tie plates, rail anchors, track spikes, and other material or labor intrinsic to maintenance of the railroad tracks)
  - railroad maintenance responsibilities
  - reference to the Exhibit A
- a work order clause, explaining the requests, issuance, and receipt of work orders
- a payment clause, covering:
  - conditions and guidelines for reimbursement
  - railroad submission of final bills

### **Master Agreements** (continued)

- ♦ solicitation of bids clause (optional):
  - requiring that the railroad submit sufficiently detailed uniform proposals to qualified contractors using the Detailed Estimate for Railroad Solicitation of Bids (TxDOT Form 1891) (see "Form Available" following this list)
  - requiring the submission of at least three qualified contractors to the state for approval
  - requiring that approval of bids be contingent on sufficiency of detail, uniformity, and cost.
  - including information concerning the railroad's recommendation
  - limiting the time frame of the project notice.

**Form Available.** A sample Form 1891, Detailed Estimate for Railroad Solicitation of Bids, is provided in Appendix A of the hard copy print version of this volume. This sample form may be photocopied as necessary. Copies may also be obtained from the Traffic Operations Division (TRF). In the on-line version of this volume, an MS Word version of the form may be opened and printed out by clicking on the following file name: TFE-1891.

### **Individual Project Agreements**

The railroad may also participate in the Replanking Program by negotiating a separate agreement for each project on the program. In addition to the items required in a master agreement, individual project agreements should include:

- ♦ *project data*, including:
  - location of the project
  - county
  - control-section-job (CSJ)
  - highway number or street name
  - project number
  - DOT number (if available)
  - city
- ♦ a construction and maintenance clause, specifying:
  - details relating to the request, issuance, and receipt of work orders
  - materials for which the state will not reimburse the railroad (rails, tie plates, rail anchors, track spikes, and other material or labor related to the improvement or maintenance of the railroad tracks)
  - the railroads future responsibility for maintenance after the project is complete

### **Individual Project Agreements** (continued)

- ♦ *conditions*, including:
  - the conditions under which the agreement may be canceled.
  - a requirement that the railroad retain adequate cost accounting records
  - provision for state inspection of construction.

### **Negotiations**

TRF coordinates all comments from participating parties (districts, railroad companies, industries, counties, cities, etc.) and prepares all necessary agreements. TRF also acts as liaison in negotiations with all parties involved.

TRF reviews the Exhibit A plan layout and traffic control plans, and prepares and sends project notices to the railroad companies.

### **Project Execution**

#### **Work Order**

After all materials are assembled, delivered to the job site, and a crew is scheduled, the district issues the work order to the railroad at the railroad's request.

The district should send a copy of the work order to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) and the Finance Division (FIN). The work order authorizes payment to the railroad.

### **Pre-construction Meeting**

A pre-construction meeting is recommended and is the district's responsibility. Representatives from TxDOT, the railroad, and their respective contractors should attend the meeting so that work can be coordinated. The construction schedule and individual points of concern should be discussed and any scheduling conflicts identified and resolved.

### Inspection

The district inspects the work performed by the railroad and verifies that the work complies with the approved plans and specifications.

### **Completion Letter**

The district issues the completion letter to the railroad when the project is complete. A copy of the completion letter should be sent to TRF and FIN. The completion letter authorizes final payment to the railroad.

# **Chapter 5**

# **Spur Tracks**

### **Contents:**

5-2
5-2
5-2
5-2
5-3
5-3
5-4
5-4
5-4
5-4
5-5
5-5
5-5
5-5
5-5
5-5
5-6
5-6
5-7
5-7
5-7

### Overview

#### Introduction

Spur track crossings are generally discouraged. However, under certain circumstances, TxDOT may allow both grade-separated and at-grade spur track crossings on conventional highways. On interstate and other controlled access highways, *only* grade-separated crossings may be allowed.

### **Grade-separated Crossings**

TxDOT may allow a grade-separated crossing if the industry or railroad desiring the crossing agrees to finance and construct it.

The district, in conjunction with the Design Division (DES) and the Traffic Operations Division (TRF), determines the need for a grade separation based on the following factors:

- average daily traffic volume
- volume, type, and time of train movements
- location of proposed crossing
- safety of the traveling public
- other pertinent considerations.

**Cost.** The Texas Administrative Code (43 TAC §25.75) requires that the total cost of constructing a grade separation be borne by the party applying for the spur permit. (See Chapter 7 of this volume for more information on grade separations.)

### **At-grade Crossings**

A spur track at-grade crossing may be allowed on non-interstate and non-controlled access highways if, in the opinion of the district and DES, the anticipated volumes of train and vehicular traffic and other factors indicate that the crossing will not be overly hazardous to the traveling public.

*Costs*. If a spur track grade crossing is allowed, all costs of the crossing pavement, highway adjustments, warning devices, and maintenance is borne by the party requesting the spur track.

Conditions may be specified whereby a change in traffic or train conditions or volumes will require a future separation of grades at no expense to TxDOT.

### **Request for Crossing**

A railroad company, an industry, or both can request a spur track crossing. If a railroad company plans to provide rail service to the industry making the request, then both the railroad and industry should become a party to the request and agreement executed with TxDOT for the spur track permit.

Requests to cross TxDOT's right-of-way with a spur track must be submitted in writing to the district involved.

### **Processing a Request**

Upon receiving a request for a spur track crossing, a district proceeds as follows:

- 1. The district investigates the possibility of the applicant (railroad or industry or both) obtaining rail service by alternate means that will not require an additional highway crossing. These means could be servicing through a different railroad company or through joint use of a nearby existing spur track crossing.
- 2. If an alternate plan is impracticable, the district should forward the spur track request to TRF, along with a report and recommendations. The report should include:
  - a map showing the location of the proposed spur track crossing
  - average daily traffic at this location
  - applicant's estimate of the number and length of trains anticipated to cross the highway during each 24-hour period.

Upon receiving a request and recommendations concerning a proposed spur track from the district, TRF:

- 1. reviews the request
- 2. prepares a memorandum to TxDOT administration requesting approval of the spur track permit.

Upon administrative approval, TRF:

- 1. forwards a copy of the approval to the district
- 2. prepares the necessary agreement
- 3. works with the district and railroad company or industry or both in preparing, negotiating, and executing the agreement.

# Section 2 Plan Layout (Exhibit A)

#### Introduction

The applicant, with guidance from the district, should prepare plan layouts to serve as Exhibit A in the agreement. These layouts are similar to the preliminary layouts the district prepares for a diagnostic inspection (see Chapter 6, Section 6 of this volume).

### **Site Inspection**

The Traffic Operations Division (TRF) arranges a site inspection with representatives from the district, TRF, and the applicant (railroad, industry, or both) involved to determine:

- ♦ type of traffic control devices to use
- location of signals and other appurtenances
- length and type of crossing pavement to be installed
- location and size of drainage structures, if needed
- any other features to be located in the plan layout.

### Finalization of Exhibit

The applicant or district (depending on who is doing the work) adds the agreed upon features to the exhibit. If the applicant finalizes the exhibit, the applicant then furnishes a reproducible tracing to the district for review. The district then forwards it to TRF for inclusion in the agreement.

### **Agreement and Negotiations**

#### **Contents**

Using the plan layout furnished by the applicant through the district as Exhibit A, TRF prepares the necessary agreement and forwards it to the railroad or industry or both for their approval.

### **Agreement Contents**

The agreement contains the following:

- project data
- ♦ permission
- ♦ scope of work
- ♦ insurance clause
- other applicable considerations.

Discussions of each of these items follow.

### **Project Data**

Project data include the location of the project: county, highway, and city.

### **Permission**

The permission clause gives the railroad or industry permission to construct, maintain, and operate, at its sole expense, a spur track across TxDOT's right-of-way. The clause states that the railroad or industry will perform or have performed all work pertaining to the crossing and that it will be done at no expense to and to the satisfaction of TxDOT. Also, the crossing will be maintained to TxDOT's satisfaction.

### Scope of Work

The scope of work lists all work to be performed by the railroad or industry in constructing the spur track. If TxDOT performs any work, the railroad or industry will reimburse TxDOT.

### **Insurance Clause**

The insurance clause specifies the type of insurance the railroad or industry or both must purchase on behalf of TxDOT.

### **Other Considerations**

Other considerations that may apply to the agreement follow.

*Modifications to the Highway.* If TxDOT elects to modify the highway in any way that will affect the spur track grade crossing, TxDOT will have the right to make such modifications, and the railroad or industry will make the necessary changes at its own expense.

*Liability.* TxDOT does not assume any liability for suits, claims, or damage of any kind arising out of or incidental to the construction, maintenance, or operation of the flashing light signals or crossing.

No Abnormal Delays in Traffic Flow. No general switching of trains across the highway is permitted. Train operations crossing the highway must be conducted in a way as to not delay traffic flow for more than a normal period of time (5 minutes is the maximum time a crossing can be blocked under Texas Transportation Code). If more than the normal time is needed, the railroad or industry must notify TxDOT in writing as to the necessity and circumstances for more time.

**Future need for Grade Separation.** If in the future, TxDOT determines that a grade separation is required, the railroad or industry or both will finance and construct the structure. The terms of the grade separation structure will be handled under a separate agreement.

### **Construction Inspection and Project Completion**

### Inspection

The district inspects the work performed by the railroad or industry to assure that the it meets approved plan layouts and specifications.

Upon completion of the spur track crossing, the district notifies TRF so that a joint final inspection can be conducted on both the signal and crossing installations.

### **Obtaining DOT Inventory Number**

The railroad or industry must obtain a U.S. Department of Transportation crossing inventory number (DOT No.) for the crossing and advise the district when it is assigned. The district then advises TRF and the Transportation Planning and Programming Division (TPP).

## **Chapter 6**

# **Warning Signals and Devices**

### **Contents:**

Section 1 — Overview	6-3
Introduction	
General Guidelines	
Federal Funding Requirements	
TRF's Role	
Section 2 — Programs and Finances	6-4
Highway Construction Projects	
Federal Programs	
Railroad Signal Maintenance Payment Program	
Verification of Warning Devices	
Section 3 — Federal Railroad Signal Program	6-7
Introduction	
Eligibility	
Funding	
Project Selection and Prioritization	
Project Processing Overview	
Section 4 — The Texas Priority Index	6-10
Introduction	6-10
Priority Index Formula	
School Bus Priority Index Formula	
Section 5 — Project Layout (Exhibit A)	6-13
Preliminary Layout	
Post Diagnostic Inspection Additions	
Itemized Estimate	
After Layout Completion	
Section 6 — Diagnostics Inspection	6-19
Purpose	6-19
Inspection Team Composition	6-19
District Responsibilities	
Inspection Activities	
Elimination of the Crossing	6-20
Safety Enhancements	6-20
Initial Project Layout Preparation	
General Notes	
Cost Participation and Reimbursement Eligibility	6-22
Reimbursement Methods	
Final Project Layout Preparation	6-22

Section 7 — Agreement Preparation and Coordination	6-23
Overview	6-23
Exhibit B Plan Preparation	
Distribution	
FHWA Approval	
Master Agreements	
Individual Project Agreements	
Negotiations	
Section 8 — Project Execution	6-25
Work Order	
Project Coordination	
Routine Project Inspection	
Final Inspection	
Project Certification	
Section 9 — STOP and YIELD Signs at Grade Crossings	6-27
Background	
National and State Provisions	6-27
Crossings with Passive Warning Signs	
Sign Placement	
Assessing Need for Signs	
General Factors	
Specific Factors	
Positive Indications	
Opposing Factors	

### Overview

#### Introduction

This chapter covers projects involving the installation and upgrading of warning signals and devices used at highway-rail crossings.

### **General Guidelines**

The *Railroad-Highway Grade Crossing Handbook*, second edition, published by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, provides general information on highway-rail grade crossing characteristics, and the physical and operational improvements that can be made to enhance safety and operation of both highway and rail traffic over crossing intersections. The guidelines and alternative improvements presented in the handbook have been proven effective and are accepted nationwide.

The *Texas Highway-Rail Intersection Field Reference Guide*, Research Report 1273-F, dated May 1994, provides further information. Copies are available through TxDOT's Research and Technology Transfer Office.

The type of warning system to be installed is determined during a site inspection by a diagnostic team as described in Section 6 of this chapter.

### **Federal Funding Requirements**

All agreements between TxDOT and railroad companies involving federal funds for grade crossing warning signal projects must meet the requirements of the *Federal-Aid Policy Guide (FAPG)*, Title 23, CFR Part 140, Subpart I, and 23 CFR, Part 646, Subpart A & B.

### TRF's Role

The Traffic Operations Division (TRF) handles all negotiations with the railroad companies and coordinates with the districts for installation of grade crossing warning signals and devices or upgrading of existing signals at grade crossings.

### **Programs and Finances**

### **Highway Construction Projects**

Individual signal projects may be proposed for highway or street crossings on the Federal-Aid Urban Systems in cities, although these projects are generally in conjunction with roadway construction projects. These projects are *not* subject to the statewide priority system and are financed from district construction allocations.

Automatic warning devices generally should be installed or upgraded for crossings within the limits or near the terminus of a construction project. The *FAPG* Title CFR 23, Part 646B, Section 646.214 design requires the installation of automatic warning devices where one or more of the following conditions exist:

- multiple main line railroad tracks
- multiple tracks at or in the vicinity of the crossing which may be occupied by a train or locomotive so as to obscure the movement of another train approaching the crossing
- high speed train operation combined with limited sight distance at either single or multiple track crossings
- a combination of high speeds and moderately high volumes of highway and railroad traffic
- any combination of:
  - a high vehicular traffic volume
  - high number of train movements
  - substantial number of school buses or trucks carrying hazardous materials
  - unusually restricted sight distance
  - continuing crash occurrences
- a diagnostic team's recommendation.

*Financing.* Financing for the devices is included in construction projects at the programming stage.

**Coordination.** As roadway planning advances, the district should furnish TRF a letter-size location map for advancing the project with the Design Division (DES) and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). TRF should be advised which construction project the crossing project applies to, the project letting date, and furnished a preliminary layout showing the existing and proposed roadway.

### **Federal Programs**

The Federal Railroad Signal Program is funded under the Surface Transportation Program (STP), Federal Section 130 of the current federal transportation act. Highway-rail grade crossing warning devices and grade crossing hazard elimination projects are funded by the safety set-aside portion of the STP. Railroad crossing hazard elimination projects may include improving roadway alignment, consolidating and closing redundant, non-essential grade crossings, removing sight distance obstructions, etc. All public highway-rail grade crossings are eligible for the Federal Railroad Signal Program, except for industry spur track crossings located on the state highway system where the spur track crossed an existing highway. (See Section 3 of this chapter for detailed information on the Federal Railroad Signal Program.)

School Bus Program. The Federal Railroad School Bus Signal Program is included as a part of the federal program of work funded by STP. All unsignalized public highway-rail grade crossings used by school buses carrying students are eligible for this program, with the exception of industry spur track crossings located on the state highway system where the spur track crossed an existing highway. Districts are responsible for furnishing updated school bus moves over public crossings to TRF for updating in the state crossing inventory. Districts should obtain this information from the school districts on an annual basis. (See Section 3 of this chapter for detailed information on the Federal Railroad School Bus Signal Program.)

### **Railroad Signal Maintenance Payment Program**

The Railroad Signal Maintenance Payment Program is a state funded program to provide a fixed annual unit payment to the railroads for maintenance of railroad signals on the state highway system only. This program is managed under the bank balance allocation procedures and submitted for approval by Transportation Commission Minute Order in the annual Project Development Plan (PDP).

Payment is based on the type of warning device in place as of August 31st of each program year. Payment is provided based on the following schedule.

State Railroad Signal Maintenance Payment Program Schedule

Type of Warning Device	Annual Payment per DOT Numbered Location
Mast Flashers	\$300
Cantilever Flashers	\$400
Gates and Flashers	\$800

### **Verification of Warning Devices**

Before payment to the railroad company can be made under the Railroad Signal Maintenance Payment Program, the type of warning devices in place must be verified. TRF coordinates these verifications through the districts, the Transportation Planning and Programming Division (TPP), and the railroad companies. TRF normally requests that the districts verify the type of warning device in place at each crossing located on the state highway system between December and March, following the August 31 cut-off date to verify payment is warranted.

The district is responsible for verifying the type of warning device in place and forwarding any corrections to TRF for verification and coordination with TPP and the railroads companies.

TRF is then responsible for issuing a recommended payment amount to the railroad and requesting their concurrence in the payment amount. After the railroad acknowledges the agreed upon amount and any discrepancies are reconciled, TRF sends the approved Form 132 Billing Statement to the Finance Division (FIN) to process payment to the railroad company.

TRF furnishes corrections to the crossing inventory to TPP for updating with the Federal Railroad Administration.

### Federal Railroad Signal Program

#### Introduction

This section describes eligibility, funding, selection, and processing for projects under the Federal Railroad Signal Program. (For a basic description of the program, see Section 2 of this chapter.)

### **Eligibility**

**Project Eligibility.** All public highway-rail grade crossings are eligible for the Federal Railroad Signal Program, except for industry spur track crossings located on the state highway system where the spur track crossed an existing highway. For more information on spur tracks, see Chapter 4 of this volume.

Eligible Work. Under the federal program, project work may include:

- improvement of roadway alignment
- consolidation and closing of redundant, non-essential grade crossings
- removal of sight distance obstructions, etc.
- upgrade of railroad warning devices.

### **Funding**

Funding participation is 90 percent federal and 10 percent state. TxDOT does not require a local funding match for projects off the state highway system. However, local participation in these projects is encouraged and can include:

- utility adjustments
- placement or adjustment of curb and gutter sections
- drainage improvements
- roadway alignment improvements
- removing sight distance obstructions located off railroad right-of-way (for example, trimming or removing vegetation)
- maintaining pavement markings and advance warning signs.

### **Project Selection and Prioritization**

Statewide selection and priority ranking of projects is based on the Texas Priority Index (described in Section 4 of this chapter). The formula used to calculate the index (also described in Section 4) relies on data contained in the state railroad crossing inventory. (See Chapter 1 of this volume for information on the crossing inventory.) Crossings having the highest relative priority are selected for railroad crossing signal warning devices or upgrading, as funds become available under the federal signal program.

**Tentative Project List.** Initially, TRF develops a tentative project list and distributes it to the districts for review and comment. The list contains projects meeting the program criteria making them eligible for modification in the next fiscal year. The districts are encouraged to make on-site investigations of all crossings on the list to determine the accuracy of the information.

After the on-site investigations, the districts should recommend deletions or additions of projects based on discrepancies or changes in vehicle traffic, rail traffic, type of warning device in place, school bus information, or crash data reported in the inventory. Railroad companies are also furnished this list and have the opportunity to make recommendations or corrections to the information.

NOTE: Districts are encouraged to make periodic reviews of all public crossings under their jurisdiction to ensure that the information reported in the inventory and used to calculate the priority indexes is reasonably accurate.

### **Project Processing Overview**

Projects selected under the federal railroad signal programs are processed as follows:

- 1. The Texas Transportation Commission approves bank balance allocation program funding amount and method of project selection.
- 2. TRF coordinates with the districts and railroads to prioritize projects and allocate funds until the established funding is expended.
- 3. The FHWA obligates the funds.
- 4. District performs a topographic survey of location, prepares preliminary layouts, and submits them to TRF. (See Section 5 of this chapter for details on project layout preparation.)
- 5. TRF schedules diagnostic inspection. Diagnostic team agrees on and recommends safety improvements to be accomplished. (See Section 6 of this chapter for details of the diagnostic inspection.)

### **Project Processing Overview** (continued)

- 6. District develops project layouts (to be used as Exhibit A) from diagnostic team field notes and sketches and submits them on 11×17 inch sheets with signed, sealed, and dated title and layout sheets to TRF. (See Section 5 of this chapter for details on layout sheet preparation.)
- 7. TRF reviews project layouts (Exhibit A) and transmits it to the railroad, requesting approval of plans, estimate, and wiring diagrams. (See Section 7 of this chapter for details.)
- 8. Railroad approves project layouts and prepares estimate and wiring diagrams and sends them to TRF. (See Section 7 of this chapter for details.)
- 9. TRF reviews estimate and wiring diagrams; prepares and approves Exhibit B set of approved plans, specifications, and estimates; and sends items to railroad and district as approved and ready for construction, following issuance of work order. (See Section 7 of this chapter for details.)
- 10. TRF issues work order upon request from railroad.
- 11. District coordinates any work to be done by the state, city, or county; stakes the project; provides fill material, signing, pavement markings, and construction inspection; and advises TRF when project is complete. (See Section 8 of this chapter for details.)
- 12. Railroad coordinates with district and performs the installation, then advises the district and TRF when signals are in service. (See Section 8 of this chapter for details.)
- 13. TRF schedules final inspection with district, city or county, and railroad and provides certification that project is complete to FHWA. (See Section 8 of this chapter for details.)
- 14. Railroad bills TxDOT.
- 15. TxDOT pays railroad.
- 16. FHWA reimburses TxDOT.

### The Texas Priority Index

#### Introduction

The Texas Priority Index is used to prioritize projects qualifying for the Federal Railroad Signal Program. This section describes the index and the formulas used to calculate it.

The Texas Priority Index is re-calculated at least once per year for every public highway-rail grade crossing eligible for federal-aid program funds. TRF is responsible for calculating the index using data maintained and furnished by the Transportation Planning and Programming Division (TPP). These data include DOT crossing inventory information, vehicle and rail traffic, types of rail service, roadway information, school bus information, and crash data provided to TPP from the Department of Public Safety. The data are used in a formula to calculate the index rating for each crossing.

### **Priority Index Formula**

The Priority Index (PI) formula is

$$PI = V \times T \times (S \times 0.10) \times P_f \times A^{1.15} \times 0.01$$

where:

V = average daily traffic — number of vehicles per day

T = number of trains in a 24-hour period

S =speed — maximum speed of the trains

 $P_f$ = protection factor — a factor weighted according to the type of existing traffic control device as shown in the following table:

#### **Protection Factors**

A = number of crashes in the last five years to the 1.15 power (when A = 0 or A = 1, then A = 1)

### **Priority Index Formula** (continued)

```
EXAMPLE COMPUTATION:

V = 5000 \text{ v.p.d.}

T = 12 \text{ trains/day}

S \times 0.10 = 6.0 (S = 60 \text{ mph})

P_f = 0.70 \text{ (mast flashers)}

A = 4.92 \text{ (4 crashes in last five years to the 1.15 power)}

PI = 5000 (12) (6.0) (0.70) (4.92) (0.01)

PI = 12,398
```

*More Than One Track.* At locations with more than one track where main line and switching movements occur over the same crossing and at different speeds, a priority index is calculated for both the main line traffic and switching traffic, then added together to equal the total priority index for the crossing.

### **School Bus Priority Index Formula**

Priority ratings for unsignalized public crossings eligible for the Federal Railroad School Bus Signal Program are calculated using a special formula. (For a basic description of the program, see Section 2 of this chapter.)

The School Bus Priority Index (SBPI) formula is

```
SBPI = V \times T \times S \times A^{1.15} \times 0.01
```

where:

V = average daily school bus traffic

T = number of trains in a 24-hour period

S =speed — maximum speed of the trains

A = number of crashes in the last five years to the 1.15 power (when A = 0 or A = 1, then A = 1)

### **EXAMPLE COMPUTATION:**

```
V = 5 \text{ SB/day}

T = 12 \text{ trains/day}

S = 60 \text{ mph}

A = 4.92 \text{ (4 crashes in last five years to the 1.15 power)}

SBPI = 5 \text{ (12) (60) (4.92) (0.01)}

SBPI = 1,771
```

### **School Bus Priority Index Formula** (continued)

*More Than One Track.* At locations with more than one track where main line and switching movements occur over the same crossing and at different speeds, a priority index is calculated for both the main line traffic and switching traffic, then added together to equal the total priority index for the crossing.

NOTE: The existing protection factor has been omitted from the school bus formula because only unsignalized crossings (crossings with crossbuck signs only) are eligible for this program.

### **Project Layout (Exhibit A)**

### **Preliminary Layout**

After program approval of a warning signal project, the district prepares and submits to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) an 11×17 inch preliminary plan layout using a 1:20 inch scale and large lettering (see Figure 6-1a & b for example title sheet and layout). This layout will become Exhibit A of the agreement. The preliminary layout should show the following information (with the numbers here corresponding to the large circled numbers on the example layout provided in Figure 6-1a & b):

- (1) Project Data, including:
  - county
  - project
  - control-section-job (CSJ)
  - highway number or road name.
- (2) Title Block, including:
  - railroad company name
  - crossing location
  - crossing DOT number.
- (3) Railroad milepost and highway station number at the crossing intersection.
- (4) Angle between the highway and railroad.
- (5) Drainage structures, utility poles, wire lines and clearances, and topography that may affect the placement of signals or the instrument case.
- (6) Typical section of the highway showing
  - number and width of each travel lane
  - shoulders or curb (or both) and gutter
  - sidewalks
  - entire right of way width, if known.

### **Preliminary Layout** (continued)

- (7) Enlarged layout of approximately 30.48 m (100 feet) on either side of the crossing along the roadway and along the railroad tracks, including:
  - same items listed for typical section (6).
  - highways and roads within the area labeled by name (for example: Ave. K, private road, etc.)
  - directional traffic arrows
  - railroad tracks labeled by company and type (for example: ATSF RR mainline, siding, etc.).
- (8) Vicinity schematic layout using a scale of 1 inch = 200 feet of approximately 914.40 m (3,000 feet) of track on each side of crossing with approximate dimensions from the project location and showing all:
  - tracks, switches, block signals, and railroad mile post markers
  - adjacent roads that cross the tracks identified by road name, DOT number, and existing warning devices.

NOTE: In high density urban areas where numerous switches are present or in and near railroad yards, an approximate line track diagram is acceptable.

This information is needed for possible upgrade of existing railroad circuits or recommending closure of adjacent crossings.

*Items to Exclude.* Do not show existing or proposed signals, lens spread, instrument cabin, conduit, circuit lengths, general notes, or description of project. These things will be identified during the diagnostic inspection. Reserve a blank area for the "General Notes" (9) and for the "Description of Project" (10) to be added after the inspection.

County Base Map. Include an  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$  inch county base map showing the project location with the preliminary layout. Figure 6-2 shows an example county base map.

After the layout is submitted to TRF, the diagnostic inspection is scheduled. For more information on the diagnostic inspection see Section 6 of this chapter.

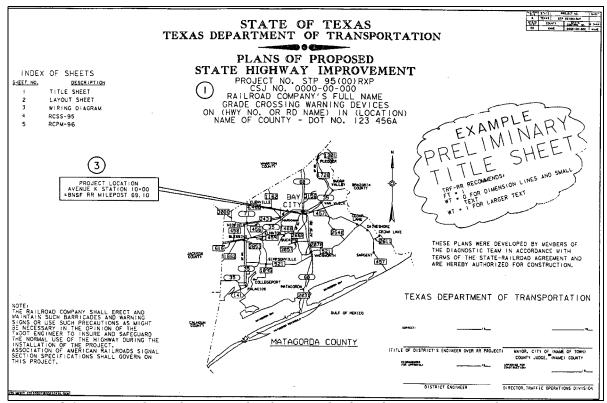


Figure 6-1a. Example preliminary plan layout title sheet for warning signal or warning device project (1 of 2). (Circled numbers explained in text.) (To access the MS Word version of both panels of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG6-1.)

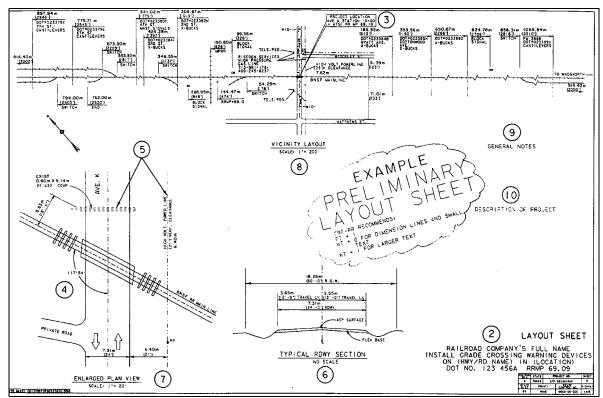


Figure 6-1b. Example preliminary plan layout for warning signal or warning device project (2 of 2). (Circled numbers explained in text.) (To access the MS Word version of both panels of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG6-1.)

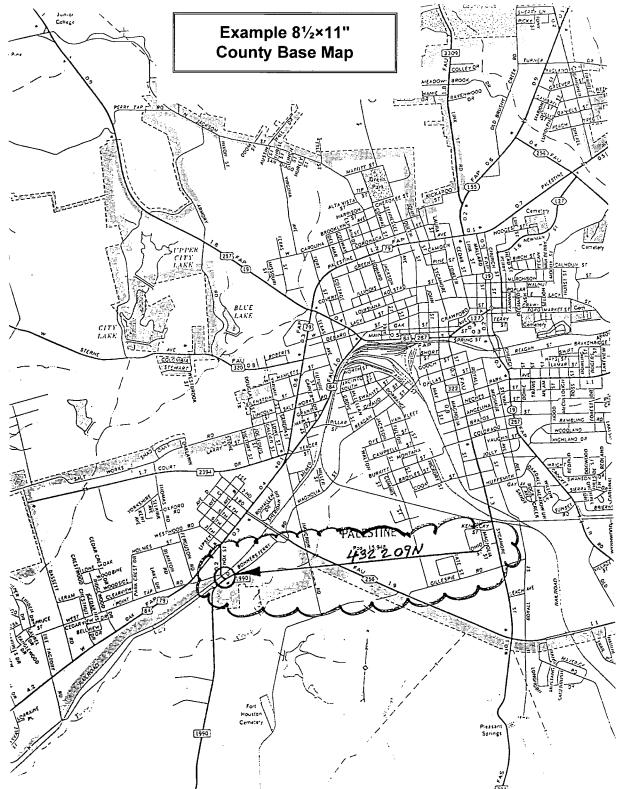


Figure 6-2. Example  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$  inch county base map. (To access the MS Word version of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG6-2.)

### **Post Diagnostic Inspection Additions**

Following the diagnostic inspection, the district adds the following items to the layout (with the numbers here corresponding to the large circled numbers on the example layout provided in Figure 6-1b):

- (9) general notes
- (10) description of the project
- symbols for and locations of warning devices, instrument cabin, type and length of circuits, and other items related to the installation (not included in the preliminary layout shown in Figure 6-1b).

NOTE: All layout sheets must be signed, sealed, and dated by the registered professional engineer supervising preparation of the project layouts.

### **Itemized Estimate**

An itemized estimate of costs showing state force account work to be done and materials to be furnished by the district for the project should be included with the completed plan layout. An example follows.

**Example Itemized Cost Estimate** 

Example Remized Cost Estimate			
Item	Cost		
Install stop lines, pavement markings (including RXR) and centerline striping, advance warning and malfunction signs	\$2,400.00		
Furnish and place fill and crushed cover rock for instrument case and signal foundations (if required)	2,000.00		
Furnish and place rip-rap	2,500.00		
Furnish and place reinforced concrete pipe	1,000.00		
Reshape ditch	300.00		
Inspection and construction engineering	1,000.00		
TOTAL ESTIMATED COST:	\$9,200.00		

NOTE: No work should be performed by the railroad until TRF issues a work order.

### **After Layout Completion**

The district forwards the completed project layout, title sheet, and cost estimate to TRF. For projects off the state highway system, the title sheet must be signed by the city or county or both (if more than one is involved) and signed, sealed, and dated by the professional engineer supervising preparation of the project layouts.

### **Diagnostics Inspection**

### **Purpose**

The diagnostic inspection is made to determine the type of warning devices and the design of features that need to be installed at a particular location before work begins. It is also made to determine who will be responsible for the maintenance of the railroad pavement markings and signs when the project is complete.

### **Inspection Team Composition**

The diagnostic inspection team is typically comprised of representatives from the following entities:

- the district
- ♦ the Traffic Operations Division (TRF)
- the railroad company
- city or county representatives or both (as appropriate)
- school district representatives (if applicable)
- ◆ Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) or Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) (if applicable).

### **District Responsibilities**

Before the inspection, the district prepares the project layout used to sketch in team decisions.

The district normally contacts city, county, and school district officials as needed for the inspection and makes arrangements for their attendance.

### **Inspection Activities**

Typically the diagnostic inspection team assembles in the field at the project location.

The diagnostic team performs the following activities:

- 1. considers possible elimination of the crossing
- 2. decides on appropriate safety enhancements
- 3. prepares initial project layouts
- 4. prepares general notes
- 5. determines which items of work are eligible for federal and state cost participation and reimbursement to the railroad.

Discussions of each of these items follow.

All team decisions are sketched on the project layouts prepared by the district.

### **Elimination of the Crossing**

The diagnostic team should first consider the possibility of crossing consolidation or elimination. Closure, highway relocation, railroad relocation, and grade separation are all options for crossing elimination.

Abandoned or inactive grade crossings should be removed or appropriate signs should be placed in accordance with the *Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices* (*TMUTCD*). Warning signal devices in place at an abandoned or inactive grade crossings should be removed, covered, or turned away from the roadway.

See Chapter 11 of this volume for information on crossing closure, relocation, and consolidation and on the dismantling of warning signals.

### **Safety Enhancements**

If the crossing is not a candidate for closure, then the diagnostic team discusses appropriate safety enhancements, such as:

- ◆ active warning devices in most cases, train activated flashing light signals, bells, and gate arms (see *Traffic Control Standard Sheets*, "Railroad Crossing Signs and Signals")
- advance warning signs and pavement markings
- active advance warning flashers and signs, if sight distance is a factor on the crossing approach (see *Traffic Control Standard Sheets*, "Railroad Crossing Advance Warning Sign & Signal")

### **Safety Enhancements** (continued)

- preemption of nearby traffic signals
  - NOTE: Preemption is required if the intersection is within 60.96 m (200 feet) of a railroad crossing. Preemption should be considered anywhere traffic may back up over the crossing due to traffic signals or other congestion (see Chapter 7 of this volume).
- other safety enhancements, such as:
  - identifying and recommending improvements to roadway approaches and crossing surfaces
  - trimming or removing trees and vegetation, etc.
- adjustments, such as:
  - installing or modifying curb and gutter sections
  - modifying, installing, or replacing drainage structures, utility adjustments, etc.

The team determines which enhancements or combination of enhancements comprise the best solution for the safety of the traveling public at that crossing location.

**Temporary STOP or YIELD Signs.** The team also determines if the installation of STOP or YIELD signs would be appropriate on an interim basis until warning signal devices are in place. This recommendation is based on *TMUTCD* guidelines and an engineering study.

### **Initial Project Layout Preparation**

After reaching a consensus on what type of safety enhancements should be implemented, the diagnostic team prepares the initial project layouts. The team decides placement locations and distances of signals, signal cabinets, signs, and other enhancements, including adjustments to existing drainage facilities and utilities. General notes are completed in the field also.

#### **General Notes**

The general notes:

- describe the type of circuitry for train activation of the warning devices
- describe upgrading of signal circuitry at adjacent signalized crossings for circuit compatibility
- assign responsibility for the specific items of work to be performed
- address the treatment of any parallel roadways.

Preliminary fill material quantities and drainage are also calculated in the field and included in the general notes.

### **Cost Participation and Reimbursement Eligibility**

The TRF diagnostic team member is responsible for making the final determination of the items of work involved in the project eligible for federal and state cost participation and reimbursement to the railroad.

### **Reimbursement Methods**

There are four methods for reimbursing a railroad. The appropriate method depends on the scope and complexity of the project and whether the railroad uses company forces or a contractor to perform the work.

Railroad Uses Its own Forces. If the railroad uses its own forces to perform the work, reimbursement is usually made on an actual cost basis. However, if the state and railroad agree, reimbursement can be based on a lump sum cost estimate. The lump sum payment method is more like the state accepting a bid from a contractor. Fixed costs and rates are agreed to prior to project approval. Variable costs and a total lump sum cost are approved with the Exhibit B. The lump sum cost method is only used on less complex single projects.

**Railroad Uses a Contractor.** If the railroad uses a contractor to perform railroad force account work, they can solicit bids from a minimum of three qualified contractors or use a contractor under a continuous agreement. The continuous agreement must be for a minimum of three years to perform all warning signal installations contracted with the state.

The agreement between the state and railroad includes the necessary contractual arrangements, as outlined in Section 7 of this chapter.

### **Final Project Layout Preparation**

The district diagnostic team member is responsible for converting all notes and decisions made at the project inspection into a final set of construction project layouts. The district must have the title sheet signed by the appropriate district officials, as well as the city or county officials as appropriate.

# **Agreement Preparation and Coordination**

#### Overview

The Traffic Operations Division (TRF) prepares the agreement, using the completed layout prepared by the district as Exhibit A. TRF requests cost estimates and a wiring diagram from the railroad. TRF then prepares the project plans (Exhibit B) and coordinates the approval of the agreement. TRF distributes copies of the signed agreement and approved plans and estimates as appropriate.

# **Exhibit B Plan Preparation**

TRF prepares Exhibit B of the agreement. Exhibit B normally consist of:

- a title sheet
- ♦ layout sheets (Exhibit A)
- wiring diagrams
- railroad crossing warning signal device standard and railroad crossing pavement marking standard.

The district furnishes the title sheet and layouts. The title sheet and layouts must be signed, sealed, and dated by a registered professional engineer.

The railroad furnishes the wiring diagram.

TRF adds the standard design sheets.

### Distribution

TRF distributes copies of the signed agreement and approved plans and estimates (Exhibit B) to:

- ♦ the district
- ♦ the Finance Division (FIN)
- ♦ the Design Division (DES)
- ♦ the railroad
- ♦ FHWA (if required see following subheading).

# **FHWA Approval**

FHWA approval may be required if unusual or unique work (such as crossing consolidation or elimination of safety hazards and sight obstructions in lieu of installing warning devices) is called for.

# **Master Agreements**

Master agreements are in place with each railroad company that receives new projects on a regular basis and are the preferred contracting instrument under the railroad dedicated fund programs. Master agreements are updated each year by adding an Exhibit L (List of Projects) to the original master agreement. This eliminates the need for a separate agreement each year or for each project, saving administrative time and resources.

The agreement covers construction and maintenance details for preparing and approving plans, specifications, and estimates; issuance of work order; sub contracting requirements; federal-aid policy guide requirements; methods of payment; and conditions for reimbursement.

# **Individual Project Agreements**

For railroads or projects not under a master agreement, TRF prepares and negotiates a separate project agreement. In addition to the items required in a master agreement, individual project agreements should include project data (location, county, control-section-job number, highway name, project number, and DOT number). Additional condition clauses in the event the project is canceled prior to letting, etc. may also be necessary.

# **Negotiations**

TRF coordinates all comments from participating parties (districts, railroad companies, industries, counties, cities, etc.) and prepares all necessary agreements. TRF also acts as liaison in negotiations with all parties involved.

TRF reviews the Exhibit A project layouts and traffic control plans, and prepares and sends the approved Exhibit B project plans and work order to the railroad companies.

# **Project Execution**

#### Work Order

TRF issues the work order for railroad warning signal device projects upon request by the railroad company.

# **Project Coordination**

The district coordinates any work done by the city or county with the railroad. Such work may include:

- staking the project for placement of signals and appurtenances
- providing fill and cover material
- installation of curbing, drain pipes, culverts, etc.
- inspection during construction
- notifying TRF when work is completed.

# **Routine Project Inspection**

The district should keep a general record of the railroad's daily labor and equipment rental. The railroad notify the district if any delays occur during construction.

# **Final Inspection**

Unless the district is approved to do final inspections, TRF schedules and conducts the final inspection of each project upon notification by the district and railroad.

The purpose of the final inspection is to verify that all safety enhancements involved in the project have been made and all traffic control devices, signs, pavement markings, railroad appurtenances, and other items of work listed in the general notes have been installed in accordance with the approved plans. All equipment and material installed by the railroad is checked against an inventory of materials furnished by the railroad. Any discrepancies from the approved plans are noted.

# **Project Certification**

Prior to project certification, the responsible party must correct all items noted during final inspection that were not in accordance with the approved plans. The district then furnishes a memo to TRF certifying that the project has been installed in accordance with the approved plans (see Figure 6-3 for example). TRF then certifies the project to the FHWA.

Fraffic Operations Division	
Traffic Operations Division  FROM:, P.E. ORIGINATION ORIGI	
SUBJECT: Project Certification  County – DOT No	TE:
County – DOT No	NATING OFFICE:
This is to certify that all work has been completed in accordance with terms of the above referenced railroad grade crossing location. Work, consisting of install modification of automatic warning devices and all signing and pavement marking and in accordance with the <i>Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (T</i> materials installed are in compliance with the plans and specifications. A final or was made on  Attached please find the original list used to inventory materials furnished and in railroad company for this project. Also, included are photographs depicting the rapproaches and railroad track approaches for this intersection.  If you have any questions, please contact, telephone in	
This is to certify that all work has been completed in accordance with terms of the above referenced railroad grade crossing location. Work, consisting of install modification of automatic warning devices and all signing and pavement marking and in accordance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (Tomaterials installed are in compliance with the plans and specifications. A final of was made on  Attached please find the original list used to inventory materials furnished and in railroad company for this project. Also, included are photographs depicting the rapproaches and railroad track approaches for this intersection.  If you have any questions, please contact, telephone in, telephone in	
This is to certify that all work has been completed in accordance with terms of the above referenced railroad grade crossing location. Work, consisting of install modification of automatic warning devices and all signing and pavement marking and in accordance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (Tomaterials installed are in compliance with the plans and specifications. A final of was made on  Attached please find the original list used to inventory materials furnished and in railroad company for this project. Also, included are photographs depicting the rapproaches and railroad track approaches for this intersection.  If you have any questions, please contact, telephone in, telephone in	
the above referenced railroad grade crossing location. Work, consisting of install modification of automatic warning devices and all signing and pavement marking and in accordance with the Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (T materials installed are in compliance with the plans and specifications. A final of was made on  Attached please find the original list used to inventory materials furnished and in railroad company for this project. Also, included are photographs depicting the rapproaches and railroad track approaches for this intersection.  If you have any questions, please contact, telephone in, telephone in	
railroad company for this project. Also, included are photographs depicting the rapproaches and railroad track approaches for this intersection.  If you have any questions, please contact, telephone s	
·	
/ Attachments	number
/ Attachments	
Attachments	

Figure 6-3. Example project certification memo. (To access the MS Word version of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG6-3.)

# STOP and YIELD Signs at Grade Crossings

# **Background**

Recent legislation has made it easier to install STOP and YIELD signs. Nevertheless, the responsible authority should ensure that such installations are justified, and that they are in conformance with all applicable standards.

#### **National and State Provisions**

National MUTCD Revision. Section 1077 of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 (ISTEA) granted states and local governments discretionary authority to install STOP or YIELD signs at highway-rail grade crossings that have two or more trains per day and are without automatic traffic control devices. This required the following revision of Section 8B-9 of the National Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD):

STOP or YIELD signs may be used at highway-rail grade crossings, at the discretion of the responsible state or local jurisdiction, for crossings that have two or more trains per day and are without automatic traffic control devices.

**Texas MUTCD** *Provisions.* The *Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices* (*TMUTCD*) limits use of the STOP sign at railroad-highway grade crossings to those crossings selected after need is established by a detailed traffic engineering study. Such crossings should have the following characteristics:

- The highway should be secondary in character with low traffic counts.
- ♦ Train traffic should be substantial.
- Line of sight to an approaching train is restricted by physical features such that approaching traffic is required to reduce speed to 10 mph or less in order to stop safely.
- ♦ At the stop bar, there must be sufficient sight distance down the track to afford ample time for a vehicle to cross the track before the arrival of the train.

The engineering study may determine other compelling reasons for the need to install a STOP sign; however, such an installation should only be an interim measure until active traffic control devices can be installed. STOP signs cannot be used on primary through highways or at grade crossings with active traffic control devices.

Whenever a STOP sign is installed at a grade crossing, a STOP AHEAD sign must be installed in advance of the STOP sign.

# **Crossings with Passive Warning Signs**

For other crossings with passive protection, STOP or YIELD signs may be used after need is established by a traffic engineering study. The study should take into consideration such factors as:

- volume and character of highway and train traffic
- adequacy of stopping sight distance
- crossing crash history
- need for active control devices.

# **Sign Placement**

For all highway-rail grade crossings where STOP or YIELD signs are installed, the placement must conform to the requirements of *MUTCD*, Section 2B-9, "Location of STOP Sign and YIELD Sign." STOP AHEAD or YIELD AHEAD advance warning signs must also be installed.

# **Assessing Need for Signs**

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) have cooperatively developed guidelines titled "Considerations to Apply in Assessing the Need for Stop or Yield Signs at Highway-Railroad Grade Crossings." The following guidelines are taken from these considerations.

#### **General Factors**

The FHWA and FRA recommend that the following general factors be considered when reviewing a crossing for possible STOP or YIELD sign installation:

- volume, type, and speed of highway traffic
- frequency, type, and speed of trains
- number of tracks
- intersection angles
- adequacy of stopping sight distances
- need for automated warning devices
- crossing crash history.

# **Specific Factors**

The FHWA and FRA recommend that specific factors be applied in determining first priority with respect to new STOP sign installations. The following considerations should be met in *every* case before a STOP sign is installed:

- ♦ Local or state police and judicial officials will commit to a program of enforcement no less vigorous than would apply at a highway intersection equipped with STOP signs.
- ♦ Installation of a STOP sign would not occasion a more dangerous situation (taking into consideration both the likelihood and severity of highway-rail collisions and other highway traffic risks) than would exist with a YIELD sign.

#### **Positive Indications**

Any one of the following conditions indicate that use of STOP signs would tend to reduce risk of a highway-rail collision. These considerations should be weighed against the following opposing factors:

- Maximum train speeds equal or exceed 30 mph (a factor strongly correlated with highway-rail crash severity).
- ♦ Highway traffic mix include buses, hazardous materials carriers, or large (trash or earth moving) equipment.
- Train movements are 10 or more per day during 5 or more days of the week.
- The rail line is used by passenger trains.
- The rail line is regularly used to transport a significant quantity of hazardous material.
- ♦ The highway crosses two or more tracks, particularly where both tracks are main tracks or one track is a passing siding that is frequently used. (Note: If federal-aid funds are used for a highway-rail grade crossing improvement project with multiple main line tracks, gates and flashing lights are required.)
- The angle of approach to the crossing is skewed.
- ♦ The line of sight from an approaching highway vehicle to an approaching train is restricted such that approaching traffic is required to substantially reduce speed.

# **Opposing Factors**

Factors to be weighed in opposition to STOP signs include:

- The highway is other than secondary in character and has an average daily traffic (ADT) count of 400 or less in rural areas or 1,500 or less in urban areas. (If any of the positive indications apply to a crossing with traffic counts in excess of these levels, strong consideration should be given to installation of automated warning devices.)
- ♦ The roadway is a steep ascending grade to or through the crossing, sight distance in both directions is unrestricted in relation to maximum closing speed, and the crossing is used by heavy vehicles. (Note: A crossing where there is insufficient time for any vehicle, proceeding from a complete stop, to safely traverse the crossing within the time allowed by maximum train speed is an inherently unsafe crossing that should be closed.)

# **Chapter 7**

# **Traffic Signal Preemption**

# **Contents:**

Section 1 — Overview	7-	-2
Introduction		
Need for Preemption		
Project Process Overview		
Section 2 — Preliminary Inspection and Coordination	7-	-4
Introduction	7-4	
Intersection Characteristics		
Equipment and Circuitry		
Cost		
Section 3 — Plan Layout (Exhibit A)		-6
Overview		
Project Data		
Title Block		
Work List		
If Conduit Installation is Involved		
If Railroad Signals Require Upgrading		
Preemption Worksheet		
Accompanying Information	7-7	
Section 4 — Project Execution	7-1	1
Work Order		
Pre-construction Meeting		
Inspection		
Completion Letter		

### Overview

#### Introduction

Traffic signal preemption involves the interruption of the normal signal controller sequence with a special sequence (usually flashing operation) activated through an interface with nearby railroad grade crossing warning devices. Preemption may be either "simultaneous" or "advance."

Simultaneous preemption means that the traffic signal controller sequence is preempted at the same time the crossing warning devices begin to operate. Warning times and approach lengths are calculated as normal, unless more than the minimum 20 seconds is required between preemption and train arrival at the crossing. Simultaneous preemption does not provide a clear-out time for vehicles traversing the crossing prior to activation of the railroad warning signals.

Advance preemption means that the traffic signal controller sequence is preempted a set amount of time before the warning devices begin to operate. Advance preemption provides a clear-out traffic signal sequence time for traffic traversing the railroad grade crossing before activation of the railroad warning signals. The time required for the traffic signal clear-out sequence is in addition to the minimum 20-second railroad warning signal activation time prior to train arrival.

# **Need for Preemption**

Preemption of a traffic signal by the railroad signals is required if the traffic signal is at an intersection that is within 60.96 m (200 feet) of a railroad crossing. Preemption should be considered where traffic may back up over the crossing due to traffic signals or other traffic congestion.

# **Project Process Overview**

The following is an overview of a typical preemption project. See the referenced sections of this chapter for more information.

- 1. The district inspects the intersection to determine the extent of the work required. The district also coordinates with the railroad on the details of circuitry and project timing. (See Section 2 of this chapter for more information.)
- 2. The district prepares:
  - complete plan layouts (known as an "Exhibit A") showing the critical details for the project
  - a railroad Application for Underground Wireline Crossing form, if necessary
  - a preemption worksheet.

(See Section 3 of this chapter for descriptions of these items and more information on plan layout preparation.)

- 3. The district submits the prepared plan layouts (Exhibit A) and the preemption worksheet to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF). (See Section 3 of this chapter for more information.)
- 4. TRF approves preemption timing and prepares the agreement using the layouts furnished by the district as Exhibit A. TRF then forwards the agreement and exhibit to the railroad company and handles all negotiations concerning the agreement, including any revisions.
- 5. Upon receipt of the signed agreements, TRF forwards a copy of the executed agreement along with the railroad estimate (if available) or the approved bid to the district and the Finance Division (FIN). TRF also supplies the district with a copy of the letter transmitting the agreement to the railroad for their approval and a copy of the TRF transmittal letter returning the approved agreement to the railroad.
- 6. After the agreement is signed, the district issues a work order to the railroad for any force account work, conducts the pre-construction meeting, inspects the work, and issues the completion letter. (See Section 4 of this chapter for more information on these activities.)

# **Preliminary Inspection and Coordination**

#### Introduction

Prior to preparing the plan layout, the district should conduct a preliminary inspection of the intersection being considered for traffic signal preemption. This inspection should address specific questions related to the intersection and the adjacent crossing. The district should also coordinate with the railroad at this time to determine the type of circuitry available and other technical details.

NOTE: If preemption for the intersection in question was considered as part of a diagnostic inspection for the nearby crossing (as described in Chapter 6 of this volume), then these considerations should be addressed at that time.

### **Intersection Characteristics**

Several considerations relate to the specific characteristics of the intersection. The preliminary inspection should answer the following questions:

- ♦ Will simultaneous or advance preemption be required?
- Will any adjacent crossings or intersections require upgrading?
- Will there be pedestrian walkways?
- ♦ Are DO NOT STOP ON TRACKS signs needed?
- Where will loop detectors be placed? (They should be away from stop bars.)

# **Equipment and Circuitry**

The type and compatibility of traffic signal equipment, warning signals, and the related circuitry are important considerations. The preliminary inspection and coordination with the railroad should answer the following questions:

- Are the active circuitry and warning devices compatible with the proposed traffic signals?
- Do the devices and circuitry meet current federal requirements? What year was the existing circuitry installed?
- ♦ Is there an existing relay set up in the railroad instrument cabin to hook up the signal preemption? If so, then what kind?
- Will any track shunts need to be readjusted? If so, at what distance are they currently set, and what how far out is the proposed shunt?

NOTE: The installation of traffic signals requiring preemption may require the railroad to install "constant warning circuitry." To determine if the signal circuitry needs upgrading to provide the preemption, contact the railroad company.

### Cost

Estimate the cost of the project. Be sure to consider the cost of the specific type of equipment needed. Make sure there is enough money in the construction budget.

# Section 3 Plan Layout (Exhibit A)

#### Overview

The district prepares the plan layout (known as Exhibit A) for the traffic signal preemption project to show all work to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, and the railroad.

NOTE: All plan layouts must be signed, sealed, and dated by a registered professional engineer.

Figure 7-1 (a–c) at the end of this section shows an example Exhibit A plan layout.

# **Project Data**

Exhibit A project data include:

- ♦ the county
- ♦ the project
- ♦ control-section-job (CSJ)
- highway number or road name.

### Title Block

The Exhibit A title block includes:

- the railroad company name and DOT No. (if available)
- milepost and highway station
- ♦ the words "Exhibit A."

### **Work List**

The Exhibit A work list includes a breakdown of all work to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, and the railroad company.

#### If Conduit Installation is Involved

Normally conduit is installed with traffic signal preemption. This requires that a railroad Application for Underground Wireline Crossing form be filled out (along with a cover application form) and submitted as part of the railroad agreement package. The district completes the forms and submits them to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) when requesting preparation and execution of the agreement. (Samples of these forms are provided in Appendix A of the hard copy print version of this volume. These sample forms may be photocopied as necessary. Copies may also be obtained from the Traffic Operations Division.)

The plan layouts should include a 1 inch to 200 foot vicinity layout, a 1 inch to 20 foot layout, and a typical section.

Exhibit A and the PS&E drawings should include a note indicating that TxDOT's contractor will run conduit to the proposed instrument cabin, and that TxDOT or its contractor will contact the railroad 48 hours prior to any construction in railroad right-of-way to determine the location of fiber optic cables with reference to an assigned ticket number. The railroad ticket number is assigned when the Application for Underground Wireline Crossing form is processed.

# If Railroad Signals Require Upgrading

If the railroad signals require upgrading, a preliminary layout drawing should be done on the 1 inch to 20 foot layout.

# **Preemption Worksheet**

The district also completes the preemption worksheet to determine if additional time (advance preemption) is required for the traffic signal to clear out before the railroad warning devices are activated. A sample preemption worksheet (titled "Guide for Determining Time Requirements for Traffic Signal Preemption at Highway-Rail Grade Crossings") is provided in Appendix A of the hard copy print version of this volume. This sample worksheet may be photocopied as necessary. Copies of the worksheet and detailed printed instructions on calculating preemptions may also be obtained from the Traffic Operations Division.

# **Accompanying Information**

A vicinity layout sheet and pictures of the intersection and other intersections requiring upgrading (views looking north, south, east, and west) should also accompany the preemption package sent to TRF.

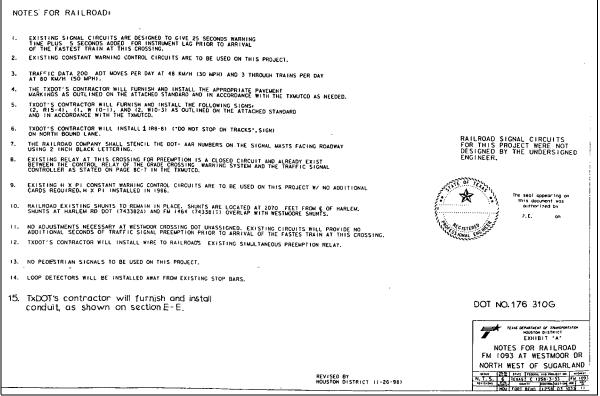


Figure 7-1a. Example Exhibit A plan layout for traffic signal preemption (1 of 3). (To access the MS Word version of all three panels of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG7-1.)

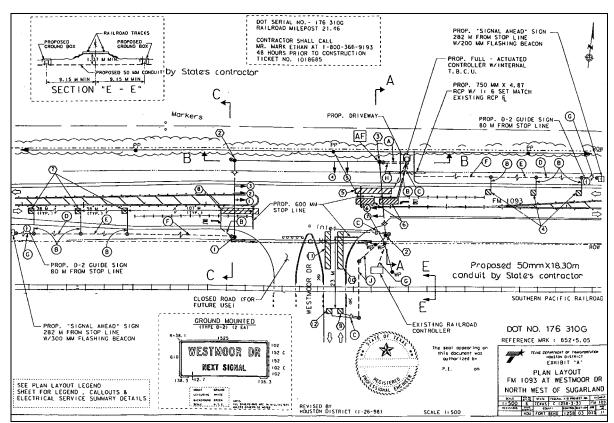


Figure 7-1b. Example Exhibit A plan layout for traffic signal preemption (2 of 3). (To access the MS Word version of all three panels of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG7-1.)

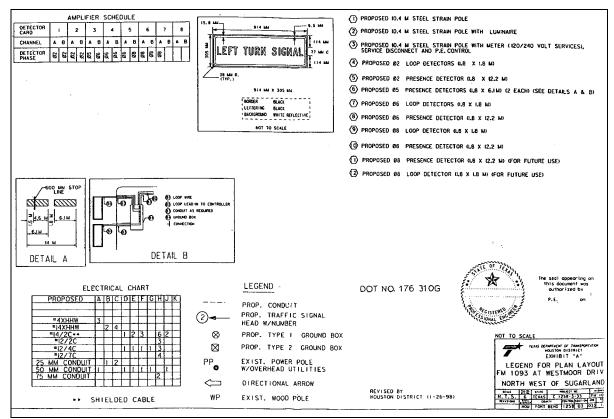


Figure 7-1c. Example Exhibit A plan layout for traffic signal preemption (3 of 3). (To access the MS Word version of all three panels of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG7-1.)

# **Project Execution**

#### **Work Order**

The district issues the work order to the railroad for any railroad force account work and keeps the railroad advised of the work in progress on their property. The work order should be issued soon after the contract has been awarded to allow the railroad sufficient time to order any necessary materials and schedule work.

The district should send a copy of the work order to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) and the Finance Division (FIN). The work order also authorizes payment to the railroad.

# **Pre-construction Meeting**

A pre-construction meeting is recommended so that work can be coordinated. Arranging the meeting is the district's responsibility. The following individuals should attend:

- a railroad project manager
- a city or county traffic signal representative
- ♦ a TxDOT traffic signal representative
- ♦ the TxDOT railroad liaison
- a representatives of TxDOT's contractor.

During the meeting the names of contact persons should be exchanged. The general notes, construction schedule, and any other matters of concern should be discussed.

# Inspection

The district inspects the work performed by the railroad to verify that it complies to TxDOT standards and the approved plans and specifications.

# **Completion Letter**

The district issues the completion letter to the railroad when the project is complete. A copy of the completion letter should be sent to TRF and FIN. The completion letter authorizes final payment to the railroad.

# **Chapter 8**

# **Grade Separations**

# **Contents:**

Section 1 — Overview	8-2
Introduction	
Project Process Overview	8-2
Section 2 — Program and Finances	
Federal Railroad Grade Separation Program	
Installation of Grade Separations at Existing Highway-Rail Grade Crossings	
Replacement of Functionally Deficient Highway Underpasses	
Other Funding Sources	8-3
Section 3 — Plan Layout (Exhibit A)	8-6
Preliminary Plan Layout	8-6
Complete Exhibit A	8-7
Project Data	8-7
Title Block	8-7
Design Layout Sheets	8-8
Work List	8-9
Clearances and Crash Walls	8-9
Grade Crossings	
Other	
Section 4 — Agreements and Negotiations	8-11
Introduction	
Agreement Preparation Agreement Contents	
Project Data	
License Clause	
Plans, Estimates, Construction, and Maintenance	
Insurance Clauses	
Payment	
Conditions	
Fiber Optic Clause	
Negotiations	
After Execution	8-13
Section 5 — Plans, Specifications, and Estimates (Exhibit B)	8-14
Introduction	8-14
Preparation	8-14
Review and Approval	8-14
Section 6 — Project Execution	8-15
Work Order	
Pre-construction Meeting	
Inspection	
Completion Letter	

### Overview

#### Introduction

This chapter covers agreements between TxDOT and railroad companies involving grade separation construction and reconstruction projects.

# **Project Process Overview**

A grade separation construction or reconstruction project typically proceeds as follows:

- 1. Project is scheduled and funded. (See Section 2 of this chapter for information on programs and financing.)
- 2. The district or consultant (or both), with support from the Design Division (DES), designs the proposed structure and prepares the preliminary plan layout (including planprofile) to be used in the agreement as Exhibit A. (See Section 3 of this chapter for details on content and preparation of Exhibit A.) The district then submits the layout to DES.

NOTE: This submission should occur 12 months prior to the scheduled contract letting date to allow the railroad company sufficient time to review the project, address any revisions, prepare force account estimates, and sign the agreement. For railroad underpasses, design calculations should be submitted as soon as preliminary details are available. Also any details of required shoring must be accompanied by design calculations.

- 3. DES reviews the plan layout sheets, makes prints, and submits them to:
  - Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), if federal funds are involved
  - railroad company or companies involved, along with a request to submit the number of regular train and switching movements at the grade separation location (This information is used to prepare Addendum I to Special Provision to Item 007. Addendum I is used by TxDOT's contractor to obtain Railroad Protective Liability Insurance for work performed on railroad right-of-way.)
  - Traffic Operations Division (TRF), along with a request to develop an agreement with the railroad.

To reduce the time needed for approval, the most current revisions should be included. (See Section 4 of this chapter for details.)

4. The FHWA, the railroad company, and TRF forward comments on and approval of the plan layout sheets to DES. (See Section 4 of this chapter for details.)

(continued...)

# **Project Process Overview** (continued)

- 5. DES coordinates the resolution of the comments. (See Section 4 of this chapter for details.)
  - NOTE: Revisions that occur after approval of the plan layout sheets increase the time needed to obtain a signed agreement from the railroad.
  - NOTE: Any revisions made to the plan layouts after the district submits them to DES should immediately be sent to DES for coordination with the railroad.
- 6. DES and TRF coordinate the plan layout and plan-profile modifications, as necessary. The revised and approved plan layout sheets become Exhibit A of the agreement. (See Section 3 of this chapter for details.)
- 7. TRF prepares the agreement and negotiates with the railroad company or companies involved. (See Section 4 of this chapter for details.)
- 8. DES, the district, or a consultant develops bridge detail plans after all comments and changes to the geometric features of the overpass or underpass have been resolved.
- 9. The district prepares a complete PS&E (plans, specifications, and estimates) package and forwards it to DES for review prior to contract letting. (See Section 3 of this chapter for details.)
- 10. DES prepares and assembles the approved plans, specifications, and estimates (PS&E) for the portion of the project involving the railroad (this becomes Exhibit B of the agreement). DES also prepares an Addendum I to Special Provision to Item 007, which is used by the TxDOT contractor to obtain railroad protective liability insurance. (See Section 3 of this chapter for details.)
- 11. TRF transmits the Exhibit B approved by DES to the railroad company or companies for their approval. (See Section 5 of this chapter for details.)
- 12. The railroad approves the Exhibit B and returns the signed title sheet to TRF. (See Section 5 of this chapter for details.)
- 13. The district issues the work order to the railroad shortly after the project is let to contract. The district conducts all pre-construction meetings, inspects the work, and issues the completion letter to the railroad when the project is complete. (See Section 6 of this chapter for details.)

# **Program and Finances**

# Federal Railroad Grade Separation Program

The Federal Railroad Grade Separation Program is financed under the Surface Transportation Program (STP) safety funds. Projects eligible for the program must be on the state highway system. The program is divided into two program areas:

- Installation of Grade Separations at Existing Highway-Rail Grade Crossings
- ♦ Replacement of Functionally Deficient Highway Underpasses.

Projects under both program areas are selected on a statewide priority basis by the Design Division (DES).

*Funding.* The program is managed by the Design Division (DES) under the bank balance allocation procedure. Each program receives approximately half the available funds.

# Installation of Grade Separations at Existing Highway-Rail Grade Crossings

Under the Federal Railroad Grade Separation Program, projects for the construction of grade separations at an existing highway-rail grade crossings are selected on a statewide basis using a cost-benefit index (CBI). The CBI ranks the estimated savings (in millions of dollars) that would be realized over 50 years with construction of grade separation structures. The formula used to calculate CBI rankings considers:

- ♦ current average daily traffic (ADT)
- number of trains per day
- number of train-involved crashes
- ♦ casualty costs
- personnel delay costs
- highway traffic equipment delay costs.

A CBI ranking is calculated for each existing highway-rail grade crossing eligible for consideration under the program. The higher the CBI ranking, the higher the priority for selection and funding.

# Replacement of Functionally Deficient Highway Underpasses

Under the Federal Railroad Grade Separation Program, selection and funding for the replacement of functionally deficient highway underpasses is also determined by a priority ranking. The ranking is based on:

- average daily traffic passing under the railroad
- relative deficiencies of the underpassing roadway width, vertical under-clearance, and lateral under-clearance.

Most data items used in the underpass replacement ranking process are available from the Bridge Inventory, Inspection, and Appraisal Program (BRINSAP) file. (Contact DES for further information.)

# **Other Funding Sources**

All other grade separation projects are funded under road construction projects using state or federal funds or both. TxDOT adheres to the *Federal-Aid Policy Guide (FAPG)*, under 23 CFR 646, "Railroads," Subpart B, "Railroad-Highway Projects."

Shared Cost of Structures. The railroad is required to share the cost of the structure when an at-grade crossing is eliminated by the grade separation (FAPG 23 CFR 646B, §646.210). The railroad company's cost cannot exceed five percent of the cost of the portion of the structure that goes over the railroad tracks. If more than one railroad is involved, then the five percent cost is shared among them.

**Reimbursement for Force Account Work.** The railroad can be reimbursed for force account work performed on a highway-railroad grade separation. Upon completion of its part of the work, the railroad is reimbursed for up to 95 percent of the total cost of work performed. The remaining 5 percent is reimbursed upon final audit by TxDOT.

# Plan Layout (Exhibit A)

# **Preliminary Plan Layout**

The district prepares a full-size, preliminary plan layout sheet (including the plan-profile) showing critical details proposed for the grade separation. Additional sheets may be used, if necessary. Critical details should include:

- ♦ project geometry
- ♦ layout
- vertical & horizontal clearances
- crash walls
- position of track
- any existing features and other pertinent information.
- ♦ work to be done by TxDOT
- ♦ work to be done by TxDOT's contractor
- work to be done by railroad
- ♦ general notes
- train data
- ♦ typical section
- ♦ fiber optics note
- appropriate drainage features.

The district submits the preliminary plan layout sheet to the Design Division (DES) for processing with the railroad company. It should be submitted 12 months prior to the scheduled contract letting date. The information provided on the preliminary plan layout eventually goes into Exhibit A of the agreement.

# **Complete Exhibit A**

Following the approval of the preliminary bridge layout by the railroad, the district prepares the complete Exhibit A plan layout to show all worked performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, and the railroad. The complete Exhibit A should include:

- project data
- ♦ a title block
- design layout sheets
- ♦ a work list
- clearances and crash walls
- other pertinent information.

Discussions of each of these items follow. Figure 8-1 at the end of this section shows an example of Exhibit A plan layout.

# **Project Data**

Project data include:

- ♦ the county and county number
- project
- project number
- ♦ control-section-job (CSJ)
- ♦ railroad mile post (RRMP)
- ♦ highway station
- highway number or road name.

# **Title Block**

The title block includes:

- the railroad company name and DOT No. (if available)
- crossing location
- railroad milepost and highway station at each location
- ♦ the words "Exhibit A."

# **Design Layout Sheets**

Explanations of the elements shown in the design layout sheets follow.

Alignment of Highway and Railroad. The alignment of the highway and railroad and angle of their intersection should be shown.

Fences and ROW Lines. The location of railroad fences or right-of-way lines with respect to the centerline of the main track should be shown.

**Poles and Lines.** The location of each pole and pole line, the number of cross arms and wires, owner of each line, and elevation of the low wires should be shown. For underpasses, it is important to show the location of poles in and near the proposed underpass in the area where a temporary shoofly track might be located.

**Top-of-rail Profile.** The top-of-rail profile for approximately 500 feet in each direction from the highway and for a greater distance if a change in railroad grade is proposed should be shown. If the railroad is on a curve, the profile should be taken along the high rail for overpasses and along the low rail for underpasses.

Drainage Features. Drainage features should be shown.

*Overpass Drawings.* For overpasses, roadway grades, line drawings, and cross section of the structure should be shown. Minimum vertical clearance together with the horizontal clearances should be shown. (See the *Bridge Design Manual* for standard clearances for railroad overpasses.)

*Underpass Drawings*. For underpasses, a cross section through the structure should be shown, along with a section at the underpass indicating vertical and horizontal clearances, types of curbs or medians (if required), and side slopes of roadway cuts. (See the *Bridge Design Manual* for standard clearances for underpasses.)

**Railroad Facilities Requiring Adjustment.** The location and description of any railroad facility that might require adjustment, including any proposed revision of railroad grade, should be shown.

**Boring Data.** Boring data should be plotted on the plan-profile sheet.

**Roadway Geometric Features.** Typical roadway geometric features, including pavement widths, shoulder widths, and embankment slopes should be indicated. For underpasses, the method for handling surface drainage should be indicated.

**Shoofly Track Location.** The proposed location of any shoofly track for routing rail traffic during construction of an underpass should be shown. Include a typical section through the shoofly embankment with a clear designation of what work is the responsibility of the state and which is the responsibility of the railroad company.

### **Work List**

The work list provides a breakdown of all work to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, and the railroad company. The type of work to be performed on the railroad's right-of-way should be listed. The work list should include a typical section. When coring is involved, it is important to show where the coring will be performed in connection to the railroad tracks.

### **Clearances and Crash Walls**

All vertical clearances from the top of rail and horizontal clearances from the centerline of the tracks must be clearly shown. Crash walls should also be shown.

# **Grade Crossings**

If grade crossings are to be constructed in conjunction with an overpass or underpass, all information required for the grade crossing work should be shown on the overpass layout. For proposed automatic warning devices, a separate exhibit illustrating the grade crossing should also be supplied.

## Other

Any other pertinent information, such as the cross section or plan profile of drainage structures or any pertinent information from the approval process.

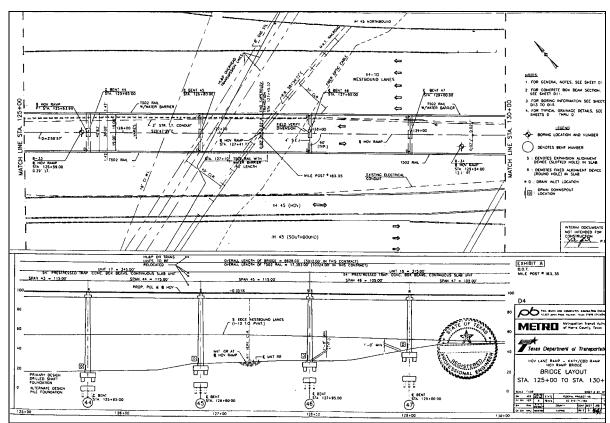


Figure 8-1. Example Exhibit A plan layout for grade separation project. (To access the MS Word version of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG8-1.)

# **Agreements and Negotiations**

#### Introduction

After coordinating the necessary design modifications for the construction or reconstruction of a highway-railroad grade separation, the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) and the Design Division (DES) negotiate an agreement with the railroad for all necessary force account work, including temporary adjustment of railroad fences and cattle guards and temporary and permanent pole line adjustments at the proposed structure.

The railroad performs, at state expense, any work necessary for adjustment of facilities located on railroad right of way to accommodate the construction of a grade separation.

# **Agreement Preparation**

TRF prepares the agreement, using the plan layout furnished by the district as Exhibit A, and forwards it to the railroad.

# **Agreement Contents**

The agreement contains:

- project data
- ♦ a license clause
- plans, estimates, construction, and maintenance
- insurance clauses
- ♦ payment clause
- ♦ conditions
- fiber optic clause.

Discussions of each of these items follow.

# **Project Data**

Project data include the location of the project: county, CSJ, highway, project number, DOT number, and city.

#### **License Clause**

The license clause gives the state permission to construct, maintain, and use the grade separations across the railroad property.

### Plans, Estimates, Construction, and Maintenance

"Plans, estimates, construction, and maintenance" includes all work to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, and the railroad. It spells out the responsibilities of both the railroad and the state.

### **Insurance Clauses**

The insurance clauses specify the type of insurance the contractor will need to purchase on behalf of the state and railroad. All work performed on the railroad right-of-way by TxDOT's contractor requires railroad protective liability insurance in the amount of at least two million dollars for bodily injury and property damage; and six million dollars aggregate for all occurrences. The railroad protective liability insurance must be carried until all work on railroad property is completed. Insurance requirements are spelled out in the Special Provision to Item 007.

# **Payment**

The payment clause specifies the conditions under which the state will reimburse the railroad and when this will occur. Reimbursement is made to railroad only if a work order has been issued to the railroad to begin work. The railroad is reimbursed for work performed and materials furnished, in accordance with the provisions of the *FAPG* Subchapter B, part 140, subpart I, issued by the Federal Highway Administration on April 7, 1992. The railroad can be reimbursed for up to 95 percent of the total cost of all railroad work through progressive billings as the work is performed. The complete balance due the railroad is paid, upon final audit by TxDOT's Audit Office.

### **Conditions**

The conditions clause provides that the agreement can be canceled at any time prior to actual letting of the contract by TxDOT. It specifies whether the railroad is required to participate in the cost of the project.

# **Fiber Optic Clause**

All Class I (major) railroad companies may have fiber optic cable buried on their ROW, it is important that the railroad be contacted at a 1-800 number, as shown in the agreement, prior to any work being performed to determine if fiber optic cable is buried on the ROW. By calling the 1-800 number, any fiber optic cable in the area will be identified and who the cable belongs to. It is the District's responsibility to contact that fiber optic company to advise them of the proposed work and to determine if the cable will be affected by the work. This clause is important to the railroad companies because of the very high costs associated with broken or damaged fiber optic cable.

# Negotiations

TRF coordinates all negotiations concerning the agreement, including any revisions in the scope of work, with the district and railroad.

# **After Execution**

Upon receipt of the signed agreements, the TRF forwards a copy of the executed agreement, along with the railroad estimate (if available), to the district, the Finance Division (FIN), and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) if required. TRF also advises DES of receipt of the executed agreement.

# Plans, Specifications, and Estimates (Exhibit B)

#### Introduction

The approved plans, specifications, and estimates (PS&E) for that portion of the project involving the railroad company is called Exhibit B and is part of the agreement between TxDOT and the railroad. Exhibit B is typically prepared *after* the agreement is signed.

# **Preparation**

The district prepares the PS&E package and submits it to the Design Division (DES) for review and processing for contract letting.

NOTE: The PS&E Submission Data form (TxDOT Form 1002) should include railroad information on page 2.

NOTE: The Special Provision to Item 007 for Railroad Protective Liability Insurance should be included in the specification list.

# **Review and Approval**

DES reviews and approves the PS&E and prepares the Exhibit B for submission to the railroad. If the fiber optics note is not shown in the plans, the note should be added to the general notes.

DES furnishes the approved Exhibit B to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) for transmittal to the railroad company for their final approval.

Upon approval by the railroad, TRF forwards a copy of the approved Exhibit B to DES and FHWA (if required).

# **Project Execution**

#### **Work Order**

The work order authorizes the railroad to begin work and provides for reimbursement to the railroad. The district issues the work order to the railroad for any railroad force account work and advises the railroad of work on their property.

The work order should be issued soon after the contract has been awarded to allow the railroad sufficient time to order necessary materials and schedule work.

The district should send a copy of the work order to:

- ♦ the Traffic Operations Division (TRF)
- ♦ the Design Division (DES)
- ♦ the Finance Division (FIN).

# **Pre-construction Meeting**

A pre-construction meeting is recommended and is a district responsibility.

Representatives from the railroad, TxDOT's contractor, and TxDOT attend the meeting. The construction schedule, inspection, and individual points of contact are discussed. Any conflicts in the work schedule should be identified and resolved prior to beginning work.

# Inspection

The district inspects the work performed by the railroad and verifies that the work complies with state standards and the approved plans and specifications.

# **Completion Letter**

The district issues the completion letter to the railroad when the project is complete. A copy of the completion letter should be sent to TRF, DES, and FIN. The completion letter authorizes final payment to the railroad, less retainage pending final audit.

# **Chapter 9**

# **Drainage Structures and Common Ditches**

# **Contents:**

Section 1 — Overview	9-2
Policy and Practice	
Drainage Structures Under or Near Railroad	
Common Ditch and Joint Drainage	
Preliminary Engineering and Coordination	
Section 2 — Plan Layout (Exhibit A)	9-3
Overview	
Project Data	
Title Block	
General Notes	
Section 3 — Agreements and Negotiations	9-8
Introduction	9-8
Negotiations and Processing	
Agreement Contents	
Project Data	
License Clause	
Insurance Clauses	
Payment Clause	9-9
Conditions	9-10
Fiber Optic Clause	9-10
Section 4 — Project Execution	9-11
Work Orders	
Pre-construction Meeting	
Inspections	
Project Completion	9-11

## Overview

# **Policy and Practice**

When a drainage channel or some type of drainage structure on railroad right-of-way is needed, an agreement obtaining permission and concurrence from the railroad to perform such work is required. This includes grading, cleaning, and reshaping of common ditches and culverts between highway and railroad right-of-way.

# **Drainage Structures Under or Near Railroad**

Railroad companies require that concrete box culverts or drainage pipes installed under the tracks be class V and E-80 loading. Also, the Union Pacific Railroad requires that TxDOT complete their Application for Encased Non-flammable Pipeline Crossing form and include it (along with a cover application form) as part of the agreement. The district completes the forms and submits them to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) when requesting preparation and execution of the agreement. (Samples of the forms are provided in Appendix A of the hard copy print version of this volume. These sample forms may be photocopied as necessary. Copies may also be obtained from the Traffic Operations Division.)

When box culverts are installed under the tracks, the railroads require that hydraulic design calculations be submitted for their approval. The district develops these calculations and submits them to the Design Division (DES). DES then forwards them to TRF to be included as part of the agreement.

# **Common Ditch and Joint Drainage**

Railroads typically require plan profiles and cross sections of common ditch projects. Plan profiles should be included with the plan layout (Exhibit A).

# **Preliminary Engineering and Coordination**

Preliminary engineering and coordination with any local governmental entity, adjacent landowners, and the railroad is normally the responsibility of the district.

Drainage outfall into common ditch facilities or under railroad tracks should be designed to prevent any possible undermining of railroad facilities in the event of flooding.

# Section 2 Plan Layout (Exhibit A)

## Overview

The district prepares the plan layout (to be used in the agreement as Exhibit A) in sufficient detail to show all work to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, the railroad, and the railroad's contractor.

The layout includes detail plans showing proposed drainage structures, grading, and slope of ditch work. Any other pertinent information, such as the cross section or plan profile of the drainage structures, should be included in the plan layout.

Figure 9-1 (a-d) at the end of this section shows an example Exhibit A plan Layout.

# **Project Data**

The project data included in the plan layout identify the project by:

- ♦ county
- project number
- ♦ control-section-job (CSJ)
- highway number or road name.

# **Title Block**

The title block includes:

- the railroad name and DOT No. (if available)
- milepost and highway station
- ♦ The words "Exhibit A."

# **General Notes**

The general notes lists all work to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, the railroad, and railroad's contractor.

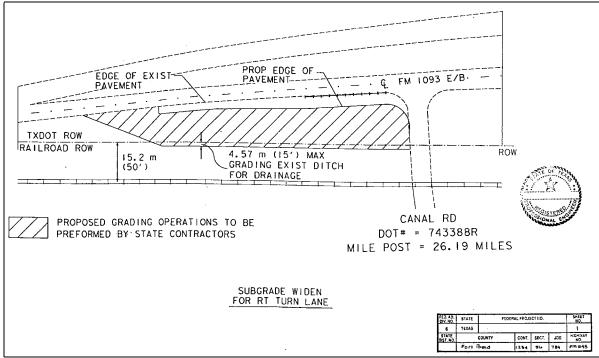


Figure 9-1a. Example Exhibit A layout for drainage ditch (1 of 4). (To access the MS Word version of all four panels of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG9-1.)

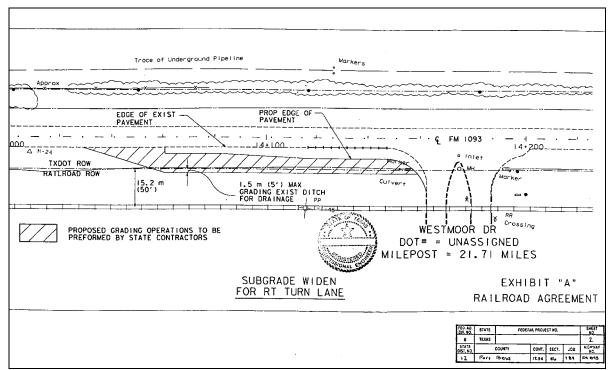


Figure 9-1b. Example Exhibit A layout for drainage ditch (2 of 4). (To access the MS Word version of all four panels of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG9-1.)

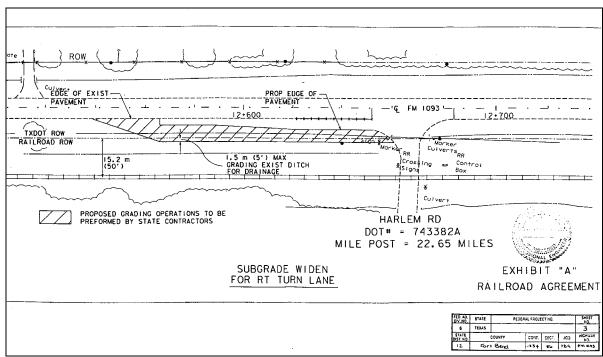


Figure 9-1c. Example Exhibit A layout for drainage ditch (3 of 4). (To access the MS Word version of all four panels of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG9-1.)

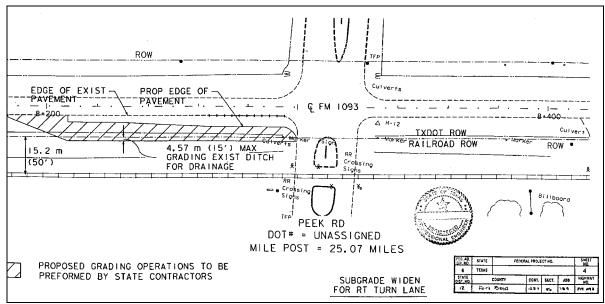


Figure 9-1d. Example Exhibit A layout for drainage ditch (4 of 4). (To access the MS Word version of all four panels of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG9-1.)

# **Agreements and Negotiations**

## Introduction

Using the plan layout furnished by the district as Exhibit A, the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) prepares the necessary agreement and forwards it to the railroad company.

# **Negotiations and Processing**

TRF coordinates all negotiations concerning the agreement, including any revisions made by the district or railroad.

The railroad furnishes an estimate (or bids solicited by the railroad) to TRF showing all reimbursable work to be performed by the railroad. TRF approves the estimate, attaches it to the executed copies of the agreement, and forwards the railroad's copy back to them. The district, the Finance Division (FIN), and FHWA (if required) each receive a copy of the executed agreement and estimate.

# **Agreement Contents**

The agreement contains:

- project data
- a license clause
- insurance clauses
- a payment clause
- ♦ conditions
- a fiber optic cable clause.

Discussions of each of these items follow.

# **Project Data**

The project data identifies the project by:

- ♦ county
- ♦ control-section-job (CSJ)
- ♦ highway
- project number
- ♦ DOT No. (if available)
- the city or nearest city.

# **License Clause**

The license clause gives TxDOT license and permission to perform the necessary drainage work on the railroad right-of-way. The clause also describes the work to be performed by all parties, including flagging of trains by the railroad, if required.

# **Insurance Clauses**

The insurance clauses specify the type of insurance the contractor needs to purchase on behalf of the state and railroad. All work performed on the railroad right-of-way by TxDOT's contractor requires railroad protective liability insurance in the amount of at least two million dollars for bodily injury and property damage six million dollars aggregate for all occurrences. The railroad protective liability insurance must be carried until all work on the railroad property is completed. Insurance requirements are spelled out in the Special Provision to Item 007.

# **Payment Clause**

The payment clause specifies when and under which conditions TxDOT will reimburse the railroad. Reimbursement is made to the railroad only if a work order has been issued to begin work. The railroad is reimbursed for work performed and materials furnished in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Aid Policy Guide (FAPG), Subchapter B, Part 140, Subpart I, as last issued by the Federal Highway Administration on April 7, 1992. The railroad is reimbursed the actual total cost of all railroad force account work performed and materials used or installed. However, upon final audit by the Audit Office of TxDOT, the railroad may be required to reimburse TxDOT any over payment that cannot be justified.

# **Conditions**

The conditions clause explains that the agreement can be canceled at any time prior to actual letting of the contract by TxDOT. It also details any FAPG requirements for cost participation in the project by the railroad.

# **Fiber Optic Clause**

All Class I (major) railroad companies have fiber optic cable buried on their rights-of-way. Therefore, it is important that the railroad be contacted at a 1-800 number (which is identified in the agreement) prior to any work being performed to determine if fiber optic cable is buried on the right-of-way. Also, the location of the fiber optic cable and who it belongs to can be identified. It is the district's responsibility to contact the fiber optic cable company to advise them of the proposed work and to determine if the cable will be affected by the work. This clause is important to the railroad companies, because of the very high costs associated with broken or damaged fiber optic cable.

# Section 4 Project Execution

## **Work Orders**

The district issues the work order to the railroad for any railroad force account work and keeps the railroad advised of the work in progress on their property. The work order should be issued soon after the contract has been awarded to allow the railroad sufficient time to order materials and schedule work. A copy of the work order should also be sent to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) and the Finance Division (FIN). The work order authorizes the railroad to go to work and to be reimbursed by the state.

# **Pre-construction Meeting**

A pre-construction meeting is recommended and is the district's responsibility. Representatives from TxDOT, the railroad, and TxDOT and railroad contractors should attend the meeting so that work can be coordinated. The construction schedule and individual points of concern should be discussed and any scheduling conflicts identified and resolved.

# **Inspections**

The district inspects the work performed by the railroad and verifies that it complies with TxDOT standards and approved plans and specifications.

# **Project Completion**

The district issues the completion letter to the railroad when the project is complete. A copy of the completion letter should be sent to TRF and FIN. The completion letter authorizes final payment to the railroad.

# **Chapter 10**

# **Other Railroad Agreements**

# **Contents:**

Section 1 — Letter Agreements	10-2
Policy and Practices	
Seal Coat and ACP Overlay Projects	
Installation of Overhead Wire Lines	
Installation of Conduit Under Track	
Minor Pavement Rehabilitation	
Minor Maintenance	
Plan Layout (Exhibit A)	
Agreement Preparation and Negotiations	
Work Order	
Completion Letter	
Section 2 — Right of Entry and Survey Agreements	10-6
Policy and Practice	
Insurance Considerations	
Layout (Exhibit A)	
Agreement Preparation	
Agreement Negotiations	
Work Order	
Completion Letter	10-9

# **Letter Agreements**

# **Policy and Practices**

A letter agreement is used on projects requiring minimal work on railroad right-of-way where the only thing the railroad is doing is providing flaggers. Flaggers are needed for safe operation and work conditions.

Examples of projects using letter agreements are:

- seal coat and asphaltic concrete pavement (ACP) overlay
- installation of overhead wire lines
- installation of conduit under track
- minor pavement rehabilitation
- ♦ minor maintenance
- installation of computerized traffic management system.

Discussions of these types of projects follow.

# **Seal Coat and ACP Overlay Projects**

TRF prepares a project-specific letter agreement for each crossing affected by a seal coat and asphaltic concrete pavement (ACP) overlay project, whereby the railroad gives TxDOT permission to perform the seal coat or ACP overlay work up to the edge of the crossing. The letter agreement provides the following information:

- project data
- ♦ statement of the work
- provision for flagging
- ♦ letting date
- notification.

## **Installation of Overhead Wire Lines**

When an overhead wire line is installed over the track, the Union Pacific Railroad requires that TxDOT complete their Application for Overhead Wireline Crossing and include it (along with a cover application form) as part of the agreement. The district completes the forms and submits them to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) when requesting preparation and execution of the agreement. Samples of these forms are provided in Appendix A of the hard copy print version of this volume. These sample forms may be photocopied as necessary. Copies may also be obtained from the Traffic Operations Division.

# **Installation of Conduit Under Track**

As with overhead wire lines, when conduit is installed under the track, the Union Pacific Railroad requires that TxDOT complete their Application for Underground Wireline Crossing and include it (along with a cover application form) as part of the agreement. The district completes the forms and submits them to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) when requesting preparation and execution of the agreement. Samples of these forms are provided in Appendix A of the hard copy print version of this volume. These sample forms may be photocopied as necessary. Copies may also be obtained from the Traffic Operations Division.

# **Minor Pavement Rehabilitation**

Minor pavement rehabilitation includes such work as:

- repair of pot holes in the roadway
- ♦ crack sealing
- ♦ seal coats
- ♦ ACP overlays.

## **Minor Maintenance**

Minor maintenance projects can include such work as performing minor repairs on a grade separation and drainage ditches where a fully executed agreement exists requiring TxDOT to maintain the structure or drainage ditches or both.

# Plan Layout (Exhibit A)

On all types of projects involving letter agreements, except seal coat projects (see following discussion), the district prepares a plan layout (Exhibit A) in sufficient detail to show all work to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, and the railroad. Exhibit A must be signed, sealed, and dated by a registered professional engineer and must include:

- *project data* include:
  - county
  - control-section-job (CSJ)
  - project
  - highway number or road name
- ♦ work description the work to be performed by TxDOT and its contractor
- ♦ *title block* includes:
  - the railroad company name and DOT No. (if available)
  - crossing location
  - railroad milepost and highway station at each location
  - the words "Exhibit A."

**Required Railroad Forms.** Railroad application forms for overhead or underground wire lines (if required) should be attached to Exhibit A. These forms do not need to be sealed.

**Seal Coat Projects.** On seal coat projects, the district should provide the following as part of Exhibit A:

- location of each project including the DOT No.
- a location map of each project
- name of the railroads involved
- project data.

For seal coat projects, the Exhibit A does not need to be signed, sealed, and dated by a registered professional engineer.

The district submits Exhibit A to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF).

# **Agreement Preparation and Negotiations**

Using the layout furnished by the district as Exhibit A, TRF prepares the letter agreement and forwards the agreements to the railroad company.

The letter agreement contains:

- ♦ project data include:
  - county
  - project
  - control-section-job (CSJ)
  - highway number or road name
- work description the work to be performed by TxDOT and its contractor
- ♦ *flagging clause* gives the railroad authority to provide flaggers and gives an estimated cost for the flagging.
- ♦ *fiber optic clauses* provides the 1-800 number that TxDOT's contractor must call before any work is performed on railroad property
- *insurance clause* requires TxDOT's contractor to provide railroad protective liability insurance.

TRF handles all negotiations concerning the agreement, including revisions. Upon receipt of the signed letter agreement, TRF forwards a copy of the executed agreement to the district and the Finance Division (FIN).

# **Work Order**

The district issues the work order to the railroad for flaggers. The work order should be issued at least five days before any work is performed, so that the railroad has time to provide flaggers. A copy of the work order should also be sent to TRF and FIN. The work order authorizes payment to the railroad.

# **Completion Letter**

The district issues the completion letter to the railroad when the project is complete and the flagger is no longer needed. A copy of the completion letter should also be sent to TRF and FIN. This letter authorizes final payment to the railroad.

# **Right of Entry and Survey Agreements**

# **Policy and Practice**

When TxDOT needs to enter the railroad's right-of-way to perform core drilling, survey, or other related work, a Right of Entry Agreement or Survey Agreement with the railroad is necessary. These agreements are usually needed at the very beginning of a project, typically before plan layouts are drawn. These agreements should be negotiated as far in advance as possible so as not to delay the project.

# **Insurance Considerations**

When TxDOT forces perform surveying or core drilling work, railroads *do not* require railroad protective liability insurance. If TxDOT's contractor performs the work, then railroad liability protective insurance *is* required. Since the cost of the insurance could exceed the cost of the survey or coring project, TxDOT forces should perform this type work.

# Layout (Exhibit A)

The district prepares the layout (Exhibit A) in sufficient detail to show all work to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, and the railroad. Exhibit A must include:

- *project data* include:
  - county
  - project
  - control-section-job (CSJ)
  - highway number or road name
- ♦ *title block* includes:
  - control-section-job (CSJ)
  - DOT No.
  - railroad mile post
  - project number
  - county number.
  - the words "Exhibit A"
- ♦ work list the work to be performed by TxDOT or its contractor, including the type of work to be performed on the railroad's right-of-way and, when coring is involved, where the coring will be performed in connection to the railroad tracks.

(continued...)

# **Layout (Exhibit A)** (continued)

Exhibit A must be signed, sealed, and dated by a registered professional engineer.

The district submits Exhibit A to the Traffic Operations Division (TRF).

# **Agreement Preparation**

**Agreement Preparation.** Using the layout furnished by the district as Exhibit A, the Traffic Operations Division (TRF) prepares the Right of Entry or Survey Agreement and forwards it to the railroad company.

The agreement contains:

- project data, which includes:
  - county
  - control-section-job (CSJ)
  - highway number or road name
  - project number
  - DOT No. (if available)
  - the city
- scope of work (description follows)
- conditions clause (description follows)
- a fiber optic clause (description follows)
- insurance clauses (description follows)
- a payment clause (description follows)
- a termination clause (description follows).

*Scope of Work.* The scope of work includes all work to be performed by TxDOT, TxDOT's contractor, and the railroad. It specifies the responsibilities of both the railroad and TxDOT.

*Conditions Clause.* The conditions clause gives TxDOT permission from the railroad to perform the necessary work. It specifies conditions that apply to TxDOT while on the railroad right-of-way.

(continued...)

# **Agreement Preparation** (continued)

Fiber Optic Clause. Most of the major railroads may have fiber optic cable buried on their rights-of-way. Therefore, it is important that the railroad be contacted at a 1-800 number (which is identified in the agreement) prior to any work being performed to determine if fiber optic cable is buried on the right-of-way. Also, the location of the fiber optic cable and who it belongs to can be identified. It is the district's responsibility to contact the fiber optic cable company to advise them of the proposed work and to determine if the cable will be affected by the work. This clause is important to the railroad companies, because of the very high costs associated with broken or damaged fiber optic cable.

*Insurance Clauses.* If TxDOT's contractor will perform the survey or coring work, then the contractor must purchase railroad protective liability insurance in the amount of at least two million dollars for bodily injury and property damage and six million dollars aggregate for all occurrences. The railroad protective liability insurance must be carried until all work on railroad property is completed. Insurance requirements are included in a Special Provision to Item 007.

**Payment Clause.** The payment clause specifies the conditions under which TxDOT will reimburse the railroad and when reimbursement will be made. Reimbursement to the railroad must be in accordance with *Federal-Aid Policy Guide (FAPG)* subchapter B, part 140, subpart I, issued by the Federal Highway Administration on April 7, 1992.

**Termination Clause.** Some railroad companies require that a one-year termination clause be included in the agreement. This clause specifies that the agreement, after execution by all parties involved, be good for one year from the execution date. It also states that TxDOT must notify the railroad in writing at least five days prior to starting any work on railroad right-of-way.

# **Agreement Negotiations**

TRF handles all negotiations concerning the agreement, including revisions. Upon receipt of the signed agreement, TRF forwards a copy of the executed agreement to the district and the Finance Division (FIN).

# **Work Order**

The district issues the work order to the railroad for any flagging of trains that may be required. The work order should be issued as soon as possible after the agreement has been executed by all parties. A copy of the work order should also be sent to TRF and FIN.

# **Completion Letter**

Upon completion of the survey or coring work, the district issues a completion letter to the railroad. This letter advises the railroad that all work on their right-of-way is complete and that they may now bill TxDOT the cost of any flagging performed in connection with the project. A copy of the completion letter should also be sent to TRF and FIN.

# **Chapter 11**

# **Crossing Closure, Relocation, and Consolidation**

# **Contents:**

Section 1 — Overview	11-2
Policy	
General Considerations	
Section 2 — Crossing Closure	11-3
Introduction	
Obstacles to Crossing Closure	
Systems Approach	
Emergency Vehicle Routing	
Identifying Closure Candidates	
Removal of Devices	
Erection of Warning and Regulatory Devices	
Notification of Alternate Routes	
Section 3 — Relocation and Consolidation	11-6
Introduction	
Planning	
Railroad Relocation	
Highway Relocation	
Section 4 — Dismantling of Warning Signals	11-8
Introduction	
Application	
Determining if a Permit Is Required	
If a Permit Is Not Required	11-9
If a Permit is Required	
Processing the Application	
Salvage Value	
Receipt of Payment and Permit Issuance	
Permit Process Flow Chart	

# Overview

# **Policy**

The Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD) states:

Any highway grade crossing for which there is not a demonstrated need should be closed. Where a railroad track has been abandoned or its use discontinued, all related traffic control devices shall be removed, and the tracks should be removed or covered.

# **General Considerations**

Several considerations may influence the decision to eliminate a highway-rail crossing.

**Railroad Use of Track.** Each railroad company operating over a candidate crossing should indicate its intent for future use of that section of track. If track abandonment is anticipated, roadway closure or any crossing improvements should be held in abeyance pending resolution of the track abandonment proposal.

*Effect on Roadway System.* A roadway closure should not negatively affect the local transportation system. Alternative public crossings should be within a reasonable travel time and distance. The alternative crossings and connecting roadways should have sufficient capacity to accommodate the diverted traffic safely and efficiently.

**Emergency Vehicle Routing.** The closing of roadway crossings that serve as a direct route for vital traffic, such as ambulances, fire trucks, or other emergency vehicles, should be avoided.

*Economic Consequences*. The economic consequences for nearby existing or planned businesses should be considered.

*Crash History and Hazard Potential.* The crash history and hazard potential of the crossing should be carefully evaluated. Items to review include:

- number and severity of crashes
- type and number of trains
- train speed range
- time periods during which trains block the crossing.

# **Crossing Closure**

## Introduction

Closure of highway-rail intersections is normally accomplished by closing the highway. Many characteristics of the community influence the number of crossings needed to carry highway traffic over a railroad. A study of highway traffic flow should be conducted to determine origin and destination points and needed highway capacity. Highway operation over several crossings may be consolidated to move over a nearby crossing with flashing lights and gates, or via a nearby grade separation. Alternative routes should be within reasonable travel time and distance from a closed crossing. The alternate routes should have sufficient capacity to accommodate the diverted traffic safely and efficiently.

# **Obstacles to Crossing Closure**

Negative community attitudes, funding problems, or a lack of forceful state laws authorizing closure are common obstacles to crossing closure. Local opposition may sometimes be overcome through emphasis on the benefits resulting from closure, such as improved traffic flow and safety as traffic is redirected to grade separations or crossings with active traffic control devices.

Railroads often support closure, not only because of safety concerns, but also because closure eliminates maintenance costs associated with the crossings.

# **Systems Approach**

The systems approach is useful in identifying closure candidates. This method improves several crossings in a community or rail corridor by the installation of traffic control devices at some locations while closing other crossings. A study of traffic flow in the area should be conducted beforehand to assure continued access across the railroad. Installation of more sophisticated traffic control systems at the remaining crossings and perhaps the construction of a grade separation at one of the remaining crossings may improve traffic flow in some instances.

# **Emergency Vehicle Routing**

Access over the railroad by emergency vehicles, ambulances, fire trucks, and police must be considered in deciding whether or not to close a crossing. Crossings used frequently by emergency vehicles should not be closed. These crossings should be candidates for grade separation or the installation of active traffic control devices.

# **Identifying Closure Candidates**

Criteria for identifying candidate crossings for closure must relate directly to existing operational and geometric characteristics. Specific criteria are difficult to establish. The number of vehicles using the crossing and the accessibility of alternate crossings are significant criteria in determining whether the elimination of a particular crossing is practical. Existing criteria and values differ among agencies. The *Traffic Control Devices Handbook* suggests the following criteria.

Type of Track	Criteria
Branch Line	♦ less than 2,000 ADT (average daily traffic
	♦ more than two trains per day
	◆ alternate crossing within 0.25 miles with less than 5,000 ADT if two-lane, or less than 15,000 ADT if four-lane
Spur Track	♦ less than 2,000 ADT
	♦ more than 15 trains per day
	◆ alternate crossing within 0.25 miles with less than 5,000 ADT if two-lane, or less than 15,000 ADT if four-lane
Main Line	any main line section with more than five crossings within a 1.6 km (1.0 mile) segment

It is important to avoid using these criteria without objective engineering and economic assessments of the positive and negative consequences of the closure.

# **Removal of Devices**

When a crossing is permanently closed to highway traffic, the crossing surface, pavement markings, and all traffic control devices both at the crossing and approaching the crossing should be removed. Generally, the railroad is responsible for removing the crossing surface and traffic control devices located at the crossing. The highway authority is responsible for removing traffic control devices in advance of and approaching the crossing. Nearby highway traffic signals interconnected with crossing signals located at the closed crossing should have their phasing and timing readjusted. (See Section 4 of this chapter for information on the permit required for dismantling warning signals.)

# **Erection of Warning and Regulatory Devices**

The highway authority is also responsible for alerting motorists to the closed roadway. A Type III barricade conforming to the design criteria of Section 6C-8 of the *Texas Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (TMUTCD)* may be erected, except the colors of the stripes must be reflectorized white and reflectorized red. Warning and regulatory signing may also be an appropriate means of alerting motorists to the closed roadway. These may include the ROAD CLOSED (R11-2) sign, the LOCAL TRAFFIC ONLY (R11-3) sign, or the ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC (R11-4) sign, plus appropriate advance warning signs applicable to the circumstances.

# **Notification of Alternate Routes**

Consideration should also be given to advising motorists of alternate routes across the railroad. If trucks use the closed crossing, they should be given advance information of the closure at points where they can conveniently alter their route.

# **Relocation and Consolidation**

## Introduction

Alternatives to the closing of a grade crossing are

- relocation of either the highway or the railroad track
- consolidation of two or more railroad lines into a single route.

# **Planning**

Planning for such relocation or consolidation is complex and often controversial. These projects are also some of the most expensive options available, necessitating careful study to ensure the expenses involved are reasonably justified.

Prior to making any decisions relating to crossing improvement by either grade separation or traffic control systems, long-range plans for relocation and consolidation of railroads in urbanized areas should be reviewed. Urbanized area transportation plans and railroad studies for mergers and consolidation are two sources of information.

# **Railroad Relocation**

Railroad relocation to the outer limits of the community may be a viable alternative for alleviating operational, safety, and environmental concerns, while retaining the economic benefits of railroad service to the community. Relocation generally involves the complete rebuilding of railroad facilities, including acquisition of new right of way and construction of track, drainage structures, signals and communications, crossings and separations, station facilities, and utilities.

**Benefits.** Benefits of railroad relocation extend beyond those associated with crossing safety and operations. Possible additional benefits may include:

- improved environmental quality resulting from decreased noise and air pollution
- improved land use and appearance
- improvements in the railroad's operational efficiency.
- elimination of obstructions to emergency vehicles
- safer routes for hazardous materials movement.

(continued...)

# **Railroad Relocation** (continued)

**Planning.** Many factors exist in planning for railroad relocation. The new route should provide good alignment, minimum grades, and adequate drainage. Sufficient right of way should be available to provide the necessary horizontal clearances, additional rail facilities as service grows, and a buffer for abating noise and vibrations. The number of new highway-rail intersections should be minimal.

Zoning the property adjacent to the railroad as light and heavy industrial further isolates the railroad corridor from residential and commercial activity. Businesses and industry desiring rail service can locate in this area.

# **Highway Relocation**

Highway relocations are implemented to provide improved traffic flow around communities and other developed areas. Planning for highway relocations should consider routes that would eliminate highway-rail intersections by avoiding the need for access over railroad tracks or by providing grade separations.

# **Dismantling of Warning Signals**

## Introduction

A person or railroad desiring to dismantle a warning signal at a grade crossing of a railway and a state-maintained road or highway must first apply to TxDOT to determine if a permit is required under 43 TAC §25.70 – 25.73. This contains requirements and procedures for issuing such a permit. Figure 11-1 at the end of this section provides a flow chart overview of the permit process.

NOTE: A permit is also required for dismantling warning signals at a grade crossing of a railway with a road or highway maintained by an authority other than TxDOT. Consult 43 TAC \$25.70 - 25.73 for details.

# **Application**

A person or railroad company desiring to dismantle warning signals at a railroad grade crossing must make application to the Texas Department of Transportation.

Form Available. Applicants may obtain a Permit Application Form for Dismantling of Railroad Crossing Warning Signal Device (TxDOT Form 1930) from any TxDOT district office. A sample Form 1930 is provided in Appendix A of the hard copy print version of this volume. This sample form may be photocopied as necessary. Copies may also be obtained from the Traffic Operations Division. In the on-line version of this volume, an MS Word version of this form may be opened and printed out by clicking on the following file name: TFE-1930.

**Application Submittal.** The applicant must return the completed application form to the district office in which the warning signal is located. The application must be accompanied by a resolution from the board of directors of the entity owning the railroad certifying the reason and justification for the request for removal of the warning signal.

# **Determining if a Permit Is Required**

Upon receiving an application, the district determines if a permit is required to remove the signal. A permit is required when all of the following conditions exist:

- ♦ the rail line is not defined as a Class I or Class II railroad by the Interstate Commerce Commission
- the rail line is active (an "active rail line" is defined as any railroad tracks which are classified by the Interstate Commerce Commission to carry freight or passenger trains and are currently being operated and maintained by a railroad company or rail carrier.)
- the cost of the signals was originally paid either entirely or partly from public funds.

The district must notify the applicant of its finding within 30 calendar days following receipt of the application.

# If a Permit Is Not Required

If a permit is not required for removal of the signals the district office informs the applicant that they may dispose of the signals at their discretion.

# If a Permit is Required

If a permit is required, the district proceeds according to who the entity is who maintains the roadway.

- If a governmental entity other than TxDOT maintains the road or highway intersecting the rail line, the district office forwards the application to that governmental entity for further processing in accordance with 43 TAC §25.70 25.73. The district also informs the applicant of its findings and the forwarding.
- *If TxDOT* maintains the road or highway intersecting the rail line, then the district informs the applicant of its findings and processes the application.

# **Processing the Application**

The district determines whether or not removal of the warning signals would adversely affect public safety. Factors determining whether or not removal of the warning signals would adversely affect public safety include:

- ♦ vehicle traffic
- train traffic and operations
- ♦ train-involved accident history
- crossing geometrics
- other considerations as noted on the application.

*If removal would adversely affect public safety*, then the district informs the applicant within 90 calendar days that the application is denied.

If removal would not adversely affect public safety, then the district determines the salvage value of the warning signals and informs the applicant within 90 calendar days of its finding that the application is approved pending payment of the signals' salvage value and reimbursement of expenses incurred by TxDOT in processing the application.

# Salvage Value

Salvage value is defined as any monetary value which may be derived from the signal equipment being retired or removed or from any material necessary for its operation. This may include, but is not limited to, the depreciated value of:

- any reusable electrical equipment (signal controllers, relays, rectifiers, batteries, etc.)
- signal equipment (signal heads, lenses, signal hoods and backgrounds, light bulbs, crossbuck signs, gate arm mechanisms, gate arms, lights, counterweights, etc.)
- track circuit equipment (termination shunts, capacitors, chokes, tuned joint couplers, insulated joints, etc.)
- the scrap value of these components, including all material or aluminum components (signal masts or cantilevers, gate mechanisms, counterweights, signal cabins, or signal cases).

# **Receipt of Payment and Permit Issuance**

Upon receipt of payment for the salvage value of the signals, the district issues a permit to the applicant for dismantling the warning signals. Governmental entities other than TxDOT that collect such payment, transfer the salvage value paid for signals to the appropriate district office. The district office deposits the salvage value paid for signals into a special fund in the State Treasury known as the "Railroad Crossing Warning Signal Fund" under the State Highway Fund to be used for the maintenance and improvement of warning signals at grade crossings.

# **Permit Process Flow Chart**

The flow chart shown in Figure 11-1 provides an overview of the permit process for dismantling warning signals at railroad crossings.

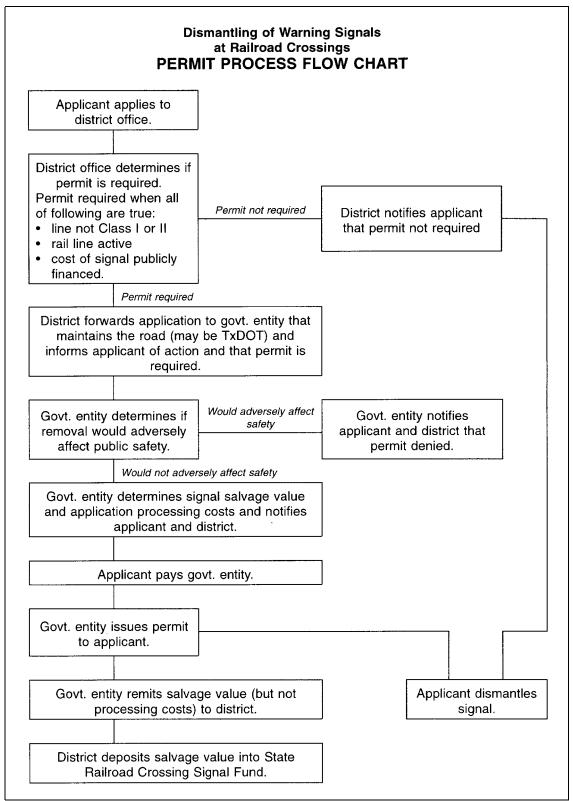


Figure 11-1. Flow chart overview of permit process for dismantling warning signals at railroad crossings. (To access the MS Word version of this figure from on line, click this file name: TFEG11-1.)

Appendix A Forms

# Appendix A Forms

# Introduction

This appendix lists the forms described in this volume. In the hard copy print version of this volume, this appendix contains samples of each form. These samples may be photocopied as necessary. Copies may also be obtained from the Traffic Operations Division (TRF).

MS Word versions of some of the forms are accessible through hypertext links in the on-line version of this volume, as indicated in the following list.

# **List of Forms**

Appendix A of the hard copy print version of this volume contains the following forms in the following order:

**TxDOT Forms Pertaining to Railroad Operations** 

	OT Form ber/Name	Hypertext Link (on line only)	# of Pgs.	Described in Chap.
1876	Railroad Grade Crossing Replanking Project Submission Form*	<u>TFE-1876</u>	2	4
1891	Detailed Estimate for Railroad Solicitation of Bids*	TFE-1891	1	4
	Preemption Worksheet (Guide for Determining Time Requirements for Traffic Signal Preemption at Highway- Rail Grade Crossings)		1	7
1930	Permit Application for Dismantling of Railroad Crossing Warning Signal Device*	<u>TFE-1930</u>	1	11
* Indi	cates that an MS Word version is available through the on-lin	ne version of this mar	nual.	

## **Union Pacific Forms**

Form Number/Form Name		# of Pgs.	Described in Chap.
PLX.APP	Application (used as a cover for all of the following forms)	2	_
DR-0404-F	Application for Underground Wireline Crossing — 600 Volts or Less	1	7 & 10
DR-0404-G	Application for Underground Wireline Crossing — Over 600 Volts	1	7 & 10
DR-0404-B	Application for Encased Non-flammable Pipeline Crossing	1	9
DR-0404-D	Application for Overhead Wireline Crossing — 600 Volts or Less	1	10
DR-0404-H	Application for Overhead Wireline Crossing — Over 600 Volts	1	10

# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION
PROJECT

**Design-Build Project** 

ATTACHMENT 15-1
AESTHETICS

August 22, 2014

PRELIMINARY

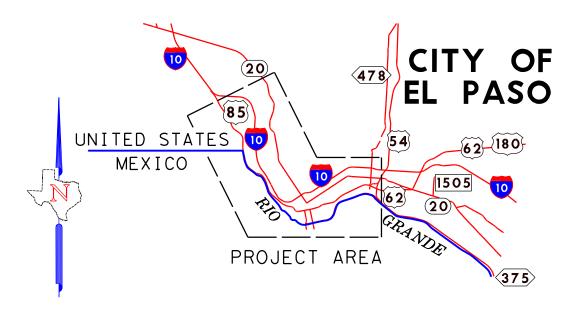


TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027

# Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project

# **AESTHETICS**

From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street



#### NOTES

 SEE AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS 3-17 FOR LOCATIONS OF ALL PROPOSED AESTHETIC ELEMENTS AND TREATMENTS.

2. ALL FORM LINERS TO BE THREE DIMENSIONAL AS PER TYPICAL SECTIONS; ALL FORMLINERS SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO USE

3. A SAMPLE PANEL SHALL BE SUBMITTED OF ALL COLORS/TEXTURES FOR APPROVAL TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO USE; THE SAMPLE PANEL SHALL BE SIZED AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER

4. 5' x 10' OFFSET PANELS FOR ALL RETAINING WALLS

5. PROPOSED BENT, RETAINING/SCREEN WALL, RAIL, AND ICONIC ELEMENT SURFACES SHALL BE CLEANED AND PAINTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITEM 427, SURFACE FINISH FOR CONCRETE. BEFORE APPLYING PAINT, REPAIR AREAS WHERE CHIPPING OR SPALLING OCCURRED AS A RESULT OF THE CLEANING OPERATIONS. MATERIALS, LABOR, AND INCIDENTALS FOR REPAIRS WILL NOT BE PAID FOR SEPARATELY BUT WILL BE CONSIDERED SUBSIDIARY TO ITEM 427.

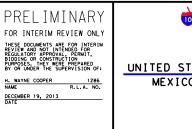


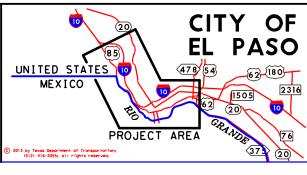
© 2013 by Texas Department of Transportation; (512) 416-2055; all rights reserved.



SHEET INDEX:

```
SHEET 1 - COVER SHEET
SHEET 2 - SHEET INDEX
SHEET 3 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 4 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 5 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 6 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 7 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 8 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 9 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 10 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 11 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 12 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 13 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 14 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 15 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 16 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 17 - AESTHETICS LAYOUT SHEETS
SHEET 18 - RETENTION POND PLANS
SHEET 19 - RETENTION POND PLANS
SHEET 20 - RETENTION POND PLANS
SHEET 21 - RETENTION POND PLANS
SHEET 22 - RETENTION POND PLANS
SHEET 23 - RETENTION POND PLANS
SHEET 24 - LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENTS - RACETRACK DR.
SHEET 25 - LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENTS - EXECUTIVE CENTER DR.
SHEET 26 - LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENTS - SANTE FE DR. & SPUR 1966
SHEET 27 - LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENTS - PAISANO DR.
SHEET 28 - LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENTS - EAST DELTA DR.
SHEET 29 - PLANT MATRIX
SHEET 30 - TYPICAL BRIDGE COLUMNS
SHEET 31 - TYPICAL BRIDGE COLUMNS
SHEET 32 - TYPICAL BRIDGE COLUMNS
SHEET 33 - TYPICAL BRIDGE COLUMNS
SHEET 34 - PRIMARY ICONIC ELEMENT
SHEET 35 - PRIMARY ICONIC ELEMENT
SHEET 36 - SECONDARY ICONIC ELEMENT
SHEET 37 - SECONDARY ICONIC ELEMENT
SHEET 38 - TYPICAL RETAINING WALLS AND ABUTMENTS
SHEET 39 - RETAINING WALL PANELS AND RIP RIP TREATMENT
SHEET 40 - TYPICAL RETAINING WALLS
SHEET 41 - TYPICAL BRIDGE TRAFFIC RAIL DETAILS
SHEET 42 - TYPICAL SCREEN WALLS AND FENCING
SHEET 43 - TYPICAL SCREEN WALLS AND FENCING SHEET 44 - TYPICAL SCREEN WALLS AND FENCING
SHEET 45 - TYPICAL SCREEN WALLS AND FENCING
SHEET 46 - AESTHETIC TREATMENT COMBINATIONS
SHEET 47 - AESTHETIC TREATMENT COMBINATIONS SHEET 48 - AESTHETIC TREATMENT COMBINATIONS
SHEET 49 - AESTHETIC TREATMENT COMBINATIONS
```









Loop 375 Border Highway West
Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street
AESTHETICS SHEET INDEX

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 2/49

**©PROP SIGN STRUCTURE** 

PROP R.O. W.
- PROP R.O. W.
- PROP TEMP. CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT
- EXIST PROPERTY LINE
PROP DETENTION PONDS
PROP SURFACE STREET
PROP LOOP 375 (AT GRADE)
PROP LOOP 375 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP LIS 85 (AT GRADE) PROP CBP SURVEILLANCE TOWER

PROP US 85 (AT GRADE)
PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)

PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

BEXIST HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION **OPROP SINGLE COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 30)** PROP MULTI COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 32) (K)PROP RETAINING WALL (SEE SHEET 38) OPROP RAIL FENCE (SEE SHEET 45)

MPROP ICONIC ELEMENT (SEE SHEET 36/38)

PROP LUMINAIRE

EPROP HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION

©PROP LUMINAIRE REMOVAL

FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

1286 R.L.A. NO. DECEMBER 19, 2013

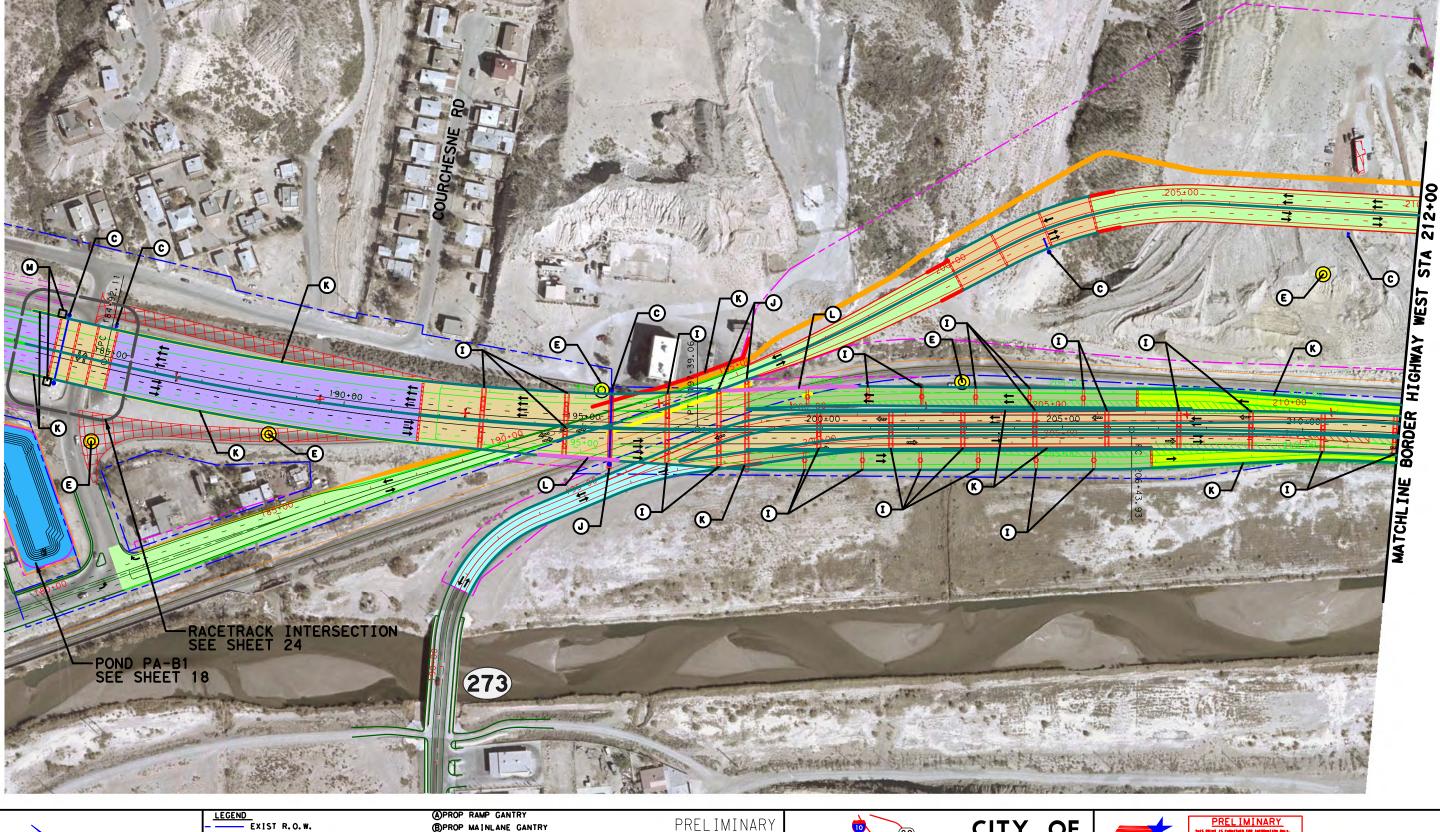






Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 3/49



PROP US 85 (AT GRADE)

PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)
PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

**©PROP SIGN STRUCTURE** PROP LUMINAIRE

EPROP HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION PROP CBP SURVEILLANCE TOWER OPROP LUMINAIRE REMOVAL

BEXIST HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION **OPROP SINGLE COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 30)** PROP MULTI COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 32)

(C) PROP RETAINING WALL (SEE SHEET 38) OPROP RAIL FENCE (SEE SHEET 45) MPROP ICONIC ELEMENT (SEE SHEET 36/38) FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

1286 R. L. A. NO. DECEMBER 19, 2013

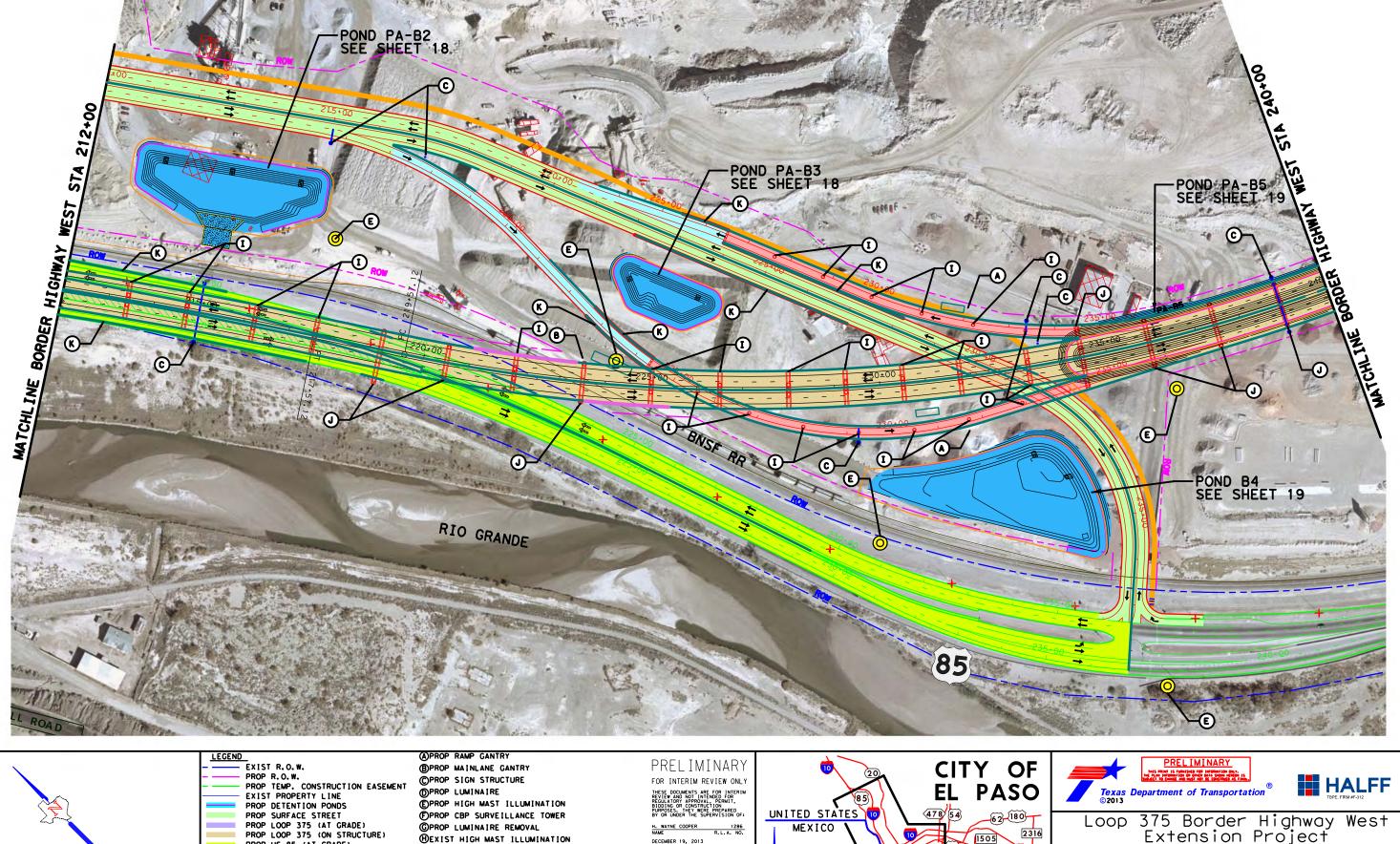






Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 4/49

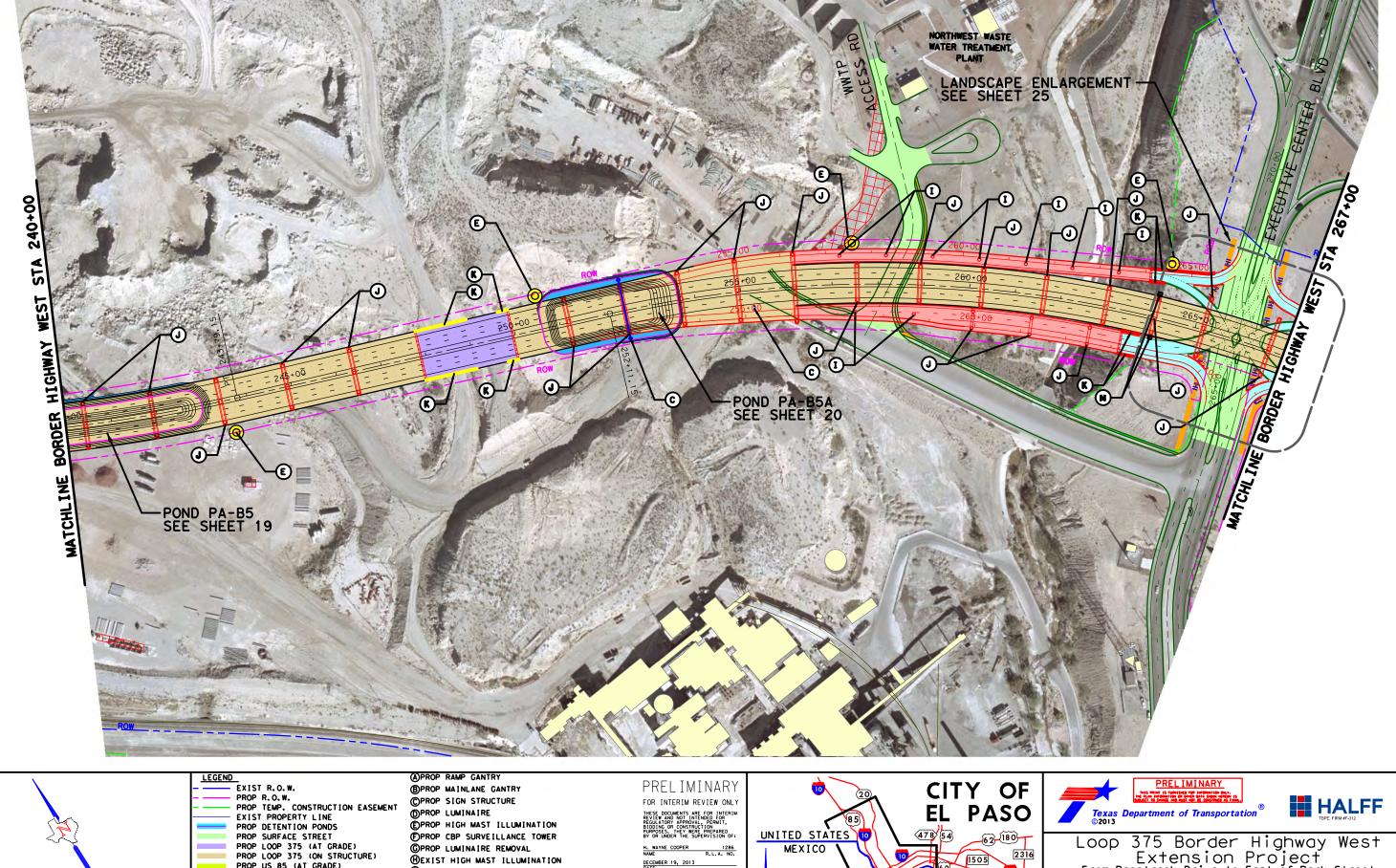


200

SCALE: 1"=200'

300

400



H. WAYNE COOPER 1286
NAME R.L.A. NO.

DECEMBER 19, 2013

PROP HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION

(P)PROP CBP SURVEILLANCE TOWER (E)PROP LUMINAIRE REMOVAL

BEXIST HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION

**OPROP SINGLE COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 30)** 

PROP MULTI COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 32)

(C) PROP RETAINING WALL (SEE SHEET 38)

MPROP ICONIC ELEMENT (SEE SHEET 36/38)

OPROP RAIL FENCE (SEE SHEET 45)

PROP US 85 (AT GRADE)

PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)
PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

<u>62</u> 180 UNITED STATES TO MEXICO PROJECT AREA



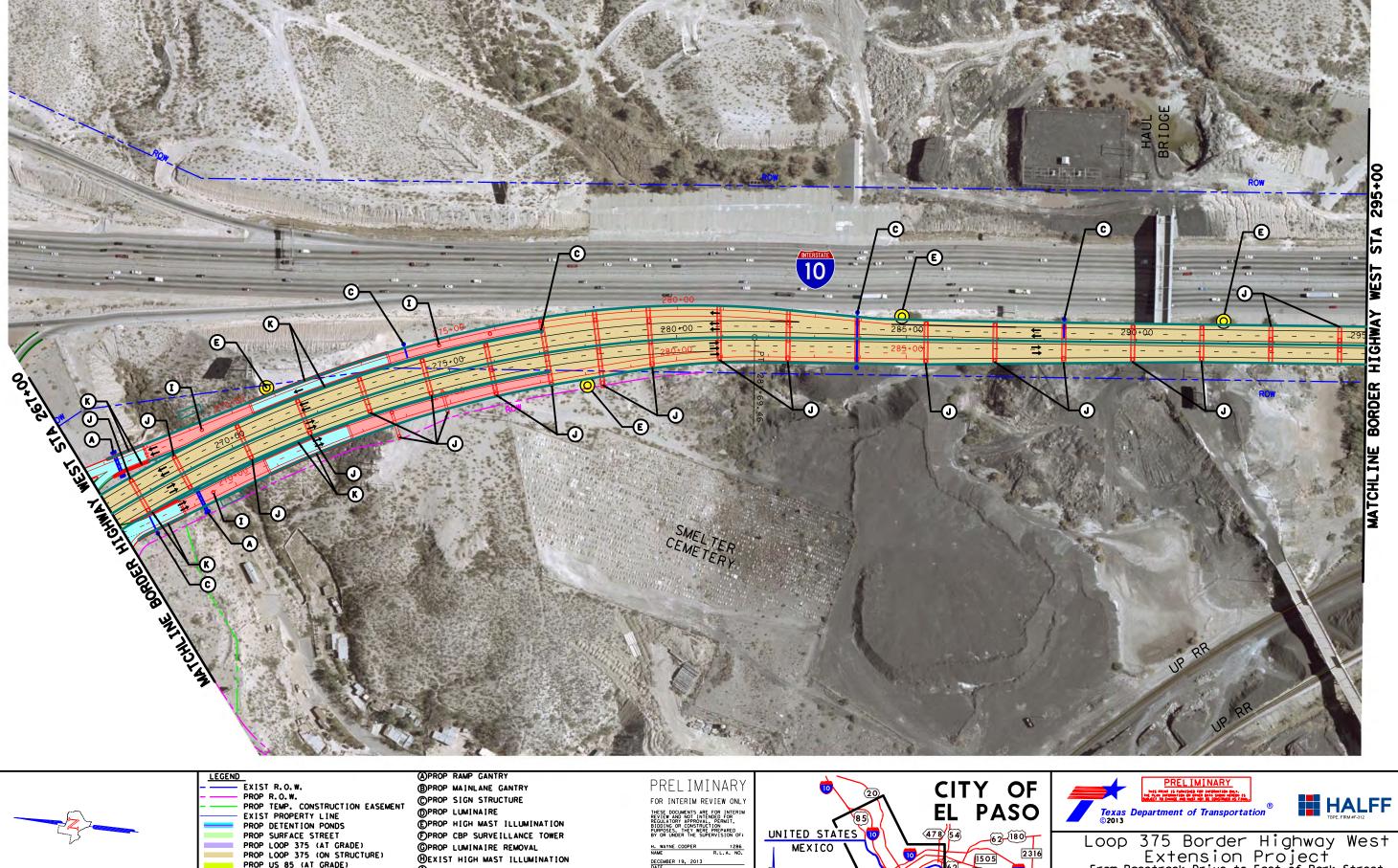


Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 5/49

SCALE: 1"=200'

400



1286 R.L.A. NO.

DECEMBER 19, 2013 DATE

PROP HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION

PROP CBP SURVEILLANCE TOWER

BEXIST HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION

(SEE SHEET 38)

MPROP ICONIC ELEMENT (SEE SHEET 36/38)

OPROP RAIL FENCE (SEE SHEET 45)

©PROP LUMINAIRE REMOVAL

PROP US 85 (AT GRADE)
PROP US 85 (AT GRADE)
PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)
PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH







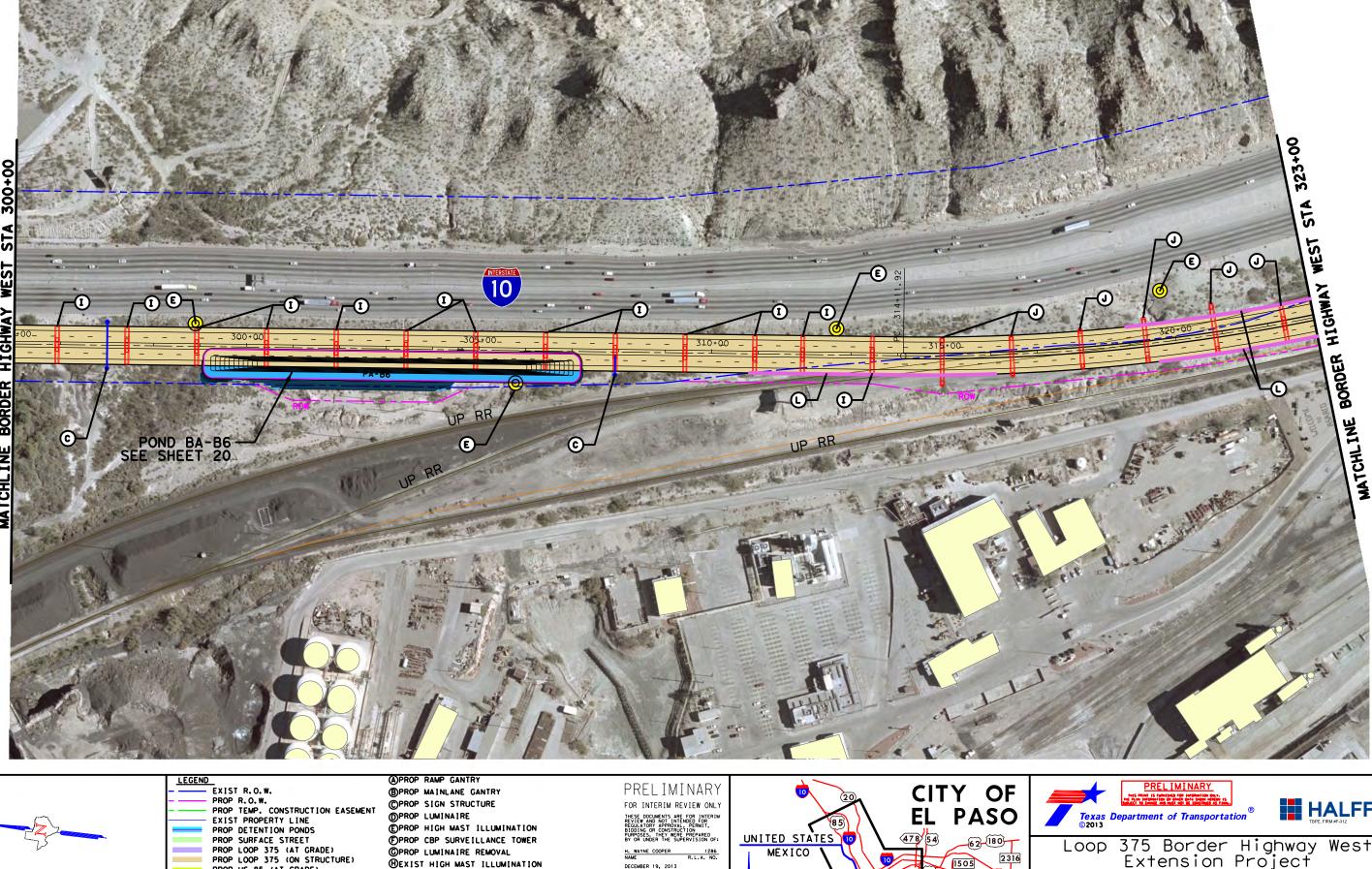
Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 6/49

200

SCALE: 1"=200'

400



1286 R.L.A. NO.

DECEMBER 19, 2013

PROP LUMINAIRE

PROP US 85 (AT GRADE)
PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)
PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

EPROP HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION

PROP CBP SURVEILLANCE TOWER

MEXIST HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION

**OPROP SINGLE COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 30)** 

PROP MULTI COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 32)

(C) PROP RETAINING WALL (SEE SHEET 38)

MPROP ICONIC ELEMENT (SEE SHEET 36/38)

OPROP RAIL FENCE (SEE SHEET 45)

©PROP LUMINAIRE REMOVAL

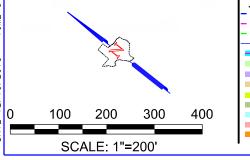
CITY OF EL PASO UNITED STATES MEXICO PROJECT AREA





Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 7/49



PROP R.O. W.
- PROP R.O. W.
- PROP TEMP. CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT
- EXIST PROPERTY LINE
PROP DETENTION PONDS
PROP SURFACE STREET
PROP LOOP 375 (AT GRADE)
PROP LOOP 375 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP LIS 85 (AT GRADE)

©PROP LUMINAIRE REMOVAL BEXIST HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION PROP US 85 (AT GRADE)
PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)
PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH **OPROP SINGLE COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 30)** PROP MULTI COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 32) (SEE SHEET 38)

PROP CBP SURVEILLANCE TOWER

OPROP RAIL FENCE (SEE SHEET 45)

MPROP ICONIC ELEMENT (SEE SHEET 36/38)

1286 R.L.A. NO. DECEMBER 19, 2013





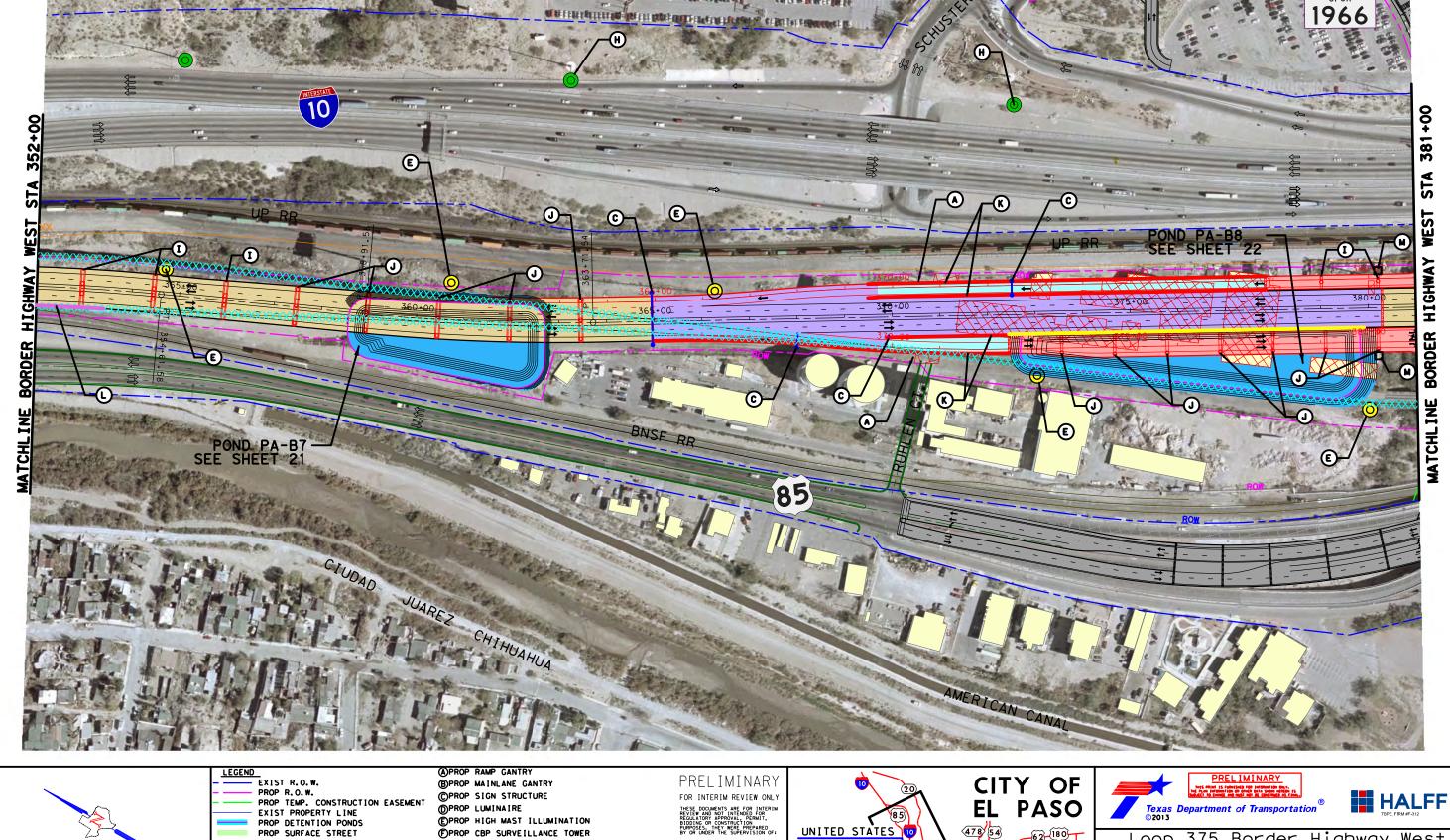


Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 8/49

SCALE: 1"=200'

300



H. WAYNE COOPER 1286
NAME R.L.A. NO.

DECEMBER 19, 2013

PROP CBP SURVEILLANCE TOWER

BEXIST HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION

**OPROP SINGLE COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 30)** 

PROP MULTI COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 32)

(C) PROP RETAINING WALL (SEE SHEET 38)

MPROP ICONIC ELEMENT (SEE SHEET 36/38)

OPROP RAIL FENCE (SEE SHEET 45)

OPROP LUMINAIRE REMOVAL

PROP LOOP 375 (AT GRADE)

PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)
PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

PROP US 85 (AT GRADE)

PROP LOOP 375 (ON STRUCTURE)

UNITED STATES

PROJECT AREA

MEXICO

Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 9/49

SCALE: 1"=200'

300

400

PROP LOOP 375 (AT GRADE)

PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)
PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

PROP US 85 (AT GRADE)

PROP LOOP 375 (ON STRUCTURE)

OPROP LUMINAIRE REMOVAL

MEXIST HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION

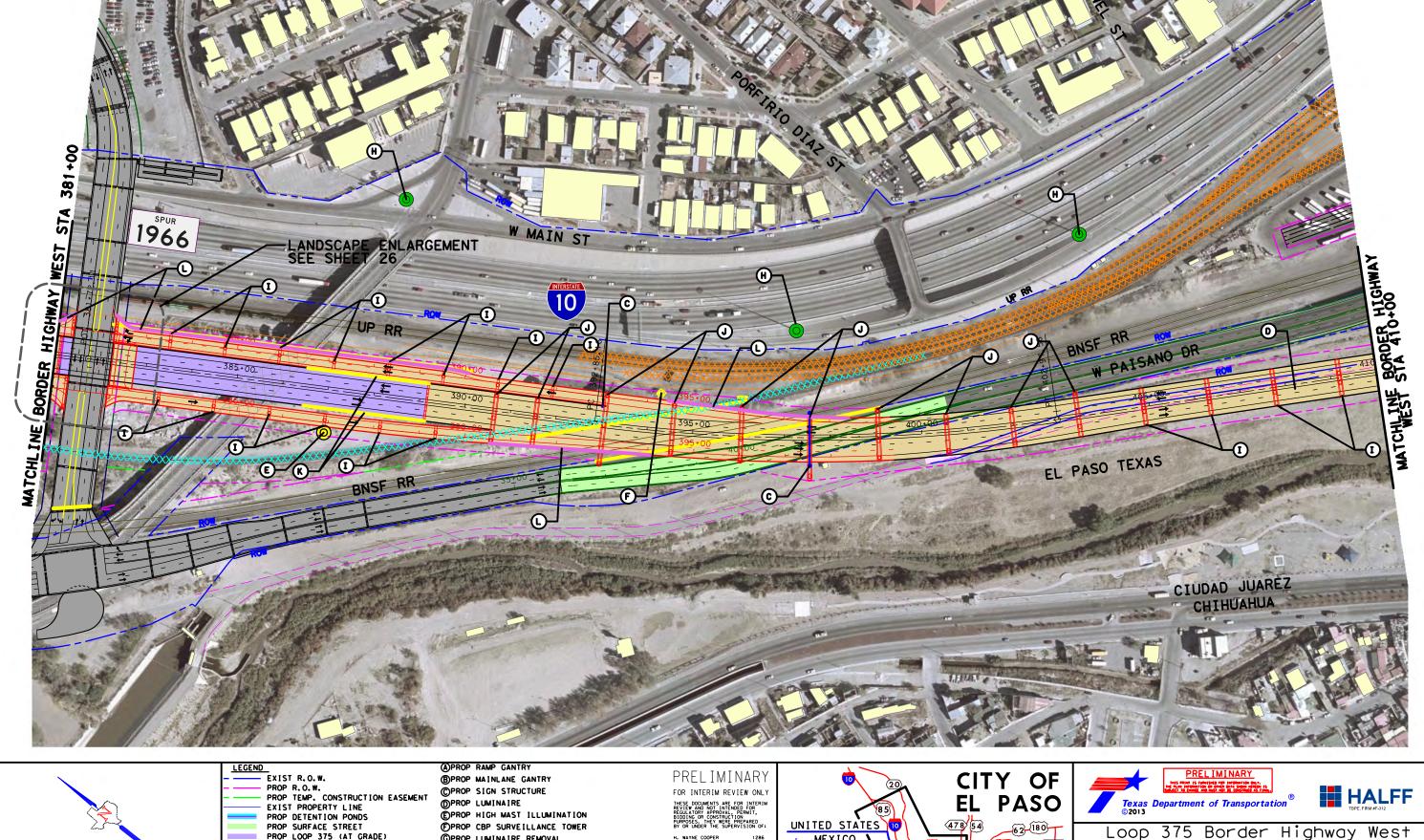
**OPROP SINGLE COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 30)** 

**OPROP MULTI COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 32)** 

(C) PROP RETAINING WALL (SEE SHEET 38)

MPROP ICONIC ELEMENT (SEE SHEET 36/38)

OPROP RAIL FENCE (SEE SHEET 45)



1286 R. L. A. NO.

DECEMBER 19, 2013

MEXICO

PROJECT AREA

Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 10/49

400

PROP R.O.W. PROP TEMP. CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT
EXIST PROPERTY LINE
PROP DETENTION PONDS
PROP SURFACE STREET PROP LOOP 375 (AT GRADE) PROP LOOP 375 (ON STRUCTURE) PROP US 85 (AT GRADE)

MPROP LUMINAIRE EPROP HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION PROP CBP SURVEILLANCE TOWER OPROP LUMINAIRE REMOVAL

BEXIST HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)
PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

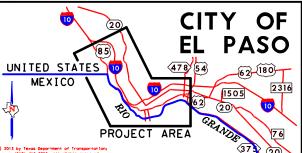
**OPROP SINGLE COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 30)** PROP MULTI COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 32) (C) PROP RETAINING WALL (SEE SHEET 38) OPROP RAIL FENCE (SEE SHEET 45)

MPROP ICONIC ELEMENT (SEE SHEET 36/38)

©PROP SIGN STRUCTURE

PRELIMINARY FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

H. WAYNE COOPER 1286
NAME R.L.A. NO. DECEMBER 19, 2013

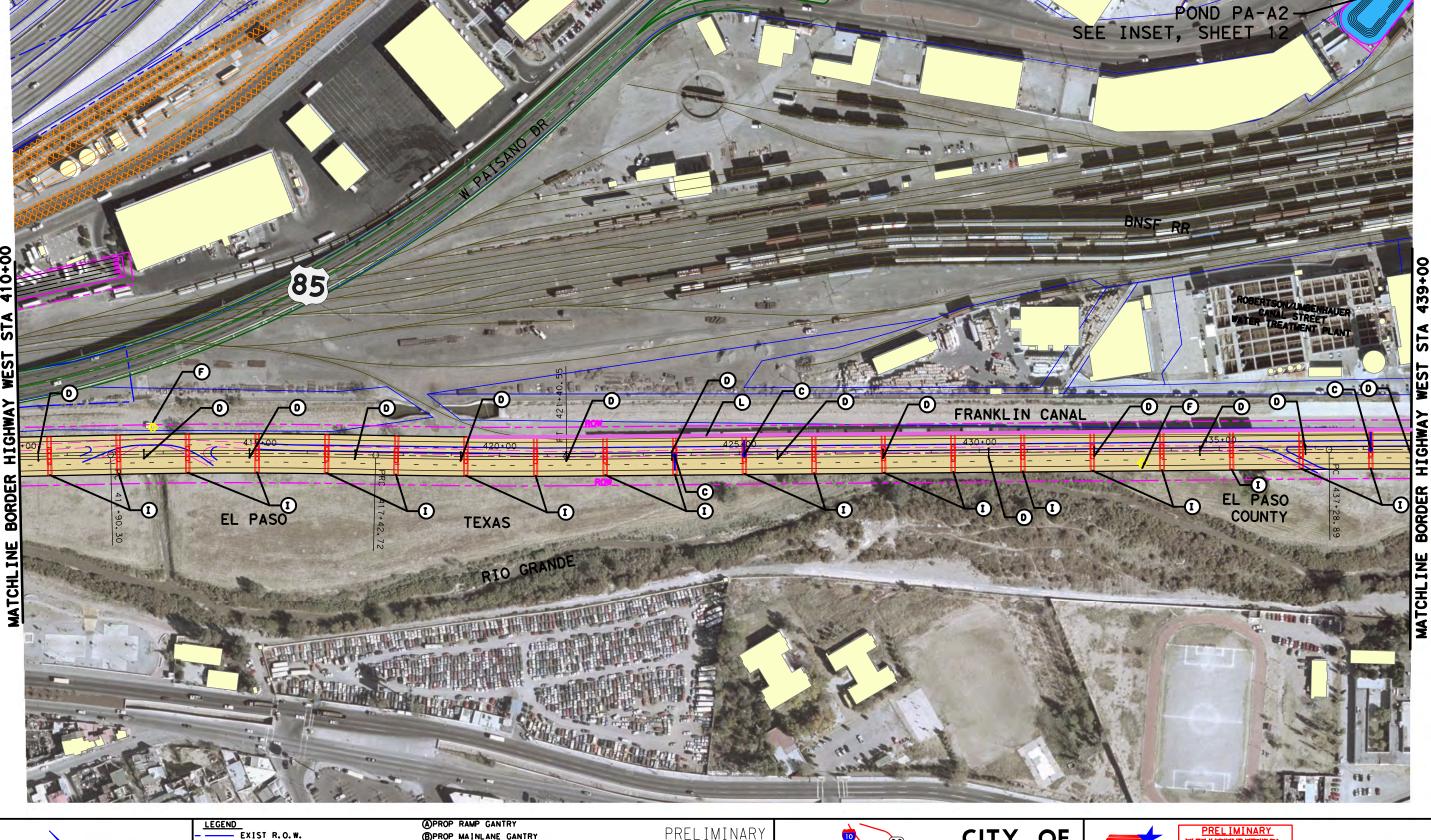


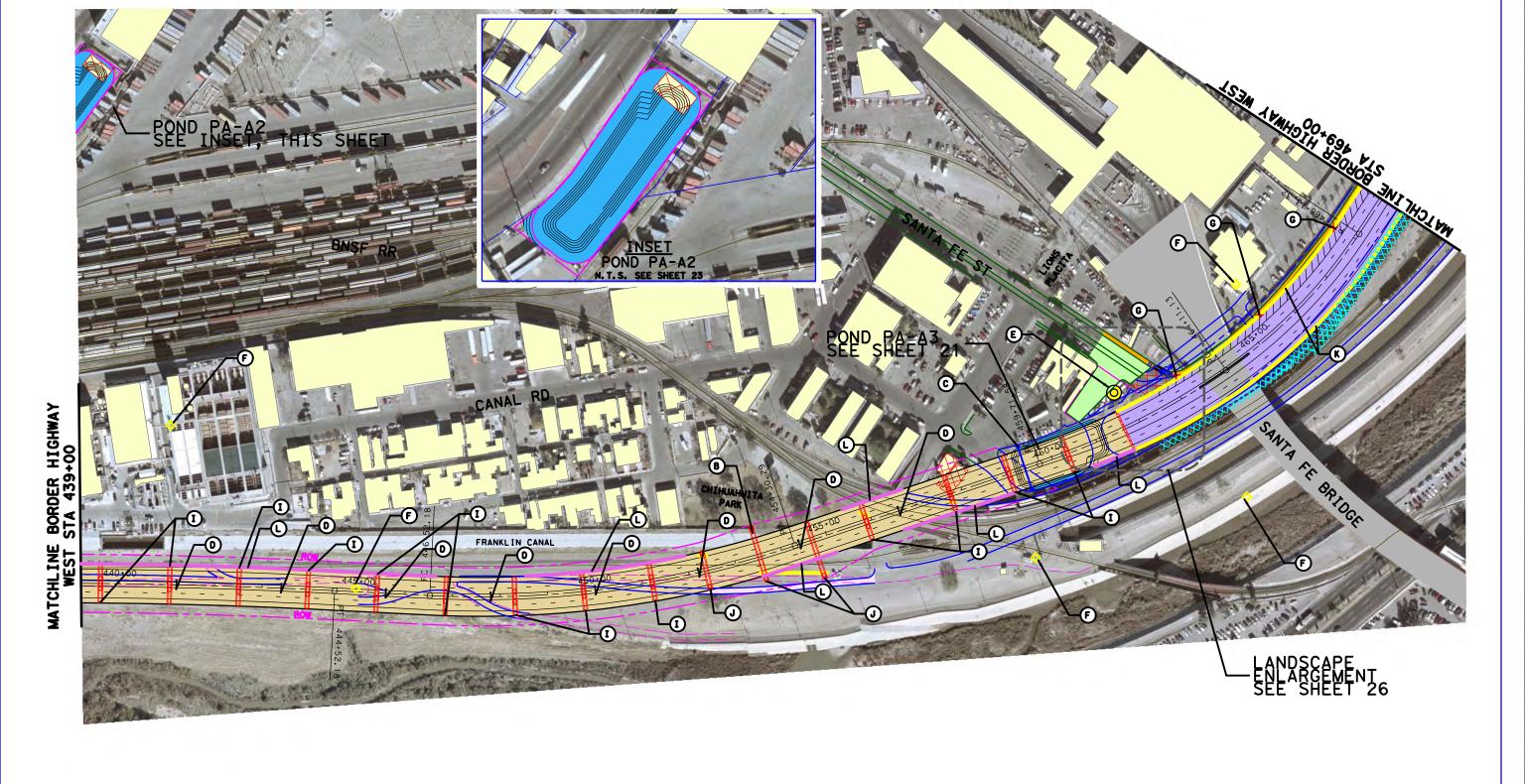


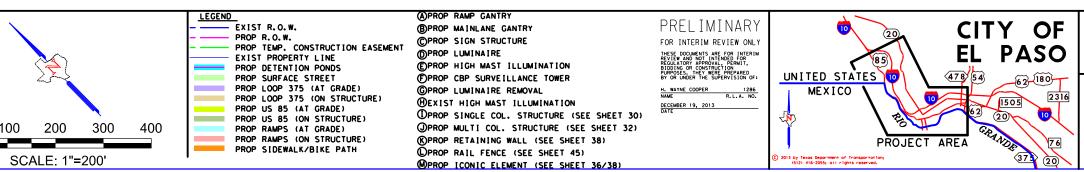


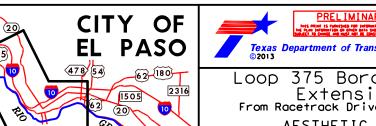
Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 11/49









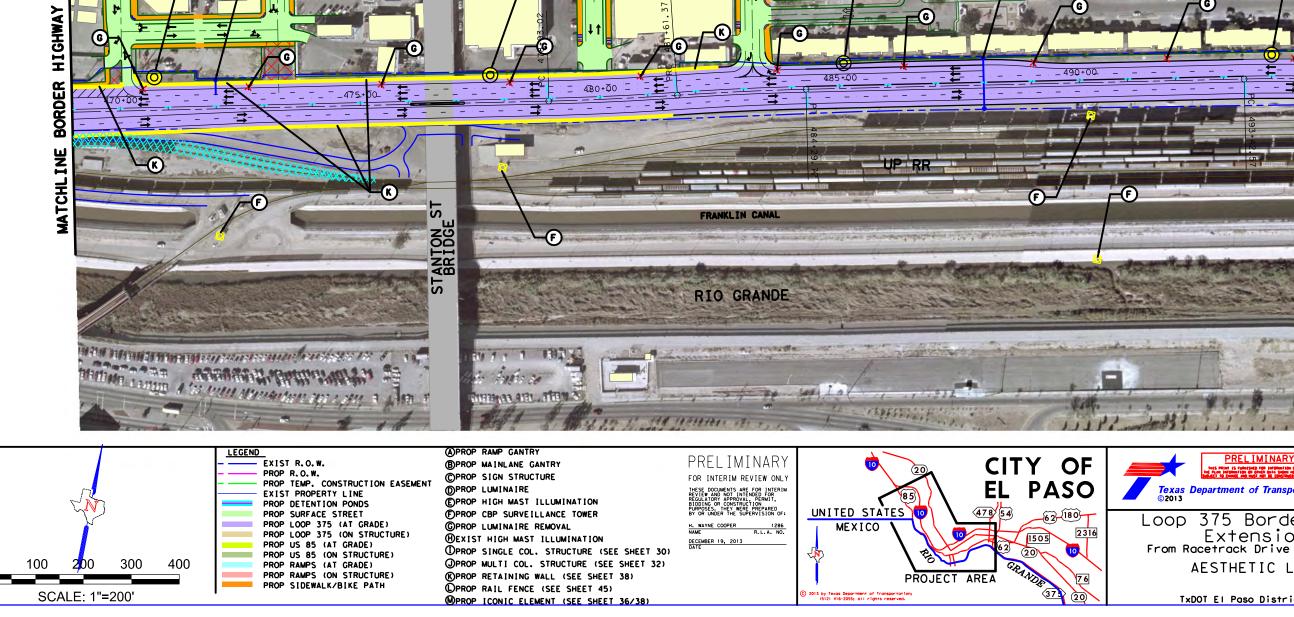
**HALFF** Texas Department of Transportation © 2013

Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 12/49

469+00

STA







Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 13/49

100 200 300 400 SCALE: 1"=200'

- PROP R.O.W.
- PROP TEMP. CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT
EXIST PROPERTY LINE
PROP DETENTION PONDS
PROP SURFACE STREET
PROP LOOP 375 (AT GRADE)
PROP LOOP 375 (ON STRUCTURE) PROP US 85 (AT GRADE) PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)
PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

©PROP LUMINAIRE REMOVAL BEXIST HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION **OPROP SINGLE COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 30)** PROP MULTI COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 32)

(C) PROP RETAINING WALL (SEE SHEET 38)

MPROP ICONIC ELEMENT (SEE SHEET 36/38)

OPROP RAIL FENCE (SEE SHEET 45)

1286 R. L. A. NO.

DECEMBER 19, 2013



Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 14/49

©PROP HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION

PROP CBP SURVEILLANCE TOWER ©PROP LUMINAIRE REMOVAL

**OPROP SINGLE COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 30)** PROP MULTI COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 32)

(C) PROP RETAINING WALL (SEE SHEET 38) OPROP RAIL FENCE (SEE SHEET 45) MPROP ICONIC ELEMENT (SEE SHEET 36/38) PRELIMINARY FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

375

LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENT SEE SHEET 28



(F)





Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 15/49

PROP R.O.W. PROP TEMP. CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT
EXIST PROPERTY LINE
PROP DETENTION PONDS
PROP SURFACE STREET
PROP LOOP 375 (AT GRADE) PROP LOOP 375 (ON STRUCTURE) PROP US 85 (AT GRADE) PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)
PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

APROP RAMP GANTRY (B)PROP MAINLANE GANTRY ©PROP SIGN STRUCTURE MPROP LUMINAIRE BEXIST HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION

H. WAYNE COOPER 1286
NAME R.L.A. NO. DECEMBER 19, 2013

MATCHLINE CP-EBXR STA 547+00 (SEE SHEET 17)

RIO GRANDE

PROP R.O.W. PROP TEMP. CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT
EXIST PROPERTY LINE
PROP DETENTION PONDS
PROP SURFACE STREET

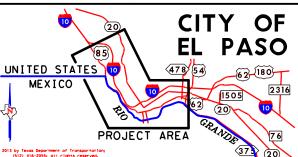
OPROP LUMINAIRE ©PROP HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION PROP CBP SURVEILLANCE TOWER ©PROP LUMINAIRE REMOVAL MEXIST HIGH MAST ILLUMINATION **OPROP SINGLE COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 30)** PROP MULTI COL. STRUCTURE (SEE SHEET 32)

PRELIMINARY FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY H. WAYNE COOPER 1286
NAME R.L.A. NO.

BOWIE HIGH SCHOOL

375

DECEMBER 19, 2013



570±00 =

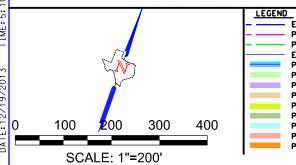


it uttestite tree



Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC LAYOUT SHEETS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 16/49



552+00

**E** 

PROP LOOP 375 (AT GRADE) PROP LOOP 375 (ON STRUCTURE) PROP US 85 (AT GRADE) PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)

PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

(C) PROP RETAINING WALL (SEE SHEET 38) OPROP RAIL FENCE (SEE SHEET 45) MPROP ICONIC ELEMENT (SEE SHEET 36/38)

APROP RAMP GANTRY

BPROP MAINLANE GANTRY

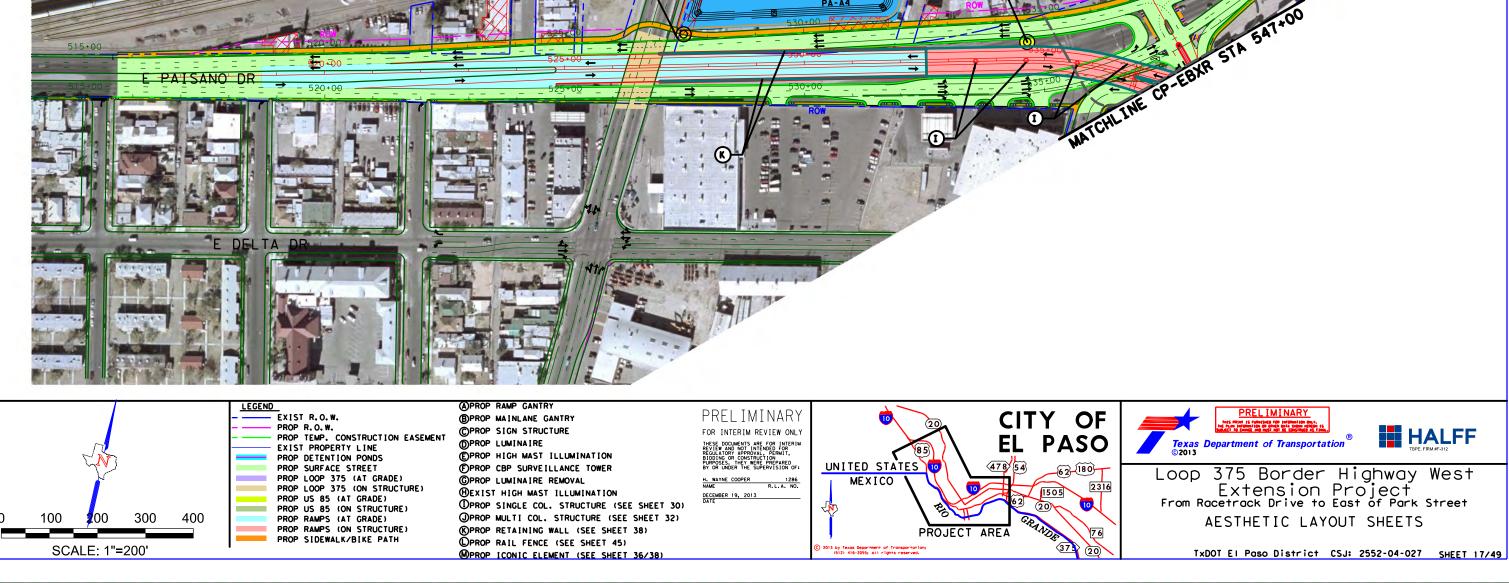
©PROP SIGN STRUCTURE

= 550+00

RIO GRANDE

**(6)** 

OVERLAND AVE



LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENT

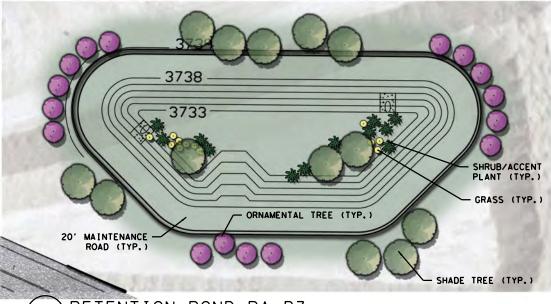
**HALFF** 

SEE SHEET 27

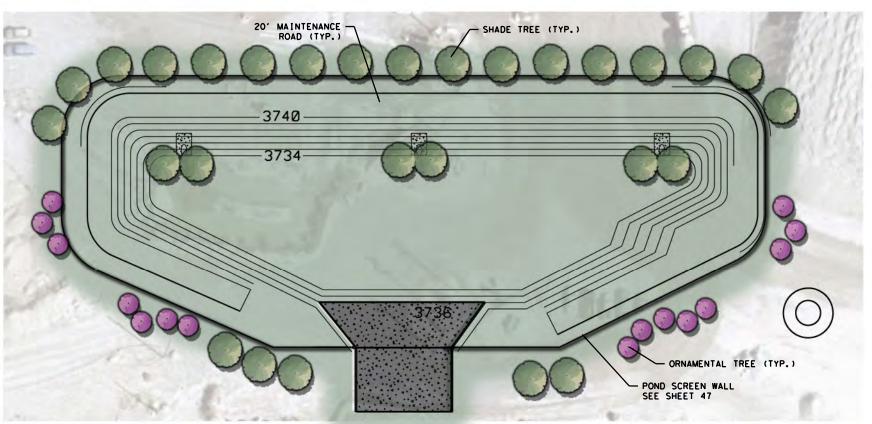
ORNAMENTAL TREES

SHRUBS/ACCENT PLANTS

GRASSES



RETENTION POND PA-B3 NOT TO SCALE

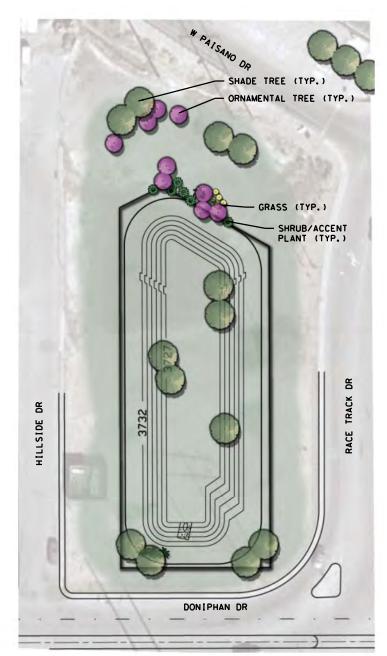


RETENTION POND PA-B2

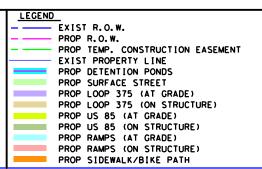
NOTES:
1. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE PLANT MATERIAL SELECTIONS BASED ON PLANT MATRIX SHOWN ON SHEET 29.

2. PLANTING DESIGN IS SCHEMATIC AND REPRESENTATIVE OF INTENT ONLY. 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 2 DISTINCT SPECIES OF EACH PLANT CATEGORY PER POND.

4. FINAL PLANTING DESIGN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT FOR APPROVAL.



RETENTION POND PA-B1 NOT TO SCALE



PRELIMINAR' FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY H. WAYNE COOPER

DECEMBER 19, 2013







Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street RETENTION POND PLANS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 18/49







ORNAMENTAL TREES



SHRUBS/ACCENT PLANTS

GRASSES

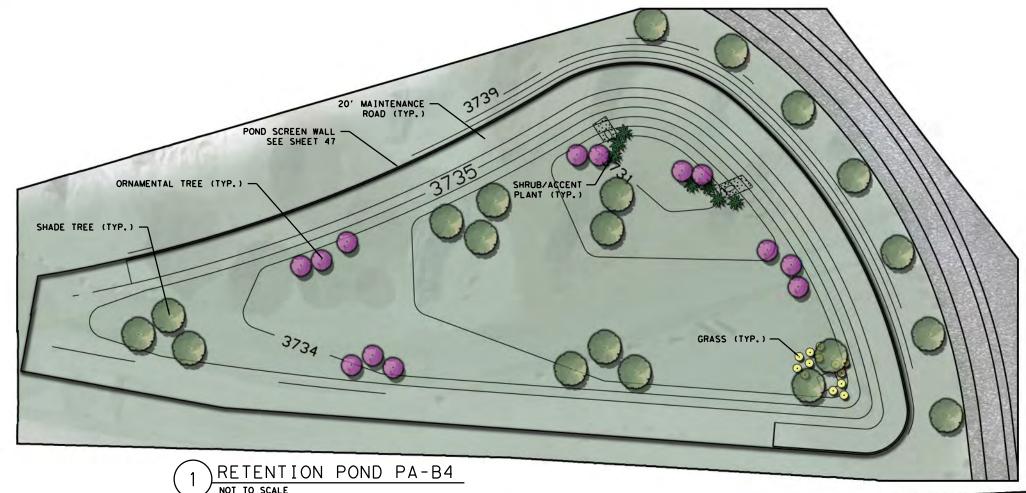
NOTES:

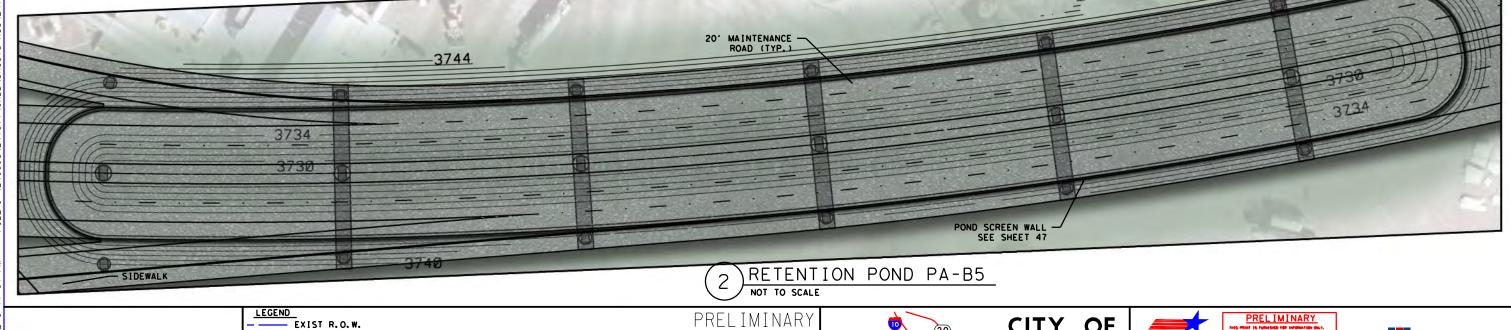
1. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE PLANT MATERIAL SELECTIONS BASED ON PLANT MATRIX SHOWN ON SHEET 29.

2. PLANTING DESIGN IS SCHEMATIC AND REPRESENTATIVE OF INTENT ONLY.

3. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 2 DISTINCT SPECIES OF EACH

PLANT CATEGORY PER POND. 4. FINAL PLANTING DESIGN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT FOR APPROVAL.





PROP R.O.W. PROP TEMP. CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT EXIST PROPERTY LINE PROP DETENTION PONDS PROP SURFACE STREET PROP LOOP 375 (AT GRADE) PROP LOOP 375 (ON STRUCTURE)

PROP US 85 (AT GRADE)
PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)
PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE) PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE) PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

# FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

H. WAYNE COOPER DECEMBER 19, 2013







Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street RETENTION POND PLANS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 19/49

ORNAMENTAL TREES

SHRUBS/ACCENT PLANTS

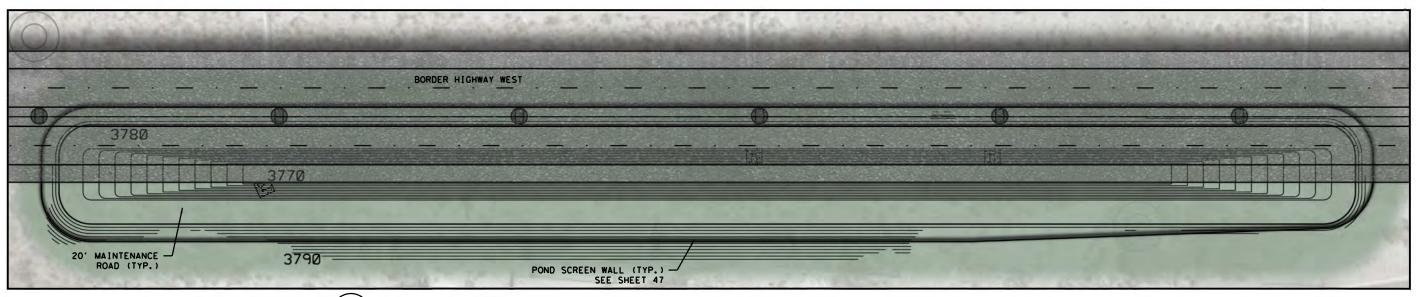
• GRASSES

NOTES:
1. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE PLANT MATERIAL SELECTIONS BASED ON PLANT MATRIX SHOWN ON SHEET 29.

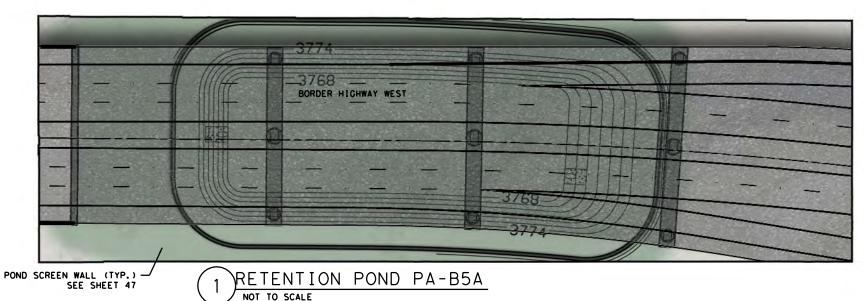
2. PLANTING DESIGN IS SCHEMATIC AND REPRESENTATIVE OF INTENT ONLY. 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 2 DISTINCT SPECIES OF EACH

PLANT CATEGORY PER POND.

4. FINAL PLANTING DESIGN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT FOR APPROVAL.



RETENTION POND PA-B6 NOT TO SCALE



LEGEND EXIST R.O.W. PROP R.O.W. PROP TEMP. CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT EXIST PROPERTY LINE PROP DETENTION PONDS PROP SURFACE STREET PROP LOOP 375 (AT GRADE) PROP LOOP 375 (ON STRUCTURE) PROP US 85 (AT GRADE) PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE) PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE) PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE) PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

PRELIMINAR' FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY H. WAYNE COOPER DECEMBER 19, 2013







Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street RETENTION POND PLANS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 20/49

NOTES:
1. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE PLANT MATERIAL SELECTIONS BASED ON PLANT MATRIX SHOWN ON SHEET 29.

2. PLANTING DESIGN IS SCHEMATIC AND REPRESENTATIVE OF INTENT ONLY. 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 2 DISTINCT SPECIES OF EACH

PLANT CATEGORY PER POND.

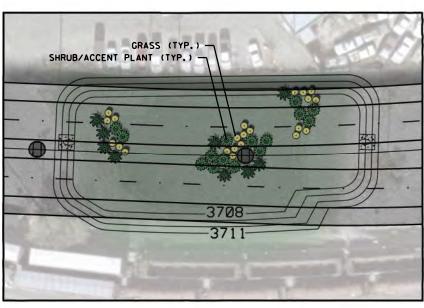
4. FINAL PLANTING DESIGN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT FOR APPROVAL.

SHADE TREES

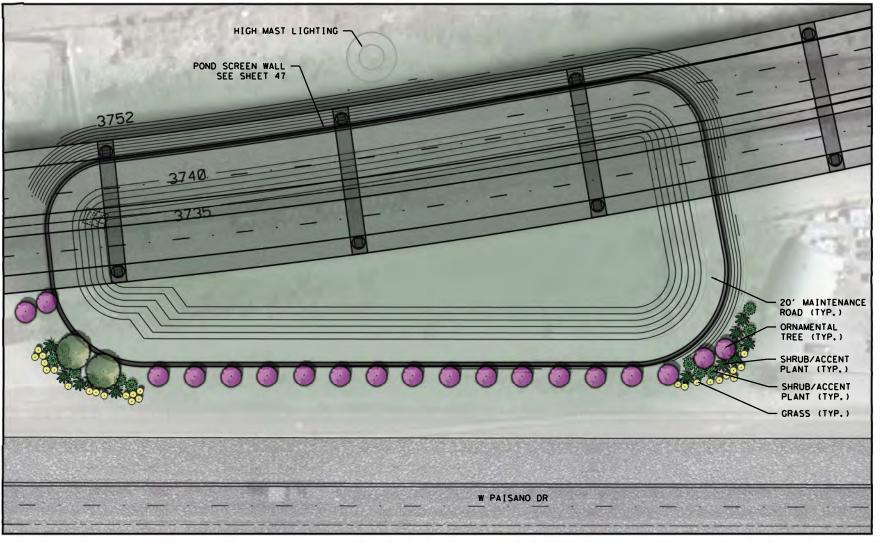
ORNAMENTAL TREES

SHRUBS/ACCENT PLANTS

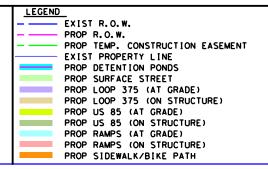
GRASSES



RETENTION POND PA-A3 NOT TO SCALE







PRELIMINARY FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

DECEMBER 19, 2013







Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street RETENTION POND PLANS

TxDOT EI Poso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 21/49

LEGEND

EXIST R.O.W.

PROP R.O.W.

PROP DETENTION PONDS

PROP RAMPS (AT GRADE)

PROP RAMPS (ON STRUCTURE) PROP SIDEWALK/BIKE PATH

PROP LOOP 375 (AT GRADE)

PROP LOOP 375 (ON STRUCTURE) PROP US 85 (AT GRADE)
PROP US 85 (ON STRUCTURE)

PROP SURFACE STREET

PROP TEMP. CONSTRUCTION EASEMENT EXIST PROPERTY LINE

SHADE TREES



ORNAMENTAL TREES



SHRUBS/ACCENT PLANTS

GRASSES

CITY OF EL PASO

<u>62</u> 180

NOTES:
1. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE PLANT MATERIAL SELECTIONS BASED ON PLANT MATRIX SHOWN ON SHEET 29.
2. PLANTING DESIGN IS SCHEMATIC AND REPRESENTATIVE OF INTENT ONLY.
3. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 2 DISTINCT SPECIES OF EACH PLANT CATEGORY PER POND.
4. FINAL PLANTING DESIGN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT FOR APPROVAL.

PREL IMINARY

Loop 375 Border Highway West

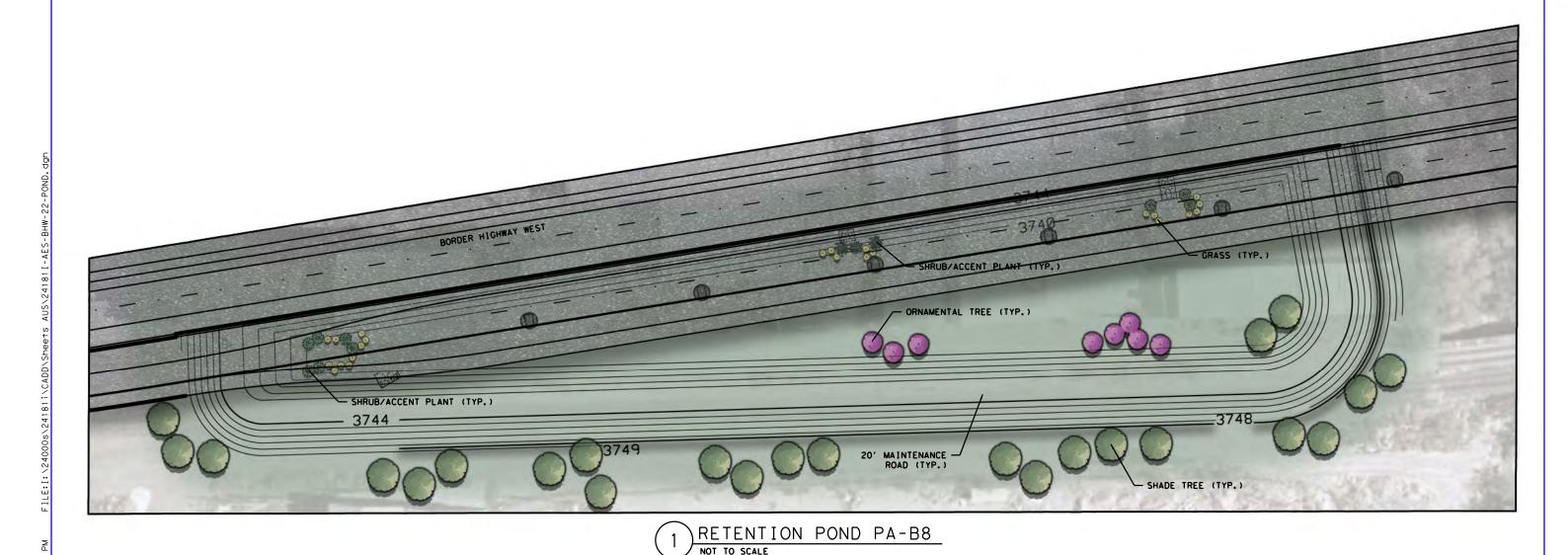
Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street

RETENTION POND PLANS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 22/49

Texas Department of Transportation © 2013

**HALFF** 



PRELIMINARY

FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

DECEMBER 19, 2013

UNITED STATES 10

PROJECT AREA

MEXICO

ORNAMENTAL TREES



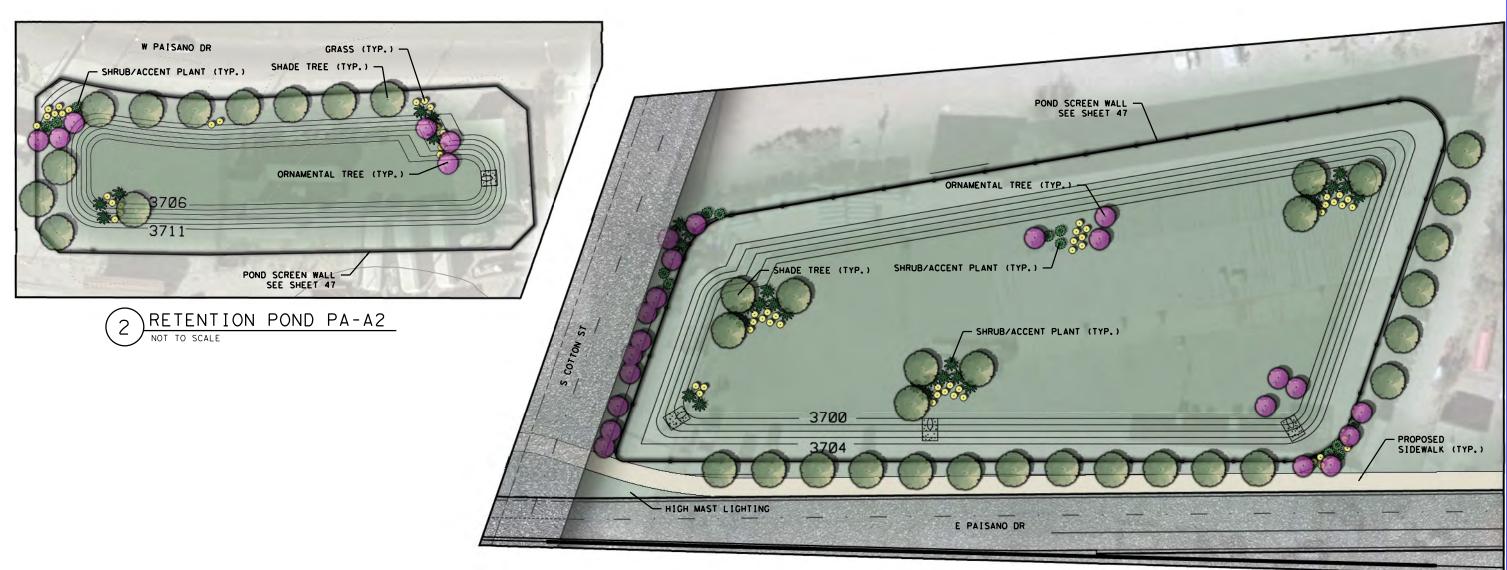
GRASSES

NOTES:
1. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE PLANT MATERIAL SELECTIONS BASED ON PLANT MATRIX SHOWN ON SHEET 29.

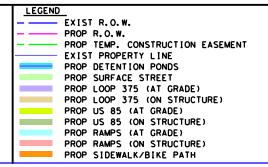
2. PLANTING DESIGN IS SCHEMATIC AND REPRESENTATIVE OF INTENT ONLY. 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 2 DISTINCT SPECIES OF EACH

PLANT CATEGORY PER POND.

4. FINAL PLANTING DESIGN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT FOR APPROVAL.







PRELIMINARY FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

DECEMBER 19, 2013

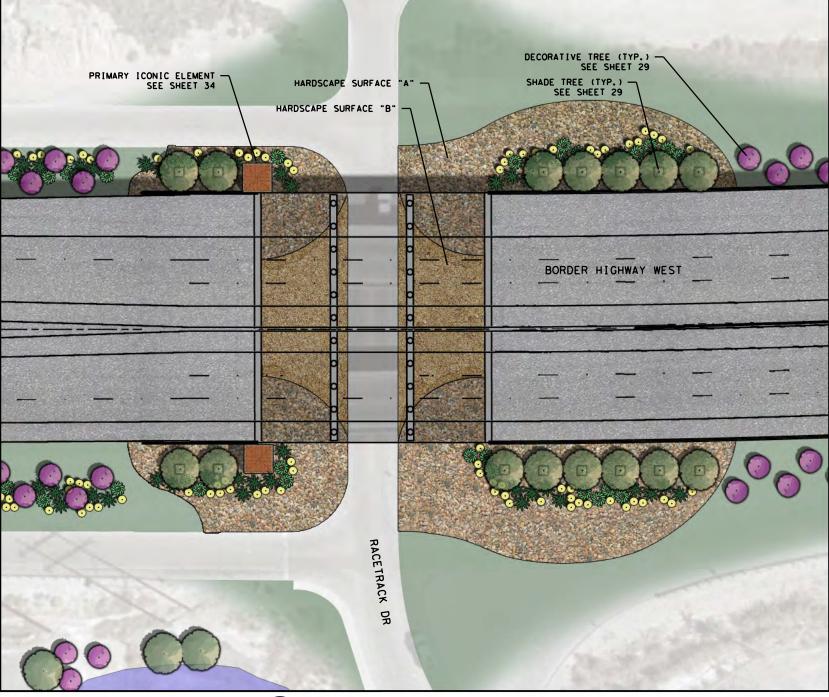






Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street RETENTION POND PLANS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 23/49



RACETRACK DRIVE INTERSECTION



SHADE TREES



ORNAMENTAL TREES



SHRUBS/ACCENT PLANTS

GRASSES

NOTES:
1. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE PLANT MATERIAL SELECTIONS BASED ON PLANT MATRIX SHOWN ON SHEET 29.
2. PLANTING DESIGN IS SCHEMATIC AND REPRESENTATIVE OF INTENT ONLY. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE MINIMUM OF 0.5 SHADE TREES, 0.75 ORNAMENTAL TREES, 3 SHRUBS/ACCENT PLANTS, AND 1.5 GRASSES PER 1,000 S.F. OF LANDSCAPE AREA PER INTERSECTION.
3. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 3. DISTINCT SPECIES OF EACH

3. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 3 DISTINCT SPECIES OF EACH PLANT CATEGORY PER INTERSECTION. 4. FINAL PLANTING DESIGN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT FOR

APPROVAL. 5. SEE SECTION B-B. SHEET 39, FOR AESTHETIC TREATMENT OF RIP RAP.

PRELIMINARY

FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

DECEMBER 19, 2013

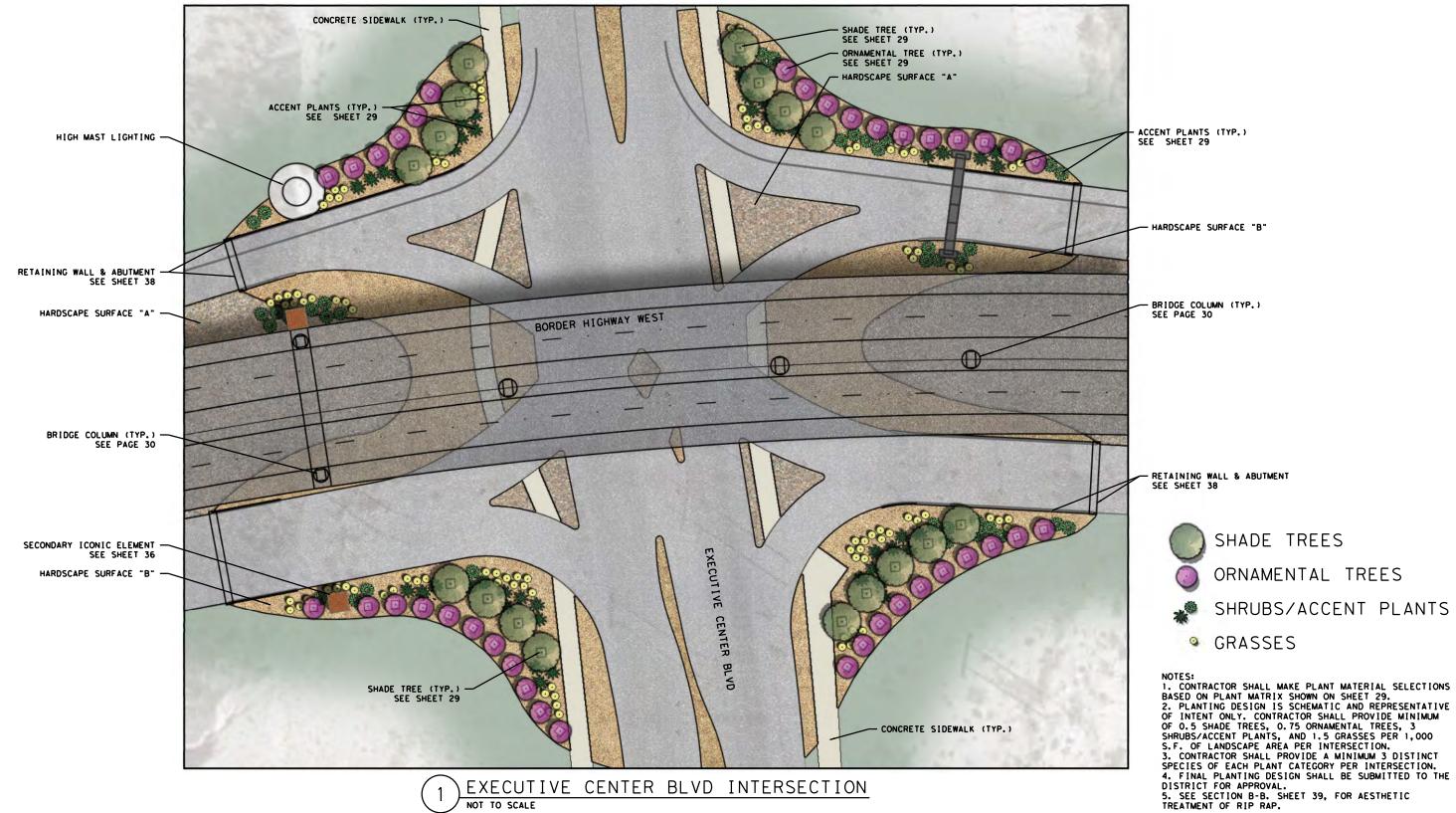






Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENTS -RACETRACK DR.

TxDOT EI Poso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 24/49



EXECUTIVE CENTER BLVD INTERSECTION NOT TO SCALE

> PRELIMINAR' FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

DECEMBER 19, 2013





PREL IMINARY Texas Department of Transportation © 2013



Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENTS -EXECUTIVE CENTER DR. TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 25/49

SHADE TREES

GRASSES

ORNAMENTAL TREES

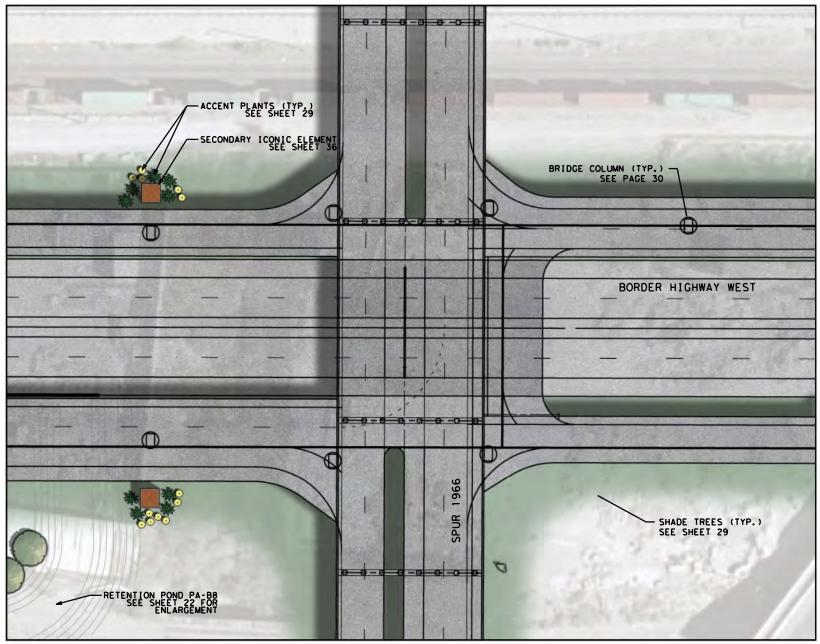
CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 3 DISTINCT

SHRUBS/ACCENT PLANTS

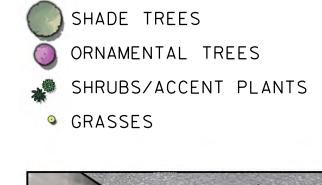
- 1. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE PLANT MATERIAL SELECTIONS BASED ON PLANT MATRIX SHOWN ON
- SHEET 29.

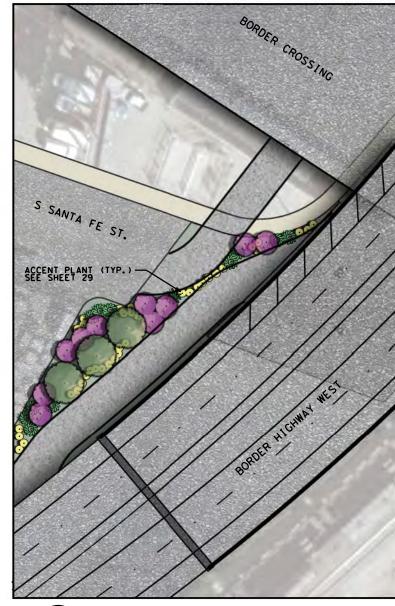
  2. PLANTING DESIGN IS SCHEMATIC AND REPRESENTATIVE OF INTENT ONLY. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE MINIMUM OF 0.5 SHADE TREES, 0.75 ORNAMENTAL TREES, 3 SHRUBS/ACCENT PLANTS, AND 1.5 GRASSES PER 1,000 S.F. OF LANDSCAPE AREA PER INTERSECTION.

  3. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 3 DISTINCT SPECIES OF EACH PLANT CATEGORY PER INTERSECTION.
- 4. FINAL PLANTING DESIGN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT FOR APPROVAL.
  5. SEE SECTION B-B. SHEET 39, FOR AESTHETIC TREATMENT OF RIP RAP.



SPUR 1966 INTERSECTION





SANTA FE ST. INTERSECTION NOT TO SCALE



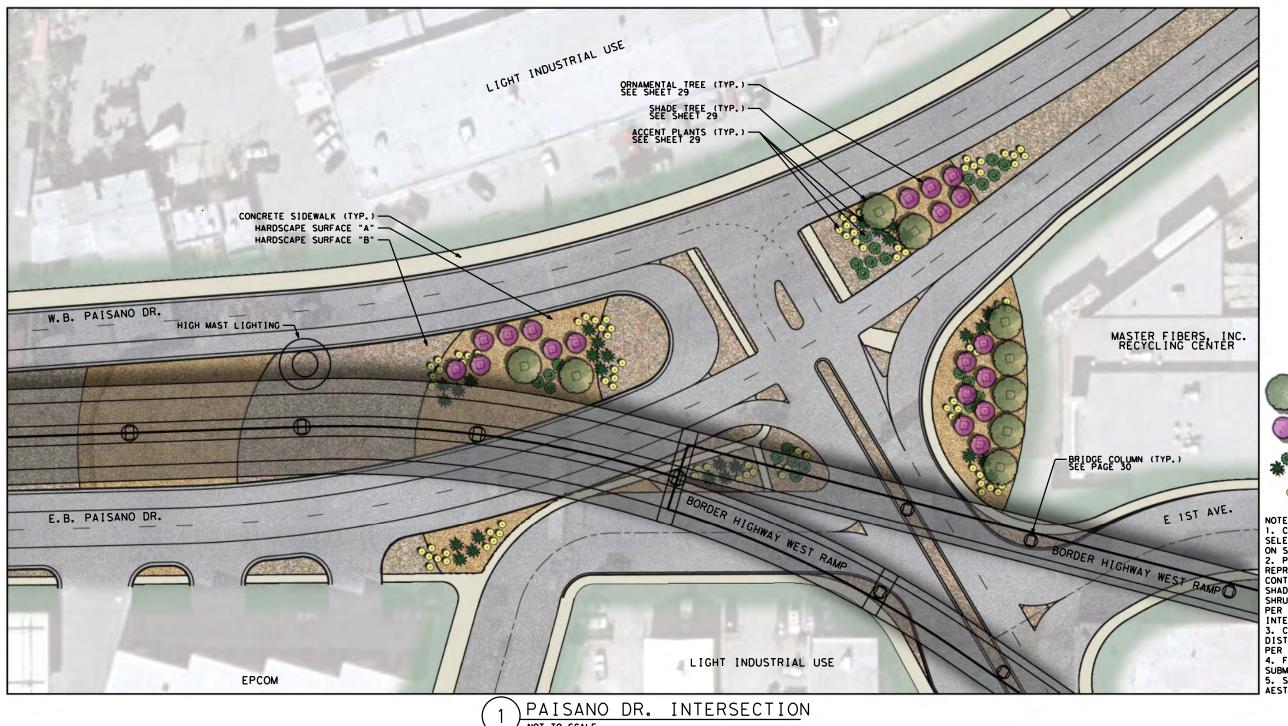
DECEMBER 19, 2013







Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENTS -SANTE FE ST. & SPUR 1966 TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 26/49



ORNAMENTAL TREES

SHRUBS & ACCENT PLANTS

GRASSES

1. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE PLANT MATERIAL SELECTIONS BASED ON PLANT MATRIX SHOWN

SELECTIONS BASED ON PLANT MATRIX SHOWN
ON SHEET 29.
2. PLANTING DESIGN IS SCHEMATIC AND
REPRESENTATIVE OF INTENT ONLY.
CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE MINIMUM OF 0.5
SHADE TREES, 0.75 ORNAMENTAL TREES, 3
SHRUBS/ACCENT PLANTS, AND 1.5 GRASSES
PER 1,000 S.F. OF LANDSCAPE AREA PER
INTERSECTION.
3. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 3
DISTINCT SPECIES OF EACH PLANT CATEGORY
PER INTERSECTION.
4. FINAL PLANTING DESIGN SHALL BE

4. FINAL PLANTING DESIGN SHALL BE
SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT FOR APPROVAL.
5. SEE SECTION B-B. SHEET 39, FOR
AESTHETIC TREATMENT OF RIP RAP.

NOT TO SCALE

### PRELIMINARY

FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

DECEMBER 19, 2013



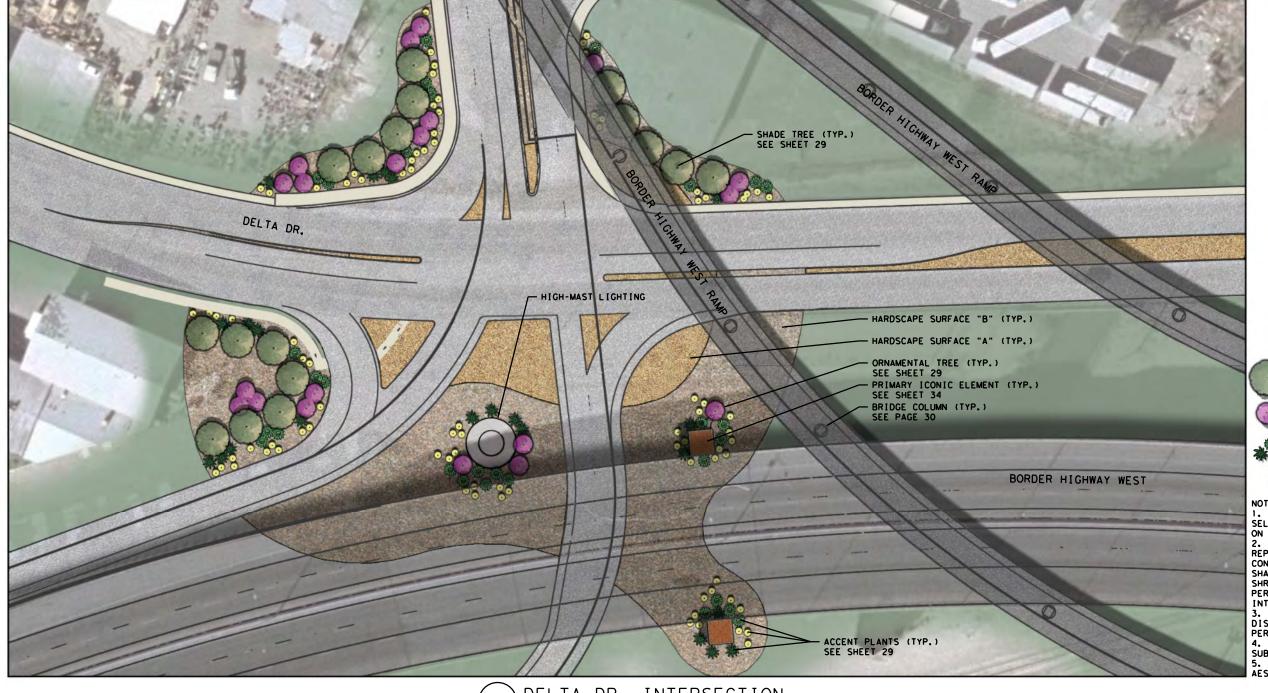






Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENTS -PAISANO DR.

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 27/49



ORNAMENTAL TREES



GRASSES

NOTES:

1. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE PLANT MATERIAL SELECTIONS BASED ON PLANT MATRIX SHOWN ON SHEET 29.

2. PLANTING DESIGN IS SCHEMATIC AND REPRESENTATIVE OF INTENT ONLY. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE MINIMUM OF 0.5 SHADE TREES, 0.75 ORNAMENTAL TREES, 3 SHRUBS/ACCENT PLANTS, AND 1.5 GRASSES PER 1,000 S.F. OF LANDSCAPE AREA PER INTERSECTION.

3. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A MINIMUM 3 DISTINCT SPECIES OF EACH PLANT CATEGORY PER INTERSECTION.

4. FINAL PLANTING DESIGN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT FOR APPROVAL.

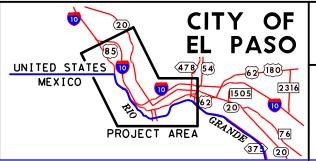
5. SEE SECTION B-B. SHEET 39, FOR AESTHETIC TREATMENT OF RIP RAP.

DELTA DR. INTERSECTION NOT TO SCALE

## PRELIMINARY

FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

DECEMBER 19, 2013

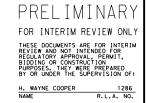






Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street LANDSCAPE ENLARGEMENTS -EAST DELTA DR. TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 28/49

COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	WATER USE			Į.	LOCATION	<u>so</u>	IL TOLERA	NCE	FOL	LIAGE	LIGHT	NEEDS	OTHER COMMENTS
		LOW	MED	HIGH	PONDS	INTERSECTIONS	SAND	CLAY	LOAM	EVERGREEN	DECIDUOUS	SUN	SHADE	
ORNAMENTAL & SHADE TRE	ES:													
VALLEY OAK	QUERCUS LOBATA			X	X	X			X		X	X		PLANT IN AREAS WITH HIGH WATER TABLE
MONTEZUMA CYPRESS	TAXODIUM MUCRONATUM	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X				SEMI-EVERGREEN, ALSO TOLERATES WET SOILS
SHOESTRING ACACIA	ACACIA STENOPHYLLA	X				X	X	X		X		X		SPECIMEN TREE, WEEPING GROWTH HABIT
EASTERN RED CEDAR	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA		X		X		X	X	X	X		X		GOOD FOR SCREENING
TEXAS PISTACHE	PISTACIA TEXENSIS		X		X	X	Х		X		X	X		NICE FALL COLOR, WELL-DRAINED SOILS
HONEY MESQUITE	PROSOPIS GLANDULOSA	X			X		X	X	X		X	X		VAR. TORREYANA,
CATCLAW ACACIA	ACACIA GREGGII	X			X		X			X		X	X	PLANT IN AREAS WITH HIGH WATER TABLE
MEXICAN RED BUD	CERCIS CANADENSIS	X				X	X				X	X	X	ACCENT TREE (TRANSPECOS), VAR MEXICANA
DESERT WILLOW	CHILOPSIS LINEARIS	X	X		X	X	X		X		X	X	X	WELL DRAINAED SOILS
PALO VERDE	PARKINSONIA ACULEATA	X			X		X	X	X	X		X		RECOMMEND PARKINSONIA ACULEATA.
LANCE-LEAF SUMAC	RHUS LANCEOLATA	X				X			X		X		X	PREFERS RICH SOILS
CHASTE TREE	VITEX AGNUS-CASTUS	X	X		X	X	X	X	X		X	X		ALKILINE SOILS
FRAGRANTASH	FRAXINUS CUSPIDATA	X				X	X	X	X		X	X		SMALL TREE
PEACH LEAF WILLOW	SALIX AMYGDALOIDES	X	X	X	X		X		X		X	X		PLANT IN AREAS WITH HIGH WATER TABLE
TEXAS PERSIMON	DIOSPYROS TEXANA	X				X	X	X	X	X		X	X	ACCENT TREE
LITTLE WALNUT	JUGLANS MACROCARPA		X		X		X		X		X	X	X	PLANT IN AREAS WITH HIGH WATER TABLE
LACEYOAK	QUERCAS LACEYI	X	X		X	X		X			X	X		ROCKY SOIL & HIGH PH TOLERANT
VASEYOAK	QUERCAS VASEYANA	X	X		X	X	X		X		X	X		WELL DRAINAED SOILS
HUISACHE	ACACIA FARNESIANA	X			X		X	X	X		Χ	X	X	RECOMMENT ACACIA MINUATA
GOLDENBALL LEAD TREE	LEUCAENA RETUSA	X				X			X		X	X		WELL DRAINAED SOILS
MEXICAN BUCKEYE	UNGNADIA SPECIOSA	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х			Х	Х	X	SMALL TREE EL PASO NATIVE
ARIZONA CYPRESS	CUPRESSUS ARIZONICA		Х		X		Х		X	X		X		NATIVE TO BIG BEND, MEXICO AND SE ARIZONA
MONDEL PINE	PINUS ELDARICA		Х		X		X		X	X		X		EVERGREEN SCREEN, FAST GROWING
GRASSES:														
BUFFALOGRASS	BOUTELOUA DACTYLOIDES	X			X	Х		X	X		Х	Х		DRY AREAS ONLY, WELL DRAINED CLAY ONLY
INDIAN RICE GRASS	ORYZOPSIS HYMENDOIDES	Х	Х		Х		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	PLANT IN AREAS WITH HIGH WATER TABLE
SWITCH GRASS	PANICUM VIRGATUM	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х		Х		X			ADPATABLE TO MOST CONDITIONS
LITTLE BLUE STEM	SCHIZACHYRIUM SCOPARIUM	Х	Х		X	X	Х	X	X		Х	Х	X	ADPATABLE TO MOST CONDITIONS
HYBRID BERMUDA GRASS	CYNODON DACTYLON	Х	Х	X	X	X	Х		X		Х	X		TURF AREAS, SOD IF ON POND SLOPES
CANE BLUESTEM	BOTHRIOCHLOA BARBINODIS		Х	Х	Х		Х	Х			X			PREFERS MOIST AREAS
SIDEOATS GRAMA	BOUTELOUA CURTIPENDULA	Х			X	X	Х	X	X	X	Х		X	DRY AREAS ONLY, MASSINGS
BLUE GRAMA	BOUTELOUA GRACILIS	Х	Х		X			X			Х	X		DRY AREAS ONLY, MASSINGS
HAIRY GRAMA	BOUTELOUA HIRSUTA	Х	Х		X			X			Х	Х	X	DRY AREAS ONLY, WELL DRAINED SOILS
TEXAS BEAR GRASS	NOLINA TEXANA	Х			X	X	Х	X	X	X		X	X	ACCENT PLANT, TOLERATES LIGHT SHADE
PURPLE MUHLY	MUHLEN BERGII CAPILLARIS		Х			X	Х	Х	Х		X	Х	Х	FALL COLOR
SHRUBS & ACCENT PLANTS:														
GUAJILLO	ACACIA BERLANDERIERI				Х		Х		X		Х	Х		WELL DRAINED SOILS, DRY AREAS
FLAME ACANTHUS	ANISACANTHUS WRIGHTII	Х	Х		X	X	Х	X	X		Х	X		ADAPETED TO MOST SOILS/CONDITIONS
AGARITA	MAHONIA TRIFOLIOLATA	Х			Х		Х		X	X		Х	Х	ALKALINE SOILS
DESERT BIRD OF PARADISE	CEASALPINIA GILUESII	Х	Х			X	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х		NATURALIZED IN EL PASO, ACIDIC SOILS
TEXAS KIDNEYWOOD	EYSENHARDTIA TEXANA	Х	Х		X		Х				X	Х	X	PARTIAL SHADE, TOLERATES MOISTURE
YAUPON HOLLY	ILEX VOMITORIA		X	X	X	Х	Х	X	X	Χ		X	X	ADAPETED TO MOST SOILS/CONDITIONS
TAXAS LANTANA	LANTANA CAMARA	X	Х			X	Х	X	X		Х	X		VAR. NEW GOLD, ACIDIC SOILS
DESERT ROSEMARY	ROSEMARIUNUS OFFICINALIS	Х			X	X	Х		X	X		Х		EL PASO NATIVE, ALKALINE SOILS
AUTUMN SAGE	SALVIA GREGII	Х	Х		X	X	Х	Х	X		X	Х	X	SEMI-EVERGREEN, ALSO TOLERATES WET SOILS
YELLOW BELLS	TECOMA SANS	Х	Х	X		X	Х		X		Х	Х		SEMI-EVERGREEN
CENTURY PLANT	AGAVE NEOMEXICANA	Χ			X		Х			X		X	X	ALSO A. LECHUGUILLA, ROCKY SOILS OK
GOPHER PLANT	EUPHORBIA RIGIDA	Х	Х		Х		Х		Х	X		Х		ACCENT PLANT\
BUTTONBUSH	CEPHALANTHUS OCCIDENTALIS	Х	Х	Х	X	X	Х	Х	X		x	Х		TOLERATES MOISTURE
DAMIANITA	CHRYSACTINIA MEXICANA	Х	X	1		X	X	X	X		X	X	х	PARTIAL SHADE OK
APACHE PLUME	FALLUGIA PARADOXA	Х			Х	X	Х			X		Х		DRY/GRAVELLY SOILS
OCOTILLO	FOUQUIERIA SPLENDENS	X			X	X	X	Х	X	X		X		WELL DRAINED SOILS, DRY AREAS
CREOSOTE BUSH	LARREA TRIDENTATA	X		l	X		X			X		X		LOOSE SOILS
CENIZO	LEUCOPHYLLUM FRUSTESCENS	X		1	X	X	X		X	X		X		WELL DRAINED SOILS, DRY AREAS
LITTLE LEAF SUMAC	RHUS MICROPHYLLA	X			X	x	X		^	^	Х	X		VAR. ENGELM, SLOPE STABILIZATION
DESERT YAUPON	SCHAEFFERIA CUNEIFOLIA	X			X	^	^	х	X	Х	^	X	X	HEAVY/ROCKY SOILS OK
PURPLE PRICKLY PEAR	OPUNTIA SANTA-RITA	X			X		Х	X	X	X	1	X	_^	DRY AREAS ONLY
		X			X	x	X	X	X	X		X		
BANANA YUCCA	YUCCA BACCATA			<del>                                     </del>				Α	X	<b>†</b>	-	<del>                                     </del>		ADAPETED TO MOST SOILS/CONDITIONS
SPANISH DAGGER	YUCCA ALOIFOLIA	X		<b>-</b>	X	X	X			X	-	X		WELL DRAINED SOILS, DRY AREAS
ED YUCCA	HESPERALOE PARVIFOLIA	X	X		X	X	X	l	X	X		X		RED BLOOMS



DECEMBER 19, 2013

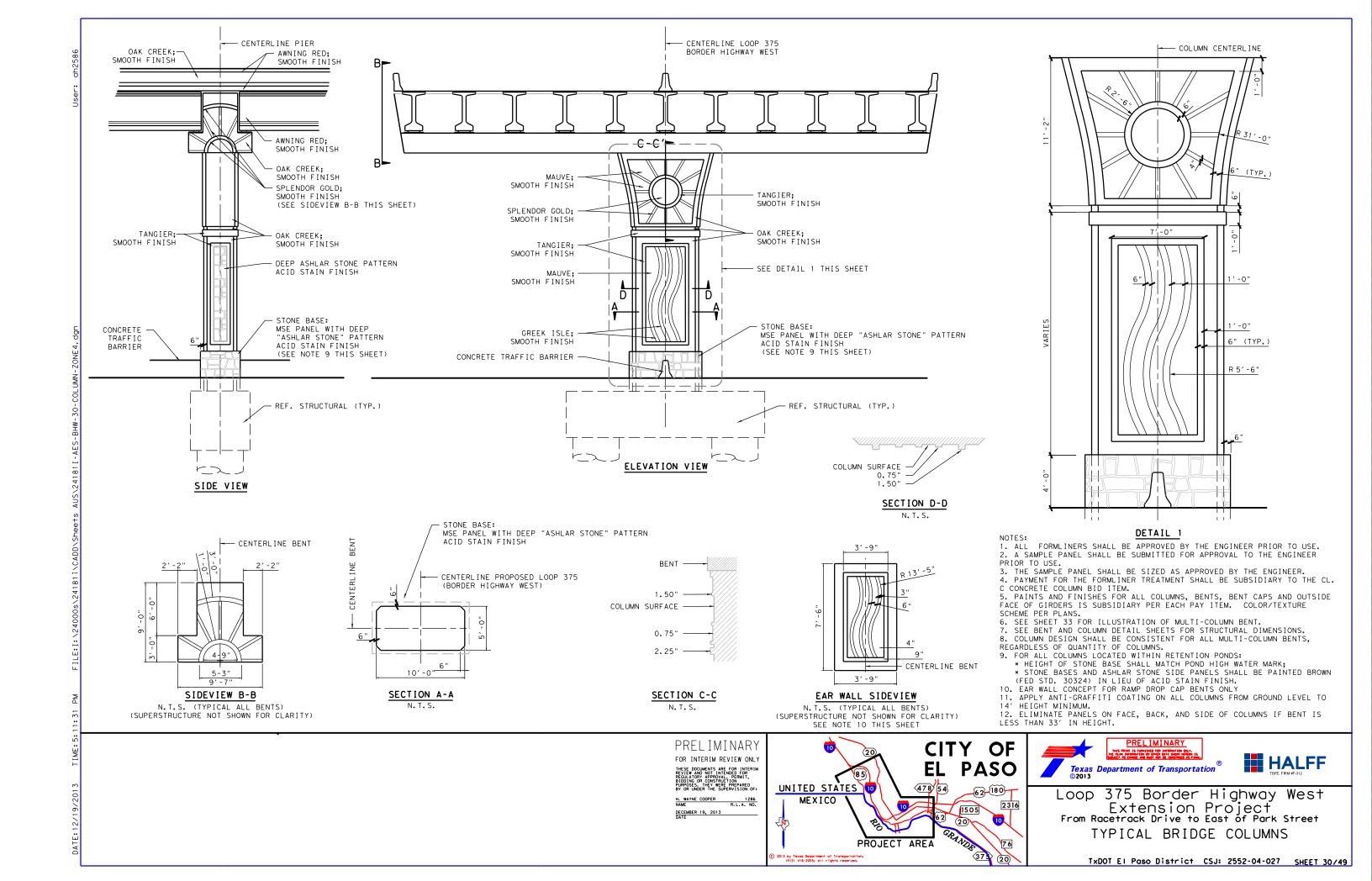






Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street PLANT MATRIX

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 29/49



#### COLUMN PERSPECTIVE

NOT TO SCALE



NOTE: 1. SEE SHEET 31 FOR DIMENSIONS AND AESTHETIC TEXTURE/COLOR TREATMENTS OF SINGLE COLUMN BENTS. 2. SEE SHEET 32-33 FOR EXAMPLE OF MULTI-COLUMN BENTS.

PRELIMINARY FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

H. WAYNE COOPER 1286
NAME R.L.A. NO. DECEMBER 19, 2013

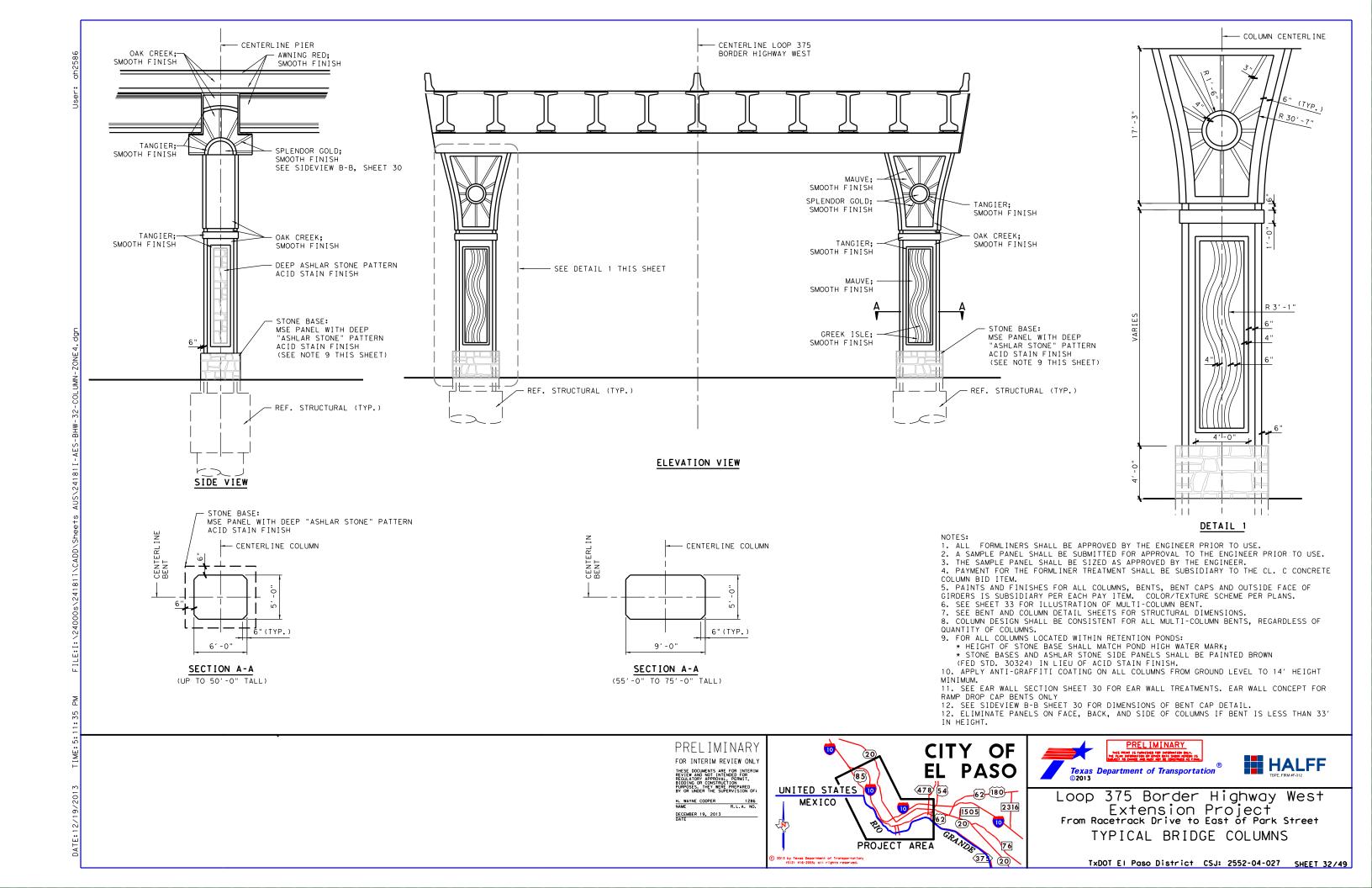






Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street TYPICAL BRIDGE COLUMNS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 31/49



#### COLUMN PERSPECTIVE

NOT TO SCALE



NOTE:
1. SEE SHEET 32 FOR AESTHETIC TEXTURE/COLOR TREATMENTS AND MULTI-COLUMN DIMENSIONS.
2. SEE SHEET 30-31 FOR EXAMPLE OF SINGLE-COLUMN BENTS.

PRELIMINARY FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

H. WAYNE COOPER 1286
NAME R.L.A. NO. DECEMBER 19, 2013

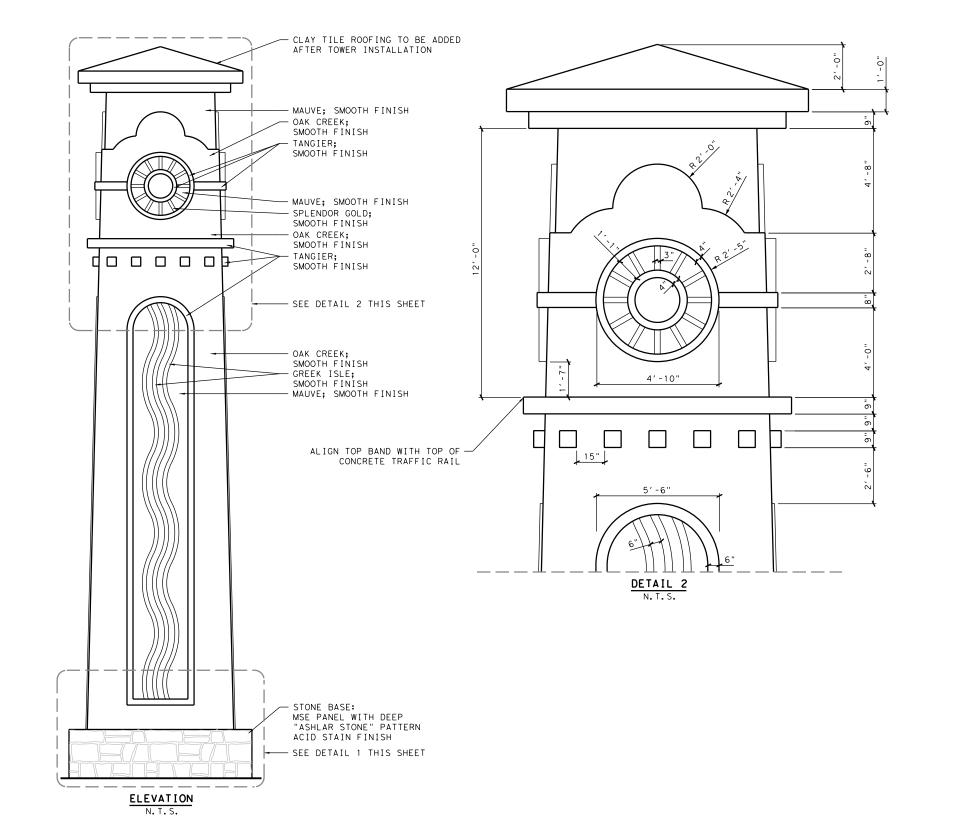


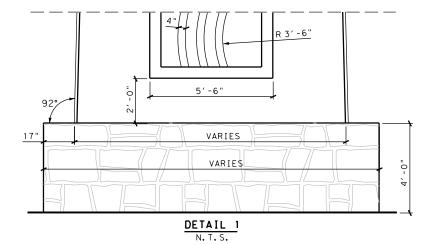




Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street TYPICAL BRIDGE COLUMNS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 33/49





1. PROTRUSIONS OF AESTHETIC ELEMENTS SHALL BE CONSISTENT WITH INFORMATION AS SHOWN ON SHEETS 30-33.
2. SEE SHEET 35 FOR ILLUSTRATION OF PRIMARY ICONIC ELEMENT.
3. SEE SHEET 36-37 FOR SECONDARY ICONIC ELEMENT INFORMATION.

- 4. LED ACCENT LIGHTING SHALL BE PROVIDED ON ALL PRIMARY AND SECONDARY
- ICONIC ELEMENTS.

  5. APPLY ANTI-GRAFFITI COATING ON ALL ICONIC ELEMENTS FROM GROUND LEVEL TO 14' HEIGHT MINIMUM.





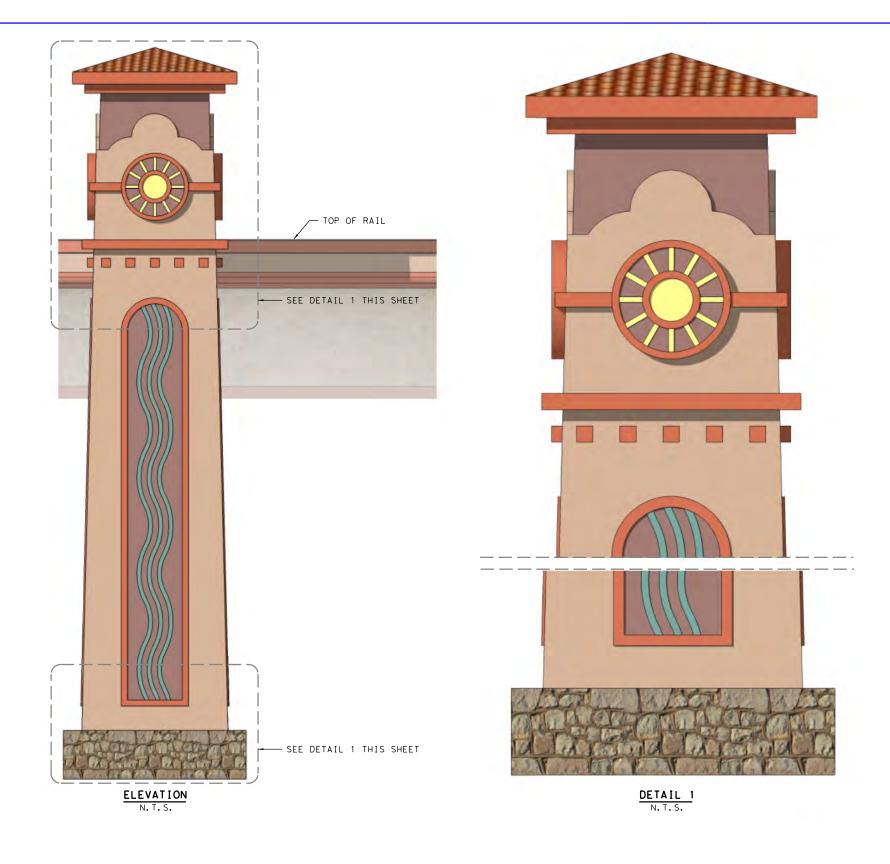


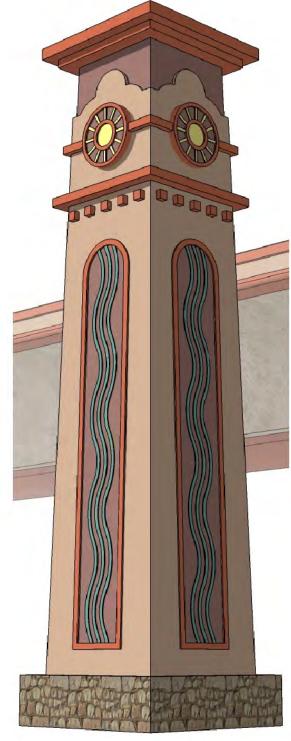




Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street PRIMARY ICONIC ELEMENT

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 34/49





PERSPECTIVE N. T. S.

NOTE:
1. SEE SHEET 34 FOR DIMENSIONS AND AESTHETIC TEXTURE/COLOR TREATMENTS OF PRIMARY ICONIC ELEMENTS.
2. SEE SHEETS 36-36 FOR EXAMPLE OF SECONDARY ICONIC ELEMENT.

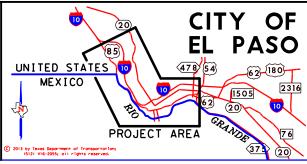
PRELIMINARY

FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

THESE DOCUMENTS ARE FOR INTERIM
REVIEW AND NOT INTERIM
REVIEW AND NOT INTERIM
REVIEW AND NOT INTERIM
BIDDING OR CONSTRUCTION
BY OR UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF:

H. WAYNE COOPER
R.L.A. NO.

DECEMBER 19, 2013



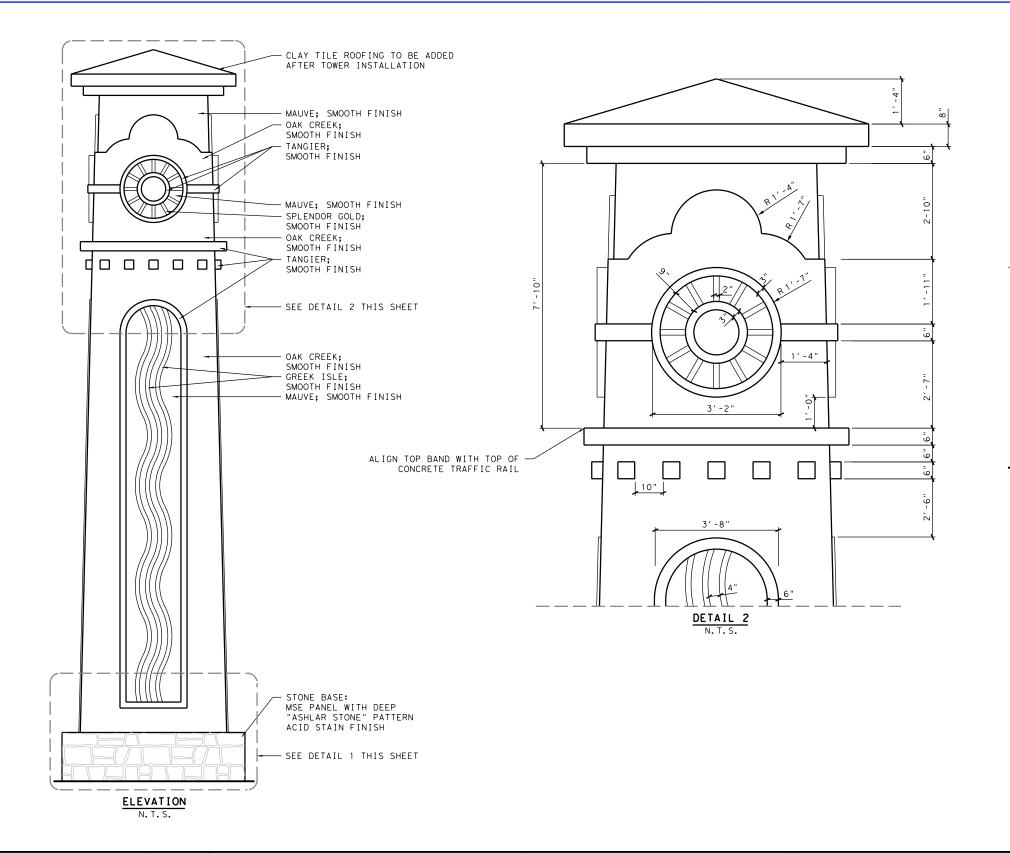


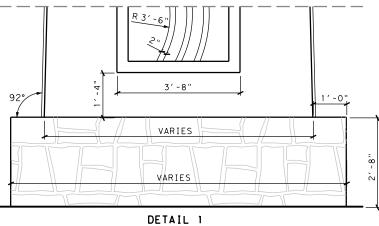


Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street PRIMARY ICONIC ELEMENT

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 35/49







N. T. S.

1. PROTRUSIONS OF AESTHETIC ELEMENTS SHALL BE CONSISTENT WITH

1. PROTRUSIONS OF AESTHETIC ELEMENTS SHALL BE CONSISTENT WITH
INFORMATION AS SHOWN ON SHEETS 30-33.
2. SEE SHEET 37 FOR ILLUSTRATION OF SECONDARY ICONIC ELEMENT.
3. SEE SHEET 34-35 FOR PRIMARY ICONIC ELEMENT INFORMATION.
4. LED ACCENT LIGHTING SHALL BE PROVIDED ON ALL PRIMARY AND SECONDARY
ICONIC ELEMENTS.
5. APPLY ANTI-GRAFFITI COATING ON ALL ICONIC ELEMENTS FROM GROUND
LEVEL TO 14' HEIGHT MINIMUM.



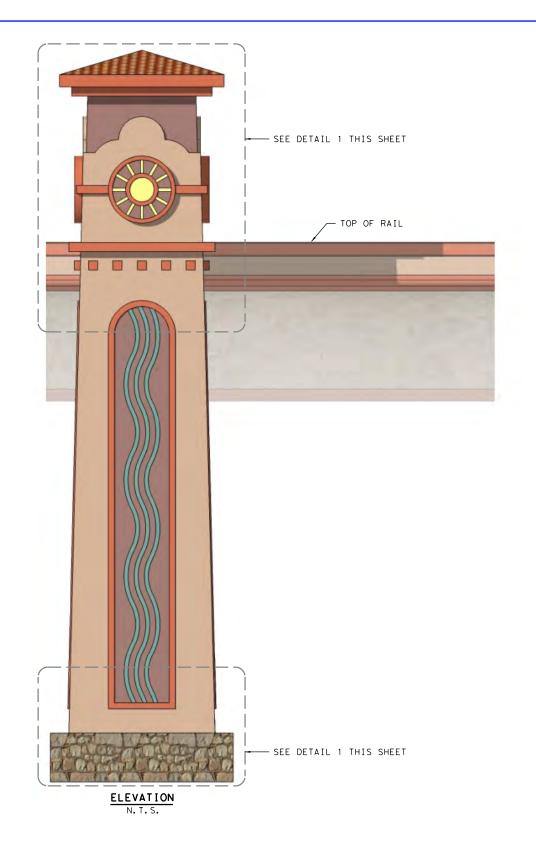


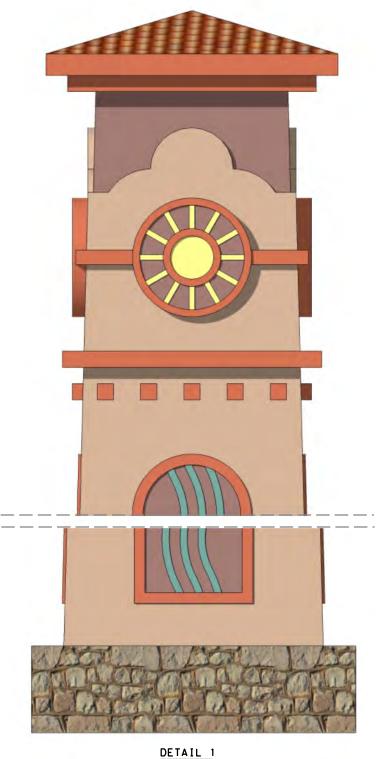




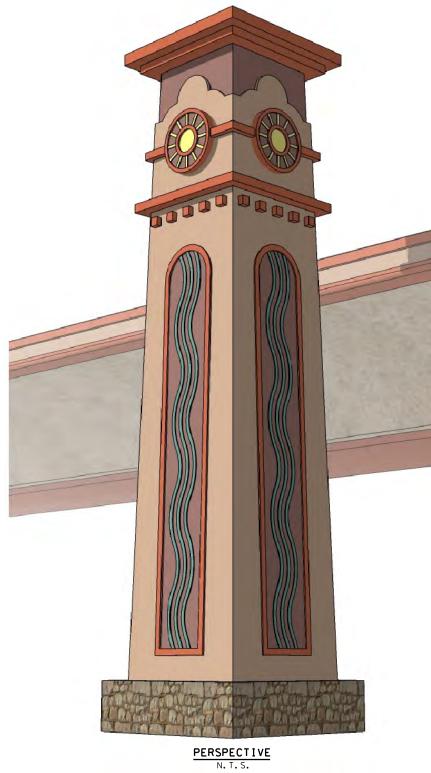
Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street SECONDARY ICONIC ELEMENT

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 36/49





DETAIL 1



NOTE: 1. SEE SHEET 36 FOR DIMENSIONS AND AESTHETIC TEXTURE/COLOR TREATMENTS OF SECONDARY ICONIC ELEMENTS. 2. SEE SHEETS 34-35 FOR EXAMPLE OF PRIMARY ICONIC ELEMENT.

PRELIMINARY FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY

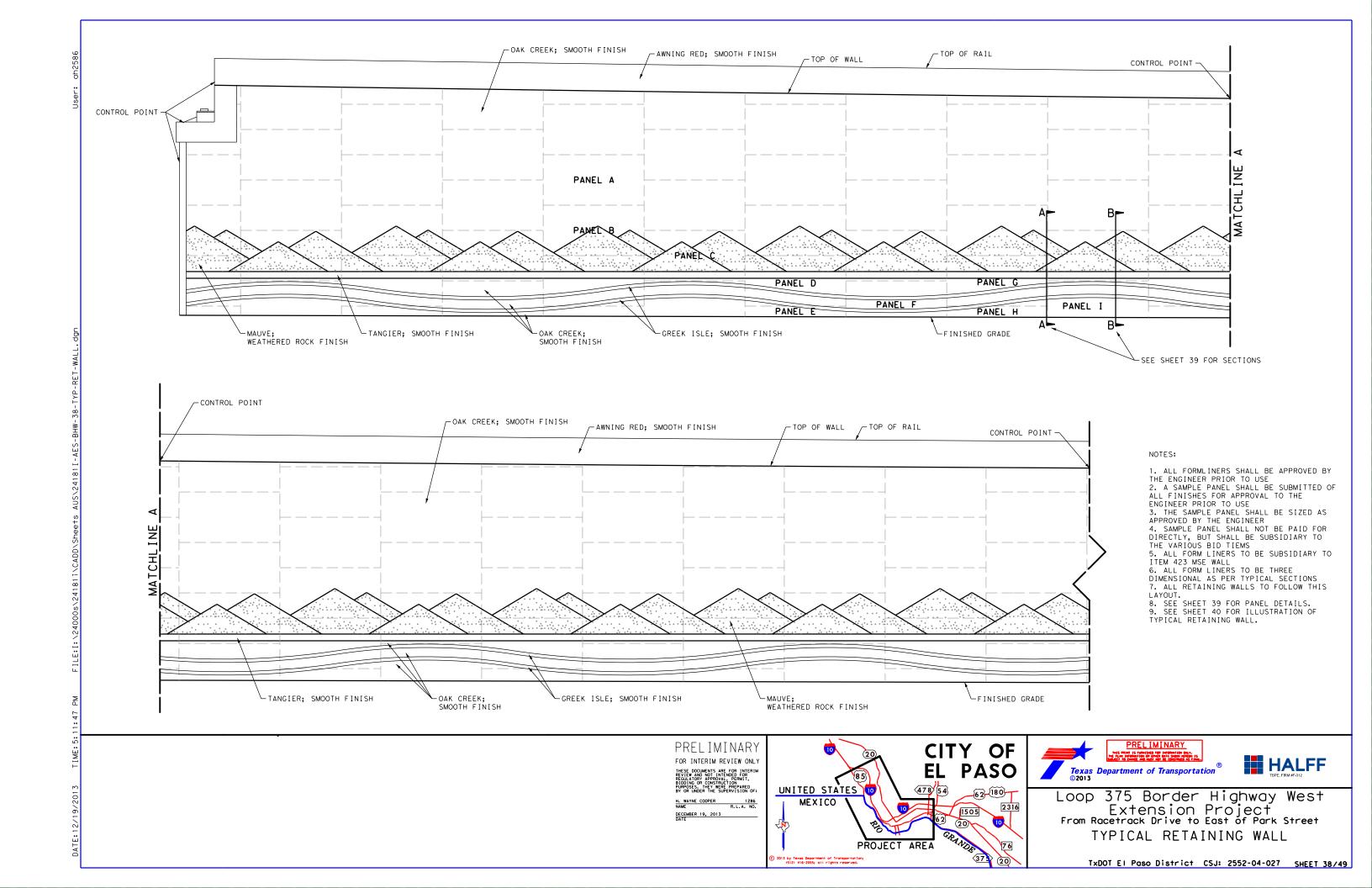
DECEMBER 19, 2013

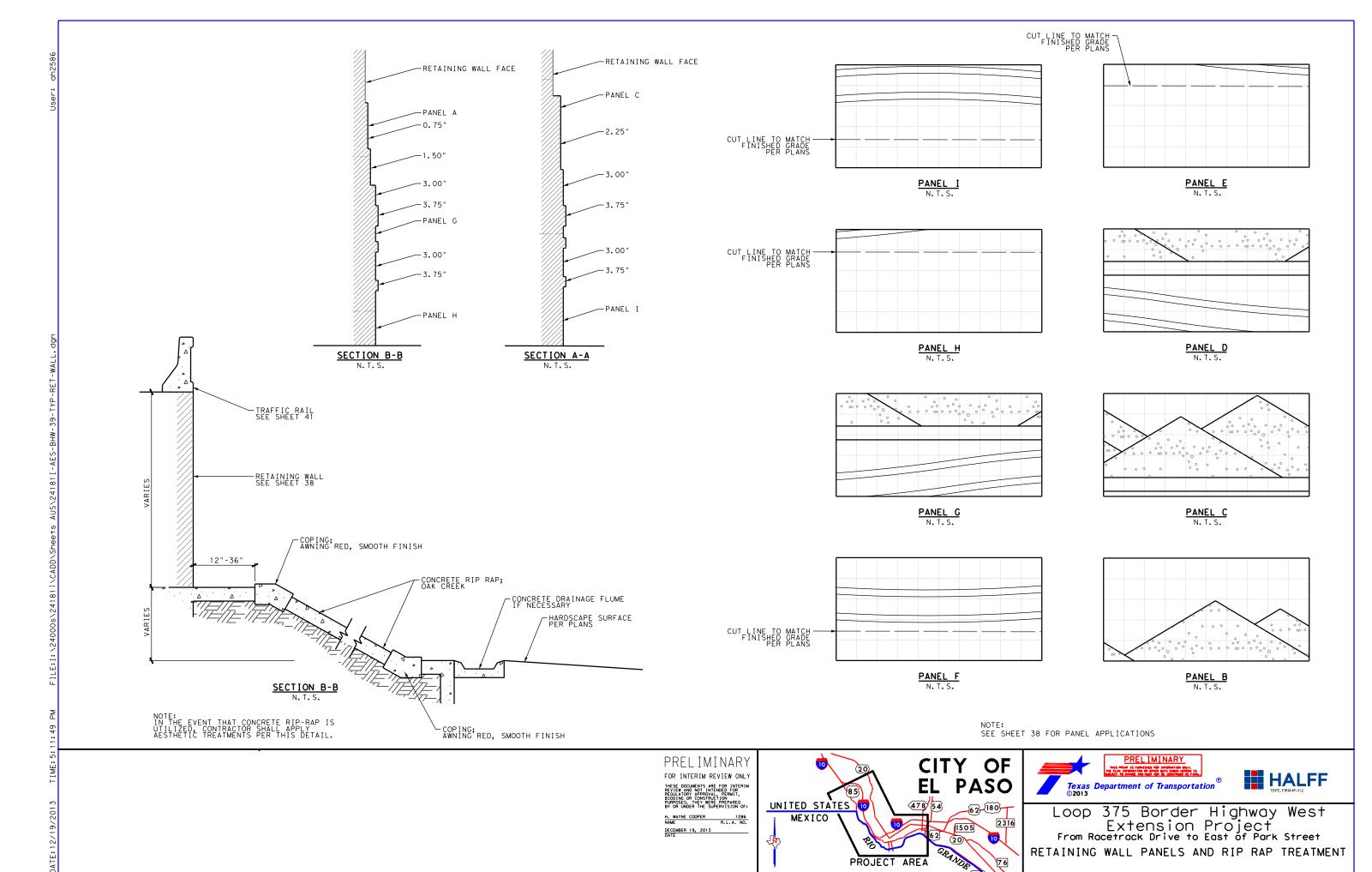






Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street SECONDARY ICONIC ELEMENT





TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 39/49

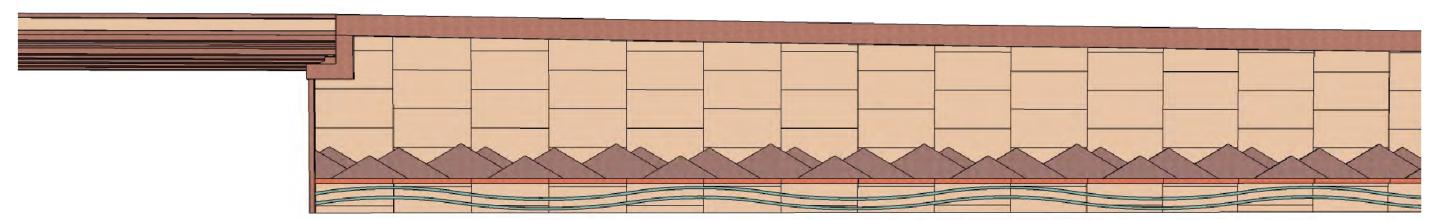




#### RETAINING WALL PERSPECTIVE

ABUTMENT/RETAINING WALL PERSPECTIVE

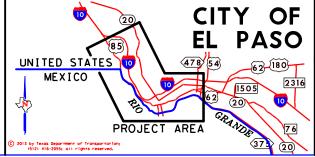
NOT TO SCALE



NOTE:
1. SEE SHEET 38 FOR DIMENSIONS AND AESTHETIC TEXTURE/COLOR TREATMENTS OF TYPICAL RETAINING WALL.

PRELIMINARY FOR INTERIM REVIEW ONLY H. WAYNE COOPER 1286
NAME R.L.A. NO.

DECEMBER 19, 2013

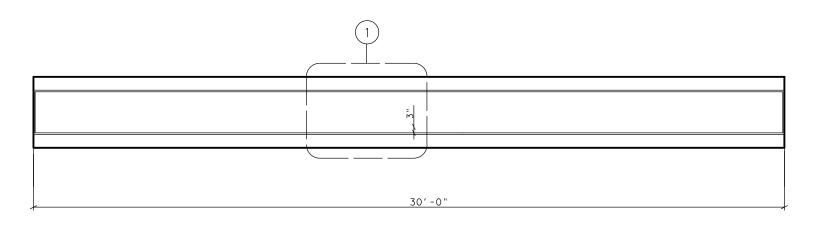




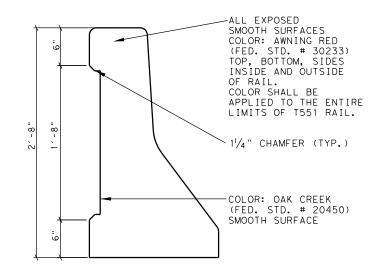


Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street TYPICAL RETAINING WALL

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 40/49



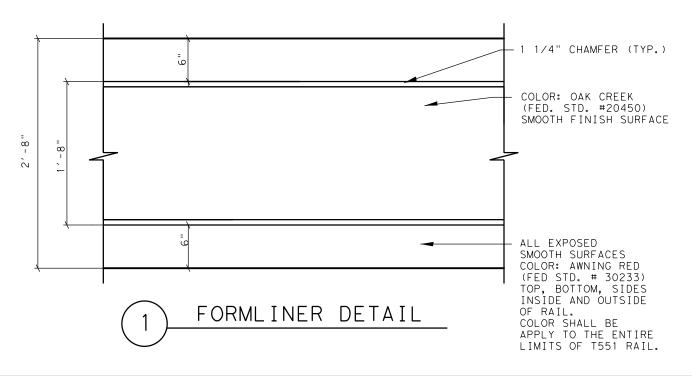
OUTSIDE ELEVATION AT BRIDGE

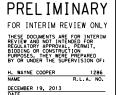


BRIDGE RAIL

FOR USE WITH BRIDGES ONLY





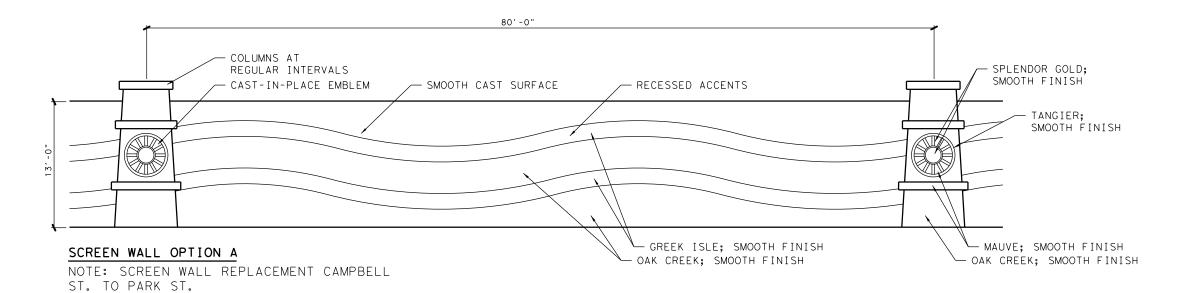


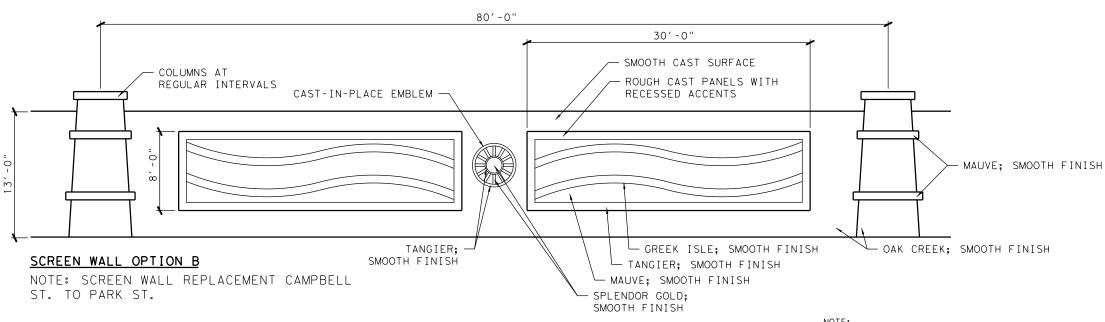






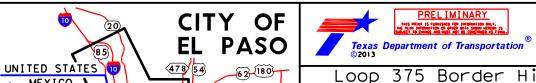
Loop 375 Border Highway West
Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street
TYP. BRIDGE TRAFFIC RAIL DETAILS





MEXICO

1. SEE SHEET 43 FOR ILLUSTRATION OF TYPICAL SCREEN WALLS & FENCING.
2. APPLY ANTI-GRAFFITI COATING ON ALL SURFACES OF ALL SCREEN WALLS.



1505

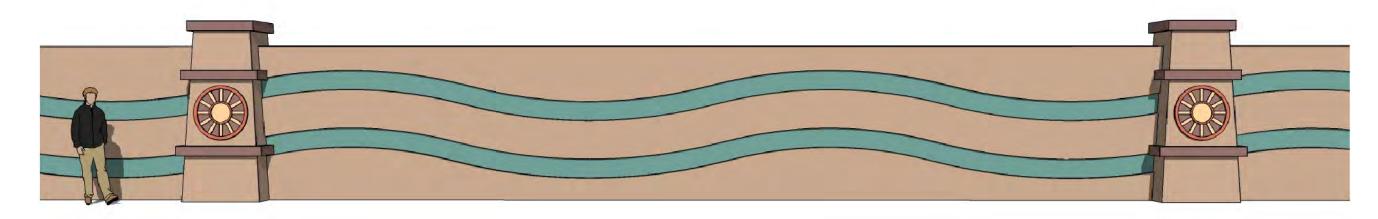
20

PROJECT AREA

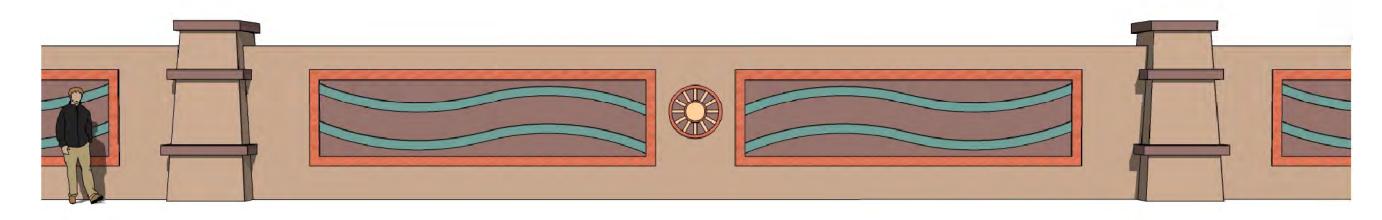


Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street TYPICAL SCREEN WALLS & FENCING



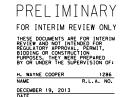


## SCREEN WALL OPTION A



SCREEN WALL OPTION B

NOTE: 1. SEE SHEET 42 FOR DIMENSIONS AND AESTHETIC TEXTURE/COLOR TREATMENTS OF TYPICAL SCREEN WALLS & FENCING.









Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street TYPICAL SCREEN WALLS & FENCING

H. WAYNE COOPER 1286
NAME R.L.A. NO.

DECEMBER 19, 2013

MEXICO

1505

PROJECT AREA

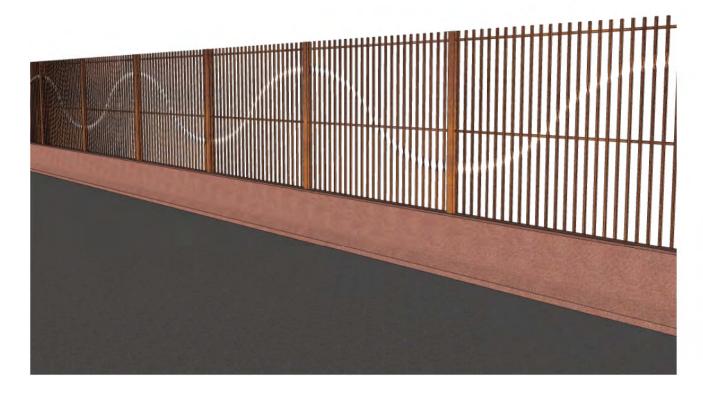
TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 44/49

Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street

TYPICAL SCREEN WALLS & FENCING



## POND WALL



RAILROAD FENCE

### OTES:

1. SEE SHEET 44 FOR AESTHETIC TEXTURE AND COLOR TREATMENTS AND DIMENSIONING OF POND SCREEN WALLS AND RAILROAD FENCE.

2. SEE RETENTION POND PLANS SHEETS 18-23 FOR LOCATION OF POND SCREEN WALLS.

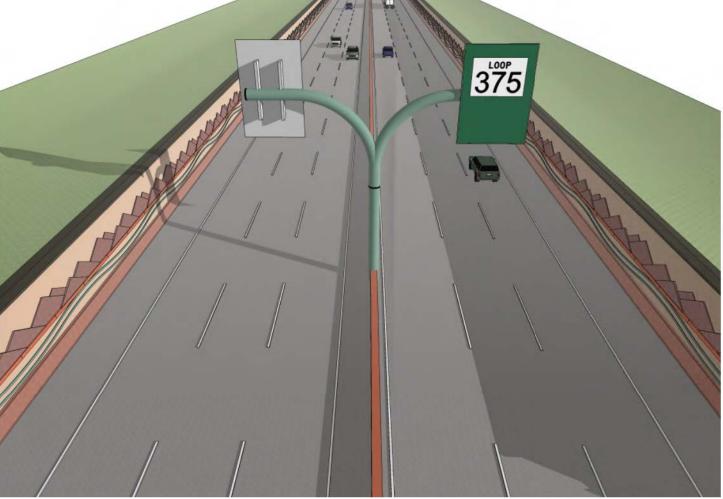








Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street TYPICAL SCREEN WALLS & FENCING







## AESTHETIC TREATMENTS

NOTE:

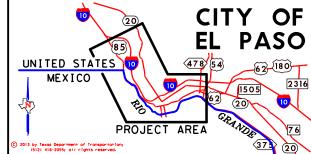
1. SHEETS 46-49 ILLUSTRATE THE CONCEPTUAL LOOK AND FEEL OF THE OVERALL AESTHETIC TREATMENTS ONLY, AND DO NOT REFLECT ACTUAL PROPOSED ROADWAY CONDITIONS.

2. REFER TO LAYOUT AND DETAIL SHEETS FOR DIMENSIONS, COLORS, AND TEXTURES OF ALL PROPOSED AESTHETIC TREATMENTS.

3. OSB'S ARE FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY.



DECEMBER 19, 2013

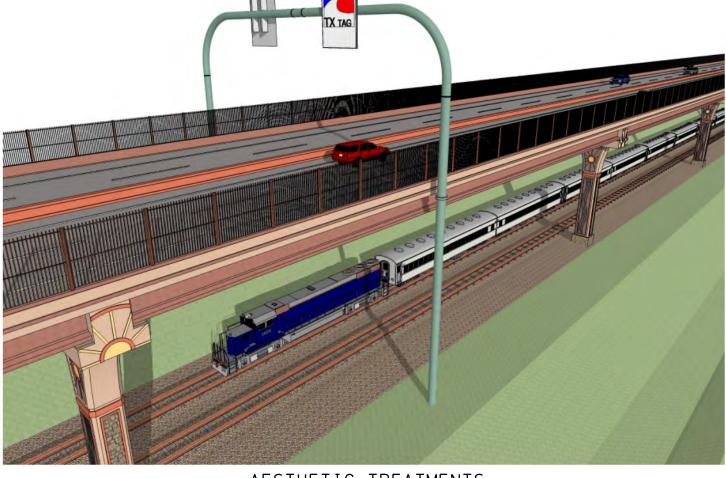






Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC TREATMENT COMBINATIONS





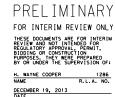
AESTHETIC TREATMENTS

AESTHETIC TREATMENTS

NOTE:
1. SHEETS 46-49 ILLUSTRATE THE CONCEPTUAL LOOK AND FEEL OF THE OVERALL AESTHETIC TREATMENTS ONLY, AND DO NOT REFLECT ACTUAL PROPOSED ROADWAY CONDITIONS.

2. REFER TO LAYOUT AND DETAIL SHEETS FOR DIMENSIONS, COLORS, AND TEXTURES OF ALL PROPOSED AESTHETIC TREATMENTS.

3. OSB'S ARE FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY.



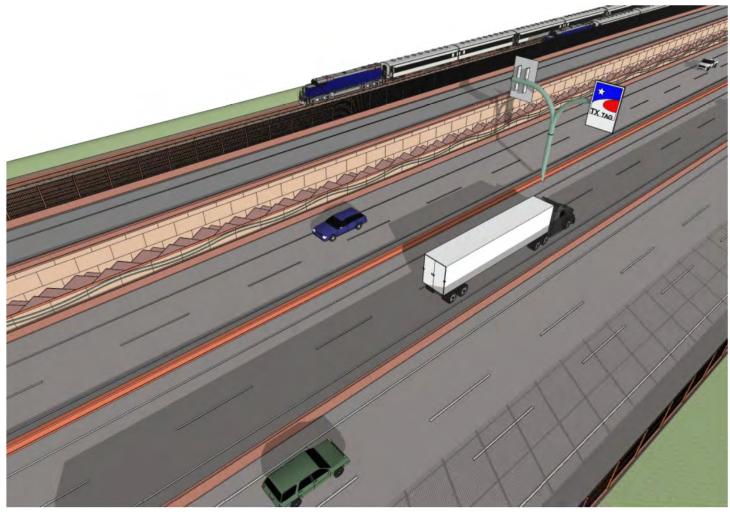


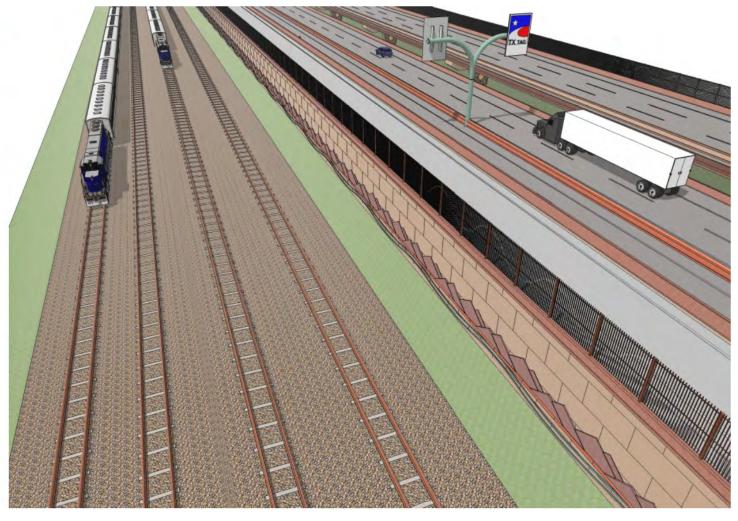




Loop 375 Border Highway West Extension Project From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street AESTHETIC TREATMENT COMBINATIONS







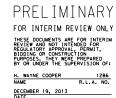
AESTHETIC TREATMENTS

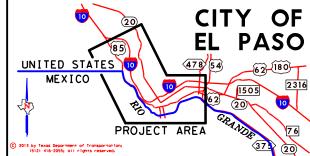
AESTHETIC TREATMENTS

NOTE:
1. SHEETS 46-49 ILLUSTRATE THE CONCEPTUAL LOOK AND FEEL OF THE OVERALL AESTHETIC TREATMENTS ONLY, AND DO NOT REFLECT ACTUAL PROPOSED ROADWAY CONDITIONS.

2. REFER TO LAYOUT AND DETAIL SHEETS FOR DIMENSIONS, COLORS, AND TEXTURES OF ALL PROPOSED AESTHETIC TREATMENTS.

3. OSB'S ARE FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY.

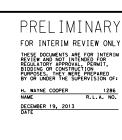


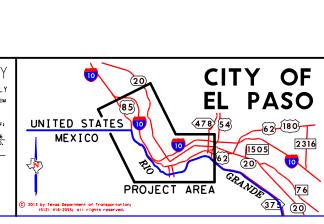


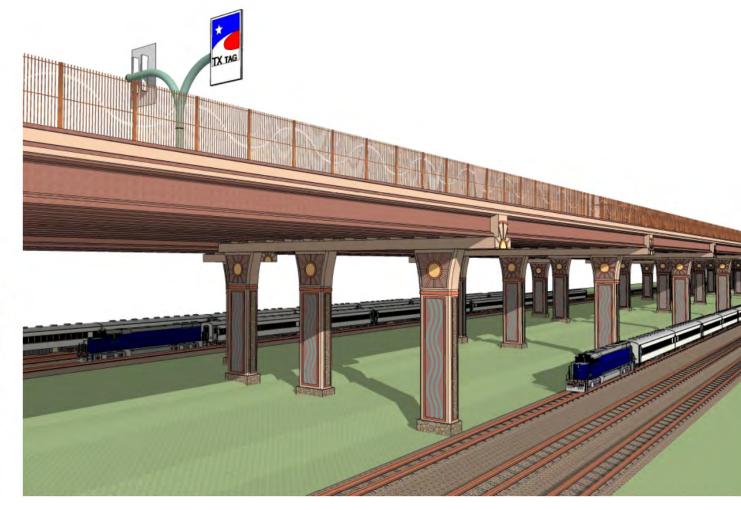




Loop 375 Border Highway West
Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street
AESTHETIC TREATMENT COMBINATIONS







AESTHETIC TREATMENTS

TX TAG

AESTHETIC TREATMENTS

NOTE:
1. SHEETS 46-49 ILLUSTRATE THE CONCEPTUAL LOOK AND FEEL OF THE OVERALL AESTHETIC TREATMENTS ONLY, AND DO NOT REFLECT ACTUAL PROPOSED ROADWAY CONDITIONS.

2. REFER TO LAYOUT AND DETAIL SHEETS FOR DIMENSIONS, COLORS, AND TEXTURES OF ALL PROPOSED AESTHETIC TREATMENTS.

3. OSB'S ARE FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY.





Loop 375 Border Highway West
Extension Project
From Racetrack Drive to East of Park Street
AESTHETIC TREATMENT COMBINATIONS

TxDOT EI Paso District CSJ: 2552-04-027 SHEET 49/49

# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION
PROJECT

**Design-Build Project** 

ATTACHMENT 19-1
PERFORMANCE AND MEASUREMENT TABLE DURING
WORK

August 22, 2014

## TABLE 19-1: PERFORMANCE AND MEASUREMENT TABLE DURING WORK

				SPONSE DEFECT	_			
	LEMENT TEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Remedy 1	Permanent Cata Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
1) ROAD	WAY							
			_			Unless stated otherwise, measurements s techniques, and measuring equipment co Management Information System Rater'	onsistent with TxDOT's Pavement	
1.1	Obstructions and debris	Roadway and clear zone free from obstructions and debris	2 hrs	N/A	N/A	Visual Inspection	Number of obstructions and debris	Nil
1.2	Pavement	All roadways have a smooth and quiet surface course (including bridge decks, covers, gratings, frames and boxes) with adequate skid resistance and free from Defects.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	a) Ruts – Mainlanes, shoulders & ramps Depth as measured using an automated device in compliance with TxDOT Standards.  10ft straight edge used to measure rut depth for localized areas.	Wheel path length with ruts greater than ½" in depth  Depth of rut at any location greater than ½"	Nil Nil
		All roadways have a smooth and quiet surface course (including bridge decks, covers, gratings, frames and boxes) with adequate skid resistance and free from Defects.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	b) Ride quality 10-ft straightedge used to measure discontinuities	Individual discontinuities greater than 1/4"	
		All roadways have a smooth and quiet surface course (including bridge decks, covers, gratings, frames and boxes) with adequate skid resistance and free from Defects.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	d) Failures Instances of failures exceeding the failure criteria set forth in the TxDOT PMIS Rater's Manual, including potholes, base failures, punchouts and jointed concrete pavement failures	Occurrence of any failure	Nil
		All roadways have a smooth and quiet surface course (including bridge decks, covers, gratings, frames and boxes) with adequate skid resistance and free from Defects.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	e) Edge drop-offs Physical measurement of edge drop-off level compared to adjacent surface	Number of instances of edge drop-off greater than 2"	Nil

				SPONSE DEFECT				
	EMENT TEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Remedy 1	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
1.2 Cont.		All roadways have a smooth and quiet surface course (including bridge decks, covers, gratings, frames and boxes) with adequate skid resistance and free from Defects.  Road users warned of potential skidding hazards	24 hrs 24hrs	28 days 7 days	6 months	f) Skid resistance ASTM E 274 Standard Test Method for Skid Resistance Testing of Paved Surfaces at 50 MPH using a full scale smooth tire meeting the requirements of ASTM E 524	When the skid number is below 25 and/or when required by the Wet Weather Accident Reduction Program, areas categorized as high risk, Maintenance Contractor shall perform a site investigation and perform required corrective action.  Instances where road users are warned of a potential skidding hazard where remedial action is identified.	100%
1.3	Crossovers and other paved areas	Crossovers and other paved areas are free of defects	24 hrs 24 hrs	28 days 28 days	6 months 6 months	a) Potholes b) Base failures	Number of potholes of low severity or higher Number of base failures of low severity or higher	Nil Nil
1.4	Joints in concrete	Joints in concrete paving are sealed and watertight Longitudinal joint separation	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection of joints  Measurement of joint width and level difference of two sides of joints	Length of unsealed joints greater than 1/4"  Joint width more than 1" or faulting more than 1/4"	Nil Nil
2) DRAIN.	AGE		•	•	•	-		-
2.1	Pipes and Channels	Each element of the drainage system is maintained in its proper function by cleaning, clearing and/or emptying as appropriate from the point at which water drains from the travel way to the outfall or drainage way.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection supplemented by CCTV where required to inspect buried pipe work	Length of pipe or channel in feet with less than 90% of cross sectional clear area, calculated as the arithmetic mean of the clear cross-sectional areas of individual 10 feet lengths of pipes and channels in each Auditable Section.	Nil
2.2	Drainage treatment devices	Drainage treatment and balancing systems, flow and spillage control devices function correctly and their location and means of operation is recorded adequately to permit their correct operation on Emergency.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Number of devices functioning correctly with means of operation displayed	100%
2.3	Travel Way	The travel way is free from water to the extent that such water would represent a hazard by virtue of its position and depth.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection of water on surface	Number of instances of hazardous water build-up	Nil

				SPONSE DEFECT	_			
	EMENT FEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Remedy	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
2.4	Discharge systems	Surface water discharge systems perform their proper function and discharge to groundwater and waterways complies with the relevant legislation and permits.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection and records	Auditable Sections with surface water discharge systems performing their proper function and discharging in compliance with the relevant legislation and permits.	100%
2.5	Protected Species	Named species and habitats are protected.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Auditable Sections with named species and habitats with protection of these named species and habitats	100%
3) STRUC	CTURES		•					•
3.1	Structures having an opening measured along the center of the roadway of more than 20 feet between undercopings of abutments or springlines of arches or extreme ends of openings or multiple boxes	Substructures and superstructures are free of: • graffiti • undesirable vegetation  • debris and bird droppings  • blocked drains, weep pipes manholes and chambers • blocked drainage holes in structural components • defects in joint sealants • defects in pedestrian protection measure • scour damage • corrosion of rebar • paint system failures • impact damage	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Inspection and assessment in accordance with the requirements of federal National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS) of the Code of Federal Regulations, 23 Highways – Part 650, the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual, and the Federal Administration's Bridge Inspector's Reference Manual.	Records as required in the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual  Occurrence of condition rating, in accordance with the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual, below six for any deck, superstructure or substructure All condition states to be one for all structure components	Nil
3.2	Structure components	<ul><li>i) Expansion joints are free of:</li><li>dirt debris and vegetation</li></ul>	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Inspection and assessment in accordance with the requirements of federal National Bridge Inspection	Records as required in the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual	

	RESPONSE TO DEFECTS  Cat 1 Cat 2						
ELEMENT CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Cat 1	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
3.2 Cont.	• defects in drainage systems      • loose nuts and bolts      • defects in gaskets     ii) The deck drainage system is free of all and operates as intended.     iii) Parapets are free of:      • loose nuts or bolts      • blockages of hollow section drain holes     • graffiti      • vegetation      • accident damage     iv) Bearings and bearing shelves are clean.     v) Sliding and roller surfaces are clean and greased to ensure satisfactory performance. Additional advice contained in bearing manufacturers' instructions in the Structure Maintenance Manual is followed. Special finishes are clean and perform to the appropriate standards.     vii) All non-structural items such as hoists and electrical fixings, operate correctly, are clean and lubricated as appropriate, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and certification of lifting devices is maintained.				Standards (NBIS) of the Code of Federal Regulations, 23 Highways – Part 650, the TxDOT Bridge inspection Manual, and the Federal Administration's Bridge Inspector's Reference Manual.	Occurrence of condition rating, in accordance with the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual, below six for any deck, superstructure or substructure All condition states to be one for all structure components	Nil 100%

				SPONSE DEFECT				
	LEMENT ATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Mitigation	Permanent Remedy	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
3.3	Non-bridge class culverts	Non-bridge-class culverts are free of:  • vegetation and debris and silt  • defects in sealant to movement joints  • scour damage	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Number of non-bridge class culverts with vegetation, debris and silt Number of non-bridge class culverts with defects in sealant and movement joints Number of non-bridge class culverts with scour damage	Nil Nil Nil
3.4	Gantries and high masts	Sign signal gantries, high masts are structurally sound and free of:  • loose nuts and bolts  • defects in surface protection systems  • graffiti	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Number of gantries and high masts with loose assemblies Number of gantries and high masts with defects in surface protection	Nil Nil
3.5	Load ratings	All structures maintain the design load capacity.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Load rating calculations in accordance with the Manual for Bridge Evaluation and the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual  Load restriction requirements as per the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual	Number of structures with load restrictions for Texas legal loads (including legally permitted vehicles)	Nil
3.6	Access points	All hatches and points of access have fully operational and lockable entryways.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual Inspection	Number with defects in locks or entryways	Nil
3.7	Mechanically Stabilized Earth and Retaining Walls	Mechanically Stabilized Earth and Retaining Walls free of:  • blocked weep holes  • undesirable vegetation  • defects in joint sealants  • defects in pedestrian protection  • scour damage  • corrosion of reinforcing bars  • paint system failure  • concrete spalling  • impact damage	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Inspection and assessment in accordance with the requirements of federal Nations Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS) of the Code of Federal Regulations, 23 Highways - Part 650, the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual and the Federal Highway Administration's Bridge Inspector's Reference Manual.	Records as required in the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual	100%

				SPONSE DEFECT				
	EMENT EGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Remedy 1	Permanent Dermanent Repair C	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
3.7 Cont.  4) PAVEM	ENT MARKIN	Parapets free of:	ARKERS	AND DE	LINEATO	ORS		
4.1	Pavement	Pavement markings are:	24 hrs	28		a) Markings - General	1	
4.1	markings	clean and visible during the day and at night      placed to meet the TMUTCD and	24 nrs	days	6 months	Visual inspection	A minimum of two markings should be visible when viewed under low beam headlights.	100%
		TxDOT's Pavement Marking Standard Sheets				Physical measurement	Length of pavement marking with more than 5% loss of area of material at any point Length of pavement marking with spread more than 10% of specified dimensions.	Nil Nil
						b) Profile Markings		
4.1 Cont.						Visual inspection	Length of pavement performing its intended function and compliant with relevant regulations	100%
4.2	Raised reflective markers	Raised reflective pavement markers are:	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Number of markers associated with road markings that are ineffective in any 10 consecutive markers. (Ineffective includes missing, damaged, settled or sunk)	Nil
		clean and clearly visible					A minimum of four markers are visible at 80' spacing when viewed under low beam headlights.	100%
		of the correct color and type					Uniformity (replacement raised reflective pavement markers have equivalent physical and performance characteristics to adjacent markers).	100%

				SPONSE DEFECT	-		Number of object markers or delineators that is defective or missing  Length of road restraint systems correctly installed  Length free from defects  10  Length at correct height	
	EMENT EGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Remedy 1	Permanent D Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
4.2 Cont.		reflective or retroreflective in accordance with TxDOT Standards     correctly located, aligned and at the correct level     are firmly fixed     are in a condition that will ensure that they remain at the correct level.						
4.3	Delineators & Markers	Object markers, mail box markers and delineators are:	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection		Nil
5) GUARD	RAILS, SAFET	Y BARRIERS AND IMPACT ATTENUA	ATORS	I	I		•	
5.1	Guardrails and safety barriers	All guardrails, safety barriers, concrete barriers, etc. are maintained free of defects. They are appropriately placed and correctly installed at the correct height and distance from roadway or obstacles.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Correctly installed  Length free from defects  Length at correct height Length at correct distance from	100% 100% 100% 100%
		Installation and repairs shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of NCHRP 350 standards.						
5.2	Impact attenuators	All impact attenuators are appropriately placed and correctly installed	24 hrs	7 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Number correctly placed and installed	100%

				SPONSE DEFECT				
	EMENT TEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Cat 1	Cat 1	Cat 2	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT RECORD*  a) Retroreflectivity Determination of Number of signs with actual	FARGET	
CA	TEGORY		Hazard Mitigation	Permanent Remedy	Permanent Repair	MEASUREMENT METHOD"		TAI
6) TRAFI	FIC SIGNS							
6.1	General - All Signs	i) Signs are clean, correctly located, clearly visible, legible, reflective, at the correct height and free from structural and electrical defects ii) Identification markers are provided, correctly located, visible, clean and legible iii) Sign mounting posts are vertical, structurally sound and rust free iv) All break-away sign mounts are clear of silt or other debris that could impede break-away features and shall have correct stub heights vii) Sign information is of the correct size, location, type and wording to meet its intended purpose and any statutory requirements viii) All structures and elements of the signing system are kept clean and free from debris and have clear access	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Coefficient of retro-reflectivity	reflectivity below the requirements of TxDOT's TMUTCD in each auditable section  All sign information—is of the correct size, location, type and wording to	Nil
		provided. ix) All replacement and repair materials and equipment are in accordance with the requirements of the TMUTCD				c) Placement Visual inspection	All signs are placed in accordance with TxDOT's Sign Crew Field Book including not twisted or leaning	100%
		x) Dynamic message signs are in an operational condition				d) Dynamic Message Signs Visual inspection	All dynamic message signs in each auditable section are fully functioning	100%
6.2	General - Safety critical signs	Requirements as 6.1, Plus:  "Stop," "Yield," "Do Not Enter," "One Way" and "Wrong Way" signs are clean legible and undamaged.	2hrs	1 week	6 months	Visual inspection	Number of damaged Safety critical signs in	Nil
7) TRAFF	FIC SIGNALS	-						
7.1	General	i) Traffic Signals and their associated equipment are:	2hrs	24 hrs	6 months	a) General condition Visual inspection	All Signals are clean and visible	100%

				SPONSE DEFECT	_			
	EMENT FEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Permanent Remedy	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
7.1 Cont.		clean and visible				b) Damage Visual inspection	All Signals are undamaged	100%
		correctly aligned and operational				c) Signal timing Timed measurements	All Installations have correct signal timings	100%
		free from damage caused by accident or vandalism     correctly aligned and operational				d) Contingency plans Records Review	Full contingency plans are in place	100%
		ii) Signal timing and operation is correct iii) Contingency plans are in place to rectify Category 1 defects not immediately repairable to assure alternative traffic control is provided during a period of failure						
7.2	Soundness	Traffic signals are structurally and electrically sound	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	a) Structural soundness Visual inspection     b) Electrical soundness Testing to meet NEC regulations	Inspection records showing safe installation and maintenance	100%
7.3	Identification marking	Signals have identification markers and the telephone number for reporting faults are correctly located, clearly visible, clean and legible	N/A	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Inspection records showing identification markers and other information are easily readable	100%
7.4	Pedestrian Elements and Vehicle Detectors	All pedestrian elements and vehicle detectors are correctly positioned and fully functional at all times	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for positioning and functionality with pedestrian elements and vehicle detectors.	100%
8) LIGHT	ING							
8.1	Roadway Lighting – General	i) All lighting is free from defects and provides acceptable uniform lighting quality ii) Lanterns are clean and correctly positioned iii) Lighting units are free from accidental damage or vandalism	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	a) Mainlane lights operable Night time inspection or automated logs	Number of sections with less than 90% of lights functioning correctly at all times	100%

				SPONSE DEFECT	-			
	EMENT FEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Remedy 1	Permanent Repair 7	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
8.1 Cont.		iv) Columns are upright, correctly founded, visually acceptable and structurally sound				b) Mainlane lights out of action Night time inspection or automated logs	Number of instances of more than two consecutive lights out of action	Nil
8.2	Sign Lighting	Sign lighting is fully operational	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Night time inspection or automated logs	Number of instances of more than one bulb per sign not working	Nil
8.3	Electrical Supply	Electricity supply, feeder pillars, cabinets, switches and fittings are electrically, mechanically and structurally sound and functioning	24 hrs	7 days	1 month	Testing to meet NEC regulations, visual inspection	Inspection records showing safe installation and maintenance	100%
8.4	Access Panels	All access panels in place at all times.	24 hrs	7 days	1 month	Visual Inspection	Number of instances of missing access panels	Nil
8.5	High Mast Lighting	i) All high mast luminaries functioning on each pole ii) All obstruction lights are present and working (if required) iii) Compartment door is secure with all bolts in place iv) All winch and safety equipment is correctly functioning and maintained without rusting or corrosion (for structural requirements refer to Element Category 3)	24 hrs	48 days	1 month	Yearly inspection and night time inspections or automated logs	Number of instances of two or more lamps not working per high mast pole  Number of other high mast lighting defects identified	Nil Nil
		SOUND ABATEMENT	T	1				1
9.1	Construction	Integrity and structural condition of the fence is maintained	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Structural assessment if visual inspection warrants	Inspection records for fences and walls showing compliance with fence and wall requirements	100%
10) ROAL	SIDE MANAGE	CMENT						
10.1	Vegetated Areas - Except landscaped areas - General	Vegetation is maintained so that:	24 hrs	7 days	28 days	a) Urban areas Physical measurement of height of grass and weeds	Individual measurement to have 95% of grass and weeds between 5" and 18"in height.	100%

				SPONSE DEFECT:				
	EMENT FEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Daritigation 1	Permanent D Remedy L	Permanent D Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
10.1 Cont.		i) Height of grass and weeds is kept within the limits described for urban and rural areas. Mowing begins before vegetation reaches the maximum height. ii) Spot mowing at intersections, ramps or other areas maintains visibility of appurtenances and sight distance. iii) Grass or vegetation does not encroach into or on paved shoulders, main lanes, sidewalks, islands, riprap, traffic barrier or curbs.				b) Rural areas Physical measurement of height of grass and weeds  c) Encroachment Visual inspection of instances of encroachment of vegetation	Individual measurement to have 95% of height of grass and weeds between 5" and 30" in height.  Number of occurrences of vegetation encroachment	100% Nil
		iv) A full width mowing cycle is completed after the first frost				d) Sight lines Visual inspection	Number of instances of impairment of sight lines or sight distance to signs	Nil
10.2	Landscaped Areas	i) All landscaped areas are maintained to their originally constructed condition. Landscaped areas are as designated in the plans. ii) Mowing, litter pickup, irrigation system maintenance and operation, plant maintenance, pruning, insect, disease and pest control, fertilization, mulching, bed maintenance, watering is undertaken as per MMP. iii) The height of grass and weeds is kept between 2" and 8". Mowing begins before vegetation reaches 8 in.	24 hrs	7 days	28 days	Visual inspection	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for landscaping.	100%
10.3	Fire Hazards	Fire hazards are controlled	24 hrs	7 days	28 days	Visual inspection	Number of instances of dry brush or vegetation forming fire hazard	Nil
10.4	Trees, brush and ornamentals	i) Trees, brush and ornamentals on the right of way, except in established no mow areas, are trimmed in accordance with TxDOT standards.  ii) Trees, brush and ornamentals are trimmed to insure they do not interfere with vehicles or sight distance, or inhibit the visibility of signs.	24 hrs	7 days	28 days	Visual inspection	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for trees, brush and ornamentals	100%

				SPONSE DEFECT				
	EMENT TEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Cat 1	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
10.4 Cont.		iii) Dead trees, brush, ornamentals and branches are removed. Potentially dangerous trees or limbs are removed. iv) All undesirable trees and vegetation are removed. Diseased trees or limbs are treated or removed by licensed contractors.						
10.5	Wetlands	Wetlands are managed in accordance	24 hrs	7	28	Visual inspection, assessment of	Number of instances of permit	Nil
11) REST	   AREAS AND PI	with the permit requirements.  CNIC AREAS (Not Used)		days	days	permit issuers	requirements not met	
		BANKMENTS AND CUTTINGS						
			T			T		
12.1	Slope Failure	All structural or natural failures of the embankment and cut slopes of the Project are repaired	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection by geotechnical specialist and further tests as recommended by the specialist	Number of recorded instances of slope failure	Nil
12.2	Slopes - General	Slopes are maintained in general conformance to the original graded cross-sections, the replacement of landscaping materials, reseeding and revegetation for erosion control purposes and removal and disposal of all eroded materials from the roadway and shoulders	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection by geotechnical specialist and further tests as recommended by the specialist	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for slopes	100%
13) ITS E	QUIPMENT							
13.1	ITS Equipment - Maintenance	All ITS equipment is fully functional and housing is functioning and free of defects.  i) All equipment and cabinet identification numbers are visible, sites are well drained and access is clear.  ii) Steps, handrails and accesses are kept in a good condition.  iii) Access to all communication hubs, ground boxes, cabinets and sites is clear.	24 hrs	14 days	1 month	Visual Inspection	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for maintenance of ITS equipment	100%

				SPONSE DEFECT				
	LEMENT TEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Remedy	Permanent Cart Repair C	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
13.1 Cont.		iv) All drainage is operational and all external fixtures and fittings are in a satisfactory condition. v) All communications cable markers, cable joint markers and duct markers are visible and missing markers are replaced. vi) Backup power supply system is available at all times						
13.2	Dynamic Message Sign Equipment	Dynamic Message Signs are free from faults such as:  i) Any signal displaying a message which is deemed to be a safety hazard. ii) Failure of system to clear sign settings when appropriate. iii) 2 or more contiguous sign failures that prevent control office setting strategic diversions. iv) Signs displaying an incorrect message.	2 hrs	24 hrs	14 days	Defect measurement dependent on equipment	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for Dynamic Message Signs	100%
13.3	CCTV Equipment	CCTV Systems are free from serious faults that significantly limit the availability of the operators to monitor the area network, such as: i) Failure of CCTV Systems to provide control offices with access and control of CCTV images. ii) Failure of a CCTV camera or its video transmission system. iii) Failure of a Pan / Tilt unit or its control system. iv) Moisture ingress onto CCTV camera lens. v) Faults that result in significant degradation of CCTV images.	2 hrs	24 hrs	14 days	Defect measurement dependent on equipment	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for CCTV equipment	100%

				SPONSE DEFECT	_			
	EMENT FEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Carranent Remedy 1	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
13.4	Vehicle Detection Equipment	All equipment free of defects and operational problems such as:  i) Inoperable loops.  ii) Malfunctioning camera controllers.	2 hrs	24 hrs	1 month	Defect measurement dependent on equipment  Traffic Detector Loops:  Loop circuit's inductance to be > 50 and < 1,000 micro henries.  Insulation resistance to be > 50 meg ohms.	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for vehicle detection equipment	100%
14) TOLL	ING Facilities ar	nd Buildings (Not Used)						
15) AMEN	NITY							
16) SNOV	V AND ICE CON	TROL						
16.1	Travel lanes	Maintain travel way free from snow and ice	2 hrs	N/A	N/A	Maximum 1hr response time to complete manning and loading of spreading vehicles.  Maximum 2hrs from departure from loading point to complete treatment and return to loading point.  Maximum 1hr response time for snow and ice clearance vehicles to depart from base.	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for snow and ice control in each auditable section	100%
16.2	Weather Forecasting	Weather forecast information is obtained and assessed and appropriate precautionary treatment is carried out to prevent ice forming on the travel way.	2 hrs	N/A	N/A	Operations plan details the process and procedures in place and followed.	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for weather forecasting in each auditable section	100%
16.3	Operational Plans	Operate snow and ice clearance plans to maintain traffic flows during and after snowfall and restore the travel way to a clear condition as soon as possible.	2 hrs	N/A	N/A	Operations plan details the process and procedures in place and followed.	Inspection records showing compliance with snow and ice clearance plans in each auditable section	100%
17) INCIE	DENT RESPONS			-	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>
17.1	General	Monitor the Project and respond to Incidents in accordance with the Maintenance Management Plan (MMP).	1 hr	N/A	N/A	Maintenance Specifications are met for 98% of incidents measured on a 1 year rolling basis. No complaints from Emergency Services.	Inspection records showing compliance with the MMP and requirements regarding incident response times in each auditable section	100%

				SPONSE DEFECT	_			
	EMENT FEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Remedy 1	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*  MEASUREMENT RECO		TARGET
17.2	Hazardous Materials	Monitor the Project and respond to Incidents involving Hazardous Materials in accordance with the Maintenance Management Plan (MMP).	1 hr	N/A	N/A	MMP details the process and procedures in place and followed.	Inspection records showing compliance with the MMP details regarding hazardous materials in each auditable section	100%
17.3	Structural assessment	Evaluate structural damage to structures and liaise with emergency services to ensure safe working environment while clearing the incident	1 hr	N/A	N/A	Inspections and surveys as required by incident	Inspection records showing compliance with the MMP and requirements for incidents in each auditable section	100%
17.4	Temporary and permanent remedy	Propose and implement temporary measures or permanent repairs to Defects arising from the incident. Ensure the structural safety of any structures affected by the Incident.	24 hrs	28 days	N/A	Review and inspection of the incident site	Auditable inspection records showing compliance with requirements for temporary and permanent remedy for incidents in each auditable section	100%
18) CUST	OMER RESPON	NSE		<u>I</u>	l	I	I	<u>I</u>
	Response to inquiries	Timely and effective response to customer inquiries and complaints.	48 hrs	28 days	N/A	Contact the customer within 48 hours following initial customer inquiry. All work resulting from customer requests is scheduled within 48 hours of customer contact. Follow-up contact with the customer within 72 hours of initial inquiry. All customer concerns/requests are resolved to TxDOT's satisfaction within 2 weeks of the initial inquiry.	Percentage of responses within specified times in each auditable section.	
18.2	Customer contact line	Telephone line manned during business hours and 24 hour availability of messaging system. Faults to telephone line or message system rectified.	24 hrs	28 days	N/A	Instances of line out of action or unmanned	Number of operations records showing non availability of the customer contact line in each auditable section including complaints from public.	
19) SWEE	PING AND CLI	EANING						
19.1	Sweeping	i) Keep all channels, hard shoulders, gore areas, ramps, intersections, islands and frontage roads swept clean,	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Buildup of dirt, ice, rock, debris, etc. on roadways and bridges not to accumulate greater than 24" wide or 1/2" deep	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for sweeping	100%

				SPONSE DEFECT	-			
	LEMENT TEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Mitigation	Permanent Cat 1 Remedy 1	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
19.1 Cont.		ii) Clear and remove debris from traffic lanes, hard shoulders, verges and central reservations, footways and cycle ways iii) Remove all sweepings without stockpiling in the right of way and dispose of at approved tip.						
19.2	Litter	i) Keep the right of way in a neat condition, remove litter regularly.     ii) Pick up large litter items before mowing operations.     Dispose of all litter and debris collected at an approved solid waste site.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	No more than 20 pieces of litter per roadside mile shall be visible when traveling at highway speed.	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements regarding litter pick-up	100%

# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION
PROJECT

**Design-Build Project** 

ATTACHMENT 19-2
PERFORMANCE AND MEASUREMENT TABLE BASELINE

**August 22, 2014** 

## TABLE 19-2: PERFORMANCE AND MEASUREMENT TABLE BASELINE

			RI	ESPONSE DEFECT				
ELEMEN	T CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Cat 1	Cat 1	Cat 2	INSPECTION AND	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
		, ,	Hazard Mitigation	Permanent Remedy	Permanent Repair	MEASUREMENT METHOD*		TAI
1) ROADV	WAY							
						techniques, and measuring equipment Management Information System Rate pavement performance measurement to described in the Pavement Manageme	er's Manual. Unless otherwise stated,	
1.1	Obstructions and debris	Roadway and clear zone free from obstructions and debris	2 hrs	N/A	N/A	Visual Inspection	Number of obstructions and debris	Nil
1.2	Pavement	All roadways have a smooth and quiet surface course (including bridge decks, covers, gratings, frames and boxes) with	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	a) Pavement Condition Score Measurements and inspections necessary to derive Pavement	Pavement Condition Score for 80% of Auditable Sections exceeding: • Mainlanes and ramps - 90	100%
		adequate skid resistance and free from Defects.				Condition Score	• Frontage roads – 80	100%
							Pavement Condition Score of Auditable Sections • Mainlanes and ramps - 80	100%
							• Frontage roads - 70	100%
		All roadways have a smooth and quiet surface course (including bridge decks, covers, gratings, frames and boxes) with adequate skid resistance and free from	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	b) Ruts – Mainlanes, shoulders & ramps Depth as measured using an automated device in compliance with TxDOT Standards.	Perecentage of wheel path length with ruts greater than ¼" in depth in each Auditable Section	
		Defects.					Mainlanes, shoulders and ramps - 3%     Frontage roads - 10%	Nil Nil
		All roadways have a smooth and quiet surface course (including bridge decks, covers, gratings, frames and boxes) with adequate skid resistance and free from Defects.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	10ft straight edge used to measure rut depth for localized areas. c) Ride quality Measurement of International Roughness Index (IRI) according to TxDOT standard Tex-1001-S, Operating Inertial Profilers and Evaluating Pavement Profiles	Depth of rut at any location greater than ½" For 80% of all Auditable Sections measured, IRI throughout 98% of each Auditable Section is less than or equal to:  • Mainlanes, ramps - 95" per mile**	Nil 100%

			R	ESPONSI DEFECT				
ELEN	IENT CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Mitigation	Permanent Remedy	Permanent Repair	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
1.2 Co	nt.					** To allow for measurement bias, an adjustment of -10 (minus ten) is made to IRI measurements for concrete pavements before assessing threshold compliance.	• Frontage roads - 120" per mile**  IRI throughout 98% of each Auditable Section is less than or equal to: • Mainlanes, ramps - 120" per mile** • Frontage roads - 150" per mile**	100% 100%
						(Renewal Work and new construction subject to construction quality standards)	Mainlanes, ramps, 0.1 mile average - 150" per mile** Frontage roads, 0.1 mile average - 180" per mile** IRI measured throughout 98% of each lane containing a bridge deck in any Auditable Section, 0.1 mile average - 200" per mile**	100% 100% 100%
		All roadways have a smooth and quiet surface course (including bridge decks, covers, gratings, frames and boxes) with adequate skid resistance and free from Defects.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	10-ft straightedge used to measure discontinuities  d) Failures Instances of failures exceeding the failure criteria set forth in the TxDOT PMIS Rater's Manual, including potholes, base failures, punchouts and jointed concrete pavement failures	Individual discontinuities greater than 1/4"  Occurrence of any failure	Nil Nil
		All roadways have a smooth and quiet surface course (including bridge decks, covers, gratings, frames and boxes) with adequate skid resistance and free from Defects.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	e) Edge drop-offs Physical measurement of edge drop-off level compared to adjacent surface	Number of instances of edge drop-off greater than 2"	Nil

			Rl	ESPONSE DEFECT				
ELEMEN'	T CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Mitigation	Permanent Cat 1	Permanent Cata Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
1.2 Cont.		All roadways have a smooth and quiet surface course (including bridge decks, covers, gratings, frames and boxes) with adequate skid resistance and free from Defects.  Road users warned of potential skidding hazards	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	f) Skid resistance ASTM E 274 Standard Test Method for Skid Resistance Testing of Paved Surfaces at 50 MPH using a full scale smooth tire meeting the requirements of ASTM E 524	Auditable Sections with skid numbers for 0.5-mile section of mainlanes, shoulders and ramps exceeding 30 and for which investigations as to potential risk of skidding accidents and appropriate remedial actions have been taken.     Auditable Sections with skid numbers for 0.5-mile section of frontage roads exceeding 30 and for which investigations as to potential risk of skidding accidents and appropriate remedial actions have been taken.     When the skid number is below 25 and/or when required by the Wet Weather Accident Reduction Program, areas categorized as high risk, Maintenance Contractor shall perform a site investigation and perform required corrective action. Instances where road users are warned of a potential skidding hazard where remedial action is identified.	100% 100% 100%
1.3	Crossovers and other paved areas	Crossovers and other paved areas are free of Defects	24 hrs 24 hrs	28 days 28 days	6 months 6 months	a) Potholes b) Base failures	Number of potholes of low severity or higher Number of base failures of low severity or higher	Nil Nil
1.4	Joints in concrete	Joints in concrete paving are sealed and watertight  Longitudinal joint separation	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection of joints  Measurement of joint width and	Length of unsealed joints greater than 1/4"  Joint width more than 1" or faulting	Nil Nil
1.5	Curbs	Curbs are free of defects	24	28	6	level difference of two sides of joints  Visual inspection	more than ¼"  Length of curb out of alignment	Nil
1.3	Curbs	Curbs are free of defects	hrs	28 days	months	v isuai inspection	Length of curb out of alignment	INII

			R	ESPONSE DEFECT				
ELEME	NT CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Remedy 1	Permanent Sepair 2	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
2) DRAI	NAGE			ı				ı
2.1	Pipes and Channels	Each element of the drainage system is maintained in its proper function by cleaning, clearing and/or emptying as appropriate from the point at which water drains from the travel way to the outfall or drainage way.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection supplemented by CCTV where required to inspect buried pipe work	Length of pipe or channel in feet with less than 90% of cross sectional clear area, calculated as the arithmetic mean of the clear cross-sectional areas of individual 10 feet lengths of pipes and channels in each Auditable Section.	Nil
2.2	Drainage treatment devices	Drainage treatment and balancing systems, flow and spillage control devices function correctly and their location and means of operation is recorded adequately to permit their correct operation on Emergency.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Number of devices functioning correctly with means of operation displayed	100%
2.3	Travel Way	The travel way is free from water to the extent that such water would represent a hazard by virtue of its position and depth.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection of water on surface	Number of instances of hazardous water build-up	Nil
2.4	Discharge systems	Surface water discharge systems perform their proper function and discharge to groundwater and waterways complies with the relevant legislation and permits.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection and records	Auditable Sections with surface water discharge systems performing their proper function and discharging in compliance with the relevant legislation and permits.	100%
2.5	Protected Species	Named species and habitats are protected.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Auditable Sections with named species and habitats with protection of these named species and habitats	100%
3) STRU	CTURES							
3.1	Structures having an opening measured along the center of the roadway of more than 20 feet between undercopings	Substructures and superstructures are free of: • graffiti	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Inspection and assessment in accordance with the requirements of federal National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS) of the Code of Federal Regulations, 23 Highways – Part 650, the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual, and the Federal Administration's Bridge Inspector's Reference Manual.	Records as required in the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual	

			R	ESPONSI DEFECT				
ELEMEN'	T CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Mitigation	Permanent Remedy	Permanent Caran Repair C	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
3.1 Cont.	of abutments or springlines of arches or extreme ends of openings or multiple boxes	undesirable vegetation      debris and bird droppings      blocked drains, weep pipes manholes and chambers     blocked drainage holes in structural components     defects in joint sealants     defects in pedestrian protection measure     scour damage     corrosion of rebar     paint system failures     impact damage					Occurrence of condition rating, in accordance with the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual, below seven for any deck, superstructure or substructure Auditable Sections with structure components with condition states of one	Nil
3.2	Structure components	<ul> <li>i) Expansion joints are free of:</li> <li>dirt debris and vegetation</li> <li>defects in drainage systems</li> <li>loose nuts and bolts</li> <li>defects in gaskets</li> <li>ii) The deck drainage system is free of all and operates as intended.</li> </ul>	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Inspection and assessment in accordance with the requirements of federal National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS) of the Code of Federal Regulations, 23 Highways – Part 650, the TxDOT Bridge inspection Manual, and the Federal Administration's Bridge Inspector's Reference Manual.	Records as required in the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual  Occurrence of condition rating, in accordance with the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual, below seven for any deck, superstructure or substructure  Auditable Sections with structure components with condition states of one	Nil

				ESPONSI DEFECT				
ELEMEN'	T CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Caramanent Remedy 1	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
3.2 Cont.		iii) Parapets are free of:						
		• loose nuts or bolts						
		blockages of hollow section drain holes     graffiti						
		vegetation						
		accident damage						
3,3	Non-bridge	iv) Bearings and bearing shelves are clean. v) Sliding and roller surfaces are clean and greased to ensure satisfactory performance. Additional advice contained in bearing manufacturers' instructions in the Structure Maintenance Manual is followed. Special finishes are clean and perform to the appropriate standards. vii) All non-structural items such as hoists and electrical fixings, operate correctly, are clean and lubricated as appropriate, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and certification of lifting devices is maintained.  Non-bridge-class culverts are free of:	24	28	6	Visual inspection		
3.3	class culverts	Non-bridge-class culverts are free of:     vegetation and debris and silt	hrs	days	months	visual inspection	Number of non-bridge class culverts	Nil
		defects in sealant to movement joints					with vegetation, debris and silt in each Auditable Section Number of non-bridge class culverts with defects in sealant and movement joints in each Auditable Section	Nil

			R	ESPONSI DEFECT				
ELEMEN	T CATEGORY	· ·	Hazard Cat 1		INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET	
3.3 Cont.		• scour damage					Number of non-bridge class culverts with scour damage in each Auditable Section	Nil
3.4	Gantries and high masts	Sign signal gantries, high masts are structurally sound and free of: • loose nuts and bolts • defects in surface protection systems • graffiti	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Number of gantries and high masts with loose assemblies in each Auditable Section Number of gantries and high masts with defects in surface protection in each Auditable Section	Nil Nil
3.5	Load ratings	All structures maintain the design load capacity.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Load rating calculations in accordance with the Manual for Bridge Evaluation and the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual Load restriction requirements as per the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual	Number of structures with load restrictions for Texas legal loads (including legally permitted vehicles) in each Auditable Section	Nil
3.6	Access points	All hatches and points of access have fully operational and lockable entryways.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual Inspection	Number with defects in locks or entryways	Nil
3.7	Mechanically Stabilized Earth and Retaining Walls	Mechanically Stabilized Earth and Retaining Walls free of:  • blocked weep holes  • undesirable vegetation  • defects in joint sealants  • defects in pedestrian protection  • scour damage  • corrosion of reinforcing bars  • paint system failure  • concrete spalling  • impact damage	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Inspection and assessment in accordance with the requirements of federal Nations Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS) of the Code of Federal Regulations, 23 Highways - Part 650, the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual and the Federal Highway Administration's Bridge Inspector's Reference Manual.	Records as required in the TxDOT Bridge Inspection Manual	100%

			Rl	ESPONSI DEFECT				
ELEMENT	Γ CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Mitigation	Permanent Remedy	Permanent Sepair 2	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
3.7 Cont.		Parapets free of:     loose nuts and bolts     blockage of drain holes     undesirable vegetation     impact damage     concrete spalling						
4) PAVEM	ENT MARKIN	GS, OBJECT MARKERS, BARRIER M.	ARKER	S AND D	ELINEAT	TORS		
4.1	Pavement	Pavement markings are:	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	a) Markings - General		
	markings	<ul> <li>clean and visible during the day and at night</li> <li>whole and complete and of the correct color, type, width and length</li> </ul>	nirs	days	months	Portable retroreflectometer, which uses 30 meter geometry, meeting the requirements described in ASTM E 1710	Percentage of total length of pavement marking in each auditable section meeting the minimum retroreflectivity 175 med/sqm/lx for white  Percentage of total length of pavement marking in each auditable section meeting the minimum retroreflectivity	100%
		• placed to meet the TMUTCD and TxDOT's Pavement Marking Standard Sheets				Physical measurement	Length of pavement marking in each auditable section with more than 5% loss of area of material at any point Length of pavement marking in each auditable section with spread more	Nil Nil
						1) D C1 M 1:	than 10% of specified dimensions.	
						b) Profile Markings		1000
						Visual inspection	Percentage of total length of pavement marking in each auditable section performing its intended function and compliant with relevant regulations	100%
4.2	Raised reflective markers	Raised reflective pavement markers are:	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Number of markers associated with road markings that are ineffective in any 10 consecutive markers. (Ineffective includes missing, damaged, settled or sunk)	Nil

ELEMENT CATEGORY		PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	RESPONSE TO DEFECTS					
			Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Cat 1	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
4.2 Cont.		clean and clearly visible					A minimum of four markers are	100%
4.2 Cont.		of the correct color and type					visible at 80' spacing when viewed under low beam headlights. Uniformity (replacement raised reflective pavement markers have equivalent physical and performance characteristics to adjacent markers).	100%
		reflective or retroreflective in accordance with TxDOT standards     correctly located, aligned and at the correct level     are firmly fixed					characteristics to adjacent markers).	
		• are in a condition that will ensure that they remain at the correct level.						
4.3	Delineators & Markers	Object markers, mail box markers and delineators are:	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Number of object markers or delineators in each Auditable Section that is defective or missing	Nil
		clean and visible						
		of the correct color and type						
		legible and reflective						
		straight and vertical						
5) GUARD	RAILS, SAFET	Y BARRIERS AND IMPACT ATTENU.	ATORS					
5.1	Guardrails and safety barriers	All guardrails, safety barriers, concrete barriers, etc. are maintained free of Defects. They are appropriately placed and correctly installed at the correct height and distance from roadway or obstacles.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Auditable Sections with all guard rails and safety barriers appropriately placed and correction installed	100%
		Installation and repairs shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of NCHRP 350 standards.					Auditable Sections with all guard rails and safety barriers free from defects	100%
							Auditable Sections with all guard rails and safety barriers at correct heights	100%

			R	ESPONSE DEFECT				
ELEMEN	ΓCATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Cat 1	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
5.1 Cont.							Auditable Sections with all guard rails and safety barriers at correct distances from roadway obstacles	100%
5.2	Impact attenuators	All impact attenuators are appropriately placed and correctly installed	24 hrs	7 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Auditable Sections will all impact attenuators appropriately placed and correctly installed.	100%
6) TRAFF	IC SIGNS			•				•
6.1	General - All Signs	i) Signs are clean, correctly located, clearly visible, legible, reflective, at the correct height and free from structural and electrical defects	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	a) Retroreflectivity Determination of Coefficient of retro-reflectivity	Number of signs with actual reflectivity below the requirements of TxDOT's TMUTCD in each auditable section	Nil
		ii) Identification markers are provided, correctly located, visible, clean and legible				b) Face damage Visual inspection	Number of signs in each auditable section with face damage greater than 5% of area	Nil
		iii) Sign mounting posts are vertical, structurally sound and rust free				c) Placement Visual inspection	All signs in each auditable section are placed in accordance with TxDOT's Sign Crew Field Book including not twisted or leaning	
		iv) All break-away sign mounts are clear of silt or other debris that could impede break-away features and shall have correct stub heights						
		v) Obsolete and redundant signs are removed or replaced as appropriate vi) Visibility distances meet the stated requirements				d) Obsolete signs Visual inspection	Number of obsolete signs in each auditable section	100%
		vii) Sign information is of the correct size, location, type and wording to meet its intended purpose and any statutory requirements viii) All structures and elements of the signing system are kept clean and free from debris and have clear access provided.				e) Sign Information Visual inspection	All sign information in each auditable section is of the correct size, location, type and wording to meet its intended purpose	100%

			RI	ESPONSI DEFECT				
ELEMENT	ΓCATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Mitigation	Permanent Cat 1	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
6.1 Cont.		ix) All replacement and repair materials and equipment are in accordance with the requirements of the TMUTCD x) Dynamic message signs are in an operational condition				f) Dynamic Message Signs Visual inspection	All dynamic message signs in each auditable section are fully functioning	100%
6.2	General - Safety critical signs	Requirements as 6.1, Plus:  "Stop," "Yield," "Do Not Enter," "One Way" and "Wrong Way" signs are clean legible and undamaged.	2hrs	1 week	6 months	Visual inspection	Number of damaged Safety critical signs in each auditable section	Nil
7) TRAFF	IC SIGNALS							
7.1	General	i) Traffic Signals and their associated equipment are: • clean and visible • correctly aligned and operational • free from damage caused by accident or vandalism • correctly aligned and operational ii) Signal timing and operation is correct iii) Contingency plans are in place to rectify Category 1 defects not immediately repairable to assure	2hrs	24 hrs	6 months	a) General condition Visual inspection b) Damage Visual inspection c) Signal timing Timed measurements d) Contingency plans Records Review	All Signals in each auditable section are clean and visible All Signals in each auditable section are undamaged All Installations in each auditable section have correct signal timings Full contingency plans are in place in each auditable section	100% 100% 100% 100%
		alternative traffic control is provided during a period of failure						
7.2	Soundness	Traffic signals are structurally and electrically sound	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	a) Structural soundness Visual inspection     b) Electrical soundness Testing to meet NEC regulations	Inspection records showing safe installation and maintenance in each auditable section	100%
7.3	Identification marking	Signals have identification markers and the telephone number for reporting faults are correctly located, clearly visible, clean and legible	N/A	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Inspection records showing identification markers and other information are easily readable in each auditable section	100%

			R	ESPONSI DEFECT				
ELEMEN	NT CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Mitigation	Permanent Cat 1	Permanent Cat Repair C	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
7.4	Pedestrian Elements and Vehicle Detectors	All pedestrian elements and vehicle detectors are correctly positioned and fully functional at all times	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for positioning and functionality in each auditable section with pedestrian elements and vehicle detectors.	100%
8) LIGHT	ΓING							
8.1	Roadway Lighting – General	i) All lighting is free from defects and provides acceptable uniform lighting quality ii) Lanterns are clean and correctly positioned iii) Lighting units are free from accidental damage or	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	a) Mainlane lights operable Night time inspection or automated logs	Auditable Sections with 10 or more lights with more than 90% of lights functioning correctly / Auditable Sections with less than 10 lights with no more than 1 light not functioning correctly	100%
		vandalism  iv) Columns are upright, correctly founded, visually acceptable and structurally sound				b) Mainlane lights out of action Night time inspection or automated logs	Number of instances of more than two consecutive lights out of action in each auditable section	Nil
8.2	Sign Lighting	Sign lighting is fully operational	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Night time inspection or automated logs	Number of instances of more than one bulb per sign not working in each auditable section	Nil
8.3	Electrical Supply	Electricity supply, feeder pillars, cabinets, switches and fittings are electrically, mechanically and structurally sound and functioning	24 hrs	7 days	1 month	Testing to meet NEC regulations, visual inspection	Inspection records showing safe installation and maintenance in each auditable section	100%
8.4	Access Panels	All access panels in place at all times.	24 hrs	7 days	1 month	Visual Inspection	Number of instances of missing access panels in each auditable section	Nil
8.5	High Mast Lighting	i) All high mast luminaries functioning on each pole ii) All obstruction lights are present and working (if required) iii) Compartment door is secure with all bolts in place	24 hrs	48 days	1 month	Yearly inspection and night time inspections or automated logs	Number of instances of two or more lamps not working per high mast pole in each auditable section  Number of other high mast lighting defects identified in each auditable section	Nil Nil
		iv) All winch and safety equipment is correctly functioning and maintained without rusting or corrosion						

			R	ESPONSI DEFECT				
ELEMEN	T CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Cat 1	Permanent Cata Repair C	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
8.5 Cont.		(for structural requirements refer to Element Category 3)						
9) FENCE	S, WALLS AND	SOUND ABATEMENT						
9.1	Design and Location	Fences and walls act as designed and serve the purpose for which they were intended	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual Inspection	Inspection records for fences and walls showing compliance with fence and wall requirements in each auditable section	100%
9.2	Construction	Integrity and structural condition of the fence is maintained	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Structural assessment if visual inspection warrants	Inspection records for fences and walls showing compliance with fence and wall requirements in each auditable section	100%
10) ROAD	SIDE MANAGE	EMENT						
10.1	Vegetated Areas - Except landscaped areas -	Vegetation is maintained so that:  i) Height of grass and weeds is kept	24 hrs	7 days	28 days	<ul><li>a) Urban areas Physical measurement of height of grass and weeds</li><li>b) Rural areas Physical</li></ul>	Individual measurement areas in each auditable section to have 95% of grass and weeds between 5" and 18" in height. Individual measurement areas in each	100%
	General	within the limits described for urban and rural areas. Mowing begins before vegetation reaches the maximum height.				measurement of height of grass and weeds	auditable section to have 95% of height of grass and weeds between 5" and 30" in height.	100%
		ii) Spot mowing at intersections, ramps or other areas maintains visibility of appurtenances and sight distance.				c) Encroachment Visual inspection of instances of encroachment of vegetation	Number of occurrences of vegetation encroachment in each auditable section	Nil
		iii) Grass or vegetation does not encroach into or on paved shoulders, main lanes, sidewalks, islands, riprap, traffic barrier or curbs.				<b>d) Wildflowers</b> Visual Inspection with audit of process.	Adherence to vegetation management manuals	100%
		iv) A herbicide program is undertaken in accordance with the TxDOT Herbicide Manual to control noxious weeds and to eliminate grass in pavement or concrete.  v) A full width mowing cycle is completed after the first frost.				e) Sight lines Visual inspection	Number of instances of impairment of sight lines or sight distance to signs in each auditable section	Nil

			R	ESPONSE DEFECT				
ELEMENT	Γ CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Mitigation Permanen Remedy Repair Repair Repair AU		MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET		
10.2	Landscaped Areas	i) All landscaped areas are maintained to their originally constructed condition. Landscaped areas are as designated in the plans. ii) Mowing, litter pickup, irrigation system maintenance and operation, plant maintenance, pruning, insect, disease and pest control, fertilization, mulching, bed maintenance, watering is undertaken as per MMP. iii) The height of grass and weeds is kept between 2" and 8". Mowing begins before vegetation reaches 8 in. iv) Damaged or dead vegetation is replaced.	24 hrs	7 days	28 days	Visual inspection	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for landscaping in each auditable section.	100%
10.3	Fire Hazards	Fire hazards are controlled	24 hrs	7 days	28 days	Visual inspection	Number of instances of dry brush or vegetation forming fire hazard in each auditable section.	Nil
10.4	Trees, brush and ornamentals	i) Trees, brush and ornamentals on the right of way, except in established no mow areas, are trimmed in accordance with TxDOT standards.  ii) Trees, brush and ornamentals are trimmed to insure they do not interfere with vehicles or sight distance, or inhibit the visibility of signs.  iii) Dead trees, brush, ornamentals and branches are removed. Potentially dangerous trees or limbs are removed. iv) All undesirable trees and vegetation are removed. Diseased trees or limbs are treated or removed by licensed contractors.	24 hrs	7 days	28 days	Visual inspection	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for trees, brush and ornamentals in each auditable section.	100%
10.5	Wetlands	Wetlands are managed in accordance with the permit requirements.	24 hrs	7 days	28 days	Visual inspection, assessment of permit issuers	Number of instances of permit requirements not met in each auditable section	Nil

			Rl	ESPONSE DEFECT				
ELEMEN	T CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT		Permanent Car Remedy 1	Permanent Repair 7	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
		CNIC AREAS (Not Used)			l		1	
12) EART	HWORKS, EMB	BANKMENTS AND CUTTINGS						
12.1	Slope Failure	All structural or natural failures of the embankment and cut slopes of the Project are repaired	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection by geotechnical specialist and further tests as recommended by the specialist	Number of recorded instances of slope failure in each Auditable Section	Nil
12.2	Slopes - General	Slopes are maintained in general conformance to the original graded cross-sections, the replacement of landscaping materials, reseeding and revegetation for erosion control purposes and removal and disposal of all eroded materials from the roadway and shoulders	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Visual inspection by geotechnical specialist and further tests as recommended by the specialist	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for slopes in each auditable section.	100%
13) ITS E0	QUIPMENT							
13.1	ITS Equipment - Maintenance	All ITS equipment is fully functional and housing is functioning and free of defects.  i) All equipment and cabinet identification numbers are visible, sites are well drained and access is clear.  ii) Steps, handrails and accesses are kept in a good condition.  iii) Access to all communication hubs, ground boxes, cabinets and sites is clear.  iv) All drainage is operational and all external fixtures and fittings are in a satisfactory condition.  v) All communications cable markers, cable joint markers and duct markers are visible and missing markers are replaced.  vi) Backup power supply system is available at all times	24 hrs	14 days	1 month	Visual Inspection	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for maintenance of ITS equipment in each auditable section.	100%

			Rl	ESPONSE DEFECT				
ELEMEN	T CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Carament Remedy 1	Permanent Cat Repair C	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
13.2	Dynamic Message Sign Equipment	Dynamic Message Signs are free from faults such as:  i) Any signal displaying a message which is deemed to be a safety hazard. ii) Failure of system to clear sign settings when appropriate. iii) 2 or more contiguous sign failures that prevent control office setting strategic diversions. iv) Signs displaying an incorrect message.	2 hrs	24 hrs	14 days	Defect measurement dependent on equipment	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for Dynamic Message Signs in each auditable section	100%
13.3	CCTV Equipment	CCTV Systems are free from serious faults that significantly limit the availability of the operators to monitor the area network, such as: i) Failure of CCTV Systems to provide control offices with access and control of CCTV images. ii) Failure of a CCTV camera or its video transmission system. iii) Failure of a Pan / Tilt unit or its control system. iv) Moisture ingress onto CCTV camera lens. v) Faults that result in significant degradation of CCTV images.	2 hrs	24 hrs	14 days	Defect measurement dependent on equipment	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for CCTV equipment in each auditable section	100%
13.4	Vehicle Detection Equipment	All equipment free of defects and operational problems such as:  i) Inoperable loops.  ii) Malfunctioning camera controllers.  d Buildings (Not Used)	2 hrs	24 hrs	1 month	Defect measurement dependent on equipment  Traffic Detector Loops:  Loop circuit's inductance to be > 50 and < 1,000 micro henries.  Insulation resistance to be > 50 meg ohms.	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for vehicle detection equipment in each auditable section	100%

			Rl	ESPONSE DEFECT				
ELEMEN	T CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Cat 1	Permanent Cat 2	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
15) AMEN	IITY							
15.1	Graffiti	Graffiti is removed in a manner and using materials that restore the surface to a like appearance similar to adjoining surface.s	24 hrs	N/A	N/A	Visual Inspection	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements regarding grafitti in each auditable section	100%
16) SNOW	AND ICE CON	TROL						
16.1	Travel lanes	Maintain travel way free from snow and ice	2 hrs	N/A	N/A	Maximum 1hr response time to complete manning and loading of spreading vehicles.  Maximum 2hrs from departure from loading point to complete treatment and return to loading point.  Maximum 1hr response time for snow and ice clearance vehicles to depart from base.	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for snow and ice control in each auditable section	100%
16.2	Weather Forecasting	Weather forecast information is obtained and assessed and appropriate precautionary treatment is carried out to prevent ice forming on the travel way.	2 hrs	N/A	N/A	Operations plan details the process and procedures in place and followed.	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for weather forecasting in each auditable section	100%
16.3	Operational Plans	Operate snow and ice clearance plans to maintain traffic flows during and after snowfall and restore the travel way to a clear condition as soon as possible.	2 hrs	N/A	N/A	Operations plan details the process and procedures in place and followed.	Inspection records showing compliance with snow and ice clearance plans in each auditable section	100%
17) INCID	ENT RESPONS							
17.1	General	Monitor the Project and respond to Incidents in accordance with the Maintenance Management Plan (MMP).	1 hr	N/A	N/A	Maintenance Specifications are met for 98% of incidents measured on a 1 year rolling basis.  No complaints from Emergency Services.	Inspection records showing compliance with the MMP and requirements regarding incident response times in each auditable section	100%
17.2	Hazardous Materials	Monitor the Project and respond to Incidents involving Hazardous Materials in accordance with the Maintenance Management Plan (MMP).	1 hr	N/A	N/A	MMP details the process and procedures in place and followed.	Inspection records showing compliance with the MMP details regarding hazardous materials in each auditable section	100%

			R	ESPONSI DEFECT				
ELEME	NT CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Cat 1	Permanent Cat 1	Permanent Repair 7	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
17.3	Structural assessment	Evaluate structural damage to structures and liaise with emergency services to ensure safe working environment while clearing the incident	1 hr	N/A	N/A	Inspections and surveys as required by incident	Inspection records showing compliance with the MMP and requirements for incidents in each auditable section	100%
17.4	Temporary and permanent remedy	Propose and implement temporary measures or permanent repairs to Defects arising from the incident.  Ensure the structural safety of any structures affected by the Incident.	24 hrs	28 days	N/A	Review and inspection of the incident site	Auditable inspection records showing compliance with requirements for temporary and permanent remedy for incidents in each auditable section	100%
18) CUS	TOMER RESPON							ı
18.1	Response to inquiries	Timely and effective response to customer inquiries and complaints.	48 hrs	28 days	N/A	Contact the customer within 48 hours following initial customer inquiry.  All work resulting from customer requests is scheduled within 48 hours of customer contact.  Follow-up contact with the customer within 72 hours of initial inquiry.  All customer concerns/requests are resolved to TxDOT's satisfaction within 2 weeks of the initial inquiry.	Percentage of responses within specified times in each auditable section.	100%
18.2	Customer contact line	Telephone line manned during business hours and 24 hour availability of messaging system. Faults to telephone line or message system rectified.	24 hrs	28 days	N/A	Instances of line out of action or unmanned	Number of operations records showing non availability of the customer contact line in each auditable section including complaints from public.	Nil
19) SWE	EPING AND CLE	EANING						
19.1	Sweeping	i) Keep all channels, hard shoulders, gore areas, ramps, intersections, islands and frontage roads swept clean, ii) Clear and remove debris from traffic lanes, hard shoulders, verges and central reservations, footways and cycle ways	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	Buildup of dirt, ice, rock, debris, etc. on roadways and bridges not to accumulate greater than 24" wide or 1/2" deep	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements for sweeping in each auditable section.	100%

			RESPONSE TO DEFECTS					
ELEMEN	IT CATEGORY	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENT	Hazard Mitigation	Permanent Cat 1	Permanent Repair 5	INSPECTION AND MEASUREMENT METHOD*	MEASUREMENT RECORD*	TARGET
19.1 Cont.		iii) Remove all sweepings without stockpiling in the right of way and dispose of at approved tip.						
19.2	Litter	i) Keep the right of way in a neat condition, remove litter regularly. ii) Pick up large litter items before mowing operations. Dispose of all litter and debris collected at an approved solid waste site.	24 hrs	28 days	6 months	No more than 20 pieces of litter per roadside mile shall be visible when traveling at highway speed.	Inspection records showing compliance with requirements regarding litter pick-up in each auditable section.	100%

# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION

**PROJECT** 

**Design-Build Project** 

ATTACHMENT 21-1
TOLL SYSTEMS RESPONSIBILITIES MATRIX

August 22, 2014

#### **Texas Department of Transportation**

#### **Toll Systems Responsibility Matrix**

LEGENI	)		Work Description	
Primary Responsibility	A	1	2	3
Support Responsibility	В			
Coordination Responsibility Only	С	Design	Procure	Install and/or Construct
No Responsibility	D			

Element/Task/Component/ Sub-system		TxDOT (T)		Developer (D)			CRRMA/System Integrator (SI)			Comments Other Responsibility/Information		
	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3			
FACILITIES	FACILITIES											
Toll Zone Layout	В	D	С	В	A	A	A	В	В	Elements of the layout will be constructed by either D or SI as identified in the layout		
Metered power service to roadside equipment cabinet	В	D	С	A	A	A	В	D	В	SI to provide power requirements and special requirement for construction of utilities near Toll Zone.		
Electrical conductors from Equip Pad to Toll Zone Equipment	В	D	С	D	A	A	A	D	В			
Complete backup power systems: generators, automatic transfer switches, and fuel tanks	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A			
Uninterruptible Power Supplies for the lane controllers/Tolling Equipment at Toll Sites	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A			
Lightning Protection & Grounding	С	D	С	Α	Α	A	В	D	В			
Duct Bank (Toll Zones)	С	D	С	A	A	A	В	D	В	D to provide fiber in a dedicated vault separate from ITS on opposite sides of roadway.		
Fiber Optic cables in Duct Bank for Toll Systems	С	D	С	A	A	A	В	D	В			

#### **Texas Department of Transportation**

#### **Toll Systems Responsibility Matrix**

LEGENI	)	Work Description						
Primary Responsibility	A	1	2	3				
Support Responsibility	В							
Coordination Responsibility Only	С	Design	Procure	Install and/or Construct				
No Responsibility	D							

Element/Task/Component/ Sub-system	TxDOT (T)		Developer (D)			CRRMA/System Integrator (SI)			Comments Other Responsibility/Information	
	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	
Fiber Optic data/communication wire/fiber to ground box at Toll Zone	С	D	С	A	A	A	В	D	В	D to provide fiber, in accordance with SI specs, to ground boxes adjacent to each toll zone equipment cabinet pad
Data/communication wire/fiber from ground box at Toll Zone to toll systems equipment	В	D	С	D	D	С	A	A	A	
Installation/Electrical Design and Plans to junction box at Toll Zone	С	D	С	A	A	A	В	D	В	D to install to electrical junction box adjacent to roadside equipment cabinet.
Installation/Electrical Design and Plans from junction box at Toll Zone to toll systems equipment	С	D	С	В	D	С	A	A	A	SI to install from electrical junction box to gantries.
Toll Zone pavement and structure, using special GFRP section and conduit stub ups for pavement sensors	В	D	С	A	A	A	В	D	В	SI to provide pavement loop details with stub-up locations. Stub-ups to terminate in junction boxes adjacent to Toll Zone pavement, not on structure
Concrete Barrier Installation	В	D	С	A	A	A	D	D	D	D to provide Concrete Barrier as per Toll Plaza Layout. Barrier openings will accommodate maintenance driveways.
Pavement sensors	В	D	С	D	D	С	A	A	A	D to provide access to SI to saw cut and install pavement sensors
Gantries and foundations	В	D	С	A	A	A	В	D	В	T to provide SI specs to D for gantry design. D to coordinate locations with T

#### **Texas Department of Transportation**

#### **Toll Systems Responsibility Matrix**

LEGENI	)	Work Description						
Primary Responsibility	A	1	2	3				
Support Responsibility	В							
Coordination Responsibility Only	С	Design	Procure	Install and/or Construct				
No Responsibility	D							

Element/Task/Component/ Sub-system	TxDOT (T)			Developer (D)			CRRMA/System Integrator (SI)			Comments Other Responsibility/Information
	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	
Toll Equipment mounts on Gantries	В	D	С	D	D	С	A	A	A	SI to install any required equipment mounts on gantries. SI to coordinate with T during the design phase to incorporate any req'd framing to support equipment mounts.
Concrete Pads for power, elec, roadside toll equip, generator, LP tank	В	D	С	A	A	A	В	D	С	
Roadside equipment cabinets (including HVAC systems)	С	D	С	D	D	С	A	A	A	SI to install complete
Toll Signage	В	D	С	A	A	A	В	A	A	D to design and install foundation and structure. SI to install the SDMS.
Maintenance Driveway (including all roadway items within the toll zones)	В	D	С	A	A	A	В	D	D	For at-grade, D to provide maintenance access driveway w' a min of 6" flex base and 3" HMA
ELECTRONIC TOLL COLLECT	ION SU	B-SYS7	TEMS (I	ETC)						
Automatic Vehicle Classification System and Image Capturing System (ICS) Hardware	С	D	С	D	D	С	A	A	A	D to coordinate access to roadway for installations.
Computer rack system, routers, hubs, switches, firewalls, VPN, modems, patch/distribution panels,	С	D	С	D	D	С	A	A	A	D to coordinate access to roadway for installations.
Toll Plaza Host Computer	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	

#### **Texas Department of Transportation**

#### **Toll Systems Responsibility Matrix**

LEGENI	)	Work Description						
Primary Responsibility	A	1	2	3				
Support Responsibility	В							
Coordination Responsibility Only	С	Design	Procure	Install and/or Construct				
No Responsibility	D							

Element/Task/Component/ Sub-system		TxDOT (T)		I	Developer (D)		CRRMA/System Integrator (SI)			Comments Other Responsibility/Information
	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	
Support equipment at designated Customer Service Center	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	
Commissioning and Operational Testing	С	D	С	D	D	С	A	A	A	D to coordinate access to roadway for installations.
Lane controller software	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	
Plaza Computer Software	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	
Host Computer Software	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	
Toll Collection System Application Software	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	
Maintenance Online Management System Software	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	
Site Acceptance Test	С	D	С	D	D	С	A	A	A	D to coordinate access to roadway for installations.
System Acceptance Test	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	
Training: (User and Maintenance)	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	
Documentation: (User and Maintenance)	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	
Documentation: ETS Installation/Electrical Design and Plans	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	

#### **Texas Department of Transportation**

#### **Toll Systems Responsibility Matrix**

LEGENI	)	Work Description						
Primary Responsibility	A	1	2	3				
Support Responsibility	В							
Coordination Responsibility Only	С	Design	Procure	Install and/or Construct				
No Responsibility	D							

Element/Task/Component/ Sub-system	TxDOT (T)			Developer (D)			CRRMA/System Integrator (SI)			Comments Other Responsibility/Information
	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	
Documentation: Civil As-built Drawings, and Contract Closeout Documents	С	D	С	A	D	D	D	A	A	
Documentation: ETS As-built Drawings	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	
FCC Licenses/Regulations as applies to toll systems	С	D	С	D	D	D	A	A	A	
Lane Controller Hardware	С	D	С	D	D	С	A	A	A	D to coordinate access to roadway for installations
Communication Equipment	С	D	С	D	D	С	A	A	A	D to coordinate access to roadway for installations.

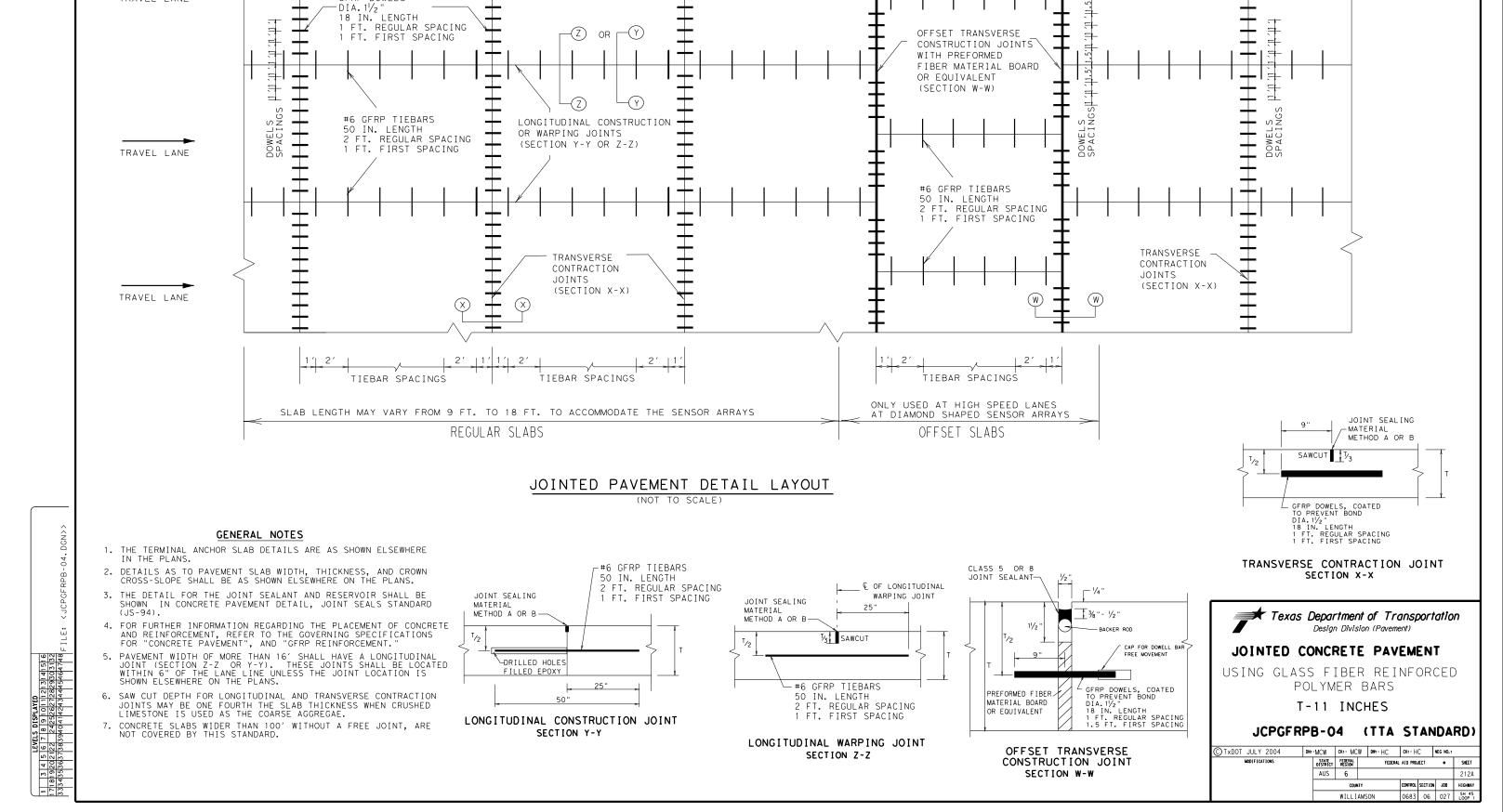
## Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION
PROJECT

**Design-Build Project** 

ATTACHMENT 21-2
JOINTED CONCRETE PAVEMENT DESIGN USING GLASSREINFORCED POLYMER BARS STANDARD

August 22, 2014



TRAVEL LANE

GFRP DOWELS

-GFRP DOWELS DIA.1½" 18 IN. LENGTH

1 FT. REGULAR SPACING 1.5 FT. FIRST SPACING

# Texas Department of Transportation BOOK 2 – TECHNICAL PROVISIONS FOR

LOOP 375 - BORDER HIGHWAY WEST EXTENSION
PROJECT

**Design-Build Project** 

ATTACHMENT 21-3
TYPICAL TOLL ZONE LAYOUT

August 22, 2014